ACTS
AND
STATUTES,
MADE

In a Seſſion of PARLIAMENT at *Dublin*, begun the Ninth Day of *October*, in the Twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of Our Moſt Gracious Sovereign Lord King *GEORGE* the Third.

AND

Firſt holden before His Excellency *Frederick*, Earl of *Carliſle*, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of *Ireland*.

And afterwards continued before His Grace *William Henry Cavendiſh*, Duke of *Portland*, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of *Ireland*.

Being the Fourth Seſſion of this preſent Parliament.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1782.

D U B L I N :

ACTS

AND

THE

CONTENTS

OF THE

Fourth Session of the Third Parliament

OF

King GEORGE III.

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AN

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AN

ACT

FOR

Granting unto His Majesty an Additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Wine, Hides, and other Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned; and for prohibiting the Importation of all Gold and Silver Lace, and of all Cambricks and Lawns, except of the Manufacture of *Great Britain*; and of all Hops, except of the Growth of *Great Britain*, and the *British* Plantations; and of all Glass, except from *Great Britain*.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Assignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty. M DCC LXXXII.

CHAP. I.

A C T

FOR

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for granting unto His Majeſty an Additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Wine, Hides, and other Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned; and for prohibiting the Importation of all Gold and Silver Lace, and of all Cambricks and Lawns, except of the Manufacture of *Great Britain*; and of all Hops, except of the Growth of *Great Britain*, and the *Britiſh* Plantations; and of all Glaſs, except from *Great Britain*.

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WE Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Ireland, in Parliament aſſembled, having a juſt Senſe of Your Royal Care for the Proſperity of all Your Subjects, and well knowing that the Security of this Realm, and the Continuance of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under Your Majeſty's mild and auſpicious Reign, depend on the Support of Your Majeſty's Government: And whereas Twelve Thouſand effective

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Men, Commiſſion and Non-commiſſion Officers included, are neceſſary to be maintained within this Kingdom for it's Defence: be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That Three Thouſand and forty-ſix Men, Commiſſion and Non-commiſſion Officers included, which have been raiſed in Purſuance of an Act of Parliament paſſed in this Kingdom, in the Seſſion of One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, be continued for Two Years, from the Firſt Day of January, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, to the thirty-firſt Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, ſo as that the Forces on the Eſtabliſhment of this Kingdom may amount to Fifteen Thouſand and Forty-ſix effective Men, Commiſſion and Non-commiſſion Officers included.

And in Order to enable Your Majeſty to carry into Execution Your Majeſty's Intentions, and determined Reſolution, ſignified to us by His Excellency the Lord Viſcount Townſhend, late Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom, by Your Majeſty's Command, to keep within this Kingdom for the neceſſary Defence of the ſame, Twelve Thouſand effective Men, Commiſſion and Non-

Non-commiſſion Officers included, at all Times, unleſs in Caſes of Invaſion or Rebellion in Great Britain, and to defray the other neceſſary Expences of Your Majeſty's Government; be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, which ſhall be in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclufively, and no longer, there ſhall be throughout Your Majeſty's Kingdom of Ireland, granted, raiſed, collected, levied, and paid to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral Rates, Additional and other Duties and Impoſitions, herein after mentioned (that is to ſay) For and upon every Thirty-two Gallons of Beer or Ale, brewed within this Kingdom by any common Brewer, or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons, who doth, or do, or ſhall ſell or tap out Beer or Ale publickly or privately, every ſuch Gallon to contain Two hundred and ſeventy two cubical Inches, and one fourth part of a cubical Inch, an additional Duty of two Shillings, if above the Price of Six Shillings the Barrel; and of Four Pence if of the Price of Six Shillings the Barrel, or under the ſame, to be paid by the common Brewer, or by ſuch other Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, who ſhall brew, ſell or tap out the ſame, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſs Quanti-

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ties; for and upon all Teas which shall be imported into this Kingdom, during the Time aforesaid, a Duty of Six Pence for every Pound of Green, and of Four Pence for every Pound of Black Bohea or other Tea, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Customs and Excise thereon, and if the same shall have been purchased at the East India Company's Sale or Sales of Prize Teas, condemned for an higher Price than Four Shillings British per Pound, then a further additional Duty after the Rate of One Penny per Pound Weight, for every Six Pence British that shall be paid for the same, over and above the Sum of Four Shillings British; at any of the Sales above mentioned, the Price of the said Teas, if purchased at the East India Company's Sales, to be inserted in the Cockets, and to be further ascertained by a Reference to the Sale Books of the East India Company, Copies whereof, or of such Parts thereof, as shall relate to the Teas so imported, attested by the principal Accountant or Deputy Accountant, for the Time being, of the East India Company, the Commissioners of the Revenue are required to procure from Time to Time for the Purposes above mentioned, and which Copies shall be admitted as Evidence in all Prosecutions, commenced or arising upon this Act; and if the said Teas be sold upon Condemnation, as Prize Teas, their Price to be ascertained by the Certificate, Cockets, or other Documents expressing the

the Price or Value at which such Teas were sold, by the Captor or Agent, on Condemnation: For and upon all Wines, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, the several Duties mentioned in the Schedule [No. 1.] hereunto annexed, as the same shall be imported, filled or unfilled by Natives or Strangers respectively, for every Ton thereof, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, the said Duties to be paid down in Ready Money Nett, without any Discount or Allowance, and to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Custom, Excise, and other Duties payable to Your Majesty for the same, by any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore made in this Kingdom; and for and upon all Wines which shall be imported into this Kingdom, during the Time aforesaid, by any Person, being a Retailer or Consumer, an Additional Duty after the Rate of Ten Pounds per Centum, upon the Duties so as aforesaid, payable on the Import of such Wines respectively, over and above the full Amount of the said Duties, the said Additional Duty to be paid down in Ready Money Nett, without Discount or Allowance; An Additional Duty of Six Pence per Yard for and upon all Chintzes, Callicoes, and Muslins of the Manufacture of China, Persia, and the East-Indies, that shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, and a further Additional Duty of Six Pence for every

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Yard of Muſlin that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid; An Additional Duty of One Shilling and Six Pence for every Yard of all Sorts of Silks and Stuffs made or manufactured in China, Perſia, or the Eaſt-Indies, that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid; An Additional Duty of Four Pounds Sterling per Pound Weight for and upon all Velvets or Manufactures made of, or mixed with Silk, except thoſe of Great-Britain, China, Perſia, and the Eaſt-Indies, that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid; An Additional Duty of Three Pence for and upon every Pound Weight of Coffee, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid; A further Additional Duty of Two Pence per Pound for and upon all Coffee that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid; An Additional Duty of Twenty Shillings Sterling on every Hundred Weight of Molaſſes; An Additional Duty of Twenty Shillings on every Hundred Weight of Treacle; An Additional Duty of Six Pence per Yard for and upon all Foreign Stuffs called Romals, and all Manufactures made of Cotton, or of Cotton and Linen mixed, as well Muſlins as others, whether plain, painted, or ſtained, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid, from any Part beyond the Seas,

(except

(except of the Manufacture of Great-Britain;) An Additional Duty of Six Pence per Yard on all Damask Tolvelling or Napkins made of Flax or Hemp imported into this Kingdom from Foreign Parts, or from any other Place than Great-Britain during the Time aforesaid, at or under a Yard wide, and of One Shilling per Yard on all such Goods from Six Quarters to Eight Quarters wide, and of Two Shillings per Yard on all such Goods from Eleven Quarters to Twelve Quarters wide; An Additional Duty of One Penny Halfpenny per Pound Weight for and upon all Hops that shall be imported into this Kingdom from Great-Britain during the Time aforesaid; An Additional Duty of Thirty Shillings for and upon every Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, or Chaise with Four Wheels, which any Person shall keep in his or her Possession, being in Number not more than one, and of Forty Shillings for every Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, or Chaise with Four Wheels, which any Person shall keep exceeding that Number; and also an Additional Duty of Ten Shillings on all Chaises with Two Wheels only, which any Person or Persons shall keep in his, her, or their Possession, at any Time between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two inclusive, and the like Sums

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reſpectively for every ſuch Carriage whether with Four or Two Wheels, which any Perſon or Perſons ſhall keep in his, her, or their Poſſeſſion at any Time between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three.

Provided allways, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge any Stage Coach, or Hackney Coach, or Hackney Chaiſe, or any Coach, Chaiſe, or other Carriage kept by the Maker for Sale, or any Cabriolet or Garden Chair: An Additional Duty of One Shilling per Hundred Weight, for and upon all Flour, Meal, Bread, and Biſcuit, except of the Produce and Manufacture of Great Britain, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive; an Additional Duty of Two Shillings per Barrel, upon all Wheat, except of the Produce of Great Britain, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid, unleſs the Middle Price of Wheat at the Port where the ſame ſhall be imported, ſhall exceed the Price of Twenty-three Shillings Engliſh per Barrel at the Time of ſuch Importation,

tion, the ſaid Price to be aſcertained, as directed by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty King George the Third, intituled, An Act for the better regulating the Corn Trade of this Kingdom; an Additional Duty of Five Pounds Six Shillings per Ton for and upon all Sorts of Vinegar that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, during the Time aforeſaid; a Duty of Ten Shillings to be paid by all and every Perſon or Perſons that doth, do, or ſhall ſell or tap out by Retail, any Cyder at any Time between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two inclusive; and of Ten Shillings, by all and every Perſon or Perſons, that doth, do, or ſhall ſell or tap out by Retail, any Cyder, at any Time between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive; a Duty of One Penny per Gallon, for and upon all Cyder that ſhall be ſold or tapped out by Retail, to be paid by the Perſon who ſhall ſell or tap out the ſame by Retail, between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive; an Additional

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ditional Duty of Five Pounds per Centum for and upon all China, Earthen, Japanned, or lacquered Ware, as valued or rated for Cuſtom by the Book of Rates, that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid; a further Additional Duty of Five Pounds per Centum for and upon the ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes, not being of the Growth and Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, herein after named, as the ſame now ſtand rated for Cuſtom in the Book of Rates, or if unrated, ſhall be valued upon the Oath of the Importer, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid, over and above all other Duties payable for the ſame, viz. Apparel, Apples, Bacon and Hams, Beads of Glaſs, Chocolate, Cocoa Nuts, Coffee, Cork, Capers, Cloves, Currants, Chelnuts, Wall Nuts, Small Nuts, Bugles, Hulled Barley, Artificial Flowers, Millinery Ware, Pearl Barley, Fans, Hats, Chip and Straw, Anchovies, Sturgeon, Pins, Wrought Ivory, Olives, Onions, Prints and Pictures, Mace, Nutmegs, Wrought Jncle, Drugs, not being for Dyers Uſe, Elephants Teeth, Furs, all Lacquered, Japanned, Gilt, Painted, Bronzed, and Enamelled Ware, Gloves of all Sorts, Almonds, Anniſeeds, Cinnamon, Liquorice, Pepper, Piauento, Prunes, Raiſins, Rice, Saffron, Succards, Succus Liquoritiae, Needles, Thimbles, Output Threads, Silkers Threads, China, and

Earthen Ware, whited brown Thread, and all other Threads, Haberdashery, Hardware, Toys, Mermits, Iron Pots, Scissars, Snuffs, Tiles, Shot, Laces of Cotton, Thread, Worsted, or Silk, Groceries of all Kinds (except Sugars,) Oranges and Lemons, Lime Juice, Lemon Juice, and Orange Juice, not being for Dyers Use, Tape, Foreign Linens, and all Manufactures of Flax and Hemp; an Additional Duty of One Shilling per Rheam upon every Rheam of Paper, except Brown, Blue and Pressing Paper, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, except of the Manufacture of Great Britain; a Duty of One Shilling per Barrel upon all Herrings that shall be imported into this Kingdom (except British Herrings,) during the Time aforesaid; an Additional Duty of Six Pence for every raw and untanned Hide which shall be exported out of this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid (except to Great Britain); An additional Duty of Twenty Shillings per Ton for and upon every Ton of Soapboilers Waste, and so in Proportion for a greater or less Quantity, that shall be exported out of this Kingdom, to any Parts beyond the Seas, during the Time aforesaid; an Additional Duty of Three Pounds per Ton for and upon every Ton of Linen Rags, and so in Proportion for a greater or less Quantity, that shall be exported out of this Kingdom to Parts beyond the Seas, dur-

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ing the Time aforeſaid; an Additional Duty of Six Pence per Gallon for and upon each and every Gallon of Linſeed Oil, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſs Quantity, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have upon the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, or who ſhall have at any Time between the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, any Salary, Profits of Employments, Fees, or Penſions in this Kingdom, ſhall during the Time aforeſaid, pay unto Your Majeſty the full Sum of Four Shillings Sterling out of every Twenty Shillings a Year which he, ſhe, or they do or ſhall receive, or be intitled unto by reaſon of ſuch Salaries, Profits of Employment, Fees, and Penſions, over and above the Charges and Expences of executing ſaid Employments, unleſs ſuch Perſon do and ſhall live and actually reſide within this Kingdom for and during the Space of Six Calendar Months at leaſt in every ſuch Year, which ſaid Tax or Duty of Four Shillings Sterling payable on every Twenty Shillings a Year as aforeſaid, ſhall

shall be stopped and deducted yearly out of such respective Salaries, Fees, and Pensions during the Time and Term aforesaid, by the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Paymaster or Paymasters, and Receiver-General of His Majesty's Revenue, or by such Person or Persons who is or are to pay the same, and which said Tax of Four Shillings in the Pound to be stopped and deducted as aforesaid by the Person or Persons who is or are to pay the said Salaries, shall be by him or them paid to the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to be accounted for to Your Majesty; and also that the said Tax of Four Shillings in the Pound to be stopped and deducted out of the said Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees and Pensions of any Person or Persons so absent as aforesaid, shall be stopped by the respective Deputy or Deputies of such Person and Persons so absent as aforesaid, and paid by them to the said Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, his, or their Deputy or Deputies, to be accounted for to Your Majesty, and that such Deputy or Deputies shall, within One Calendar Month after such Tax shall become due, give in upon Oath an Account before the Lord Chief Baron, or any of the Barons of the Exchequer, or any Two Justices of the Peace of the net Profit of such Employment or Employments, for which such Deputy or Deputies is, are, or shall be accountable to their

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Principals, which Account ſuch Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame ſhall be given upon Oath as aforeſaid, ſhall forthwith ſend to the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, and ſuch Deputy or Deputies of ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo abſent as aforeſaid, ſhall within One Calendar Month after ſuch Account given in before the Chief Baron, or any of the Barons of the Exchequer, or any Two Juſtices of the Peace as aforeſaid, pay to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his, or their Deputy or Deputies, the Sum due and payable to Your Majeſty, for and on Account of the ſaid Tax of Four Shillings in the Pound chargeable upon the net Profits of ſuch Employment or Employments, Office or Offices; and in Caſe ſuch Deputy or Deputies of the Perſon or Perſons ſo abſent as aforeſaid, ſhall omit or neglect to give in upon Oath ſuch Account, or to pay the ſaid Tax within the reſpective Times herein before for that Purpoſe appointed, ſuch Deputy or Deputies neglecting or omitting the ſame, from the Time of ſuch Omiſſion or Neglect ſhall be incapable of exerciſing or holding ſuch Deputation, and ſhall alſo forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of Your Majeſty's Courts of Record at Dublin; one Moiety thereof to the Uſe of Your Majeſty, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame, in which Suit no Eſſoign, Pro-

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tection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed. CHAP. I.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Secretary or Secretaries of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Revenue, and the Agent or Agents of the several Persons who are intitled to receive any Salary, Fees, or Pensions upon Your Majesty's Establishments, shall respectively, on or before the last Day of February yearly, deliver in upon Oath, which Oath the said Lord Chief Baron, or any of the Barons of Your Majesty's Court of Exchequer, or any two Justices of the Peace, are hereby required and impowered to administer, to the best of their knowledge, a list or account of such of the officers of the Revenue and of the person or persons who are intitled to receive any such Salaries, Fees, or Pensions, who shall have been absent and out of this Kingdom for Six Calendar Months, in the Year ending the Twenty fifth Day of December next preceding; and in Case such Secretary or Secretaries, Agent or Agents, shall refuse or neglect to deliver in such lists respectively; he or they shall be disabled from holding and enjoying the said Office of Secretary or Secretaries, or from being Agent or Agents,

Provided allways, And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall not extend to charge the Tax

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or Duty of four Shillings Sterling a Year, on every Twenty Shillings as aforeſaid, upon the Salaries, Penſions, Fees, or Profits of Employment, payable to any of the Deſcendants of Your Majeſty's Royal Grandfather, or to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, or to his or their Principal Secretary, or to the Duke of Brunſwick, Prince Ferdinand, the Duke and Dutcheſs of Athol, the Repreſentative or Repreſentatives of the late Right Honourable Edward Lord Baron Hawke, of the Kingdom of Great Britain, or to George Charles, Eſquire, if Your Majeſty ſhall think fit, by your Sign Manual, to exempt the ſaid Duke of Brunſwick, Prince Ferdinand, the Duke and Dutcheſs of Athol, the Repreſentative or Repreſentatives of the ſaid Lord Baron Hawke, and George Charles, or any of them, from the Payment of the ſame; nor ſhall the ſame extend to the Officers of the Army, ſo far as reſpects the Pay ariſing from their Regimental Commiſſions; nor ſhall the ſame extend to the Half-pay Officers on the Eſtabliſhment of this Kingdom, or to the Widows of Officers.

And whereas it is deemed reaſonable, and for the Advancement of Trade, that all Goods and Merchandizes of the Produce or Manufacture of this Kingdom, to be exported directly from this Kingdom to the Britiſh Plantations in America, or to the Weſt Indies, or into any of the Settlements

ments belonging to Great Britain on the Coast of Africa, should stand chargeable with, and pay unto His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, Duties and Rates to as great an amount as Goods and Merchandizes of the same denomination, and Quality, exported from Great Britain, to such Places now stand chargeable with, whether the said Charges be on the Importation of the Materials, of which the said Goods and Merchandizes are made, or by Duties on the Exportation of the same, or by Inland Excise, not drawn back or compensated for by Bounties: Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty one, and until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty three inclusive, and no longer, there shall be raised, levied, granted, collected and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, upon the Exportation of the several Articles of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of this Kingdom, mentioned in the Schedule (No. 2.) hereunto annexed, which shall be exported out of this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, to any British Colony, or Plantation in America, or the West Indies, or any British Settlement on the Coast of Africa, the several Duties on the respective Quantities, contained and expressed in the said Schedule, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity net, in

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Ready Money, without Diſcount or Allowance, and in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties now payable thereon by any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom; and for and upon each, and every Ton of Bar Iron, or of Split, Rolled, or Plated Iron, or of Manufactured Iron Ware, not being of the Produce or Manufacture of this Kingdom, which ſhall be exported to any of the ſaid Places during the Time aforeſaid; a Duty of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for each and every Ton of ſuch Bar Iron, and of Three Pounds Three Shillings and Eleven Pence for each and every Ton of Split, Rolled, or Plated Iron, or Manufactured Iron Ware, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſs Quantity or Quantities net, in Ready Money, without Diſcount or Allowance, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties now payable thereon, by any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom.

And for the better avoiding all Doubts and Controverſies, concerning the ſeveral Kinds of Hides and Skins, and Pieces of Hides and Skins, chargeable by this Act: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That by Tanned Hides or Skins, or by Tanned Pieces of Hides or Skins, is meant only ſuch as are Tanned in Ooze made of the Bark of Trees, or Sumack, or whereof the Principal Ingredients ſhall be ſuch Bark or Sumack, and

that

that by Hides and Skins dreſſed in Oil, or Pieces of Hides and Skins dreſſed in Oil, is meant ſuch as are made into Leather, in Oil, or with any Liquor or Material, whereof the chief Ingredient ſhall be Oil; and that by tawed Hides or Skins, or by tawed Pieces of Hides or Skins, is meant ſuch as are dreſſed or made into Leather, in Alluin, or Salt, or Meal, or other Ingredients properly uſed by Tawers of White Leather.

And whereas a part of the Duties now payable upon Exportation of the ſeveral Articles in the ſaid laſt mentioned Schedule, and upon Iron and Iron Ware, do now conſtitute a part of his Majeſty's Hereditary Revenue; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the Produce of the ſeveral Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions, to be raiſed, levied, granted, and paid unto Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, by Virtue of this Act, upon the ſaid ſeveral Articles as the Hereditary Duties now payable thereon would have amounted to in Caſe they had continued to be levied upon the Exportation of the ſaid Articles, ſhall be placed to the Account of Your Majeſty's Hereditary Revenue, and that a ſeparate and diſtinct Account be kept by the proper Officers of ſuch Amount upon all and every the aforeſaid Articles which ſhall be ſo exported.

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And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Chief Commiſſioners of Your Majeſty's Excile, or any Three of them, and the Collectors of Your Majeſty's Excile, in their ſeveral and reſpective Diſtricts, from Time to Time, to iſſue and grant ſuch Licences, for the ſelling and tapping out Cyder by Retail; and that for every ſuch Licence to be granted, the Sum of One Shilling and One Penny, and no more, ſhall be paid or demanded as a Fee for the ſame: And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall from and after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, ſell or tap out Cyder by Retail without ſuch Licence as aforeſaid, every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, ſhall, for every Time he or ſhe ſhall ſo offend, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

And

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And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better Ordering and Collecting the said Duty of One Penny per Gallon for and upon all Cyder that shall be sold or tapped out by Retail, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Gauger or Gaugers, and Officers of Excise, within their respective Districts, from Time to Time, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, to enter, in the Day-time, into the Houses, Out-Houses, Store-Houses, and Cellars of every Retailer or Retailers of Cyder, and to take an Account of all such Cyder as shall be found in the Possession of such Retailer or Retailers, and to charge such Retailer or Retailers with the said Duty of One Penny per Gallon accordingly.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, every Retailer of Cyder shall shew to the Gauger or Officer of Excise, on Demand, all his, or her Stock of Cyder then on Hand; and in Case any such Retailer or Retailers of Cyder, or his, her, or their Servant or Servants (in Case such Retailer or Retailers, shall not be present when the Gauger or Officer of Excise shall come to such Retailer's House to take Stock as aforesaid,) shall refuse to make Declaration,

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and shew all his, or their Stock of Cyder then on Hand, every such Retailer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Ten Pounds: And if such Gauger or Officer of Excise shall, after Declaration made as aforesaid, find any Cyder in the Possession or Custody of such Retailer or Retailers, over and above the Quantity so shewn and declared, such Retailer shall likewise forfeit and lose the Sum of Ten Pounds.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better collecting the said Duty chargeable on every Person who shall keep any Carriage with Four Wheels, or Carriage with Two Wheels, (except as before excepted) every Person who from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, shall have or keep any Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, or Chaise with Four Wheels, or Chaise with Two Wheels, (except as before excepted) and in Respect whereof he or she shall be chargeable with said Additional Duties, shall within Three Calendar Months after the said Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, or within Three Calendar Months after he or she shall have or keep any such Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, or Chaise with Four Wheels, or Chaise with Two Wheels, by Writing under his or her Hand, certify to the Collector of

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Excise in some one of the Districts wherein he or she shall reside and dwell, and likewise to the Examinator of the Hearth Money in Dublin, mentioning to him in such Writing the Name and District of the Collector to whom he or she has so certified, a true Account of every such Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, and Chaise with Four Wheels, or Chaise with Two Wheels, which he or she shall have or keep, (except as before excepted) with the Name of the Place and Parish of his or her residence or abode at the Time of giving such Certificate, which said Certificate shall be kept by the respective Collectors of the several Districts of this Kingdom for the Time being, and shall be also entered or registered in an Alphabetical Book, to be by them respectively kept for that Purpose, and a Copy of such Entry, signed by such Collector or his Clerk, shall be delivered, if required, without Fee or Reward, to the Person delivering such Certificate, and a Number shall be entered on each Certificate so registered; and that the said Collectors respectively shall, under their Hands, on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of December in each Year, give a true List of all Coaches, Chariots, Berlins, Calashes, and Chaises with Four Wheels, and Chaises with Two Wheels, from Time to Time returned to them respectively in such Certificates, with the Names of the Persons and Places of their Abode respectively mentioned in such respective Certificates to

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the Persons who for the Time being shall be appointed by the Commissioners of Your Majesty's Revenue of Excise, or any Three of them, to collect and receive the said Duties; and that such Persons as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of them, to collect and receive the said Duties on Coaches, Chariots, Berlins, Calashes, and Chaises with Four Wheels, and Chaises with Two Wheels, shall have full Power and Authority to levy, collect, and receive the same within the District wherein the Certificate shall be entered in the same Manner as Your Majesty's Revenue arising from Fire-Hearths is now by Law levied, collected, and received, and shall respectively sign and deliver Acquittances, without Fee or Reward for the same, and shall keep Duplicates thereof in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, in the same Manner as Acquittances are given and kept for the Duty of Fire-Hearths, and shall respectively return the Book containing the Duplicates of such Acquittances to such Person and Persons, and at the same Time, and to be disposed of in the same Manner as Books containing the Duplicates of Acquittances for said Duty on Fire Hearths are returned, and that the Duties aforesaid shall be paid in the respective Districts wherein the said Carriages shall be entered or registered respectively, and in no other.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Coach-maker, or other Person making Carriages for Sale in this Kingdom, shall within Ten Days after he or she shall sell and deliver any Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, or Chaise with Four Wheels, or Two Wheels, certify to the Collector of Excise in the District where such Coach-maker shall reside, the Kind of Carriage he or she has so sold, and whether with Four or Two Wheels, and the Name of the Person to whom he or she has sold the same, together with the Place of Residence of said Person, in Case he or she knows the same, and that if any Person or Persons shall have or keep any Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, or Chaise with Four Wheels, or Chaise with Two Wheels, chargeable with the said Duties, or any of them by Virtue of this Act, which shall not be certified by him, her, or them, in Manner as aforesaid, that then and in such Case every such Person and Persons so having or keeping such Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, or Chaise with Four Wheels, or Chaise with Two Wheels, not certified as aforesaid, or if any Coach-maker or Person making Carriages for Sale, shall omit to give every such Certificate as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons, Coach-maker, or other Person making Carriages for Sale, shall for every such Neglect forfeit respectively the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be sued for, recovered, levied,

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and applied in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means as are preſcribed and appointed for the Recovery of Penalties in and by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for ſettling the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted.

Provided nevertheleſs, That every Perſon (except as before excepted,) having in his, her, or their keeping or Poſſeſſion, any Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calaſh, or Chaiſe with Four Wheels, or Chaiſe with Two Wheels, belonging to another, ſhall be charged for every ſuch Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calaſh, or Chaiſe with Four Wheels, or Chaiſe with Two Wheels, with the ſaid Duty or Duties impoſed by this Act, in the ſame Manner as the Owner or Proprietor thereof is, or ought to be charged or chargeable for the ſame, by this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon or Perſons, who for the Time being ſhall be authorized and impowered to collect and levy the ſaid Duty or Duties, or any of them, on Coaches, Chariots, Berlins, Calaſhes and Chaiſes, ſhall pay the ſame to the ſaid Collectors of the ſeveral Diſtricts where the ſaid Duty ſhall be collected and raiſed,

and

and that the said Collectors shall keep separate and distinct Accounts thereof, and pay the same into His Majesty's Treasury as other Monies received by them for the Use of Your Majesty. CHAP. I.

Provided allways, That nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to charge any Person or Persons with the said Additional Duties of Ten Shillings chargeable upon Chaises with Two Wheels, nor to oblige such Person or Persons to make Entry of any Chaise with Two Wheels, who shall keep and certify to the said Collectors of Excise, and Examinator of Yearly Money in Manner above mentioned, any Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Calash, or Chaise with Four Wheels.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the several and respective Additional Duties, Rates, and Impositions hereby granted, shall be raised, answered, levied, and paid unto Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, during the Time aforesaid, over and above all other Duties payable by Virtue of an Act made in this Kingdom in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted; or by Virtue of one other

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Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of the said King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for settling the Subsidy of Poundage, and for granting a Subsidy of Tonnage, and other Sums of Money unto His Royal Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the same to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into, or out of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, according to the Book of Rates thereunto annexed, except where it is otherwise herein particularly provided and enacted.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Six Pence per Pound, and all other Fees which shall or may be payable to the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Receiver, or Paymaster General, Clerk of the Pells, or any other Officer or Officers of this Kingdom upon issuing, or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money which shall or may arise out of, or shall or may be received for, or on account of the several Duties and Aids hereby granted to Your Majesty, shall be applied by the said Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Receiver, or Paymaster-General, for the Use of Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, in Aid and Addition to the Duties hereby granted, and shall be duly accounted for by him or them.

Provided allways, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any

any of the Goods and Merchandizes herein before mentioned, upon which the said Duties, Additional Duties, and further Additional Duties hereby granted, are charged upon the Importation thereof, (except Herrings imported) shall, after Payment thereof, or Security given for the Payment of the same, be again exported (except Wines, touching which a special Provision is herein made) by any Merchant or Merchants within Three Years after the Importation thereof, and due Proof first made by Certificate from the proper Officer, of the due Entry and Payment of the said Duties, Additional Duties, and further Additional Duties hereby granted and charged thereon, or of Security having been given for the same; and that all other Requisites have been performed, which are by Law required to be performed in those Cases, where the Duties of Excise are to be repaid by Virtue of the before mentioned Act, intituled, An Act for the settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted: that then the said Duties, Additional Duties, and further Additional Duties hereby imposed, shall, without any Delay or Reward, if the same shall have been paid, be repaid or allowed unto such Merchant or Merchants so exporting the same, within one Month after Demand thereof; or if the same shall not have been paid, the Security for the said Duties,

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and further Additional Duties by this Act charged, ſhall be vacated or diſcharged, as to ſo much thereof as ſhall be ſo exported; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding; except in ſuch Caſes where it is or ſhall be otherwiſe provided for this Seſſion of Parliament.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for and upon the Exportation to any Place, except the Britiſh Plantations in America, the Weſt Indies, or any Britiſh Settlement on the Coaſt of Africa, of any Wines, within three Years after Importation, and which ſhall have paid on Importation the Duties charged thereon in the aforementioned Schedule [No. 1.] the ſeveral Drawbacks mentioned in the Schedule marked [No. 3.] hereunto annexed, ſhall be allowed and paid to the Merchant or Merchants ſo exporting the ſame.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Additional Rates and Duties hereby granted and impoſed on Coffee, Chocolate and Cocoa Nuts, except the ſaid Duty of Two Pence per Pound on Coffee, and all Monies ariſing thereby, ſhall be paid to the Truſtees appointed for the Management of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures of this Kingdom, to be by them applied to encourage and ſupport the ſaid Manufactures, and the Trade thereof in this Kingdom; and that the ſaid Additional Duties on raw

and

and untanned Hides, and the ſaid Additional Duty on Linſeed Oil impoꝛted, and all Money ariſing thereby, ſhall be paid to the ſaid Truſtees, to be by them applied tolvards the encouraging the raiſing of Flaxſeed in this Kingdom; and that ſo much of the Pꝛoduce of all the ſaid Duties ariſing upon Teas, as ſhall amount to a Sum of Seven Thouſand Three Hundꝛed Pounds per Annum, foꝛ the ſaid Time, ſhall be placed to the Account of Your Majeſty's Hereditary Revenue; and that the Surplus of the Pꝛoduce of the ſaid Duties on Teas ſhall be applied foꝛ the Suppoꝛt of Your Majeſty's Govern-ment as afoꝛeſaid. CHAP. I.

And be it further Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That all and every the ſeveral and reſpective Duties, Rates, and Impoſitions hereby granted, ſhall be raiſed, anſwered, collected and paid unto Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Sucꝛeſſoꝛs, during the Time afoꝛeſaid, at the ſame Time, in like Manner, and by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties and Foꝛfeitures, and with ſuch Powers, as are appointed, directed, and exꝛeſſed, foꝛ the raiſing, anſwering, collecting, and paying of Duties, in and by the ſaid Act, made in this Kingdom in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the ſettling the Exciſe or New Impoſt upon

CHAP. I. His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted; or by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue of Excile in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were particularly mentioned, expreſſed, and enacted again in the Body of this preſent Act; with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Excile, or any other Law or Laws now in being, relating to the Duties of Excile is provided.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, a ſeparate and diſtinct Account ſhall be kept by the proper Officer or Officers of the ſeveral Sums ariſing from the aforeſaid ſeveral Aids, Duties, and Taxes hereby granted as aforeſaid; and that the Commiſſioners of Your Majeſty's Revenue ſhall return their weekly Abſtracts from the ſeveral Collectors to the Accomptant-General; and that the Accomptant-General ſhall return a ſeparate Account of the aforeſaid Sums ariſing from the ſaid Aids, Duties, and Taxes hereby granted, to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies; and that every Collector or Receiver do take a ſeparate Receipt for the ſame when paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury; which ſaid Receipt the ſaid Vice-

Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, is and are hereby required to give accordingly. CHAP. I.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Sums herein after mentioned, be paid out of the aforesaid several Duties and Aids granted to Your Majesty by this present Act, to the Persons, and for the Purposes herein after mentioned, that is to say, The Sum of Four Thousand Pounds to the Right Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons, to enable him to maintain the State and Dignity of his Office; the Sum of Two thousand Pounds per Annum, for two Years, to the Trustees of the Linen Manufacture, to encourage the raising sufficient Quantities of Hemp and Flax in this Kingdom; the further Sum of Two thousand Pounds per Annum, to the Trustees of the Linen Manufacture, for the Encouragement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures in the Provinces of Leinster, Munster, and Connaught; and the further Sum of Ten thousand Pounds per Annum, for the said two Years, to the said Trustees, to be by them applied in such Manner as shall be directed by Parliament; and on Failure of such Direction during this Session, then in such Manner as shall appear to them most conducive to promote the said Manufactures; the said further Sum of Ten thousand Pounds per Annum, being given to

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them in the Place and Stead of a like Sum heretofore appropriated to be paid them out of the firſt Produce of the Duties on Teas; and that the ſaid ſeveral Sums ſo granted to the ſaid Truſtees of the Linen Manufacture, be exempted from the Payment of all Fees; the Sum of Five hundred Pounds to the Right Honourable Agmondiſham Veſey, Accountant-General, as a Reward for his Expence and Trouble in preparing and ſtating the Publick Accounts of the Nation, laid before the Houſe of Commons this Seſſion of Parliament; the Sum of Three hundred Pounds to Henry Gore, Eſquire, as a Reward for his Expence and Trouble in preparing and making out the Account of the Imports and Exports for two Years, ending the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, purſuant to the Order of the Houſe of Commons; the Sum of Eight hundred Pounds to Thomas Ellis, Clerk of the Houſe of Commons, as a Reward for his Attendance and Service this Seſſion of Parliament; the Sum of Four hundred Pounds to Benjamin Higgins, Clerk-Aſſiſtant, as a Reward for his Attendance and Service this Seſſion of Parliament; the Sum of One thouſand Pounds to Dixie Coddington, Eſquire, Serjeant at Arms, as a Reward for his Attendance and Service this Seſſion of Parliament; the Sum of Three hundred Pounds to James Corry, Clerk of the Journals and Records, appointed in Purſuance

of

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of the Report of a Committee of the House of Commons, for his Trouble and Expence in the Execution of his Office; the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds to Jonathan Rogers, Clerk of the Engrossments, as a Reward for his Attendance and Service this Session of Parliament; the Sum of Six Hundred Pounds to George Melvin, and George Frederick Winstanley, the Clerks attending the Committee of Accounts, and other Committees, as a Reward for their Attendance and Service this Session of Parliament, to be equally divided between them; the Sum of One Hundred and twelve Pounds to Abraham Bradley and Abraham Bradley King, for printing the Public Accounts, laid before the House of Commons this Session of Parliament; the Sum of Eighteen Pounds to Abraham Bradley, and Abraham Bradley King, for reprinting two Sheets of the Public Accounts; the Sum of Fifty Pounds to Laurence Sensi as a Reward for his Trouble and Attendance in delivering the Votes to the Members this Session of Parliament; the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds to James M'Cowan and Henry Holmes, Door-Keepers to the House of Commons, as a Reward for their Attendance and Service this Session of Parliament, to be equally divided between them; the Sum of Three Hundred Pounds to the Speaker, to be by him divided among the Back-door-Keepers and Messengers attending the House of Commons, being Thirteen in Number,

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in ſuch Manner as he ſhall direct; the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds to John Wetheral Senior, and John Wetheral, Junior for their extraordinary Trouble in making up the ſeveral Accounts by them laid before the Houſe of Commons, and attending the ſaid Houſe this Seſſion of Parliament; the Sum of Three Hundred Pounds to Paul Lebas, Examinator of Corn Premiums, on Account of the great Encreaſe of his Trouble in Examining and keeping Accounts of ſaid Premiums, and for his Expences in Payment of Clerks, in the Two Years ending at Lady-Day, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one; the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds to John Swan, Examinator of Exciſe, for his extraordinary Trouble and Expence in preparing the Accounts laid before the Houſe of Commons this Seſſion of Parliament; the Sum of One Hundred Pounds to Henry Smith, Deputy Paymaſter of Corn Premiums, for his extraordinary Trouble and Expence in preparing Accounts by him laid before the Houſe of Commons for two Years ending Midſummer One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one; the Sum of One Thouſand Two Hundred Pounds to Sir Roger Palmer, Baronet, in Conſideration of his extraordinary Attendance, Care, and Expence in the Office of Paymaſter of Corn Premiums, during the Two Years, ending Michaelmas, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one; the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds to Thomas

Thomas Ellis for his Trouble and Expence in preparing Copies, superintending the Printing and making an Index to the Nineteenth Volume of the Journals of the House of Commons; The Sum of Two Hundred Pounds to Thomas Lestrange for his extraordinary Care and Trouble in attending the House of Commons as Assistant Serjeant at Arms; the Sum of Ten Thousand Pounds to the Incorporated Society towards supporting the Protestant Charter Schools of this Kingdom; the Sum of Five Thousand Pounds to the Governors of the Foundling Hospital and Work-House, towards enabling them to discharge the Debts by them contracted, for the Use of that Charity, and towards supporting their necessary Expences; the Sum of Ten Thousand Pounds to the Dublin Society for the Improvement of Husbandry, and other useful Arts in this Kingdom, One half of the said Sum at least to be applied to the Encouragement of Agriculture and Planting; the Sum of Five Thousand Pounds to the Lord Chancellor and Chief Judges, for carrying on the Building of Offices for Public Records; the Sum of Two Thousand Pounds to the Hibernian Marine-Society, towards supporting the said Charity; The Sum of Two Thousand Pounds to the Governors of the Hibernian School, for the Support of that Charity; the Sum of Two Thousand Pounds to the Trustees appointed for carrying on the Improvements of

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Cork Harbour, to be expended in the ſame; the Sum of Four Hundred and Thirty-two Pounds Five Shillings and Ten Pence to Abraham Bradley and Abraham Bradley King, Printers to the Houſe of Commons, the Coſt of printing and binding five hundred Copies of the Nineteenth Volume of the Commons Journals, delivered by them for the Uſe of the Members of the Houſe of Commons; the Sum of Three Thouſand Pounds to the Governors of Saint Patrick's Hoſpital, to enable them to finiſh and furniſh the ſame, and make the neceſſary additional Buildings; the Sum of One Hundred Pounds to Mrs. Elizabeth Molloy, Houſe-keeper to the Parliament-Houſe, for her extraordinary Trouble and Expence occaſioned by additional Buildings; the Sum of Three Thouſand Pounds to the Corporation for the Relief of the Poor in the City of Dublin, for the Support of the Houſe of Induſtry, in Aid of the Charitable Contributions; the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds to the Repreſentatives in Parliament for the County of Waterford and the Borough of Dungarvan, to erect a Quay in Dungarvan; the Sum of Two Thouſand Pounds to the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, Commons, and Citizens of the City of Dublin, towards carrying on the Ballaſt-Office-Wall; provided it ſhall appear that they have regularly accounted for the Ballaſt-Office-Revenue, purſuant to act of Parliament; the Sum One Thouſand Pounds to the Mayor, Sheriffs,

Sheriffs, Burgesses, and Commons of the County of the Town of Drogheda, to enable them to improve the Navigation of the River of Boyne, from the Bridge of Drogheda to the Sea; the Sum of Six Thousand Pounds to the Board of First-Fruits, for building New Churches and re-building Old Churches, in such Parishes as no Divine publick Service has been performed in for Twenty Years past; the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds to the Minister, Curate, and Church-Wardens of the Parish of Killurine, in the County of Wexford, towards re-building the Church of said Parish; the Sum of One Thousand Pounds to the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, Commons, and Citizens of the City of Dublin, to enable them to build and finish the new Gaol in the said City; the Sum of Fifty Pounds to Benjamin Higgins, Clerk Assistant, for his Expence and Trouble in answering a Bill filed against him by Abraham Grier, for detaining several Books and Papers formerly laid before a Committee of the House of Commons, and which he refused to deliver up without Leave of the House of Commons; the Sum of Eleven Hundred Pounds to Doctor Achmet, to enable him to discharge the Debts contracted by him in erecting and finishing the Dublin Baths, and towards supporting the same for the Use of the Poor; the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds to Thomas Reilly, to enable him to carry on the Iron Wire Manufactory; the Sum of Two Thousand Pounds to the Right

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Reverend and Right Honourable the Viſitors of Kilkenny College, to enable them to rebuild the ſame; the Sum of Two Thouſand Pounds to the Truſtees of the Circular Road round Dublin, to be expended towards building a Bridge over the River Liffey near Iſland-Bridge; the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds to Roquier Cannon, Eſquire, as a Reward for his Care and Attention to the Fiſheries, and to reimburſe him his Expences; the Sum of Four Hundred and ſeventy-five Pounds Six Shillings and Three Pence to Mary Hay, the Coſt of Twenty-five Sets of the Statutes of Ireland, in Nine Volumes, delivered by her for the Uſe of the Members of the Houſe of Commons; the Sum of Five Thouſand Pounds to encourage the Cotton, Kenting, and Thread Manufactures, in Manner following, that is to ſay, One Thouſand Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds thereof to the Honourable George Hamilton, one of the Barons of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, One Thouſand Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds thereof to Robert Brooke of Proſperous, in the County of Kildare, Eſquire; One Thouſand Pounds thereof to Jeremiah Vickers, John Page, Junior, Archibald Wright, John Mc Caul and William Crombie, at Balriggin near Dundalk; Seven hundred and Fifty Pounds thereof to Edward Harman and Company, in the Town of Drogheda, and Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds, the Remainder thereof to Charles Chadwick, of the City of Limerick,

towards

towards enabling them severally to carry on their respective Manufactures aforesaid; and the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds to Ann Wetherall, Widow of William Wetherall, late Deputy Accomptant-General, for the Use of His seven Children, in Consideration of his long and diligent Services to this House. CHAP. I.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, the several Sums granted by this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force in this Kingdom, and appropriated to encourage the raising sufficient Quantities of Flax and Hemp in this Kingdom, and for the Encouragement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures in the Provinces of Leinster, Munster, and Connaught, shall be applied to such Purposes only, and no other, and that a separate and distinct Account shall be kept by the proper Officer of the Application thereof, and be laid before Parliament.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Tax of One Shilling per Barrel hereby granted and imposed on all Herrings imported into this Kingdom, be paid to the Dublin Society, to be by them applied to the Encouragement of the Fisheries in the North-West part of this Kingdom.

And

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And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Gold, or Silver Lace, Cambricks or Lawns whatſoever, except of the Manufacture of Great Britain; nor any Hops, except of the Growth of Great Britain, or one of the Britiſh Colonies in America, or the Weſt Indies; nor any Glaſs, except from Great Britain, ſhall, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, be imported into this Kingdom in any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all ſuch Lace, Cambricks, and Lawns, and Hops, and Glaſs, and treble the Value thereof, and of the Forfeiture of the Ship or Veſſel in which the ſame ſhall be imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition, and Apparel; one moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be, and remain to Your Majeſty, your Heirs, and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame, by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in the Court of Exchequer, wherein no Wager of Law, Protection, Eſſoign, or other Dilatory Plea, ſhall be allowed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Schedules herein before mentioned, and which are hereunto annexed, may be deemed and taken as Part of this Act, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

A SCHE-

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties upon every Ton of Wine, Filled or Unfilled, imported, whether by Natives or Strangers, to be paid down in Ready Money Net, without Diſcount or Allowance, and to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties, Cuſtoms, and Exciſe payable thereon by any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore made in this Kingdom.

	By Natives.								By Strangers.							
	Filled.				Unfilled.				Filled.				Unfilled.			
	l.	s.	d.	20ths	l.	s.	d.	20ths	l.	s.	d.	20ths	l.	s.	d.	20ths
French Wine	33	7	0		31	1	0		34	10	4		32	2	0	
Portugal and Madeira Wine	22	4	8		20	14	0		23	0	2	13/20	21	8	0	
Rheniſh Wine	27	19	10	16	25	13	10	18/20	29	9	10	16	27	0	10	18/20
Spaniſh Wine	28	0	0		25	14	0		29	13	4		27	4	0	
Canary Wine, and all other Wine of the Dominions of Spain	31	3	10	16	28	11	6	2/20	32	17	2	16	30	1	6	2/20
All other Wine	28	9	10	16	26	2	10	18/20	30	3	2	16	27	12	10	18/20

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No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the respective Duties payable upon the several Articles therein enumerated, being the Produce or Manufacture of this Kingdom, on the Exportation thereof to any *British* Colony or Plantation in *America* or the *West Indies*, or any of the *British* Settlements on the Coast of *Africa*; the said Duties to be paid down in Ready Money Net, and to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties now payable by Law for the same.

	l.	s.	d.
IRON, Bar Iron the Ton	2	10	0
Iron slit, rolled, plated, or turned, and manufactured Iron Wares, the Ton	3	3	11
HIDES, Calve Skins, Kip Skins, tanned or tawed, and not dressed in Oil, and Sheep Skin tanned for Gloves or Basil the Hundred Weight	0	6	1¾
HIDES, Dressed in Oil, the Hundred Weight	1	1	3¾

SKINS

			l.	s.	d.
SKINS VOCAT,	Black Coney Skins with or without Silver Hair, for every Six Score Skins		0	12	10½
	Calve Skins dreſſed in Oil, the Hundred Weight		1	8	0½
	Goat Skins tawed, the Hundred containing Six Score		1	1	8
	Goat Skins tanned with Shumack to reſemble Spaniſh Leather	For every Six Score Skins	0	10	0
		For every Pound Weight	0	0	4½
	LAMB SKINS, The Hundred containing Six Score		0	2	8½
	LAMB SKINS, And beſides if Tawed and not tanned, or dreſſed in Oil, the Hundred Weight		0	4	2½
	LAMB SKINS, And beſides if Tanned for Gloves or Baſil, the Hundred Weight		0	5	0½
	LAMB SKINS, And beſides if Dreſſed in Oil, the Hundred Weight		0	10	1½
	SHEEP SKINS, Tawed and not tanned, or dreſſed in Oil, the Hundred Weight		0	5	3½
	SHEEP SKINS, Tanned for Roans, and not dreſſed in Oil, the Hundred Weight		0	7	9½
	SHEEP SKINS, Dreſſed in Oil, the Hundred Weight		0	11	2½
	Pelts, the Hundred containing Five Score		0	3	7½
	All Pieces or Parts of Skins tawed or tanned, and not dreſſed in Oil, for every Twenty Shillings value thereof on Oath		0	3	0
	All Pieces or Parts of Skins dreſſed in Oil, for every Twenty Shillings value thereof on Oath		0	2	0
	And beſides the Hundred Weight		0	6	2½
FUR called grey Rabbit Fur, or Coney Hair, the Pound			0	0	3$\frac{3}{10}$
KIDS HAIR, for every Twenty Shillings value thereof on Oath			0	1	0
PARCHMENT, the Dozen			0	1	7½
VELLUM, the Dozen			0	3	3
LAPIS CALAMINARIS, the Ton			0	2	2

No. 3.

A SCHEDULE of the Drawbacks upon every Ton of Wine exported as the ſame have been imported, Filled or Unfilled, whether by Natives or Strangers, if the ſame ſhall be regularly exported within Three Years after the Importation thereof reſpectively, the ſaid Drawbacks to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Drawbacks payable by any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore made in this Kingdom.

	By Natives.								By Strangers.							
	Filled.				Unfilled.				Filled.				Unfilled.			
	l.	s.	d.	20ths	l.	s.	d.	20ths	l.	s.	d.	20ths	l.	s.	d.	20ths
French Wine	29	17	0		27	18	0		29	17	0		27	18	0	
Portugal and Madeira Wine	17	4	8		16	4	0		16	6	10	13½	15	8	0	
Spaniſh Wine	23	0	0		21	4	0		23	0	0		21	4	0	
Canary Wine, and all other of the Dominions of Spain	26	3	10	16	24	1	6	2½	26	3	10	16	24	1	6	2½
All other Wine	23	9	10	16	21	12	10	18½	23	9	10	16	21	12	10	18½

AN

CHAP. II.

AN

ACT

FOR

Granting unto His Majeſty the ſeveral Aids, Duties, Rates, Impoſitions and Taxes therein particularly expreſſed, to be applied to the Payment of the Intereſt of the Sums therein provided for, and towards the Diſcharge of the ſaid Principal Sums, in ſuch Manner as therein is directed; and for ſuch other Purpoſes as are therein mentioned

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

A C T

FOR

Granting unto His Majesty the several Aids, Duties, Rates, Impositions and Taxes therein particularly expressed, to be applied to the Payment of the Interest of the Sums thereby provided for and towards the Discharge of the said Principal Sums, in such Figure as therein is directed; and for such other Purposes as are therein mentioned.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. II.

An Act for granting unto His Majesty the several Aids, Duties, Rates, Impositions and Taxes therein particularly expressed, to be applied to the Payment of the Interest of the Sums therein provided for, and towards the Discharge of the said Principal Sums, in such Manner as therein is directed; and for such other Purposes as are therein mentioned.

CHAP. II.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting unto His Majesty the several Duties, Rates, Impositions, and Taxes therein particularly expressed, to be applied to the Payment of the Interest of the Sums therein provided for, and towards the Discharge of the said Principal Sums in such Manner as therein is directed, and for such other Purposes as are therein mentioned; several Aids and Additional Duties were granted to Your Ma-

 jesty,

CHAP. II.

ſeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors from the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, to the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one inclusive, to pay an Intereſt for the ſeveral Sums, in the ſaid recited Act particularly mentioned, or ſo much thereof as ſhould remain unpaid on the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, to the Perſon or Perſons who lent the ſame, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, at the reſpective Rates therein particularly mentioned, to commence from the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations, and Abatements whatſoever, until ſuch Time as they ſhould be reſpectively paid their Principal Money, at one entire Payment: And whereas it was in and by the ſaid Act recited, that it may be neceſſary that a further Sum or Sums, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds, ſhould be raiſed to ſupply the Deficiencies that had ariſen in the Aids granted theretofore and in that Seſſion of Parliament for the Support of Your Majeſty's Government, and the Payment of the Intereſt and Annuities therein before mentioned: And whereas it was in and by the ſaid Act further recited, that it may be expedient to

raiſe

raiſe ſuch further Sum and Sums of Money by all or each, or any of the Ways therein after mentioned, that is to ſay, One Loan by Debentures, to carry an Intereſt after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, or by Treaſury Bills to carry an Intereſt after the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds, or by one or more Lottery or Lotteries: And whereas it was thereby enacted, that for all and every ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds, as ſhould at any Time or Times before the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, be publickly directed and appointed by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to be raiſed on Loan by Debentures towards ſupplying ſuch Deficiencies as aforeſaid, and ſhould be actually paid by any Perſon or Perſons into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, purſuant to ſuch Direction or Appointment, there ſhould be paid at the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treaſurer or Paymaſter-General, Vice-Treaſurers or Paymaſters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the reſpective Times of ſuch Payments, to the Perſon or Perſons ſo paying or lending the ſame, his, her, or their Exe-

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cutors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations and Abatements whatſoever, until ſuch Time as they ſhould be reſpectively paid their Principal Money at one entire Payment: And whereas it was in and by the ſaid recited Act further Enacted, That Debentures or Receipts, bearing an Intereſt after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, ſhould be given by the proper Officer of Your Majeſty's Treaſury for all and every ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as ſhould be ſo paid upon Loan, by Debenture, into the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer: And whereas it was by the ſaid recited Act further Enacted, That in Caſe His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, ſhould at any Time or Times within the Time aforeſaid, publickly direct or appoint the Whole, or any Part of the ſaid Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds, to be raiſed by Treaſury Bills, if no Money ſhould have been raiſed by Debentures as therein mentioned, previous to ſuch Appointment, there ſhould for all and every ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds, as ſhould be actually paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury by any Perſon or Perſons, at the Inſtance of His Excellency

cellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, towards supplying the Deficiencies therein mentioned, be paid at the Receipt of Your Majesty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treasurer or Paymaster-General, Vice-Treasurers or Paymasters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty, or such other subsequent Day as his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being should think proper to appoint, to the Person or Persons so paying or lending the same, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, an Interest after the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations, and Abatements whatsoever, until such Time as he, she, or they should be respectively paid his, her, or their principal Money at one entire Payment; but in Case any Sum or Sums of Money, should have been raised on Loan by Debentures in manner therein mentioned, previous to such Appointment, then for such Sum or Sums of Money as should not, together with the Sum or Sums of Money so raised by Debentures, exceed in the whole the Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty

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Thouſand Pounds, and ſhould be actually paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, by any perſon or perſons, at the Inſtance of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, there ſhould be paid at the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treaſurer or Paymaſter-General, Vice-Treaſurers or Paymaſters-General, his or their Deputy, or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the Twenty-Fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, or ſuch other ſubſequent Day, as his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, ſhould think proper to appoint, to the Perſon or Perſons ſo paying or lending the ſame, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, an Intereſt after the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations, and Abatements whatſoever, until ſuch Time as he, ſhe, or they ſhould be reſpectively paid his, her, or their Principal Money, at one entire Payment: And whereas it was by the ſaid recited Act, further Enacted, That for all and every ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhould be ſo directed to be raiſed by Treaſury-Bills, and ſhould be actually paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, Bills intitling the Bearer

to

to the Amount of the Sums respectively specified therein, declaring such Amount to be payable as thereinafter mentioned, should be issued and given, by the proper Officers, of Your Majesty's Treasury, such Bills to bear an Interest at the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds: And whereas it was by the said Act further Enacted, That in Case his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, should at any Time or Times within the Time therein mentioned, publickly direct and appoint any Sum not exceeding Two Hundred Thousand Pounds to be raised by one or more Lottery or Lotteries, for all and every such Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two Hundred and Ten Thousand Pounds, which should be the Prizes to the Fortunate Adventurers in such Lottery or Lotteries, as might be directed for raising the said Sum of Two Hundred Thousand Pounds, there should be paid at the Receipt of Your Majesty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treasurer, or Paymaster-General, Vice-Treasurers, or Paymasters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the Day or Days such Lottery or Lotteries should begin to be drawn, to the Person or Persons who should be entitled to the Prizes thereon respectively, his, her,

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or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, an Intereſt after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations, and Abatements whatſoever, until ſuch Time as he, ſhe, or they ſhould be reſpectively paid the Amount of his, her, or their reſpective Prizes at one entire Payment: And whereas it was by the ſaid recited Act further Enacted, That Debentures, bearing Intereſt after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, ſhould be given to the Proprietor of the Fortunate Tickets in ſuch Lottery or Lotteries, as the Caſe ſhould be, is, and for their reſpective Prizes, by the Proper Officers of Your Majeſty's Treaſury, for all and every ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as the Proprietors of the Fortunate Tickets in ſuch Lottery or Lotteries ſhould be reſpectively intitled unto: And whereas in Purſuance of the ſaid in part recited Act, Debentures, bearing an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, have been iſſued for the Sum of One Hundred and Five Thouſand Pounds, Part of the ſaid Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds therein mentioned, for the Purpoſe of diſcharging the Prizes in a Lottery eſtabliſhed agreeable to the ſaid Act: And whereas the further Sum of One Hundred and Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds, being the Reſidue of the ſaid Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds, hath been raiſed by Treaſury Bills; and ſuch Bills have accordingly

cordingly been iſſued for the ſame; and the ſame ſtill remain unpaid, and bear an Intereſt at the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for every One Hundred Pounds: And whereas by an Act paſſed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Your Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting unto Your Majeſty the ſeveral Duties, Rates, Impoſitions and Taxes therein particularly expreſſed, to be applied to the Payment of the Intereſt of the Sums therein provided for; and towards the Diſcharge of the Principal Sums in ſuch Manner as therein is directed, and for ſuch other Purpoſes as are therein mentioned; the Sum of One Hundred and Sixty-ſix Thouſand Pounds was provided to be raiſed by Debentures, bearing an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum: And whereas by a Reſolution of the Houſe of Commons, bearing Date the Firſt Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, it was reſolved, that whatever Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds, which ſhould be paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, at the Inſtance of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, towards diſcharging Debentures which had been iſſued, to the Amount of Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds, being Part of the ſaid Sum of One Hundred and Sixty-ſix Thouſand Pounds, that the Houſe would make good ſuch Bills as ſhould be iſſued for the ſame

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out of his Majeſty's Treaſury, with an Intereſt after the Rate of Four Pounds Eleven Shillings and Three Pence per Hundred, every of the ſaid Debentures to be cancelled as ſoon as diſcharged: And whereas in Purſuance of the ſaid Reſolution, and at the Inſtance of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, a Sum of Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds hath been paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury for the Purpoſe of diſcharging the ſaid Debentures, to the Amount of Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds, which were accordingly diſcharged and cancelled on the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one; and Treaſury Bills to a like Amount iſſued on the ſaid Day to the Perſons who ſo paid in the ſaid Sum: And whereas the Aids and Duties granted to Your Majeſty, in and by the ſaid recited Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majeſty's Reign, have not proved ſufficient to pay and diſcharge the ſaid ſeveral Principal Sums therein and herein before mentioned, and the Intereſt of the ſame reſpectively: And whereas it is neceſſary to provide for the Payment of ſuch Part of the ſeveral Principal Sums at any Time or Times heretofore borrowed upon, or ſecured by Debentures, which carry an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, as ſhall remain unpaid on the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, together with

with the Intereſt thereof, and alſo to pro- CHAP.
vide for the Payment of the ſeveral Life II.
Annuities heretofore granted upon the
reſpective Sums of Two Hundred and
Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds; One Hun-
dred and Seventy-five Thouſand Pounds;
and Three Hundred Thouſand Pounds;
and alſo to provide for the Payment of
ſuch Part of a Sum of One Hundred and
Forty Thouſand Pounds; and of One
other Sum of One Hundred and Fifty-five
Thouſand Pounds, borrowed upon Trea-
ſury Bills, by Virtue of Acts paſſed in the
laſt Seſſion of Parliament, and alſo of the
Sum of Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds bor-
rowed upon Treaſury Bills in Purſuance
of the ſaid Reſolution, bearing Intereſt at
the Rate of Three Pence per Day for each
One Hundred Pounds, as ſhall remain un-
paid on the Twenty-fifth Day of Decem-
ber, One thouſand ſeven hundred and
eighty-one, together with the Intereſt
thereof; We therefore Your Majeſty's moſt
dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons
of Ireland in Parliament aſſembled, do moſt
humbly beſeech Your Majeſty that it may
be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's
moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with
the Advice and Conſent of the Lords
Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons
in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and
by the Authority of the ſame, That for ſo
much of the ſeveral Principal Sums, at
any Time or Times heretofore borrowed
upon, or ſecured by Debentures, bearing

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an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, whether Lottery Debentures or others, as ſhall remain unpaid on the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, there ſhall be paid at the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Paymaſter or Receiver-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, to the Perſon or Perſons who has or have paid or lent, or become entitled to the ſame, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations, and Abatements whatſoever, until ſuch Time as they ſhall be reſpectively paid their Principal Money at one entire Payment.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Life-Annuities heretofore granted to the ſeveral Subſcribers who advanced and paid the ſaid Three ſeveral Sums of Two Hundred and Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds; One Hundred and Seventy-five Thouſand Pounds; and Three Hundred Thouſand Pounds, into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, ſhall and may be regularly paid to the

the Persons thereunto respectively entitled, as the same shall become due, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the several Acts heretofore made concerning the same respectively. CHAP. II.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the said Two respective Sums of One Hundred and Forty Thousand Pounds, and One Hundred and Fifty-five Thousand Pounds, already paid into Your Majesty's Treasury of this Kingdom, and for which Treasury-Bills have issued pursuant to the several Acts herein before mentioned, there shall be paid at the Receipt of Your Majesty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, his, or their Deputy or Deputies, from the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, to the Person or Persons having paid the same, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, an Interest, after the Rate of Three Pence by the Day, for every One Hundred Pounds, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations and Abatements whatsoever, until they shall be respectively paid or satisfied their Principal Money at one entire Payment.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the said Sum of Sixty-five Thousand Pounds, so raised upon Treasury-Bills, in pursuance of the

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ſaid Reſolution of the Houſe of Commons, bearing Date the firſt Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, and actually paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury of this Kingdom, there ſhall be paid at the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to the Perſon or Perſons ſo having paid the ſame, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, an Intereſt, after the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for every One Hundred Pounds, to commence and be computed from the Day of the Date of ſuch Treaſury Bills reſpectively, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations and Abatements whatſoever, until they ſhall be reſpectively paid or ſatisfied their Principal Money at one entire Payment.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Treaſury-Bill iſſued, purſuant to the ſaid Reſolution, ſhall and may from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and Eighty-three, if not ſooner paid, be received, taken, and be current to any Receiver or Collector of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or any Revenue, Aid, or Tax, in this Kingdom, for and in Satisfaction of any Cuſtom, Exciſe, Revenue, Aid, or Tax, then due or thereafter to become due or payable to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs

Heirs and Succeſſors, and ſhall be taken, paſs, and be current at the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Treaſury, from every ſuch Receiver or Collector, for or in Reſpect of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or any other Revenue, Aid, or Tax, by him received or collected, from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One Thouſand ſeven Hundred and eighty-three. CHAP. II.

And whereas it may be neceſſary that a further Sum or Sums, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Three Hundred Thouſand Pounds, ſhall be raiſed to ſupply the Deficiencies that have ariſen in the Aids granted heretofore, or that may ariſe in the Aids granted this Seſſion of Parliament for the Support of Your Majeſty's Government; And whereas it may be expedient to raiſe ſuch further Sum or Sums of Money, by the Ways herein after mentioned, that is to ſay, partly on one or more Loan or Loans by Debentures, to carry an Intereſt after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, with one or more Lottery or Lotteries, in Aid thereof, and partly by Treaſury Bills, to carry an Intereſt after the rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds, which ſhall be raiſed thereon; We Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of Ireland in Parliament Aſſembled, do moſt humbly beſeech Your Majeſty that it may be Enacted, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that

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for all and every such Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of One Hundred and thirty Thousand Pounds, as shall be actually paid by any Person or Persons into Your Majesty's Treasury, in the Manner herein after mentioned, there shall be paid at the Receipt of Your Majesty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Paymaster or Paymasters General, his, or their Deputy or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the Twenty-fifth Day of June, One Thousand seven Hundred and eighty-two, to the Person or Persons so paying or Lending the same, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, an Interest at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations, and Abatements whatsoever, until such Time as they shall be respectively paid their Principal Money at one entire Payment.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Debenture or Receipt for every Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Pounds so to be subscribed and paid, bearing an Interest after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be given by the proper Officers of Your Majesty's Treasury, for all and every such Sum and Sums of Money, so to be paid towards said Loan of One hundred and

thirty

thirty thousand Pounds into the Receipt of Your Majesty's Exchequer, in like Manner as hath been usually done in Cases where Principal Sums have been heretofore borrowed on Loan by Debentures, and the said Debentures or Receipts so to be given, shall be numbered in Arithmetical Progression where the common Excess or Difference is to be one until the whole shall be numbered, beginning with the Number next after the last Number of the Receipts or Debentures, for the Sums so heretofore borrowed, and now standing out at an Interest of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, in Manner aforesaid. CHAP. II.

And whereas in Order to effectuate the raising of the said Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds by Loan on Debenture as aforesaid, it will be necessary to establish a Lottery in Aid of said Loan, on such Scheme, and in such Manner and form as are herein after expressed: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Lottery shall consist of Forty thousand Tickets, at the Rate of Five Pounds for each Ticket, to be paid for by the Persons contributing to the said Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thousand Pounds, in the Manner and at the Times herein after mentioned.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for all Persons, Natives or Foreigners,

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reigners, and all Bodies Politick or Corporate, to contribute to the Payment of the ſaid Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds, and to pay the Price of as many Tickets as they ſhall be reſpectively intitled to, at the Rate of Five Pounds for each Ticket, in Manner, and at the reſpective Days of Payment herein limited.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Contributor or Contributors, ſubſcribing or ſignifying his, her, or their Conſent for that Purpoſe, ſhall, for every Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Pounds, which he, ſhe, or they ſhall ſubſcribe for and pay towards ſaid Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds, be alſo entitled to ſubſcribe for and receive Forty Lottery Tickets, at the Price of Five Pounds for each Lottery Ticket, to be paid for by the Perſon or Perſons ſo ſubſcribing to the ſaid Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds, in the Manner, and at the Times, and in the Proportions herein after mentioned, that is to ſay; every ſuch Contributor ſhall, on or before the Twelfth Day of January, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, advance, by way of Depoſite to the Vice-Treaſurer, or Paymaſter-General, Vice-Treaſurers or Paymaſters-General, his, or their Deputy or Deputies, the Sum of Five Pounds per Centum out of ſuch Sum as ſuch Contributor ſhall

ſubſcribe

subscribe to the said Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thousand Pounds, together with the Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum out of such Sum as such Contributor shall subscribe to the said Lottery in Part Payment of the Money to be paid towards such Loan and Lottery respectively, and as a Security for making the subsequent Payments towards the said Loan and Lottery, on or before the Times herein after mentioned; and every such Contributor shall also, on or before the Twentieth Day of February, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, advance the further Sum of Five Pounds per Centum out of such Sum as such Contributor shall subscribe to the said Loan, together with the further Sum of Twenty Pounds per Centum out of such Sum as such Contributor shall subscribe to the said Lottery, as and for the second Payment; and shall also, on or before the Twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, advance the further Sum of Five Pounds per Centum out of such Sum as such Contributor shall subscribe to the said Loan, together with the further Sum of Twenty Pounds per Centum out of such Sum as such Contributor shall subscribe to the said Lottery, as and for the third Payments; and shall also, on or before the Twentieth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, advance the further Sum of Five Pounds per Centum out of such Sum as such Contributor shall subscribe

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to the ſaid Loan, together with the further Sum of Twenty Pounds per Centum out of ſuch Sum as ſuch Contributor ſhall ſubſcribe to the ſaid Lottery, as and for the Fourth Payments; and ſhall alſo, on or before the Twentieth Day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, advance the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum out of ſuch Sum as ſuch Contributor ſhall ſubſcribe to the ſaid Loan, together with the further Sum of Thirty Pounds per Centum out of ſuch Sum as ſuch Contributor ſhall ſubſcribe to the ſaid Lottery, as and for the fifth Payments on the ſaid Loan; and as and for the laſt Payment on the ſaid Lottery, and ſhall alſo, on or before the firſt Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, pay in the further Sum of Seventy Pounds per Cent. being the Reſidue of ſuch Sum as ſuch Contributor ſhall ſubſcribe to the ſaid Loan, as and for the laſt Payment, and that upon the Whole of ſuch Payments to the ſaid Lottery being compleated; and ſaid firſt Five ſeveral Payments being made towards the ſaid Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds, or otherwiſe made good by Advance, as herein after mentioned, Lottery Tickets ſhall be delivered to the Perſons ſo having made ſuch Payments as ſoon as the ſame can be prepared, or Certificates in Lieu thereof, until ſuch Tickets ſhall be prepared.

And

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And for the Purpose of raising a further Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Thousand pounds, part of the said Sum of Three Hundred Thousand pounds hereby intended to be raised; be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for all and every such further Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding the said further Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Thousand Pounds, part of the said Sum of Three Hundred Thousand Pounds, as shall be actually paid by any Person or Persons into Your Majesty's Treasury, at such Time or Times as His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, shall publickly direct or appoint, there shall be paid at the Receipt of Your Majesty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treasurer or Paymaster-General, Vice-Treasurers or Paymasters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from such Time subsequent to the Payment of the said further Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, as His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, shall publickly direct and appoint.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Debentures or Re-

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ceipts, bearing an Intereſt after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, ſhall be given by the proper Officers of Your Majeſty's Treaſury, for all and every ſuch Sum and Sums of Money ſo to be paid into the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer towards the ſaid laſt mentioned Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds, in like Manner as hath been uſually done in Caſes where Principal Sums have been heretofore borrowed on Loan by Debentures; and the ſaid Debentures or Receipts ſo to be given, ſhall be numbered in Arithmetical Progreſſion, where the common Exceſs or Difference ſhall be one until the Whole ſhall be numbered, beginning with the Number next after the laſt Number of the Receipts or Debentures for Sums borrowed, and then ſtanding out, at an Intereſt of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, in Manner aforeſaid.

And whereas in Order to effectuate the raiſing the ſaid further Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds by Loan on Debenture as aforeſaid, it may be neceſſary to eſtabliſh one or more Lottery or Lotteries, in Aid of the ſaid laſt mentioned Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds, part of the ſaid Sum of Three Hundred Thouſand Pounds; be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors

vernors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to establish one or more Lottery or Lotteries to effectuate the raising of the said last mentioned Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Thousand Pounds, as he or they shall direct and appoint; and that every such Lottery or Lotteries shall be drawn at such Time or Times after the First Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and consist of such Number of Tickets, at such Rate or Prices, to be subscribed for and paid at such Time and Times, and in such Proportions, and upon such Scheme or Schemes of Prizes, to be paid in ready Money, with all such further and other Regulations, Powers, and Provisions necessary to the carrying the same into Execution, as shall be appointed and directed by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, and that such Lottery or Lotteries, so to be established in pursuance of this Act, shall be conducted and carried on with such Powers and Authorities, and under such Regulations and Directions, Form of Words, Mode of Drawing, Provisions as to Tickets re-delivered, or not subscribed for, Rewards to Managers, and other Officers, Discounts for Subscriptions advanced, such Forfeiture for omitting to pay or compleat Subscriptions to said last mentioned Loan and Lottery or Lotteries, such Powers to defray incident Expences necessary to be incurred in

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the Execution of ſuch Lottery or Lotteries, ſuch Remedies by Penalties, Forfeitures, Payment for Licences, and otherwiſe, as are ſeverally mentioned, touching the carrying into Execution the Lottery herein mentioned, eſtabliſhed for the Purpoſe of effectuating the Payment of the firſt-mentioned Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds already by this Act provided to be raiſed, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſame and every of them were herein particularly ſet forth and enacted with reſpect to the ſaid Lottery or Lotteries to be eſtabliſhed for effectuating the raiſing of the ſaid ſecond Sum of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds on Loan by Debenture.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all and every ſuch further Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Forty Thouſand Pounds, being the remaining Part of the ſaid Sum of Three Hundred Thouſand Pounds, as ſhall be actually paid by any Perſon or Perſons into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, at the Inſtance of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, there ſhall be paid at the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treaſurer or Pay-maſter-General, Vice-Treaſurers or Pay-maſters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies,

Deputies, at the end of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the respective Times of Payment thereof, to the Person or Persons so paying or lending the same, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, such Interest as shall be agreed upon by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, not exceeding the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations, and Abatements whatsoever, until such Time as they shall be respectively paid their Principal Money at one entire Payment. CHAP. II.

And whereas the Treasury-Bills, which have heretofore issued for the Sum of One Hundred and Forty Thousand Pounds, are, if not paid off on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and Eighty-two, and the Treasury Bills which have heretofore issued for the Sums of One hundred and Fifty-five Thousand Pounds, and Sixty-five Thousand Pounds, are, if not paid off on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, to be received, taken, and be current to any Receiver or Collector in this Kingdom, of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid, or Tax in this Kingdom for or in Satisfaction of any Custom, Excise, Revenue, Aid, or Tax then due, or thereafter to be-

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come due or Payable to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, and to be taken, pass, and be current at the Receipt of Your Majesty's Treasury, from every such Receiver or Collector, for and in Respect of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid, or Tax by him collected or Received on or after the said respective Days.

And whereas in Order to provide for the Payment of said Treasury Bills which have heretofore issued, or to replace such Sums as shall be paid or allowed out of Your Majesty's Revenue in discharge of the same, it will be necessary to make some further Provision touching the same: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That as to all such Treasury-Bills so issued for the said Sum of One Hundred and Forty Thousand Pounds which are so made current from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, it shall and may be lawful for his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, at any Time or Times from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, to call in, pay off, and discharge the same, or such part thereof as shall remain unpaid, or unsatisfied at such Time or Times respectively; and that for all and every such Principal Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the

Amount

Amount of the Principal Money due on such Treasury-Bills, as shall be so as aforesaid called in, paid off, or otherwise satisfied or discharged, and which from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, shall be actually paid by any Person or Persons into Your Majesty's Treasury, at the Instance of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to replace said Principal Sum or Sums, there shall be paid at the Receipt of Your Majesty's Exchequer, by the Hands of the Vice-Treasurer or Paymaster-General, Vice-Treasurers or Paymasters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the respective Times of such Payments, to the Person or Persons so paying or lending the same, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, such Interest as shall be agreed upon by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, not exceeding the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations, or Abatements whatsoever, until such Time as they shall be respectively paid their Principal Money, at one entire Payment.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That as to all ſuch Treaſury Bills, ſo iſſued for the ſaid Sums of One Hundred and Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds, and Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds, which are ſo made current from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, it ſhall and may be lawful for His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, at any Time or Times from and after the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, to call in, pay off, and diſcharge the ſame, or ſuch part thereof as ſhall remain unpaid or unſatisfied at ſuch Time or Times reſpectively; and that for all and every ſuch Principal Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Amount of the Principal Money due on ſuch laſt mentioned Treaſury-Bills, as ſhall be ſo as aforeſaid called in, paid off, or otherwiſe ſatisfied or diſcharged, and which from and after the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, ſhall be actually paid by any Perſon or Perſons into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, at the Inſtance of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to replace ſaid Principal Sum or Sums, there ſhall be paid at the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer, by the Hands of

of the Vice-Treasurer or Paymaster-General, Vice-Treasurers or Paymasters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at the End of every Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the respective Times of such Payments, to the Person or Persons so paying or lending the same, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, such Interest, as shall be agreed upon by his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, not exceeding the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations or Abatements whatsoever, until such Time as they shall be respectively paid their Principal Money at one entire Payment. CHAP. II.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for all and every such Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the said Sum of Three Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds, being the Amount of the said Three several Sums before mentioned, as shall at the respective Times herein before mentioned, be so paid into Your Majesty's Treasury for the Purpose of replacing such Sums as shall have been paid or allowed in Discharge of such Treasury-Bills as aforesaid; and also for all and every such Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Thousand Pounds, Part of the

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ſaid Sum of Three Hundred Thouſand Pounds intended to be raiſed by Virtue of this Act, which ſhall be paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury as aforeſaid, Bills intitling the Bearer to the Amount of the Sums to be reſpectively ſpecified therein, and declaring ſuch Amount to be payable at ſuch Time and Times as ſhall be hereafter directed by Parliament, ſhall be iſſued and given by the proper Officers of Your Majeſty's Treaſury; ſuch Bills to bear an Intereſt at ſuch Rate as ſhall be agreed on by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, not exceeding the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds, ſaid Bills to be numbered in Arithmetical Progreſſion, where the common Exceſs of Difference is to be one, until the Whole ſhall be numbered, beginning with the Number One.

Provided always, That every ſuch Bill or Bills ſo to be iſſued for the ſaid Sum of One Hundred and Forty Thouſand Pounds, or any Part thereof as aforeſaid, ſhall and may from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, if not ſooner paid off; and alſo provided, that every ſuch Bill or Bills ſo to be iſſued for the ſaid Sums of One Hundred and Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds, and Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds, or any Part thereof as aforeſaid,

said, shall and may from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, if not sooner paid off; and provided also, that every such Bill or Bills, so to be issued for the said Sum of Forty Thousand pounds, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, shall and may from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, if not sooner paid off, be received and taken by, and be current to any Receiver or Collector in this Kingdom of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid, or Tax in this Kingdom, for and in Satisfaction of any Custom, Excise, Revenue, Aid, or Tax, then or thereafter respectively to become due or payable to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, and shall be taken, pass, and be current at the Receipt of Your Majesty's Treasury from every such Receiver or Collector, for, or in Respect of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid, or Tax by him collected or received on or after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, and Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, and Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-six respectively. CHAP. II.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so soon as any of the said Treasury-Bills, which have heretofore issued, or which shall or may issue in pursu-

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ance of this Act, shall be received by any Receiver or Collector, for, or in Respect of any Aid, Custom, Tax, or Revenue, pursuant to the several Provisions in the said recited Acts, and this present Act contained, all Interest shall cease from the Day of such Receipt, and shall be no longer payable thereon; and the same when paid by such Receiver or Collector into Your Majesty's Treasury, shall be cancelled.

Provided also, in order to avoid small Fractional Divisions of Daily Interest less than a Farthing, on said Bills; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no such Bill shall be issued for any Sum, less than Eight Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence; and that every Person to whom any such Bill or Bills is or are to be issued, shall or may, at his, or her Option, have and receive one Bill, or several Bills, for such Sum as he or she shall chuse, so as such Bill or Bills, if more than one, do not exceed in the whole the Amount of the Money by him, her, or them paid into the Receipt of Your Majesty's Treasury, in pursuance of this Act, and so as that no Bill do issue for any greater Sum than Eight Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence, except such Sum as Eight Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence shall be the Common Divider of.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Case his Excellency the

the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, shall think proper, at any Time or Times, pursuant to the Provisions aforesaid, to call in and pay off any of the said Treasury-Bills heretofore issued, Public Notice shall be given thereof in such Manner as shall be directed by his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, requiring all Persons who hold any of the said Bills, and are desirous to have the same discharged, to apply to the Treasury at some Day to be named in such Notice, not more than twelve Days distant, and to specify the Number and Amount of his, her, or their Bills; and such Persons shall be paid off in the Order they shall apply on said Day, until the whole of the Money to be applied at such Time, in discharge of Treasury-Bills, shall be paid; and in Case a sufficient Number of Bills shall not be offered for Discharge on said Day, Publick Notice shall be given thereof, in Manner aforesaid; and that on some subsequent Day, to be named in such Notice, not more than twelve Days Distance, Treasury-Bills, issued by Virtue of this Act, to the Amount of the Money which shall be specified in such Notice, will then be discharged; and in such Notice the Holders of the same shall be required to apply at the Treasury on said Day for Payment; and if on said Day, any of the Holders of such CHAP. II.

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Bills mentioned in the ſaid Notice, ſhall omit or neglect to apply for Payment of the ſame, all Intereſt ſhall, from and after ſaid Day, ceaſe thereon.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the ſaid Bill and Bills which ſhall from Time to Time be diſcharged and paid off, ſhall be cancelled and made void, by the Officer or Officers of Your Majeſty's Treaſury, who ſhall diſcharge and pay off the ſame immediately after the ſame ſhall be diſcharged and paid off.

And to the Intent, that the Intereſt of the ſaid ſeveral Sums ſo at any Time or Times heretofore borrowed upon, or ſecured by Debentures, bearing an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, and remaining unpaid: and the ſaid ſeveral Annuities, and the Intereſt of the ſaid ſeveral Sums of One Hundred and Forty Thouſand Pounds, One Hundred and Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds, and Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds, and alſo, the Intereſt of the ſaid Sum of Three Hundred Thouſand Pounds, or ſo much thereof, as ſhall or may be borrowed or raiſed in purſuance of this Act, may be duly and regularly paid: Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of December, which will be in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty one, there

there shall be throughout Your Majesty's Kingdom of Ireland, raised, levied, granted, collected, and paid to Your Majesty, your Heirs, and Successors, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty three inclusive, and no longer, over and above the several Rates and Duties payable by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the settling of the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted; or by Virtue of one other Act, passed in the said Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of the said King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for settling the Subsidy of Poundage, and granting a Subsidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money, unto his Royal Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the same to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed, and over and above any other Duties, Rates, Impositions, and Taxes granted to Your Majesty, by any other Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore Enacted in this Kingdom, and still in Force, the several Duties, Rates, Impositions, and Taxes herein after mentioned, that is to say, an additional Duty of Ten Pence per Gallon for and upon every Gallon of Aquavitæ, Strong Waters, or Spirits made or distilled within this Kingdom for Sale, to be paid by the first

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Maker or Distiller thereof, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive; An additional Duty of Eight Pence per Gallon upon every Gallon of Brandy, Strong Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and on Spirits made and distilled of Wine, not above Proof, that shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, and so proportionably for a greater or less Quantity; And for every Gallon of Foreign Spirits above the Quality of single Spirits, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, an additional Duty for such Spirits in Proportion to the Duties payable for single Spirits of the same Denomination, according to the Comparative Degree of Strength which such Spirits shall bear to single Spirits of the same Denomination; A further additional Duty of Four Pence for and upon every Gallon of Rum, or other Spirits of the Growth and Produce of Your Majesty's Sugar Colonies in America, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid; A further additional Duty of One Shilling for and upon every Gallon of Brandy, Geneva, and all other Spirits that shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, except Spirits of the Growth and Produce of Your Majesty's Sugar Colonies in America, over-

and

and above all other Duties now payable for the same; And an additional Duty of Six Pence a Pack for and upon all Painted or Playing Cards that shall be Manufactured or Mended in this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid. CHAP. II.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That neither the Six Pence per Pound nor any other Fee shall be payable to, nor be deducted or received by the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Receiver or Paymaster General, Clerk of the Pells or any other Officer or Officers of this Kingdom, for or on Account of the Issuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money arising by, or which shall be received for, or on Account of the Aids hereby granted to Your Majesty, or of any Payment to be made in pursuance hereof.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Aids hereby granted unto Your Majesty, shall in the first Place be applied and paid by the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies to the Discharge of the Interest of so much of the said several Principal Sums at any Time or Times heretofore borrowed upon Debentures, and carrying an Interest after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, as shall remain unpaid on the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-

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one, and in the next Place to the Payment of the Annuities aforeſaid, granted for the Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty-Five Thouſand Pounds; and in the next Place for the Payment of the Annuities granted for the Sum of One Hundred and Seventy Five Thouſand Pounds; and in the next Place for the Payment of the Annuities granted for the Sum of three Hundred Thouſand Pounds; and in the next Place towards Payment of the Expences which ſhall or may be incurred by ſending or remitting from Time to Time, ſuch of the ſaid ſeveral Annuities to the City of London, as are or ſhall be made payable there, purſuant to the ſeveral Acts heretofore paſſed relative thereto; and in the next Place towards the Payment of an Intereſt, after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, for the Debentures amounting in the Whole to the Sum of Three Hundred and Fifteen Thouſand Pounds for the Payment of the Prizes of the Lotteries eſtabliſhed the laſt Seſſion of Parliament; and in the next Place towards Diſcharge of the Intereſt of the Three ſeveral Sums of One Hundred and Forty Thouſand Pounds, One Hundred and Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds, and Sixty-five Thouſand Pounds, amounting in the Whole to the Sum of Three Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds borrowed upon Treaſury-Bills, bearing an Intereſt at the Rate of Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds; and in the next Place

place towards payment of an Interest for such further Sum or Sums, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three Hundred Thousand Pounds, as shall or may be raised or borrowed by Virtue of this Act, after a Rate, not exceeding Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, for Two Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds thereof, and not exceeding Three Pence by the Day for each One Hundred Pounds for Forty Thousand Pounds, being the remaining part thereof: and in the next Place towards Discharge of the Interest of such Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three Hundred and Sixty Thousand Pounds, as shall or may be raised upon Treasury-Bills to replace so much now due and standing out on like Bills, pursuant to the Provisions herein before contained.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in this Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting Annuities in the Manner therein provided, to such Persons as shall voluntarily subscribe towards the raising a Sum, not exceeding the Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty-five Thousand Pounds; shall continue in Force until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and no longer.

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And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Surplus or Reſidue of the Produce of the ſaid Duties be in the firſt Place applied towards the Payment of the ſaid Principal Sums, ſo at any Time or Times heretofore borrowed on Debentures, bearing an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, and in the next Place, to the Payment of ſaid Lottery Debentures heretofore iſſued, and in the next Place, to the Payment of ſuch Sum, not exceeding Two Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds, as ſhall be raiſed or borrowed this Seſſion of Parliament, at an Intereſt not exceeding Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, as aforeſaid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the ſaid Principal Sums, ſo heretofore from Time to Time borrowed on, or ſecured by Debentures, carrying an Intereſt after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, as ſhall remain due and unpaid on the Twenty-fifth Day of December, which ſhall be in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, as alſo ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Two Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds, as ſhall be raiſed or borrowed, in Purſuance of this Act, and for which Debentures, carrying a like Intereſt, ſhall remain unpaid on the ſaid Twenty-

fifth

fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, ſhall be well and truly ſatisfied and paid unto the ſeveral and reſpective Perſons, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, to whom the ſame ſhall be then due, together with all Intereſt for the ſame at the Rate aforeſaid, without any Deduction, Defalcation, or Abatement whatſoever. CHAP. II.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, a ſeparate and diſtinct Account ſhall be kept by the proper Officer and Officers, of the Aids, Duties and Taxes, granted hereby, or by any other Act of Parliament now in Force in this Kingdom, and appropriated to particular Uſes; and that the Commiſſioners of Your Majeſty's Revenue ſhall return their Weekly Abſtracts from the ſeveral Collectors to the Accountant-General, and that the Accountant-General ſhall return a ſeparate Account of the ſeveral Duties and Taxes ſo appropriated to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies; and that every Collector or Receiver of the ſaid Duties and Taxes, do take a ſeparate Receipt for the ſame when paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, which Receipt the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, is, and are hereby required to give accordingly.

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And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the several and respective Duties and Rates hereby granted, shall be raised, answered, collected, and paid unto Your Majesty, your Heirs and Successors, during the Time aforesaid, at the same Time, and in like Manner, and by such Ways, Means, and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Powers as are appointed, directed, and expressed, in and by the said Act, made in this Kingdom in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the settling of the Excise and new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted; or by any other Law now in Force, relative to the Revenue of Excise in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and specified, and enacted in the Body of this present Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the said Act of Excise, or any other Law or Laws now in being, relative to the Duty of Excise, is provided.

And for directing a proper Method for drawing the said Lottery, hereby established, to effectuate the said first mentioned Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thousand Pounds:

Pounds: Be it further enacted by the Au- CHAP. II.
thority aforesaid, That such Persons, not more than seven in Number, as the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, shall nominate and appoint, shall be Managers and Directors, for preparing and delivering out Tickets, and to oversee the Drawing of Lots, and to order, do, and perform such other Matters and Things as are herein, and by this Act, directed and appointed by such Managers and Directors, to be done and performed; and that such Managers and Directors shall meet together, from Time to Time, in the City of Dublin, at some Publick Office or Place, for the Execution of the Powers and Trusts in them reposed by this Act; and that the said Managers and Directors, or so many of them as shall be present at any such Meeting, or the major Part of them, shall cause Books to be prepared, in which every Leaf shall be divided or distinguished into three Columns; and upon the innermost of said three Columns there shall be printed Forty Thousand Tickets, to be numbered, one, two, three, and so onwards, in Arithmetical Progression, where the common Excess is to be one, until they rise to the Number of Forty Thousand; and upon the middle Column in every of the said Books shall be printed, Forty Thousand Tickets of the same Breadth and Form, and numbered in the like Manner; and in the extreme Column of the said

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Books there shall be printed a third Rank or Series of Tickets, of the same Number with those of the other two Columns, which Tickets shall severally be of an oblong Figure; and in the said Books shall be joined with oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices in such Manner as the said Managers and Directors, or the major part of them, shall think most safe and convenient; and that every Ticket in the third or extreme Column of the said Books shall have written or printed thereupon, besides the Number of such Ticket, Words or Figures to this Effect:

" *Irish* Lottery for the Year 1782. The Bearer " of this Ticket will be intitled to such bene- " ficial Chance as shall belong thereto, in the " Lottery to be drawn in *Ireland*, in pursuance " of an Act made in the Twenty-first and " Twenty-second Years of His Majesty's Reign.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Managers and Directors, or so many of them as shall be present at any such Meeting, or the Major Part of them so present, shall carefully Examine all the said Books with the Tickets therein, and take Care that the same be contrived, numbered, and made according to the True Intent and Meaning of this Act, and shall deliver, or Cause to be delivered, the same Books and every or any of them as they shall be examin'd, to the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Receiver-

Receiver-General or Paymaster-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, taking from such Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so delivered, an Acknowledgment in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, importing to be his or their Receipt for such Book or Books, and for so many Tickets therein as shall be delivered to him or them respectively, that so the said Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Receiver-General, or Paymaster-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, may be charged to answer Five Pounds for every one of the Tickets, in the Extreme Columns, which shall be delivered to him or them, or for so many of them as he or they shall not deliver back to the said Managers or Directors, and all and every such Officer or Officers of the Treasury respectively, is and are hereby required and directed upon his or their Receipt, of every or any entire Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, in full Payment for Forty Lottery Tickets, together with Thirty-Nine Pounds in Part Payment of each Subscription of One Hundred and Thirty Pounds towards said Loan, from any Person or Persons Contributing or Adventuring as aforesaid from Time to Time, to cut out of the said Book or Books, so to be put into his or their Custody, through the said Oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices Indentwise in the said extreme Columns, such Number of Tickets as shall be necessary to be delivered to the several Persons intitled thereto as

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aforeſaid; all and every which Tickets the ſaid Officer or Officers of the Treaſury, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed for that Purpoſe in Manner herein after mentioned, ſhall ſign, and he or they ſhall permit the reſpective Perſon or Perſons ſo intitled, if it be deſired, to Write his or their Name or Mark on the Correſponding Ticket or Tickets in the ſame Book or Books, and at the ſame Time the Officer or Officers of the Treaſury ſhall deliver to ſuch Perſon or Perſons the Ticket or Tickets ſo cut off, which he, ſhe, or they are to keep and uſe for the better aſcertaining and ſecuring the Intereſt which he, ſhe, or they, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, Succeſſors, or Aſſigns ſhall or may have in the Drawing of the ſaid Lottery.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it may be lawful to and for the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver-General, or Paymaſter-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, if they ſhall think fit, with the Approbation of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to appoint one or more Perſon or Perſons acting and uſually employed in the Office of the Vice-Treaſurers of this Kingdom, to ſign all or any of the Tickets or Receipts which ſhall be iſſued for or on Account of the Lottery or Lotteries hereby eſtabliſhed,

eſtabliſhed, or which ſhall be iſſued for or on Account of any Lottery or Lotteries hereafter to be eſtabliſhed with his or their Name or Names, for the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver-General or Paymaſter-General, or his or their Deputy or Deputies. CHAP. II.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Officer or Officers of the Treaſury, on or before the firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, ſhall re-deliver to the ſaid Managers and Directors, at their ſaid Office, or Place of Meeting, all the ſaid Books, and therein all the Tickets which the ſaid Officer or Officers ſhall not have cut out of the ſame, and delivered to the Perſons intitled thereto as aforeſaid, and ſhall then and there alſo deliver to the ſaid Managers and Directors, a true and juſt Account in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, of all Sums of Money accrued or come to the Hands of ſuch Officer or Officers, and by him or them paid into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, by or for the Tickets delivered, or to be delivered out, purſuant to this Act; and that the Managers and Directors of the ſaid Lottery, or the major Part of them, who ſhall be preſent as aforeſaid, ſhall forthwith cauſe all the Tickets of the ſaid outermoſt Columns, which ſhall not have been delivered to the Contributors and Adventurers as aforeſaid (if any ſuch there

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ſhall be) to be re-delivered to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver-General, or Paymaſter-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, into the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Exchequer, to be by him or them ſold and diſpoſed of, for the purpoſes in this Act mentioned, or otherwiſe retained and kept in ſaid Treaſury.

Provided allways, That if any Tickets ſhall remain, or be kept on Account of their not having been ſo ſold or diſpoſed of, or from having been forfeited, and ſhall prove Fortunate on the Drawing of the ſaid Lottery, ſuch Fortunate Ticket, and the Prize thereto belonging, ſhall be for the Advantage of, and made a Saving for the Publick.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Managers or Directors, or the major part of them, who ſhall be preſent at a Meeting as aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe all the Tickets of the Middle Columns in the Books made out with Three Columns as aforeſaid, which ſhall be delivered back to them by or from the ſaid Officer or Officers of the Treaſury as aforeſaid, to be carefully rolled up, or made faſt with Thread or Silk; and the ſaid Managers and Directors, or the major part of them as aforeſaid, ſhall in the Preſence of ſuch Contributors or Adventurers as ſhall be then preſent, cauſe all the ſaid Tickets which are to be rolled up, and made

made fast as aforesaid, to be cut off Indentwise through the said Oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devises, and put into a Box to be prepared for that Purpose, and to be marked with the Letter (A) which shall be presently put into another strong Box and locked up with Five different Locks and Keys, to be kept by as many of the said Managers and Directors, and sealed with their Seals, or the Seals of some of them, until the said Tickets are to be drawn, as is herein-after mentioned; and that the Tickets in the First or Innermost Columns of the said Books, shall remain still in the Books for the Purpose of discovering any Mistake or Fraud, if any should happen to be committed, contrary to the true Meaning of this Act. CHAP. II.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, who shall be present at any Meeting as aforesaid, shall also prepare, or cause to be prepared, other Books, in which every Leaf shall be divided or distinguished into Two Columns, and upon the Innermost of these Two Columns, there shall be printed (Forty Thousand Tickets,) all which shall be of equal Length and Breadth as near as may be; which Two Columns in the said Books shall be printed with some Flourish or Device through which the Outermost Tickets may be cut off Indentwise; and that Thirteen Thousand Three Hundred

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and Seventy-two, of the Forty Thouſand Tickets contained in the Outermoſt Columns of the Books laſt mentioned, ſhall be called the Fortunate Tickets to which Benefit ſhall belong, as is herein-after mentioned; and the ſaid Managers and Directors, or the major part of them, or ſuch of them as ſhall be preſent at a Meeting as aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe the ſaid Fortunate Tickets to be written upon, or otherwiſe expreſſed, as well in Figures as in Words at Length in Manner following (that is to ſay) upon Two of them ſeverally Ten Thouſand Pounds; upon Two others in like Manner, Five Thouſand Pounds; upon every one of Four others of them ſeverally, Two Thouſand Pounds; upon every one of Eight others of them ſeverally, One Thouſand Pounds; upon every One of Sixteen others of them ſeverally, Five Hundred Pounds; upon every One of Forty others of them ſeverally, One Hundred Pounds; upon every One of One Hundred others of them ſeverally, Fifty Pounds; upon every One of Two Hundred others of them ſeverally, Twenty Pounds; and upon every one of Thirteen Thouſand others of them ſeverally, Ten Pounds; Which Sums, ſo to be written or otherwiſe expreſſed upon the ſaid Fortunate Tickets, together with One Thouſand Pounds to be allotted to the Owner of the Firſt Drawn Ticket upon the Firſt Day of the drawing of the ſaid Lottery; alſo Five Hundred Pounds to be allotted to the Owner of the Firſt Drawn

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Ticket upon the Tenth Day of the drawing of the said Lottery; also Five Hundred Pounds to be allotted to the Owner of the First Drawn Ticket upon the Fifteenth Day of the drawing of the said Lottery; and also One Thousand Pounds to the Owner of the Last Drawn Ticket, over and above the Benefits which may happen to belong to the Four last mentioned Tickets, will amount in the Whole to the Sum of Two Hundred Thousand Pounds: And the said Managers or Directors, or the major Part of them, or so many of them as shall be present at a Meeting as aforesaid, shall cause all the said Tickets contained in the outermost Columns of the said last mentioned Books, to be in the Presence of the said Managers and Directors, or so many of them as shall be present at a Meeting as aforesaid, and in the Presence of such Contributors or Adventurers as shall be then present, to be carefully rolled up and fastened with Thread or Silk, and carefully cut out indentwise, through the said Flourish or Device, and put into another Box, to be prepared for that Purpose, and to be marked with the Letter (B.) which Box shall be put into another strong Box, and locked up with five different Locks and Keys, to be kept by as many of the said Managers, and sealed up with their Seals, or the Seals of some of them, until these Tickets also be drawn in the Manner and Form hereinafter mentioned; and that the whole Busi-

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neſs of rolling up, and cutting off, and putting into the ſaid Boxes, the ſaid Tickets, and locking up, and ſealing the ſaid Boxes, ſhall be perform'd by the ſaid Managers and Directors, or ſuch of them as aforeſaid, before the laſt ſix Days immediately preceding the Day, by this Act appointed, for the drawing the ſaid Lottery; and to the End, every Perſon concerned may be well aſſured that the Counterpart of the ſame Number, with his, or their Ticket, is put into the Box, marked with the Letter (A.) from whence the ſame may be drawn; and that other Matters are done as hereby directed, ſome Public Notification in Print ſhall be given, of the preciſe Time or Times of putting the Tickets into the ſaid Boxes, to the End that ſuch Contributors or Adventurers as ſhall be minded to ſee the ſame done, may be preſent at the doing thereof.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, the ſaid Managers and Directors ſhall cauſe the ſaid ſeveral Boxes, with all the Tickets therein, to be brought into ſuch Place within the City of Dublin as aforeſaid, as ſhall be appointed by his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, ſo that the ſame may be there, and be placed on a Table provided for that Purpoſe, by nine of the Clock

Clock in the Forenoon of the same Day, and shall then and there severally attend and cause the two Boxes, containing the said Tickets, to be severally taken out of the other two Boxes in which they shall have been locked up, and the Tickets or Lots in the respective innermost Boxes, being in the Presence of the said Managers and Directors, or such of them as shall be then present, and of such Contributors or Adventurers as shall be there for the Satisfaction of themselves, well shaken and mingled in each Box, and some one indifferent and fit Person to be appointed and directed by the said Managers, or the Major Part of them, or such of them as shall be then present, shall take out and draw one Ticket from the Box where the numbered Tickets shall be put as aforesaid, and one other indifferent and fit Person to be appointed and directed in like Manner, shall take out a Ticket or Lot from the Box wherein the said Thirteen Thousand Three hundred and Seventy-two Fortunate, and Twenty-six thousand six hundred and Twenty-eight Blank Tickets, shall be promiscuously put as aforesaid, and immediately both the Tickets so drawn shall be opened, and the Number, as well of the Fortunate as the Blank Ticket, shall be named aloud, and if the Ticket taken out or drawn from the Box containing the Fortunate and Blank Lots shall appear to be a Blank, then the numbered Ticket so drawn, with the

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ſaid Blank at the ſame Time drawn, ſhall both be put upon one File, and if the Ticket ſo drawn or taken from the Box containing the Fortunate and Blank Lots, ſhall appear to be one of the Fortunate Tickets, then the Principal Sum Written upon ſuch Fortunate Ticket, whatever it be, ſhall be entered by a Clerk, which the ſaid Managers, or the Major Part of them, as aforeſaid ſhall employ and overſee for this Purpoſe, into a Book to be kept for entering the Numbers coming up with the ſaid Fortunate Tickets, and the Principal Sums whereunto they ſhall be entitled reſpectively; and two of the ſaid Managers ſhall ſet their Names as Witneſſes to ſuch Entries, and the ſaid Fortunate and numbered Ticket ſo drawn together, ſhall be put upon another File, and ſo the ſaid Drawing of the Tickets ſhall continue, by taking one Ticket at a Time out of each Box, and with Opening, Naming aloud, and Filing the ſame, and by Entering the Fortunate Lots in ſuch Method as is before mentioned, until the whole Number of Thirteen thouſand three hundred and ſeventy-two Fortunate Tickets, and one more for the laſt drawn as aforeſaid, ſhall be compleatly Drawn, and as the ſame cannot be perform'd in one Day's Time, the ſaid Managers and Directors ſhall cauſe the Boxes to be locked up and ſealed in Manner aforeſaid, and adjourn until the next Day, and ſo from Day to Day, and every Day (except Sunday) and then

open

open the ſame, and proceed as above, until the ſaid whole Number of Thirteen Thouſand Three Hundred and Seventy-two Fortunate Tickets, and One more, ſhall be drawn as aforeſaid, and afterwards the ſaid numbered Tickets ſo drawn, with the Fortunate Tickets drawn againſt the ſame, ſhall be and remain in a Strong Box, locked up as aforeſaid, and under the Cuſtody of the ſaid Managers, until they ſhall take them out to examine, adjuſt, and ſettle the Property thereof. CHAP. II.

And to the End the Fortunate may know, whether abſent or Preſent, to what Degree they have been ſo, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Managers ſhall, as ſoon as conveniently may be, after the ſaid Drawing ſhall be over, cauſe to be printed and publiſhed, the Number of the Ticket drawn againſt each Fortunate Ticket, and the Principal Sum Written on the ſame; and if any Conteſt or Diſpute ſhall ariſe in adjuſting the Property of the ſaid Fortunate Tickets, the major Part of ſaid Managers agreeing therein, ſhall determine to whom the ſame doth or ought to belong.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon that ſhall be appointed as aforeſaid, to be a Manager and Director for putting this Act in Execution, before his acting in ſuch Commiſſion (except by adminiſtering

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the Oath herein after mentioned, ſhall take the Oath following, that is to ſay)

I *A. B.* as a Manager of the Lottery to be drawn in purſuance of an Act of Parliament made in the Twenty-firſt and Twenty-ſecond Years of His Majeſty's Reign, do ſwear, That I will faithfully execute the Truſt repoſed in me; and that I will not uſe any indirect Art or Means, or permit or direct any Perſon to uſe any indirect Art or Means, to obtain a Prize, or Fortunate Ticket therein, for myſelf, or any other Perſon whatſoever. And that I will do the utmoſt of my Endeavours to prevent the doing of any undue or ſiniſter Practice by any Perſon whatſoever: and that I will, to the beſt of my Judgment, declare to whom any Prize, Lot, or Ticket of Right does belong, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act.

Which Oath ſhall and may be adminiſtred by any two or more of the ſaid Managers or Directors.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver-General, or Paymaſter General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at any Time or Times before he or they ſhall have received any Book or Books for the ſaid Lottery from the ſaid Managers, comprehending the ſaid Forty Thouſand Tickets, in Three Columns as aforeſaid, to receive from the ſaid Contributors or Adven-

Adventurers, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors, or Assigns, the whole of the Monies to be respectively paid by them towards said Lottery, together with such parts of their Subscriptions, towards said Loan, as are herein before required to be paid before, and on the Twentieth Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, at one entire Payment, or in such Proportions and Manner, and at such Times as aforesaid; and the said Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Receiver-General, or Paymaster-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, or such Person or Persons as shall be appointed in Manner aforesaid, shall give a Note or Receipt, under his or their Hand or Hands, for such Sum or Sums so paid towards said Loan and Lottery, and shall be obliged to give the Bearer of every such Note or Receipt, Forty Tickets from off the extreme Column of the Three-Column Book or Books aforesaid, for every Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, contributed towards said Lottery, over and above the Sum of Thirty-nine Pounds paid towards said Loan, as soon as he or they shall be enabled thereunto, by delivering of any such Book or Books to him or them from the said Managers as aforesaid; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided also, That in Case any such Contributor or Adventurer as aforesaid,

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who ſhall have advanced and paid downe to the ſaid Officer or Officers of the Treaſury, any Proportion of his, her, or their Subſcriptions towards the ſaid Loan and Lottery, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, Succeſſors, or Aſſigns, do not on or before the reſpective Days of Payment herein mentioned for that Purpoſe, advance and pay unto ſuch Officer or Officers the remaining Part and Parts of his, her, or their Subſcriptions ſo to be paid, in full for ſuch Lottery Tickets, together with ſuch Parts or Proportions of ſaid Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds, that then and in every ſuch Caſe every ſuch Contributor or Adventuret ſhall forfeit and loſe to Your Majeſty, for the Uſe of the Publick, the Proportion of his, her, or their Subſcription Money which he, ſhe, or they ſhall have ſo paid downe as aforeſaid towards the ſaid Loan and Lottery; and in ſuch Caſe no Ticket or Tickets ſhall be delivered out by the ſaid Officer or Officers to ſuch Contributor or Contributors, Adventurer or Adventurers making ſuch Default; but the Tickets which ſhould have been delivered to them reſpectively, in Caſe they had duly made their reſpective Payments as aforeſaid, ſhall be returned or delivered to the ſaid Managers and Directors by the ſaid Officer or Officers, together with the other Tickets (if any) in the Outermoſt Column of the Book and Books firſt herein mentioned and directed to be prepared, which ſhall not have

have been disposed of as aforesaid, and such Ticket and Tickets shall be delivered back unto the said Officer or Officers of the Treasury, with other the said undisposed of Tickets (if any) to be by him or them issued, sold, and disposed of for the Purposes aforesaid, or otherwise retained and kept; and the said Contributor and Contributors, Adventurer and Adventurers making such Default shall not have or receive any Benefit or Advantage for or in Respect of the Money which he, she, or they shall have paid for or towards the said Loan and Lottery as aforesaid, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided allways, That if any Contributor or Contributors to said Loan and Lottery shall pay the Whole, or any Part of his, her, or their respective Subscriptions or Contributions before the Days herein before appointed, for his, her, or their respective Payments, he, she, or they shall be allowed, out of such Payment, Discount, by way of Interest, at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, for such Sum as shall be so advanced by him, her, or them from the Day whereon the same shall be advanced, until the Day or Days respectively whereon the same ought to be paid as aforesaid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Case any such Sub-

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ſcriber or Contributor to ſaid firſt mentioned Loan of One Hundred and Thirty Thouſand Pounds, ſhall Neglect or Omit to complete his Subſcription towards ſaid Loan on or before the Firſt Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, then and in every ſuch Caſe ſuch Contributor ſhall Forfeit and loſe to Your Majeſty, for the Uſe of the Publick, all ſuch Proportion and Proportions of his, her, or their Subſcription Money to ſaid Loan, which he, ſhe, or they ſhall have ſo paid down, and in ſuch Caſe no Debenture ſhall iſſue for ſuch Proportion or Proportions ſo paid and advanced.

Provided alſo, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to reward the ſaid Managers and Directors, and the Clerks and Officers to be employed by and under them, and any other Officers and Servants that ſhall and may be anywiſe employed in the ſaid Buſineſs, for their Labour and Pains, and to Diſcharge ſuch incident Expences as ſhall neceſſarily attend the Execution of this Act, in ſuch Manner as His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, ſhall from Time to Time think fit and reaſonable in that behalf, any

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thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Contributor or Adventurer or other Person who shall become entitled to any Prize or Prizes in said Lottery, shall receive from the proper Officer or Officers of Your Majesty's Treasury, the Amount of the Sum contained in his Prize in Ready Money, without any Deduction, Defalcation, or Abatement whatsoever, the same to be paid on Demand at any Time, from and after the First Day of January, One thousand seven and eighty-three.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that if any Person or Persons shall Forge or Counterfeit, or cause or procure to be Forged or Counterfeited, or willingly act or assist in the Forging or Counterfeiting any Receipt or Receipts, Ticket or Tickets to be given, issued, or made forth in Pursuance of this Act, or alter any Number, Figure, or Word therein, or Utter, Vend, Barter, or Dispose of, or offer to dispose of any such False, Altered, Forged, or Counterfeited Receipt or Receipts, Ticket or Tickets, or shall bring any such Forged or Counterfeited Ticket or Receipt, or any Receipt or Ticket, the Number whereof, or any Word, or Figure therein shall have been altered (knowing the same to be such) to the Vice-Treasurer

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ſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, and Paymaſter or Paymaſters-General, his, or their Deputy or Deputies, or to any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, with a fraudulent Intention, or ſhall willingly aid, abet, aſſiſt, hire, or command any Perſon or Perſons to commit any ſuch Offence or Offences as aforeſaid, then and in every ſuch Caſe, all and every ſuch Perſon or Perſons being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy: And the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Paymaſter-General or Paymaſters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, as alſo the ſaid Managers and Directors, or any two or more of them, are hereby authorized and required to cauſe any Perſon bringing or uttering ſuch forged or counterfeited Receipt or Receipts, Ticket or Tickets as aforeſaid, or aiding or abeting, aſſiſting, hiring, or commanding any Perſon or Perſons therein to be apprehended, and to commit him, her, or them to Your Majeſty's Gaol of Newgate, or to the common Gaol of the County or Place where he, ſhe, or they ſhall be ſo apprehended, to be proceeded againſt for the ſaid Felony, according to Law.

And be it alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall commit any ſuch Offence or Offences, or be aiding, abeting, aſſiſting, hiring,

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ing, or commanding any Perſon or Perſons therein, ſhall afterwards, being out of Priſon, diſcover any one or more Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have committed, or ſhall have been aiding, abeting, or concerned in any ſuch Offence or Offences as aforeſaid, ſo as ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo diſcovered, be lawfully convicted of the ſame, ſuch Diſcoverer ſhall have, and is hereby entitled to Your Majeſty's Pardon for ſuch his, or her Offence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall publickly or privately ſet up, exerciſe, keep, or open by himſelf, herſelf, or any other Perſon or Perſons, any Office or Place for buying, ſelling, inſuring, regiſtering, giving, or otherwiſe dealing in Tickets or Chances, or Parts thereof, or in the Number or Numbers of any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery whatſoever, or ſhall by Writing or Printing, publiſh the ſetting up, or uſing any ſuch Office or Place, without firſt taking out a Licence for that Purpoſe, in Manner herein after mentioned.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for every Licence to be taken out by any Perſon or Perſons for every ſuch Office or Place uſed for

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dealing in or concerning Lottery Tickets as aforeſaid, there ſhall immediately on taking out ſuch Licence, be paid unto Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, over and above all other Duties to which the Perſon or Perſons taking out the ſame, may be reſpectively liable, the Sum of Fifty Pounds in Lieu of any Sum preſcribed by any Act or Acts heretofore made for that Purpoſe; and every ſuch Licence ſhall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Managers and Directors of ſuch Lottery as aforeſaid, for the Time being, and the Duty for the ſame ſhall be paid at their Office, or at ſuch other Place, and to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Managers or Directors ſhall appoint, to Deliver out ſuch Licences reſpectively, and to receive the ſaid Duties; and the ſaid Managers and Directors are hereby required to grant and deliver ſuch Licences to all Perſons applying for the ſame, upon their Payment of Fifty Pounds for each Licence as aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Licence ſhall ſet forth the true Name and Place of Abode of the Perſon or Perſons taking out the ſame; and alſo the Place where ſuch Buſineſs or Dealing ſhall be carried on; and ſuch Licence ſhall be continued in Force for ſuch Time, not exceeding Twelve Calendar

dar Months from the Date thereof, as shall be mentioned in said Licence; and every Person acting or dealing in any of the Matters therein contained without such Licence, or after the Expiration of such Licence in Manner aforesaid, shall respectively forfeit for each Offence the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, to be recovered and distributed in Manner herein after mentioned. CHAP. II.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, shall publish, open, set up, or keep any such Office or Place under any the Denominations aforesaid, or any like Denomination, contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this present Act, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds Sterling.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall forge or counterfeit any Licence or Licences to be made forth by Virtue of this Act for the Purposes aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall be deemed a Felon or Felons, and suffer Death Without the Benefit of Clergy.

Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Attainder

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for any of the Offences in this Act mentioned, ſhall make or occaſion any Corruption of Blood, Loſs of Dower, or Diſheriſon of Heirs.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and ſingular the Penalties herein and hereby impoſed relative to Lottery Offices and Licences, ſhall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majeſty's Courts of Record at Dublin, in which no Eſſoign, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies to ariſe by granting of Licences as aforeſaid, ſhall be applied towards the defraying the Expences attending the managing, directing and dyalbing the Lottery and Lotteries aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner as the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, ſhall direct, authorize, and appoint; and that the Surplus thereof (if any) ſhall be applied to the Credit of the Nation.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Suit or Action ſhall be commenced or brought againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by any

any Offence contrary to the Provisions herein contained, unless the same shall be commenced or brought within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact was committed, or such Cause of Action shall have accrued, and not afterwards, and shall be laid or brought in the County, City, or Place wherein such Offence shall have been committed, or such Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere.

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III.

AN

ACT

FOR

Granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, ſeveral Duties upon ſtamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, ſeveral Duties upon ſtamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper.

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WE Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Ireland, in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous to raiſe ſuch Aids and Supplies as may be ſufficient to ſupport with Honour and Dignity Your Majeſty's Government, do humbly preſent to Your Majeſty the Free Gift of the Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, and do beſeech Your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it en-

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acted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, there ſhall be throughout the Kingdom of Ireland, collected, and paid unto Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Twenty-fifth Day of December aforeſaid, 'till the Twenty-fifth Day of December, which ſhall be in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, for the ſeveral and reſpective Matters and Things herein after mentioned, which ſhall be written or engroſſed at any Time or Times, from the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty one to the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty three inclusive, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates, Impoſitions, Duties, Charges, and Sums of Money herein after expreſſed, in Manner and Form following, that is to ſay; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper on which ſhall be engroſſed or written during the Time aforeſaid, any Diſpenſation to hold two Eccleſiaſtical Dignities or Benefices, or both a Dignity and a Benefice, or any other Diſpenſation or Faculty from the Lord Archbiſhop of Armagh,

or

or Master of the Faculties for the Time being, the Sum of Six Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or sheet of Paper on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Grant or Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, of any Honour, Dignity, Promotion, Franchise, Liberty, or Privilege to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, or Exemplifications of the same (Commissions of Rebellion in Process allways excepted) the Sum of Six Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Grant from his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any Sum of Money exceeding Two Hundred Pounds which shall pass the Great Seal of Ireland, the Sum of Six Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Grant of any Office or Employment which shall be above the Value of Two Hundred Pounds per Annum, the Sum of Six Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Pardon (except the Pardon passed in Forma Pauperis) of or for any Crime or Offence, or of any Sum of

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Money or Forfeiture whatſoever, or on which any Warrant or Repriеve, Relaxation from any Fines, Corporal Puniſhment or other Forfeiture ſhall be engroſſed or written, the Sum of Three Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written, during the Time aforeſaid, any Grant from His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, of any Sum of Money not exceeding Two Hundred Pounds, nor leſs than One Hundred Pounds, which ſhall paſs the Great Seal of Ireland, the Sum of Three Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written during the Time aforeſaid, any Grant of any Office or Employment which ſhall be above the Value of Fifty Pounds per Annum, and under the Value of Two Hundred Pounds per Annum, the Sum of Three Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written during the Time aforeſaid, any Admiſſion of any Fellow of the College of Phyſicians, or of any Attorney, Clerk, Advocate, Proctor, Notary, or other Officer or Officers in any Court whatſoever, except ſuch Officer be an annual Officer in any Corporation or inferior Court, whoſe Office is under the Value of Ten Pounds a Year in Salary, Fees, or other Perquiſites, or any Appeal from

from the Court of Admiralty, or the Prero-gative Court, or from any Archiepiſcopal Court, the Sum of Three Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written during the Time aforeſaid, any Grant of Lands in Fee, Leaſe for Years, or other Grant or Profit not herein particularly charged, that ſhall paſs the Great Seal of Ireland, or the Seal of the Exchequer (Cuſtodium Leaſes excepted) the Sum of Two Pounds; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written during the Time aforeſaid, any Preſentation or Donation which ſhall paſs the Great Seal of Ireland, or upon which any Collation to be made by any Archbiſhop or Biſhop, or any Preſentation, or Donation to be made by any Patron whatſoever, of or to any Benefice, Dignity, or Spiritual or Eccleſiaſtical Promotion whatſoever of the Value of One Hundred Pounds a Year or upwards, the Sum of Two Pounds (the Value to be aſcertained by the Certificate of the Archbiſhop or Biſhop, or Vicar General of the Dioceſe.) Provided always, That Two or more Benefices epiſcopally united, ſhall be deemed and taken to be one Benefice only: For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written, during the Time aforeſaid, any Exem-

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plification of what Nature soever, that shall pass the Seal of any Court whatsoever, the Sum of Ten Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Institution that shall pass the Seal of any Archbishop, Bishop, Chancellor, or other Ordinary or Ecclesiastical Court whatsoever, the Sum of Ten Shillings; provided, that an Institution to two or more Benefices episcopally united, shall be considered as to a single Benefice; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Conveyance, Surrender of Grants or Offices, Release, or other Deed whatsoever, which shall be enrolled of Record in any of the Courts of the City of Dublin, or in any other Court of Record whatsoever, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Writ of Error, Certiorari, or Appeal, except to the Delegates, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or Written, during the Time aforesaid, any Sentence that shall be given in the Court of Admiralty, or any Attachment that shall be made out

out of the said Court of Admiralty, or any Relaxation of any such Attachment, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Probate of a Will, or Letters of Administration for any Estate above the Value of Thirty Pounds, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Recognizance, conditioned for the Payment of Money, or Performance of Covenants or Agreements, Statute Staple or Statute Merchant, or entered of Record in any Court or Office, except such Recognizances as shall be entered into by Persons applying for Licences to sell by Retail Beer, Ale, Wine, Strong Waters, or other Liquors, which Recognizances shall be considered as Bonds, and shall pay accordingly, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Writ of Covenant for levying a Fine, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Re-

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cord of Niſi Prius or Poſtea, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written during the Time aforeſaid, any Writ of Entry for ſuffering a common Recovery, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written during the Time aforeſaid, any Commiſſions iſſuing out of any Eccleſiaſtical Court not herein before particularly charged, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written during the Time aforeſaid, any Warrant, Monition, or perſonal Decree in the Court of Admiralty (except in Suits for the Payment of Seamen's Wages)

Wages,) the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Bill, Answer, Replication, Rejoinder, Interrogatories, Depositions taken by Commissioners, or any other Pleadings whatsoever in the Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Indenture, Lease, or Deed-poll, not hereby otherwise charged, (except Indentures of Apprenticeship where no Apprentice Fee shall be given, or if any be given, such Apprentice Fee shall not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, which Indentures shall be subject to the Payment of a Duty of Six Pence and no more, and also except Indentures for binding poor Parish, or other poor Children, supported by publick or private Charities, Apprentices) the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Writ of Habeas Corpus, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Special Bail to be taken in any of the Courts of the City of

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Dublin, or before any of the Judges of the ſaid Courts, or in any other Court whatſoever, or any Appearance upon ſuch Special Bail, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written during the Time aforeſaid, any Decree or Diſmiſſion made by, or in the Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, the Sum of One Shilling; For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written during the Time aforeſaid, any Common Bail to be filed in any Court whatſoever, and any Appearance that ſhall be made upon ſuch Bail, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written during the Time aforeſaid, any Admiſſion into any Corporation or Company, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written, during the Time aforeſaid, any Affidavit (except ſuch Affidavits as ſhall be taken before the Officers of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace at any Quarter-Seſſions or Adjournment thereof, or before a Magiſtrate of any Corporation, acting as a Juſtice of the Peace, or acting in any Court of Conſcience,

or

or of summary Jurisdiction, or before any Judge of Assize, or Commission of Oyer and Terminer relative to Prosecutions on Trials on Indictments, or to Civil Bills, or that shall be made for the Purpose of raising or accounting for Publick Money, and except Affidavits made relative to the Hempen and Flaxen Manufacture, or to the Payment of Corn Premiums, or made before the Trustees of any Turnpike, relative to the Roads or Tolls of such Turnpike, or Affidavits made before the Dublin Society) the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, upon which any Copy of such Affidavit as is herein before charged, that shall be filed or read in any Court whatsoever, shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Original Writ (except such Original upon which a Writ of Capias issues) Subpoena, Writ of Capias Quominus, Writ of Dedimus Potestatem, to take Answers, examine Witnesses, or appoint Guardians, or any other Writ whatsoever, or any other Process or Mandate that shall issue out of, or pass the Seals of any of the Courts of the City of Dublin, or any other Court whatsoever holding Plea where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings or above, or the Thing in Demand is

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of that Value, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written during the Time aforeſaid, any Entry of any Action in the Mayor's and Sheriffs Courts of the City of Dublin, and in Courts in all Corporations, and other Courts whatſoever, out of which no Writs, Proceſs, or Mandate iſſue, holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings or above, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written during the Time aforeſaid, any Rule or Order (except in Cauſes proſecuted upon Indictments, or which relate to Preſentments) made or given in any of the Courts at the City of Dublin, either Courts of Law or Equity, which ſhall be taken out, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written, during the Time aforeſaid, any Copy of ſuch Rules or Orders, except in Cauſes proſecuted upon Indictments, or which relate to Preſentments entered, or the Copies of any other Records or Proceedings in any of the ſaid Courts of the City of Dublin, not hereby otherwiſe charged, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or Written, during

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the Time aforesaid, any Citation or Monition made in the Prerogative Court, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, or any Libel or Allegation, Deposition, Answer, Sentence, or final Decree, or any Inventory exhibited in the Prerogative Court, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, or the Court of Admiralty, or whereupon any Copies of them respectively shall be engrossed or written, except in Suits for Recovery of Seamen's Wages, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written during the Time aforesaid, any Charter Party, Policy of Assurance, Passport, Bond, Release, Contract, or other obligatory Instrument, or any Protest, Procuration, Letter of Attorney, or any other Notarial Act whatsoever, the Sum of One Shilling; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written, during the Time aforesaid, any Depositions taken in the Court of Chantery or Court of Exchequer, except the Paper Draughts of Depositions taken by virtue of any Commission before they are engrossed, which are not herein before charged, the Sum of One Penny; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which shall be engrossed or written, during the Time aforesaid, any Copy of any Bill, Answer, Plea, Demurrer, Replication, Rejoinder, Interrogatories, Depo-

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ſitions or other Proceedings whatſoever, taken in the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer, or in any Court of Equity, the Sum of One Penny; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written, during the Time aforeſaid, any Copy of any Will atteſted by the proper Officer of the Prerogative Court, or any Eccleſiaſtical Court, the Sum of Two Pence; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written, during the Time aforeſaid, any Declaration, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, or other Pleadings whatſoever, in any Court of Law, or any Copy thereof, the Sum of Two Pence; for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Piece or Sheet of Paper, on which ſhall be engroſſed or written, during the Time aforeſaid, any Certificate or Debenture for drawing back any Cuſtoms or Duties, for or in reſpect of the Re-ſhipping or Exporting of any Goods or Merchandizes, which at any Time or Times from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, to the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, ſhall be exported or ſhipped to be exported from the Kingdom of Ireland for any Parts beyond the Seas, to be paid by the Perſon for whoſe Benefit, or at whoſe Inſtance ſuch Debenture or Certificate ſhall be

be obtained, the Sum of Four Pence; that a Duty of One Penny be paid, during the Time aforesaid, for every Almanack or Calendar for any One particular Year, or for any Time less than a Year, which shall be printed on One Side only of any One Sheet or Piece of Paper only, and of Two Pence for every other Almanack or Calender for any One particular Year; and that for every Almanack or Calendar made to serve for several Years, the respective Rates aforesaid shall be paid for every such Year; that there be paid, during the Time aforesaid, for all Papers containing publick News, Intelligence, or Occurrences, a Duty of One Halfpenny for every Sheet or Piece of Paper less than a Sheet, on which such News, Intelligence, or Occurrences shall be printed; that there be paid, during the Time aforesaid, for every Pamphlet or Paper, not exceeding Six Sheets in Octavo, or in a lesser Page, or not exceeding Twelve Sheets in Quarto, or Twenty Sheets in Folio so printed, a Duty after the Rate of One Shilling Sterling, for every Sheet of any Kind of Paper which shall be contained in One printed Copy or Impression thereof; that there be paid, during the Time aforesaid a Duty of Six Pence for every Advertisement to be contained in or published with any Gazette, News-paper, or Journal, to be published weekly or oftner in any other printed Paper or Pamphlet whatsoever, being dispersed or

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made publick, yearly, monthly, or at any other Interval of Time.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Deed, Inſtrument, Note, Memorandum, Letter, Muniment or Writing for or relating to the Payment of any Sum of Money, or for making any valuable Conſideration for or upon the Loſs of any Ship, Veſſel, Goods, Money, Effects, or upon any Loſs by Fire, or for any Loſs whatſoever, or for or upon any Life or Lives, ſhall be conſtrued, deemed, and adjudged to be Policies of Aſſurance, within the Meaning of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Deed, Inſtrument, Note, Memorandum, Letter, or other Muniment or Writing between the Captain and Maſter or Owner of any Ship or Veſſel, and any Merchant, Trader, or other Perſon in reſpect to the Freight or Conveyance of any Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Effects, laden or to be laden on Board of any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall be deemed and adjudged to be a Charter-party within the Meaning of this Act.

And for preventing Abuſes committed by arreſting Perſons without any Writ or legal Proceſs to juſtify the ſame, by Means whereof the Duty hereby given to the Crown

Crown upon such Process may be lost; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty one, every Officer or Clerk belonging, or that shall hereafter belong, to the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer, who shall sign any Writ or Process before Judgment, to arrest any Person or Persons thereupon, shall, at the Signing thereof, set down upon such Writ or Process the Day and Year of the Signing the same, which shall be entered on the Remembrancer's Roll, or in the Book where the Abstracts of such Writ or Process shall be entered, upon Pain to forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Offence or Neglect of such Officer or Clerk aforesaid. CHAP. III.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Books and Pamphlets, serving chiefly for the Purpose of an Almanack, by whatsoever Name or Names intitled or described, are, and shall be charged with the Duty imposed by this Act on Almanacks, but not with any of the Duties charged by this Act on Pamphlets, or any other printed Papers; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, That this Act, or any Thing therein contained, shall not extend to charge any Bills of Exchange, Accounts,

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counts, Bills of Parcels, Bills of Fees, or any Bills or Notes (not ſealed) for Payment of Money at Sight, or upon Demand, or at the End of certain Days of Payment.

Provided alſo, That nothing in this Act contained, ſhall extend to charge the Probate of any Will or Letters of Adminiſtration of any common Seaman or Soldier, who ſhall be ſlain or die in his Majeſty's Service, a Certificate being produced from the Captain or Commander of the Ship or Veſſel, or Captain or Commanding Officer of the Troop or Company, under whom ſuch Seaman or Soldier ſerved at the Time of his Death, of the Truth whereof an Oath (or if by a Quaker, a ſolemn Affirmation) ſhall be made before the proper Judge or Officer by whom ſuch Probate or Adminiſtration ought to be granted; which Oath or Affirmation ſuch Judge or Officer is hereby authorized and required to adminiſter, and for which no Fee or Reward ſhall be taken.

Provided alſo, That none of the Rates, Duties, or Sums of Money before in this Act expreſſed, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected or paid, or be payable unto Your Majeſty by Virtue of this Act, by any Perſon or Perſons that ſhall be admitted to ſue or defend in Forma Pauperis, ſo far as relates to the Suit in which he, or ſhe,

or

or they ſhall be ſo admitted to ſue or de- CHAP. III.
fend.

Provided alſo, That this Act, or any Clauſe therein contained, ſhall not be conſtrued to charge with any Duty any Warrant made by a Recognizance taken before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or any Proceedings of any Court-martial which relate to any Trial of any common Soldier, but ſuch Warrants, Recognizances, and Proceedings ſhall and are hereby declared to be exempted from the Payment of any of the Duties before mentioned in this Act.

Provided alſo, That this Act ſhall not extend to charge any Acts of Parliament, Proclamation, Order of Council, Forms of Prayer and Thankſgiving, or any Acts of State, which ſhall be ordered by Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, or by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to be printed, or the printed Votes or other Matters which are or ſhall be ordered to be printed by either Houſe of Parliament, with any of the ſaid Duties on Pamphlets or News-papers, or to charge any Books, commonly uſed in any of the Schools of Ireland, or any Books containing only Matters of Devotion or Piety, with the ſaid Duties on Pamphlets; or to charge any ſingle Advertiſement printed by itſelf, or the daily Accounts, or Bills of Goods imported and exported, or the

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Weekly Bills of Mortality (ſo as ſuch Accounts or Bills do contain no other Matters than what have been uſually comprized therein) with any the Duties aforeſaid; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the better and more effectual levying, collecting, and paying unto Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral and reſpective Duties hereby granted, it ſhall and may be lawful for Your Majeſty, or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, from Time to Time, to nominate and appoint ſuch Perſons as Your Majeſty, or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, ſhall think fit, to be Commiſſioners or Officers for the Stamping and Marking of Parchment, Vellum and Paper, and managing the Duties thereupon, and that the Commiſſioners ſo to be appointed, ſhall keep their Head Office in ſome convenient Place within the City of Dublin; and the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them, are hereby impowered, under their Hands and Seals, to appoint ſuch other inferior Officers, with the Conſent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, for the marking

or

or ſtamping of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or for the better collecting or levying the Duties hereby granted to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, as they in their Diſcretion ſhall think proper. CHAP. III.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Commiſſioners and Officers for the ſtamping or marking Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, and managing the Duties thereupon appointed, in purſuance of any Act or Acts heretofore paſſed in this Kingdom, and the ſeveral Officers appointed by the ſaid Commiſſioners in purſuance of the ſaid Acts or any of them, as alſo ſuch other Commiſſioners and Officers as ſhall be hereafter appointed purſuant to this Act, ſhall during the Continuance of this Act, for the more effectual levying the ſeveral Duties hereby granted, continue to act in the ſeveral Offices to which they have been, or ſhall be ſo appointed in like Manner, with the ſame Powers and Authorities, and ſubject to the ſame Reſtrictions and Limitations as are mentioned in the ſaid Acts or any of them, unleſs they ſhall be ſooner removed from ſuch Offices by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, or by the ſaid Commiſſioners, with the Conſent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Types, Marks, or Stamps already provided by the ſaid Commiſſioners for the ſeveral and reſpective Duties granted by the ſaid Acts, or any of them, or hereafter to be provided by them for the ſeveral and reſpective Duties hereby granted, ſhall be uſed for the ſtamping and impreſſing of all Vellum, Parchment and Paper, on which any of the ſeveral and reſpective Things herein before charged, ſhall be engroſſed or written; and that the ſaid Types, Marks, or Stamps, or any of them, ſhall or may be altered or renewed from Time to Time as Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being ſhall think fit, ſo as publick Notification thereof be given by Proclamation to be iſſued under the Great Seal of Ireland, a convenient Time before the ſaid Types, Marks, or Stamps ſhall be altered or renewed, to the End that all Perſons may have due Notice thereof; and that all Courts of Juſtice and Judges whatſoever, ſhall, without any Allegation or Proof on that Behalf, take Judicial Notice of the ſeveral Types, Marks, and Stamps heretofore appointed by Virtue of the ſaid Acts, or any of them, or hereafter to be appointed by Virtue of this Act; and of all Types, Marks, and Stamps which ſhall or may be

be hereafter published by Virtue of any Proclamation or Proclamations which shall or may be issued as and for the true and lawful Types, Marks, and Stamps to be made use of in pursuance of this Act. CHAP. III.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners in providing Types, Marks, and Stamps from Time to Time, shall take Care they be so contrived, that the Impression thereof may be durable, and that the same may be the least liable to be forged or counterfeited.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners heretofore constituted, or hereafter to be constituted by Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, as aforesaid, shall and may from Time to Time as they shall see occasion, appoint a fit Person to attend in any Court or Office to take Notice of the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which any of the Matters or Things aforesaid, shall be engrossed, written, or put, and of the Marks or Stamps thereupon, and of all other Matters and Things tending to secure Your Majesty's Duties arising by this Act; and that the Judges in the several Courts, and such others to whom it may appertain, at the Request or Requests of the said Com-

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miſſioners, or of any two or more of them, ſhall make ſuch Orders in the reſpective Courts, and do ſuch other Matters and Things for the better ſecuring of the ſaid Duties as ſhall be lawfully and reaſonably deſired in that behalf; and that every Commiſſioner and other Officer hereafter to be appointed, before he proceeds to the Execution of this Act, ſhall take the Oath following, that is to ſay:

I *A. B.* do ſwear, that I will faithfully execute the Truſt in me, purſuant to an Act of Parliament, *intituled*, An Act for granting to His Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſeveral Duties upon ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, without Fraud or Concealment, and will from Time to Time true Account make of my doings therein, and deliver the ſame to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as His Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, hath appointed, or hereafter ſhall appoint to receive ſuch Account, and will take no Fee, Reward, or Profit, for the Execution or Performance of the ſaid Truſt, or the Buſineſs relating thereunto, from any Perſon or Perſons, other than ſuch as ſhall be paid or allowed by His Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or by ſome Perſon or Perſons for that Purpoſe authorized by His Majeſty, or by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being.

And

And such Oath shall and may be administred to any such Commissioner or Commissioners, by any two or more of the same Commissioners whether they shall have taken the same previously or not; and any of the said Commissioners, or any Justice of the Peace within the Kingdom of Ireland, shall and may administer the like Oath to any subordinate Officer to be appointed pursuant to this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners and other Officers heretofore appointed or hereafter to be appointed as aforesaid, and all Officers employed, or to be employed or intrusted by or under them as aforesaid, shall from Time to Time, in and for the better Execution of the several Offices and Trusts, observe and perform such Rules, Methods, and Orders as they respectively have received, or shall receive from Time to Time, from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being; and that the said Commissioners shall take special Care that the several Parts of this Kingdom, from Time to Time, be sufficiently furnished with Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, stamped or marked as aforesaid, so as Your Majesty's Subjects may have it in their Election to buy the same of the Officers or Persons to be employed by the said Commissioners, at the usual or most common Rates above the said Duty,

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or to bring their own Vellum, Parchment, or Paper to be ſtamped as aforeſaid, or to furniſh themſelves or others that ſhall have done the ſame.

And to the End, that Your Majeſty may not be defrauded of any of the Duties hereby granted: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Records, Writs, Pleadings, and other Proceedings in Courts of Law and Equity, and all Deeds, Inſtruments, and Writings whatſoever, hereby charged, ſhall be engroſſed or written in ſuch Manner as they have been uſually accuſtomed to be written, or are now written.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Writings, Matters, and Things in reſpect whereof, any of the ſaid Duties ſhall be payable, and which ſhall be engroſſed or written after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, ſhall be written in ſuch Manner, that ſome Part thereof ſhall be either upon, or as near as conveniently may be to the ſaid Stamps or Marks which ſhall in purſuance of this Act, be placed on the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper whereupon the ſame ſhall be written or engroſſed, upon Pain that the Perſon who ſhall write or engroſs, or Cauſe to be written or engroſſed, any ſuch Writing, Matter or Thing, contrary to the tenor and true Meaning hereof, ſhall, for every ſuch

such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, with full Costs of Suit.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, hereby intended to be charged with the several and respective Duties aforesaid, shall before any of the Matters or Things herein before mentioned, be thereupon engrossed or written, be brought to the Head-Office aforesaid, to be stamped and marked; and the said Commissioners and Officers, are hereby required upon Demand of the Person or Persons so bringing the same, forthwith, without Fee or Reward, to stamp or mark any Quantities or Parcels of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper so brought, such Person or Persons, paying to such Officer or Officers as shall be appointed in that Behalf, the respective Duties hereby directed to be paid for the same.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be attested from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, by Virtue of any Writ or Process issuing out of any of your Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin, at the Suit of any common Person, and the Sheriff, or other Officer, shall take Bail from such Person against whom such Writ or Process shall issue, the Sheriff, or other Officer, at the

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Requeſt and Coſts of the Plaintiff in ſuch Action or Suit, or of his lawful Attorney, ſhall aſſign to the Plaintiff in ſuch Action or Suit, the Bail Bond, or other Security taken from ſuch Bail, by indorſing the ſame, and atteſting it under his Hand and Seal, in the Preſence of two or more credible Witneſſes, which may be done without any Stamp, provided the Aſſignment ſo indorſed, be duly ſtamped, before any Action be brought thereupon; and alſo, that from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, all Sheriffs and other Officers, having Authority to grant Replevins, when and as often as it ſhall become neceſſary for ſuch Sheriff or other Officer, to aſſign any Bond of any Plaintiff in Replevin to the Avowant, ſuch Aſſignment may be made without any Stamp, provided the Aſſignment ſo made be duly ſtamped before any Action be brought thereupon.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Commiſſioner, or other Officer, appointed or to be appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall fix any ſuch Mark or Stamp to any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, before the ſeveral and reſpective Duties thereupon charged by this Act, ſhall be duly anſwered and paid, or be ſecured to be paid, to Your Majeſty's Uſe, he ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, one Moiety thereof to

to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her, or them that shall inform or sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons hath or have engrossed or written, or caused to be engrossed or written, at any Time since the Commencement of the said Acts, or any of them, or shall at any Time hereafter engross or write, or cause to be engrossed or written, upon any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, any of the Matters or Things for which the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper, was chargeable by the said Acts or any of them, or is hereby charged to pay any Duty, before such Time as the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper, hath been, or shall be marked or stamped as aforesaid, or upon which there was not, or shall not be some Stamp or Mark resembling the same, or hath or have engrossed or written, or caused to be engrossed or written, or shall engross or write, or caused to be engrossed or written, any Matter or Thing upon any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper that hath been, or shall be stamped or marked for any lower Duty than the Duty by the said Acts or this Act payable for what hath been, or shall be so engrossed or written, then and in every such Case there shall be duly answered and paid to Your Majesty, Your

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Heirs or Succeſſors, over and above the Duty aforeſaid, for every ſuch Deed, Inſtrument, or Writing, the Sum of Ten Pounds, and no ſuch Record, Deed, Inſtrument, or Writing, ſhall be pleaded or given in Evidence in any Court, or admitted in any Court to be good or available in Law or Equity, until as well the ſaid Duty, as the ſaid Sum of Ten Pounds ſhall be firſt paid to Your Majeſty's Uſe, and a Receipt produced for the ſame, under the Hand or Hands of ſome of Your Majeſty's Officers appointed to receive the Duties above mentioned, and until the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper on which ſuch Deed, Inſtrument, or Writing hath been, or ſhall be written or made, ſhall be marked or ſtamped with a lawful Mark or Stamp; and the proper Officer and Officers are hereby enjoined and required upon Payment or Tender of the ſaid Duty, and Sum of Ten Pounds unto him or them, to give a Receipt for the ſame, and to mark or ſtamp the ſaid Vellum, Parchment, or Paper with the Mark or Stamp that ſhall be proper for ſuch Deed, Inſtrument, or Writing reſpectively, (except Judgments upon Poſteas, Inquiſitions, Scire Facias, or Nil dicit, ſo that the ſame ſhall be ſtamped with the proper Stamp within One Month next after the ſame ſhall have been ſigned, and that no Diſcount ſhall be allowed thereon.)

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall engross or Write, or Cause to be engrossed or Written, upon any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, any of the Matters or Things for which the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper is hereby charged, to pay any Duty before such Time as the said Vellum Parchment or Paper shall be marked or stamped as aforesaid, or upon which there shall not be some Stamp or Mark Resembling the same, or shall Engross or Write, or Cause to be engrossed or Written, any Matter or thing upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper that shall be marked or stamped for any lower Duty than the Duty by this Act payable, for what shall be so engrossed or Written, such Person so offending, shall for every such offence Forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, one Moiety thereof to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her, or them that shall Inform, or sue for the same.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Clerk, Officer, or Person who in respect of any publick Office or Employment, is or shall be intitled or intrusted to make, engross, or write any Records, Deeds, Instruments, or Writings by this Act charged, to pay a Duty as aforesaid, shall be wilfully guilty of any Fraud or Practice to deceive Your

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Majeſty of any Duty by this Act payable, by Making, Engroſſing, or Writing any ſuch Record, Deed, Inſtrument, or Writing, or by cauſing the ſame to be made, Engroſſed, or Written upon Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, not marked or ſtamped according to this Act, or upon which there ſhall not be ſome Stamp or Mark reſembling the ſame, or upon Vellum, Parchment, or Paper marked or ſtamped with any Mark or Stamp which he ſhall knoth to be counterfeited, or by Wilfully Engroſſing or Writing any ſuch Deed, Inſtrument, or other Writing upon Vellum, Parchment, or Paper which he ſhall knoth to be marked or ſtamped for a lower Duty as aforeſaid; then every ſuch Clerk, Officer, or Perſon ſo guilty of any ſuch Fraud or Practice, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall forfeit his Office, Place, or Employment reſpectively, and be diſabled to hold or enjoy the ſame for the future, and if any Attorney belonging to any Court whatſoever ſhall Wilfully be guilty of any ſuch Fraud or Practice as aforeſaid, and be convicted thereof, he ſhall be diſabled for the future to practice as an Attorney.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall write or engroſs, or cauſe to be written or engroſſed, either the Whole or any Part of any Matter or Thing, in Reſpect whereof any Duty is payable by this Act,

Act, upon any Part of any Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, whereon there shall have been before engrossed, written, or printed any other Matter or Thing, in Respect whereof any Duty is payable by this Act, before such Vellum, Parchment, or Paper shall have been again marked or stamped according to this Act, or shall fraudulently erase or scrape out, or cause to be erased or scraped out, the Name or Names of any Person or Persons, or any Sum, Date, or other Thing engrossed, written, or printed in such Instrument, Writing, Matter, or Thing as aforesaid, or fraudulently cut, tear, or get off any Mark or Stamp from any Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, or any Part thereof, with Intent to use such Stamp or Mark for any other Writing, Matter or Thing, in respect whereof any Duty shall be payable by Virtue of this Act; then, so often, and in every such Case, every Person so offending in any of the Particulars before mentioned, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds. CHAP. III.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That as often as Your Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, shall think fit to alter or renew the said Marks or Stamps or any of them, it shall be lawful for all Persons

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who ſhall at that Time have in their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, marked with the Mark or Stamp which ſhall have been ſo altered or renewed, upon which none of the Matters or Things hereby charged ſhall have been engroſſed or written at any Time within the Space of ſixty Days after ſuch Intention of renewing or altering ſhall be publiſhed by Proclamation as aforeſaid, to bring or ſend ſuch Vellum, Parchment, or Paper unto the ſaid Commiſſioners, to the Head Office in the City of Dublin, or to ſuch other Officers appointed as aforeſaid; and the ſaid Commiſſioners and Officers reſpectively, are hereby required, to deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, unto the ſeveral Perſons who ſhall ſo bring and deliver any Quantity of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, the like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, and as good in Quality, ſtamped with ſuch new Stamp or Mark, without demanding or taking directly or indirectly for the ſame, any Sum of Money, or other Conſideration whatſoever, under the Penalty of forfeiting for every Offence One Hundred Pounds; to be ſued for, recovered, and divided in ſuch Manner as the other Penalties in this Act are directed to be ſued for, recovered, and divided; and in caſe any Perſon ſhall neglect or refuſe, within the Time aforeſaid, to bring, or cauſe to be brought and delivered unto the ſaid Commiſſioners and Officers as aforeſaid, any ſuch Vellum,

lum, Parchment or Paper, the same is hereby declared to be of no other Effect or Use, than if it had never been stamped; and that all Matters and Things which shall after that Time be engrossed or Written thereon, shall be of no other Effect than if they had been engrossed or Written on Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, not marked or stamped at all; and all Persons who shall engross or Write on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, after the said Time, shall forfeit and suffer as herein before is Enacted, for Persons Writing or engrossing on Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, not marked or stamped. CHAP. III.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That as often as Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, shall appoint new Stamps for any of the Duties hereby charged, or shall think fit to alter the said Stamps, or any of them, the Proclamation which is hereby intended to be made for giving all Persons due Notice thereof, shall within Twenty Days after the Date thereof be sent to the Mayor, Chief Magistrate, or other Head Officer of every City, Corporation, Borough, and Market Town throughout the Kingdom of Ireland, which Officers respectively shall cause the same to be published to the Inhabitants of such City, Corporation, Bo-

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rough, or Town, either on the next Market Day, or the next Sunday in the Church immediately after the Time of Divine Service, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds; the one Moiety of which Forfeiture to be to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors; the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame.

And for the better Diſtribution of the ſaid Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, and that Your Majeſty's Subjects may have the ſame with all Convenience and at an eaſy Rate; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, ſhall once in every Year at leaſt, ſet the Prices of all Sorts of ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, at which the ſame ſhall be ſold; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners for managing the ſaid Duties upon Vellum, Parchment, and Paper ſhall ſtamp the ſaid Price ſo ſet upon every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper ſo by them to be ſold; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall likewiſe allow and pay to every Perſon that ſhall bring Vellum, Parchment, or Paper to the ſaid Head Office to be ſtamped, in purſuance of this Act, the Duties whereof hereby impoſed ſhall amount to the Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards, after the Rate of Six Pounds in the Hundred Pounds per Annum for Six Months, upon preſent

present Payment of the said Duty upon the said Vellum, Parchment, or Paper so by them brought; and that any Person or Persons who shall buy of the said Commissioners, or their Agents, Vellum, or Parchment, or Paper, at the Head Office for stamping the same, the Duty whereof shall amount to the like Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards, shall have the same Allowance for present Payment.

Provided allways, That all Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, which shall have been stamped or marked, and shall have paid the Duties granted by Virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore made, shall and may be used for the Purposes thereby intended, without any additional Stamp, Mark, or Duty, except where by the Act passed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, and by this Act, a greater Duty than that heretofore laid on is thereby and hereby imposed, in all which Cases such Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, shall upon the Request of any Person or Persons, be stamped with a higher Stamp, or be changed at the Head Office for Vellum, Parchment, or Paper stamped with a higher Stamp, the Person or Persons requesting the same paying the Difference of Price between said respective Stamps.

And for the better collecting and securing the Duties hereby charged on Pamphlets,

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be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one printed Copy of every ſuch Pamphlet, which from and after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, ſhall be printed or publiſhed within the City of Dublin, ſhall, within the Space of Six Days after the printing thereof, be brought to the ſaid Head Office for marking or ſtamping Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, and the Title thereof, with the Number of Sheets contained therein; and the Duty hereby charged thereon, ſhall be regiſtered in, or entered in a Book to be there kept for that Purpoſe; which Duty ſhall be thereupon paid to the proper Officer or Officers appointed to receive the ſame, or his or their Deputy or Clerk, who ſhall thereupon forthwith give a Receipt for the ſame on ſuch printed Copy, to denote the Payment of the Duty hereby charged on ſuch Pamphlets; and that one printed Copy of every ſuch Pamphlet that ſhall be printed or publiſhed in any Place not being within the City of Dublin, ſhall, within the Space of Fourteen Days after the printing thereof be brought to ſome Head Collector of the ſaid Stamp Duties, who is hereby required forthwith to enter the Title thereof, with the Number of Sheets contained therein, and the Duty hereby charged thereon in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpoſe, which Duty ſhall be thereupon paid to ſuch Collector, who ſhall thereupon

give

give a Receipt for the same on such printed Copy. CHAP. III.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any such Pamphlet shall be printed or published, and the Duty hereby charged thereon shall not be duly paid, and the Title and Number of Sheets thereof shall not be registered, and a Receipt for such Duty given on one Copy thereof within the respective Times herein before for these several Purposes limited; then the Printer and Publisher, and all other Persons concerned in and about the printing or publishing of such Pamphlet, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Printer or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall publish any News-Paper, Intelligence, or Occurrences, or any Paper serving the Purpose of a News-paper, Intelligence, or Occurrences, before he, she, or they shall have entered into Security for the Payment of the Duty on Advertisements, which shall be printed therein or thereupon, upon Pain that every Person so offending herein, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person whatsoever, shall sell, or expose to sale, any such Pam-

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phlet, or any Newſs-paper, without the true reſpective Name or Names, and the Place or Places of abode of ſome known Perſon or Perſons, by or for whom the ſame was really and truly printed or publiſhed, written, or printed thereon, upon Pain, that any Perſon offending herein, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty pounds.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Officer appointed for diſtributing Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, in this Kingdom, ſhall ſell or deliver any ſtamped Paper for printing any publick Newſs, Intelligence, or Occurrences, to any Perſon, unleſs ſuch Perſon ſhall give Security to the ſaid Officer for the Payment of the Duties for the Advertiſements which ſhall be printed therein, or thereupon.

And in Regard of the uncertainty how many Copies of the ſaid printed Newſs-Papers may be ſold; and to the Intent, the Duties hereby granted thereupon may not be leſſened by printing a leſs Number than may be ſold, out of Fear of Loſs thereby, in printing more ſuch Copies than may happen to be ſold: Be it hereby provided, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners for managing the ſaid Stamp Duties, or the major part of them, or the Head Officer appointed for the Time being, in that Behalf,

Behalf, shall and may cancel, or cause to be cancelled, all the Stamps upon the Copies on any Impression of such Newspaper, which shall really and truly remain unsold in the Hands of the Person or Persons by or for whom the same shall be printed or published; and upon Oath or Oaths, (or if a Quaker, upon solemn Affirmation) made before the said Commissioners, or any one of them, or such Head Officer, to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners or Head Officer, that all such Copies, containing the Stamps so tendered to be cancelled, are really and truly remaining unsold in the Hands of the Person or Persons by or for whom the same were printed or published, and that none of said Copies have been fraudulently returned or re-bought after the same shall have been sold or disposed of, or any Profit or Advantage made thereof, which Oath or Affirmation, the said Commissioners, or any one of them, and the said Head Officer respectively are hereby Authorized to administer, and Examine upon Oath or Affirmation into all Circumstances relating to the Selling or Disposing of such printed Copies, shall or may deliver, or Cause to be delivered, the like Number of other Sheets, Half-Sheets, or less Pieces of Paper properly stamped with the same respective Stamps, upon Payment made for such Paper, but no Duty shall be taken for the Stamps thereon. CHAP. III.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, it ſhall be lawful for all Perſons, who ſhall at any Time have in their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper written or engroſſed, which ſhall be inadvertently or undeſignedly ſpoiled, obliterated, or by any other Means rendered unfit for the Purpoſe intended, before the ſame is executed by any Party or Parties, and which in either Caſe ſhall not have been uſed for any other Purpoſe or in any other Manner whatſoever, nor any Money or other Conſideration paid or given to the Attorney, Sollicitor or other Perſon employed to tranſact the Buſineſs, intended to have been carried into Execution by ſuch Writing or Ingroſſment, or to the Writer or Engroſſer thereof, for the Duty or Duties marked, ſtamped, or impreſſed thereon, to bring or ſend ſuch ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper unto the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Stamp Duties, at their Head Office in Dublin, and upon Oath (or if a Quaker upon ſolemn Affirmation) made to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Commiſſioners, which Oath or Affirmation the ſaid Commiſſioners are, or any one of them, is hereby authorized to adminiſter, that ſuch ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper ſo written or ingroſſed upon, or ſpoiled, obliterated, or by any other Means rendered

rendered unfit for the Purpose intended, hath not been executed by any Party or Parties, or used for any other Purpose, or in any other Manner whatsoever, and that no Money or other Consideration hath been paid or given for the Duty or Duties marked, stamped, or impressed thereupon, save and except the Money first paid for such Duty or Duties, to the said Commissioners or the Receiver General of the Stamp Duties, or other proper Officer appointed to collect and receive the same, the said Commissioners are hereby required to Stamp and mark, or cause to be stamped and marked, for the several Persons who shall so bring and deliver any Quantity of stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper so written or engrossed upon, spoiled, obliterated or by any other Means rendered unfit for Use or Service, the like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper with the several and respective Duties, stamped, marked, or impressed on the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper so written or ingrossed upon, spoiled, obliterated or by any other means rendered unfit for Use or Service, without demanding or taking directly or indirectly for the same, any Sum of Money or other Consideration whatsoever; and the said Commissioners for Managing the Stamp Duties for the Time being, are hereby impowered from Time to Time, to make such Rules and Orders for Regulating the Methods, and Limiting the Times for such Cancelling and Allowance

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as aforeſaid, with Reſpect to ſuch Newſ-Papers and other Matters as they ſhall, upon Experiente and Conſideration of the ſeveral Circumſtances, find neceſſary or convenient for the effectual ſecuring the Duties thereon, and doing Juſtice to the Perſons concerned therein.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners and other Officers for Managing the Stamp Duties, ſhall and may deliver to any Perſon, by or for whom any Almanack or Almanacks ſhall be printed, Paper marked or ſtamped according to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, for the Printing ſuch Almanack or Almanacks, upon his, her, or their giving ſufficient Security to pay the Amount of the Duties hereby charged thereon, within the Space of three Months after ſuch Delivery, and that the ſaid Commiſſioners and Officers upon bringing to them any Number of the Copies of ſuch Almanacks, within the Space of three Months from the ſaid Delivery, and Requeſt to him or them in that Behalf made, ſhall cancel all the Stamps upon ſuch Copies and abate to ſuch Perſon ſo much of the Money due upon ſuch Security as ſuch cancelled Stamps ſhall Amount to.

Provided allways, That where any Almanack ſhall contain more than one Sheet of Paper, it ſhall be ſufficient to Stamp only

only one of the Sheets or Pieces of Paper, upon which such Almanack shall be printed, and to pay the Duty accordingly. CHAP. III.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, in Case any Person or Persons shall print, publish, sell, hawk, carry about, utter, or expose to Sale, any Almanack or Calendar, or any Newes-paper, or any Book, Pamphlet, or Paper, deemed or construed to be, or serving the Purpose of an Almanack or Newes-paper, within the Intention and Meaning of this Act, not being stamped or marked as by this Act is directed, every such Person shall for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be recovered in a summary Way before any Justice of the Peace, who is hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the same, and upon due Proof thereof, and Default of Payment of the said Penalty to commit the Offender to Prison, for any Time, not exceeding One Month, without Bail or Mainprize; which said Penalty shall be to the sole Use and Benefit of the Person or Persons who shall without Fraud or Covin first sue for the same.

And whereas many Printers and Publishers of Newes-papers, by privately selling unstamped Newes-papers, defraud his Majesty's Revenue, and injure the Fair Trader;

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for Prevention whereof, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Printer or Publiſher of a News-paper, printed or publiſhed in the City or County of Dublin, during the Continuance of this Act, ſhall, on each Day of Publication thereof, cauſe to be delivered to the Regiſter of Pamphlets at the Stamp-Office in ſaid City, one ſtamped Impreſſion or Copy of ſaid News-paper ſo printed or publiſhed; and every Printer or Publiſher of a News-paper printed or publiſhed during the Time aforeſaid, in any other Place in this Kingdom, ſhall on each Day of Publication of ſaid News-paper, cauſe to be delivered to the next Diſtributor of Stamps in the County in which ſaid News-paper ſhall be printed or publiſhed, Two Impreſſions or Copies of every ſuch News paper ſo printed or publiſhed, ſtamped as aforeſaid, for which ſeveral Copies or Impreſſions ſo delivered as aforeſaid, the reſpective Printers or Publiſhers thereof ſhall be paid the uſual and current Prices of ſaid Impreſſions or Copies, and whenſoever and as often as any unſtamped News-paper or News-papers ſhall be printed, publiſhed, expoſed, or offered to Sale by any Printer, Publiſher, or other Perſon, or ſhall be conveyed by Poſt or otherwiſe to any Perſon by ſaid Printer or Publiſher, then, and in every ſuch Caſe the ſtamped Impreſſion, Copy, or Duplicate ſo delivered as aforeſaid, ſhall be Evidence againſt ſaid Printer or Publiſher of the printing and publiſhing of all ſuch unſtamped News-papers,

papers, of which News-papers so un- CHAP. III.
stamped, such stamped Impression is a Duplicate, and the Printer or Publisher of the Impression so stamped, shall be deemed the Printer or Publisher of all the unstamped News-papers, of which such unstamped News-paper is an Impression or Duplicate; and every Printer or Publisher of such News-paper or News-papers as aforesaid, who shall neglect or omit to deliver, or cause to be delivered, such Copy or Impression as herein before directed, shall for every such Omission pay a Penalty of Five Pounds, to be recovered by Civil Bill by any Person who shall sue for the same at the Sessions of the City or County of Dublin, or at the Assizes in the respective Counties where such Printer or Publisher shall reside; and such Printer or Publisher of such unstamped News-paper shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds for every Paper so unstamped, which he shall print or publish; such Penalty or Penalties to be recovered by Civil Bill at the Sessions of the City or County of Dublin, or at the Assizes in such County where the Printer or Publisher of such unstamped News-paper or News-papers respectively reside, any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Person who shall buy or sell, or have or keep in his, her, or their Possession, any unstamped News-

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paper within the Time aforeſaid, ſhall be Subject and liable to the Penalty of Five Pounds Sterling for every unſtamped Newſ-paper ſo found in his, her, or their Poſſeſſion, ſuch Penalty to be recovered by Civil-Bill, by any Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame, one Moiety of ſaid Penalties to be diſpoſed of to the Poor of the Pariſh in which ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, and the other to the Uſe of the Informer.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall print or publiſh, or cauſe to be printed or publiſhed, any Advertiſement or Advertiſements in any Pamphlet, Newſ-paper, or other Literary Performance, ſhall, within the Space of Forty Days after the Printing or Publication of ſuch Advertiſement or Advertiſements, if the ſame ſhall be printed or publiſhed within the City of Dublin, pay or Cauſe to be paid the Duty or Duties thereon hereby charged to the reſpective Perſons appointed to receive the ſame, or to their reſpective Deputies or Clerks, and if printed or publiſhed in any Place out of the Limits of the ſaid City of Dublin, then to the next adjacent Head Officer for the Time being, appointed for the Collection of the ſaid Stamp Duties, and the ſaid Commiſſioners and Officers, or ſuch of them to whom it ſhall appertain, are hereby required upon

upon Payment of the Duties hereby charged on such Advertisements, to give a Receipt or Receipts for the Duty or Duties hereby charged thereupon, and in Default of such Payment within the Time herein before for that Purpose limited, the Printer or Publisher of every such Advertisement shall be liable to pay treble the Duties before by this Act chargeable thereupon, to be recovered with full Cost of Suit.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall at any Time or Times hereafter Counterfeit or Forge any Type, Mark, or Stamp to resemble any Type, Mark, or Stamp provided, made, and used by Virtue of the said Acts, or any of them, or which shall be provided, made, or used in pursuance of this Act, or shall counterfeit or resemble the Impression of the same, upon any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, or other Matter directed to be stamped thereby to defraud Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors of any of the Duties hereby granted, or shall utter, vend, or sell any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper with such counterfeit Mark or Impression thereupon, knowing such Mark or Impression to be counterfeited, then every such Person so offending, and being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without the Benefit of Clergy.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for Your Majeſty, and to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, out of the Duties ariſing by this Act, to cauſe ſuch Sum and Sums of Money to be expended and paid from Time to Time, for Salaries and other incident Charges as ſhall be neceſſary in and for the Receiving, Collecting, levying, or Managing of the ſaid Duties, any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Officer and Officers who ſhall be concerned in the levying, collecting, and receiving the Duties ariſing by this Act, ſhall keep ſeparate and diſtinct Accounts thereof; and that the ſeveral Perſons employed to collect and levy the ſaid Duties in the City or County of Dublin, ſhall pay the ſame in Specie into Your Majeſty's Treaſury, on the firſt Monday in every Month, unleſs it be a Holy-day, and then the next Day after which ſhall not be a Holy-day; and the ſeveral Perſons employed to levy and collect the ſaid Duties in other Parts of this Kingdom, ſhall pay the ſame in like Manner to the ſeveral Collectors of the Inland Exciſe, of the reſpective Diſtricts in which the ſame ſhall be received and collected;

which said Collectors are hereby authorized and required to receive and give Receipts for the same, without Fee or Reward, and to keep distinct Accounts thereof; and every Stamp Officer shall in Six Days after his making any Payment into Your Majesty's Treasury, or to any of the said Collectors, give Notice of the Amount of such Payments to the Commissioners of Stamps; and if the said Officers, or any of them, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same at the Time, or in Manner aforesaid, or shall detain all or any Part of the Monies by them collected and received, then for such Offence, he, or they shall be dismissed from his or their Employment, and be rendered incapable to serve Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, and be charged with Interest for the Monies so detained in their Hands after the Rate of Twelve Pounds per Centum per Annum. CHAP. III.

Provided nevertheless, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver-General of the said Duties, to retain in his Hands such Sum, not exceeding one Month's Produce of the said Duties, as he shall so receive, to answer the necessary Demands of the said Office.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be provided and kept in Your Majesty's Treasury, one Book in which all Monies that shall be paid into the Treasury by Virtue of this

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Act, ſhall be entered and regiſtered Apart and diſtinct from all other Monies paid or payable to Your Majeſty upon any Account whatſoever.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Comptroller of the Duties hereby granted, ſhall certify once in every Week to the Accountant-General, the Amount of the Stamp Duties paid by the Diſtributors or other Officers of the Stamp Duties, to the ſeveral Collectors of Inland Exciſe; and that every ſuch Diſtributor ſhall likewiſe certify to the Accountant-General once in every Month, the full Amount of the Sums paid by him on Account of ſaid Duties, to any Collector or Collectors of Inland Exciſe, ſpecifying the Name of ſuch Collector, and the reſpective Times of Payment, and the Balance remaining in his Hands: And if ſuch Comptroller, or any ſuch Diſtributor, ſhall neglect to certify in Manner aforeſaid, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Collectors ſhall be ſubject and liable for all ſuch Stamp Duties ſo by them received to the ſame Mode of Account, and the ſame Regulations and Rules as they are or ſhall be ſubject to, in Reſpect of any other Duties by them collected.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That none of the said Duties granted by this Act shall be received or collected by, or paid to the said Commissioners of Stamps, and that the several Persons who shall be respectively employed in receiving, collecting, or paying the several Duties by this Act granted, shall, and are hereby required once in every Year, during the Continuance of this Act, to exhibit their respective Accounts thereof to the Commissioners for taking Imprest Accounts for the Time being, who shall and are hereby, from Time to Time, respectively authorized and required to examine upon Oath the said Persons Accounts, who shall be employed in Raising, Receiving, or Collecting the said Duties, what Sum or Sums of Money was or were by them, or any of them respectively raised, collected, or received within the Time of such their Accounts, and likewise what Part thereof was by them, or any of them, paid into the Receipt of Your Majesty's Treasury, or to the Collectors of the Inland Excise as aforesaid, and in making the said Accounts to and before the said Commissioners, they are to produce proper Vouchers for any Sum or Sums of Money, so by them raised, received and paid; and the said Commissioners of Imprest Accounts are hereby authorized and required finally to adjust and settle the said Accounts, and

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give Diſcharges to the ſaid ſeveral Accountants.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Accounts of the Money received from the ſeveral Duties ſhall have been ſo audited, the ſame ſhall be ſigned by the ſaid Commiſſioners of Accounts, and ſhall be at all Times to the ſaid Officers therein concerned, a full and ſufficient Warrant and Diſcharge to all Intents and Purpoſes.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Penalties incurred by this Act, unleſs otherwiſe directed by this Act, may be recovered by any Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of Your Majeſty's Courts of Record in Dublin, in which no Eſſoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That neither the Six Pence per Pound nor any other Fee ſhall be payable to, or deducted, or received by the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver or Paymaſter General, Clerk of the Pells, or any other Officer or Officers of this Kingdom for their own Uſe, for or on account of the Iſſuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money ariſing by, or which ſhall be received for, or on Account

of

of the Aids hereby granted to Your Majesty, or of any Payment to be made in Pursuance of this Act, but that the same shall be received and duly accounted for to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors. CHAP. III.

Provided that nothing contained in this or any Act heretofore passed, granting Stamp Duties to His Majesty, shall extend, or be construed to subject the Books of any Corporate Body to any Stamp or Duty whatsoever.

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AN

ACT

FOR

Regulating and Extending the Tobacco-Trade, and for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, the Duties therein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. IV.

An Act for Regulating and Extending the Tobacco-Trade, and for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, the Duties therein mentioned.

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WE Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Ireland in Parliament aſſembled, as a further Supply to Your Majeſty, to ſupport the Expences of Your Majeſty's Government, and with a grateful Senſe of the great Benefits likely to ariſe from an open and direct commercial Intercourſe with the Colonies of Great Britain, do moſt humbly beſeech Your Majeſty; and be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty-fifth

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Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, and no longer, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, that is to say, For and upon all Tobacco of the Growth or Produce of the British plantations in America, or the West Indies, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, and for which the Importer or Importers shall be desirous to pay down the Duties thereof at Entry, the several Duties contained and expressed in a Schedule marked (No. 1.) hereunto annexed (which Schedule shall be deemed and taken to be, to all Intents and Purposes, a part of this Act) said Duties to be computed upon every One Hundred Pounds Value, according to the Rate in said Schedule set forth, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Value, and to be paid down in ready Money net, and without any Discount or Allowance whatsoever.

And whereas it may tend much to the Encouragement of the Tobacco Trade, if the Importers of such Tobacco be allowed to lodge the same in Ware-houses, and to have Time for Payment of part of the Duties thereof; therefore be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Importer of such Tobacco

Tobacco in Lieu of paying down the Whole of said Duties, shall and may pay down and secure the several and respective Duties contained and expressed in a Schedule marked (No. 2.) hereunto annexed, which Schedule shall be also deemed and taken to be to all Intents and Purposes a Part of this Act, said Duties to be computed upon every One Hundred Pounds Value, according to the Rate in said last mentioned Schedule set forth, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Value.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon the Duties being paid which are required by said Schedule (No. 2.) to be paid down at Entry, the Commissioners, or Principal Officers of the Revenue at the respective Ports, shall cause all such Tobacco to be put into Ware-houses under the King's and Merchant's Locks, such Merchant or Merchants, or his or their Servants, to have free Access into said Ware-houses at all seasonable Times, and the Custom-house Officers are hereby required to attend without Fee or Reward, the said Ware-houses to be provided by, and at the Charge of such Merchant or Merchants, and to be first approved of by the said Commissioners or Officers; and said Merchants having paid down at Entry the Duty required to be paid down by the said Schedule marked (No. 2.) shall thereupon give Bond for Payment of the Residue of the Duties

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directed and expreſſed in the ſaid Schedule, ſaid Bond to be made payable at the End of Fifteen Months, to commence at the End of Thirty Days after the Maſter's Report of the Ship in which ſuch Tobacco ſhall be imported, or from the Date of the Merchant's Entry of ſaid Tobacco, which ever ſhall firſt happen.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Importer or Importers of ſuch Tobacco as ſhall be ſo lodged in Ware-houſes as aforeſaid, ſhall not within the ſaid Space of Fifteen Months by Payment of the ſaid Duties ſo bonded for, or by Debentures upon Exportation of ſaid Tobacco, diſcharge his or their Obligations, but that the Tobacco, or any Part thereof, ſhall continue, and be ſtill remaining in the ſaid Ware-houſes, for Want of Payment of any Part of the Duties due thereon, in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners or Principal Officers of Your Majeſty's Revenue for the Time being, at the reſpective Ports, and they are hereby impowered to cauſe the ſaid Tobacco ſo remaining to be publickly ſold by Inch of Candle, firſt giving the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof fourteen Days Notice perſonally, or by leaving a Notice in Writing at the Place of ſuch Proprietor's laſt Abode, the Product thereof, after ſuch Sale, firſt to be applied to Payment of the ſaid Bond, and the Charges

that

that have been expended by Means of such Ware-housing and Sale, and the Overplus, if any, to be rendered and paid to the Proprietor or other Person lawfully authorized to receive the same. CHAP. IV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Tobacco which shall have been entered, and the Duties thereof wholly paid, or partly paid, and partly secured in Manner aforesaid, shall, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, be exported from this Kingdom, the Exporter shall, upon the Exportation thereof, within Three years from the Importation of such Tobacco, on producing a proper Debenture, to be made out for that Purpose, be paid or allowed to draw back the whole net Duty actually paid at or after the Importation of such Quantity so exported, and to have the Bond given on Importation vacated, or Allowance made by Entry on the Back of such Bond, for such Quantity of Tobacco as shall be so exported, as the Case shall be, any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided allways, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Importer or Proprietor of Tobacco, who hath given Security as aforesaid, shall be desirous to discharge his Bond, or any part thereof, by paying down in ready Money

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net, the ſaid Duties ſo ſecured, or any Part thereof, ſooner than the Expiration of fifteen Months from the Date thereof, he ſhall be abated upon ſuch Bond, ſo much as the Diſcount at the Rate of Seven Pounds per Centum per Annum ſhall amount to in Proportion to the Time unexpired.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where the Importers of Tobacco ſhall pay down the whole of the Duties according to ſaid Schedule, (No. 1.) ſo much thereof as ſhall be ſufficient to anſwer the whole of the Hereditary Duties due on the Importation of ſuch Tobacco, to Your Majeſty, ſhall be placed to the Account of Your Majeſty's Hereditary Revenue: And that in all Caſes where the Importers of Tobacco ſhall pay a Part, and ſecure a Part of the Duties thereon as aforeſaid, the Sums paid down by them at Entry, as in the ſaid Schedule, (No. 2.) ſhall be taken and deemed, and are hereby declared to be ſo paid on Account of the Hereditary Duty due unto Your Majeſty: And that ſo much of the Duties for which Security ſhall be given as aforeſaid, as together with ſaid Sum ſo paid down in ready Money, ſhall be ſufficient to anſwer the whole of the Hereditary Duties due on the Importation of ſuch Tobacco to Your Majeſty, ſhall, when paid, be placed to the Account of Your Majeſty's Hereditary Revenue.

Pro-

Provided allways, That in case any Tobacco put in the said Ware-houses, and so locked up as aforesaid, shall be burnt or destroyed by Fire, during the Time it remains in the said Ware-houses, the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Tobacco, shall be allowed the Duties paid, and the Bond shall be discharged for so much thereof as shall have been so burned or destroyed.

And whereas great Frauds may arise to the Diminution of Your Majesty's Revenue, by Ware-housing Tobacco as aforesaid, in Ports where there are not, or shall not be a sufficient Number of Revenue Officers to attend the same: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Revenue, or any four of them from Time to Time, and as often as they shall see Occasion, to prohibit for such Time as they shall think proper, by Notice under their Hands, which Notice shall be published in the Gazette, and some other publick News-paper, and be likewise sent to the Chief Officer of the Port or Ports therein mentioned, any Tobacco imported at any Port to be mentioned in such Notice, except the Ports of Dublin, Drogheda, Dundalk, Newry, Belfast, Derry, Galway, Limerick, Corke, Waterford,

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Wexford, and Wicklow, to be Warehouſed; and that from and after ſuch Notice, during the Time therein mentioned, no Importer of Tobacco at any ſuch Port, ſhall be intitled to have the ſame lodged in a Warehouſe there, or take any Benefit by Virtue of any Thing in this Act contained, in Reſpect of Ware-houſing or Bonding the ſame, but every ſuch Importer ſhall pay the Whole of the Duties mentioned in the ſaid Schedule marked (No. 1.)

Provided allways, That no Drawback ſhall be given of any Duties paid on Tobacco imported previous to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, all Bonds to be given for Securing the Duties by Virtue of this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be due and payable immediately, upon the Day mentioned in the Condition of the ſaid Bond for the Payment thereof, and that the Legal Intereſt ſhall be paid to the Crown on all ſuch Bonds, ſuch Intereſt to be computed from the Day the Bond becomes due, unto the Day whereon it ſhall be paid off in Money, or the Day the Searcher certifies upon the Debenture that the Tobacco was ſhipped for Exportation, notwithſtanding ſuch Tobacco

bacco doth, or ſhall remain un-exported; and although the three Years, being the Time limited by Law for the Drawback on Exportation, ſhall not be expired, and no ſuch Security ſhall be vacated until all ſuch Intereſt ſhall be paid thereon. CHAP. IV.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Chancellor, Treaſurer, Lord Chief Baron, and other the Barons of His Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, or any or either of them to grant his or their Fiat for the Iſſuing of Proceſs of immediate Extent againſt any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have given his or their Bond or Bonds to the Crown for the Duties on Tobacco, although the Day mentioned in the Condition of the ſaid Bond or Bonds for Payment be not come, upon Affidavit laid before him or them by one of the Sureties, or Executor, or Adminiſtrator of ſuch Surety, that the Perſon bound to the Crown in ſuch Bond is decayed in his Circumſtances, and that the Crown's Debt is in Danger of being loſt, unleſs ſome more ſpeedy Method than the uſual Way of Proceeding be forthwith had for Recovery thereof, and if the Crown recovers the Money due on ſuch Bond before the Day of Payment ſhall become due, the Obligor is to be allowed out of the Money ſo recovered a Diſcount after the Rate of ſeven Pounds per Centum per Annum, in Proportion to the Time unexpired.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, no Allowance ſhall be made to the Importer for or in Conſideration of any damaged or mean Tobacco, either at the Scale or otherwiſe, but in Caſe any Merchant or other perſons ſhall refuſe to enter, pay, or ſecure the Duties aforeſaid for ſuch Tobacco, then he or they ſhall have Liberty to refuſe the ſame, or to ſeparate ſuch damaged Tobacco, by Cutting off from the Hogſhead or other Package ſo much thereof as he or they ſhall refuſe to pay Duty for, and the Principal Officers of Your Majeſty's Revenue reſident at the Port where ſuch damaged Tobacco ſhall be landed, or any two or more of them, ſhall cauſe all ſuch Tobacco to be burned and deſtroyed without making any Allowance to ſuch Importer for Freight or other Charges, other than the Allowances herein after provided for, any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided allways, That no Merchant or other Perſon ſhall have Liberty to ſeparate the Stalk from the Leaf, on Pretence that the ſame is damaged or mean Tobacco.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Drawback ſhall be allowed

allowed for any Tobacco Stalks or Stems exported by themselves, when they have been or shall be separated from the rest of the Leaf, any Law to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. IV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Master, Commander, or other Person or Persons taking Charge of any Ship or Vessel having Tobacco Loaden on board at any Port or Place whatsoever, in Great Britain, or any of His Majesty's Plantations in America, shall upon his Arrival at his Port of Discharge in this Kingdom, and at the Time that he makes his Report of his Ship at the Custom-House, Deliver to the Collector of the said Port (who is hereby required and directed to deliver the same to the Land-Waiters appointed for the Delivery of such Ship or Vessel) the Manifest or Content of the Lading of his Ship or Vessel, which he received from the Collector, Comptroller, or other Officer of the Customs at the Port or other Place where he took in his Lading; and if any Master, Commander, or other Person or Persons taking Charge of any such Ship or Vessel, shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Manifest or Content to the Collector of the Port, at the Time he makes his Report of his Ship at the Custom-House at the Port of his Discharge, he and they shall Forfeit and lose the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Land-Waiters appointed for the Delivery of every Ship or Veſſel arriving at any Port or Place in this Kingdom, from Great Britain, or any of His Majeſty's Plantations in America, having Tobacco on board, ſhall not ſuffer any Part of the Tobacco on board any Ship or Veſſel to be landed until they ſhall have, from and agreeable to the Manifeſt delivered to them by the Collector, entered into their reſpective Books (given them by the Directions of the Commiſſioners of Your Majeſty's Revenue for Keeping Accounts of Goods by them delivered, or ſuffered to be delivered from on board ſuch Ship) the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Manifeſts, and the Marks, Numbers, Weights, Tares, and Contents of the Several Hogſheads, Casks, Cheſts, and other Packages therein expreſſed, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of Fifty Pounds; and the ſaid Land-Waiters are hereby Authorized and required, upon the Landing of any ſuch Tobacco, to cauſe ſuch Landing Mark to be fixed and ſet upon every Hogſhead, Cask, Cheſt, or other Package whatſoever Containing the ſame, as ſhall be directed by the Commiſſioners of the Revenue aforeſaid, and the ſaid Land-Waiters are hereby alſo required to enter every ſuch Landing Mark in their ſeveral Books aforeſaid, on Pain of Forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, no Debenture shall be made forth for any Tobacco imported into this Kingdom, from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, or any Drawback be paid or allowed for the same when exported, or entered outwards for Exportation, to any Part or Parts beyond the Seas, unless the same, and every Part thereof, be shipped and exported from the very same Port or Place at which such identical Tobacco was at first originally imported into this Kingdom, and no other; and also unless the same identical Tobacco, if unmanufactured, and every Part thereof, be shipped and exported in the original Package, with the same Marks in and with which it was at first imported into this Kingdom, and no other, without any Alteration whatsoever being made in the Package, (except such as shall be occasioned by necessary Cooperage for the Repair of the said Package) or any other Tobacco being put therein, or any Part of the Tobacco being removed or taken out of the Package in which it was first imported, (except only Ten Pounds Weight of Tobacco which shall be allowed to be taken out of each Hogshead, Cask, Case, or other Package, after the same is weighed at Importation);

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and if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall enter any Tobacco for Exportation at any other Port or Place, than that at which the ſame identical Tobacco was imported, or in any other Caſk or Package, than the ſame in which the ſame manufactured Tobacco was originally imported, or without the ſame Marks, all ſuch Tobacco ſhall be forfeited, and no Drawback thereupon ſhall be paid; or if any ſhall be paid, the ſame ſhall be repaid, and the Perſon who entered, or cauſed the ſame to be entered, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds; and whoever ſhall knowingly export beyond the Seas, any Hogſhead or other Package of Tobacco out of which more than Ten Pounds Weight of Tobacco has been taken for Samples, he, ſhe, or they, ſo offending, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every ſuch Hogſhead, or other Package of Tobacco ſo exported.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Tobacco ſhall be imported or brought into this Kingdom, from any of His Majeſty's Plantations in America, otherwiſe than in Caſk, Cheſt, or Caſe only, each Caſk, Cheſt, or Caſe to contain Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds Weight of net Tobacco at the leaſt, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all ſuch Tobacco as ſhall be imported contrary to this Act, together with the Caſks, Cheſts, Caſes,

Cases, and other Package containing the same. CHAP. IV.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when any unmanufactured Tobacco is imported in Hogsheads or Casks into this Kingdom, if upon the Landing and Examination thereof, it shall appear that the Tobacco contained in any such Hogsheads or Casks is so much damaged that by cutting off the damaged part thereof, for which no Duty is paid, the sound Tobacco remaining in any of such Hogsheads, for which Duty is to be paid, is under the Weight of Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds, then and in such Case it shall and may be lawful for the Importer or Importers thereof, in the Presence of the Land-waiter or Land-waiters appointed to deliver the Ship in which the same was imported, to cause all such sound Tobacco to be put together in one or more of the same Hogsheads, out of which the damaged Tobacco was taken; and the said Land-waiter and Land-waiters, or the other proper Officers are hereby directed and required to enter in their respective Books the true and exact Weight of all such sound Tobacco put into each and every such Hogshead, with the several and respective Marks and Numbers set on each and every such Hogshead, and also to note and specify in their Books that such Hogsheads were packed and refilled in their Presence;

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and all and every ſuch Hogſheads of unmanufactured Tobacco ſhall and may be exported from the ſame Ports, and no other, at which they were originally imported, and Debentures ſhall be made out, and the Drawback be paid for the Tobacco therein contained, (provided the Quantity of the Tobacco in each ſuch Hogſhead amounts to Four Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Weight or more,) in the ſame Manner and Form to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the Package of ſuch Tobacco had not been altered, any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in anywiſe notwithſtanding,

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall enter any unmanufactured Tobacco outwards (except unmanufactured Tobacco imported before the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty) at any Port or Place in this Kingdom, in order to be ſhipped and exported in any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, to any Part or Parts beyond the Seas, ſhall, before the ſame, or any Part thereof, is laden on Board any Ship or Veſſel to be exported, indorſe upon the Cocket and Bill (to be delivered to the proper Officer or Officers appointed to examine Tobacco ſhipped for Exportation) in a fair, diſtinct, and

and legible Manner, the Mark and Number as contained in the Manifest which was upon each and every Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or other Package of such Tobacco at the Time when the same was first imported into this Kingdom, and also the landing Mark or Number which was placed and set upon each and every Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or other Package thereof, when the same was first landed in this Kingdom, together with the exact Weight that each and every Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or other Package, with the Tobacco therein contained, was of at the Time of its being landed in this Kingdom, and also the particular Mark and Number set upon each Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or other Package thereof by the Exporter or Exporters thereof at the Time the same shall be brought to the Water side to be shipped for Exportation, together with the then Weight, which each particular Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or other Package, and the Tobacco therein contained shall be of at the Time it is so entered for Exportation; and the Officer shall not admit any Cocket unless marked as aforesaid; and all and every Exporter and Exporters of Tobacco shall also from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, write off, and they are hereby required and directed to write off the Weight of each Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or other Package of unmanufactured Tobacco by

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him, her, or them exported from any Port of this Kingdom to any Part or Parts beyond the Seas from the identical and particular Entry made of each and every such Hogshead, Chest, or other Package of such unmanufactured Tobacco at the Time when it was first imported into this Kingdom; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever, who after the said Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, shall enter outwards for Exportation to any Part or Parts beyond the Seas from any Port or Ports of this Kingdom, any unmanufactured Tobacco, shall neglect or refuse to indorse upon the Cocket and Bill, for the said Tobacco delivered to the proper Officer, in a fair, distinct, and legible Manner, all and each and every of the several and respective Marks, Numbers, and Weights herein before mentioned and described, and in the Manner and Form the same is hereby required and directed to be done, or shall neglect or refuse to write off the Weight of each Hogshead, Cask, Chest, or other Package of unmanufactured Tobacco by him, her, or them exported from the identical Entry made thereof at the Time when the same was first imported into this Kingdom, agreeable to the Directions herein before given for that Purpose, all and each, and every such Person and Persons offending in each or either of these Cases, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Pounds for every Hogshead, Cask, Chest,

Cheſt, or other Package of ſuch unmanufactured Tobacco, for each and every ſuch Offence or Offences, to be ſued for, recovered, levied, and divided in the Manner herein after directed; any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary in anywiſe notwithſtanding; and no Drawback or Debenture, for or on Account of the Exportation thereof, ſhall be made out, granted, or paid. CHAP. IV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, who from and after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, ſhall import any Tobacco into this Kingdom from Great Britain, or any of Your Majeſty's Plantations in America; and who ſhall in any wiſe manufacture the ſame, or any Part thereof, upon his, her, or their own Account or Accounts, or cauſe, or procure the ſame, or any Part thereof, to be manufactured for his, her, or their own Account or Accounts by any other Perſon or Perſons, ſhall before the ſame, or any Part thereof, be manufactured by the Importer or Importers, or ſhall be delivered out by the Importer or Importers, to any other Perſon or Perſons, to be manufactured for the Account of ſuch Importer or Importers, deliver, and they are hereby directed and required to deliver to the Collector, or other Chief Officer of the Revenue, at the Port or Place where ſuch

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Tobacco was impoꝛted, an Account in Writing, containing the Mark and Number, as ſpecified in the Manifeſt of every Hogſhead, Caſk, Cheſt, oꝛ other Package of Tobacco, intended to be manufactured, with the Name of the Ship oꝛ Ships in which the ſame was impoꝛted, and the Time when, and alſo the Landing-Mark and Number ſet on each Hogſhead, Caſk, Cheſt, oꝛ other Package, at the Time of their Impoꝛtation into this Kingdom; and alſo the exact Weight which all and each, and every ſuch Hogſhead, Caſk, Cheſt, oꝛ other Package, and the Tobacco therein contained, was of at the Time of their being firſt landed in this Kingdom, and the exact Weight the ſame were of at the Time of the Delivery thereof to be manufactured, which Account ſhall be ſigned by ſuch Impoꝛter oꝛ Impoꝛters, oꝛ one of his, her, oꝛ their knoꝛn Seꝛvants oꝛ Agents, and alſo by ſuch Perſon oꝛ Perſons to whom ſuch Tobacco is delivered to be manufactured, oꝛ one of his, her, oꝛ their knoꝛn Seꝛvants oꝛ Agents, with their ſeveral and reſpective Names and Places of Abode; and ſuch Impoꝛter and Impoꝛters ſhall, at the Time of their delivering in ſuch Accounts as afoꝛeſaid, ſtrike off from the Entries made at the Time and Times at which the Tobacco, contained in ſuch Account, was impoꝛted, and againſt each and every particular Ship in which the ſame was impoꝛted, the Weight of each particular Hogſhead,

Caſk,

Cask, Cheſt, or other Package contained in ſuch Account of Tobacco intended to be manufactured as aforeſaid, in the very ſame Manner and Form, as if the ſame Tobacco had been delivered for Exportation; and in Caſe any Importer or Importers of Tobacco ſhall neglect to give in ſuch Account as aforeſaid, at the Time, and in ſuch Manner and Form, in all Reſpects, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as is herein before directed and required; or in Caſe ſuch Account ſhall at the Time the ſame is given in, or at any Time afterwards, appear to be falſe and fraudulent in any Reſpect whatſoever, he, ſhe, or they, knowingly offending in any or either of the Caſes aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of Thirty Pounds for every Hogſhead, or other Package of Tobacco, an Account of which is omitted to be given as before directed, or of which a wrong Account ſhall knowingly be given, and the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Tobacco ſhall have been delivered to be manufactured, neglecting by him, her, or themſelves, or by his, her, or their known Servant or Agent, to ſign ſuch Account as aforeſaid, or knowingly ſigning any fraudulent Account, ſhall alſo forfeit and loſe the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every ſuch Hogſhead, or other Package of Tobacco, of which no Account, or of which a fraudulent Account is knowingly given.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, who from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, ſhall Import any Tobacco into this Kingdom, from Great Britain, or any of Your Majeſty's Plantations in America, and ſhall ſell or deliver the ſame, or any part thereof, to any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall within Fourteen Days after the Delivery thereof, out of his Cuſtody to the Purchaſer or Purchaſers thereof, or their Order, give and Deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms, at the Port or Place where ſuch Tobacco was imported, an Account in Writing, containing the Mark and Number as ſpecified in the Manifeſt of every Hogſhead, Caſk, Cheſt, or other Package of Tobacco, ſo ſold or delivered, with the Name of the Ship or Ships in which the ſame was imported, and Times when, and alſo the Landing Mark and Number ſet on each Hogſhead, Caſk, Cheſt, or other Package at the Time of their Importation into this Kingdom, with the exact Weight which all, and each and every ſuch Hogſheads, Caſks, Cheſts, or other Packages, and the Tobacco therein contained, were of, at the Time of their being firſt landed in this Kingdom, and alſo the exact Weight thereof at the Time of their Sale or Delivery to the Purchaſer or Purchaſers thereof, which Account ſhall be

be ſigned by ſuch Impoꝛter oꝛ Impoꝛters, oꝛ one of his, her, oꝛ their knowꝛn Ser-vants oꝛ Agents, alſo by ſuch Peꝛſon oꝛ Perſons to whom ſuch Tobacco is ſold oꝛ delivered, oꝛ one of his, her, oꝛ their knowꝛn Servants oꝛ Agents, with their ſeveral and reſpective Names and Places of Abode; and ſuch Impoꝛter and Impoꝛters ſhall, at the Time of their Delivering in ſuch Accounts as afoꝛeſaid, write off from the Entries made at the Time and Times at which the Tobacco contained in ſuch Account was imported, and againſt each and every particular Ship in which the ſame was impoꝛted, the Weight of each particular Hogſhead, Caſk, Cheſt, oꝛ other Package of Tobacco contained in ſuch Account, in the ſame Manner and Foꝛm as if the ſaid Tobacco had been delivered foꝛ Exꝛportation; and in Caſe any Impoꝛter oꝛ Impoꝛters of Tobacco ſhall Neglect to give in ſuch Account as afoꝛeſaid, at the Time and in ſuch Manner and Foꝛm in all Reſpects, to all Intents and Purpoſes as is herein befoꝛe directed and required, oꝛ in Caſe ſuch Account ſhall at the Time the ſame is given in, oꝛ at any Time afterwards, appear to be falſe oꝛ fraudulent in any Reſpect whatſoever, he, ſhe, oꝛ they knowingly offending in any oꝛ either of the Caſes afoꝛeſaid, ſhall foꝛfeit and loſe the Sum of Thirty Pounds foꝛ every Hogſhead oꝛ other Package of Tobacco, an Account of which is omitted to be given as beforꝛe directed, oꝛ of which a wrong Ac-

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count ſhall be knowingly given, and the Perſon or Perſons to whom or to whoſe Order ſuch Tobacco ſhall have been ſold or delivered, Neglecting by him, her, or themſelves, or his, her, or their known Servant or Agent to ſign ſuch Account as aforeſaid, or knowingly ſigning any fraudulent Account, ſhall alſo forfeit and loſe the Sum of Thirty Pounds for every ſuch Hogſhead or other Package of Tobacco of which no Account, or of which a fraudulent Account is knowingly given.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in Caſe any Tobacco ſhall happen to receive Damage on Board any Ship or Veſſel, by ſtreſs of Weather at Sea, or any Damage by any Ship or Veſſel's being forced on Shore, or if any unforeſeen Accidents ſhould happen after the Arrival of any Ship or Veſſel in Port, by the Ship's bulging on an Anchor, or by the Lighter into which the Tobacco is put, in Order to be laid on Land, or by any ſuch like Accidents, whereby ſuch Tobacco ſhall receive Damage, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners or Collectors, or other Chief Officers of Your Majeſty's Revenue, to allow and pay to the Importer, at the Rate of One Halfpenny for every Pound of ſuch Tobacco, for which the Importer ſhall refuſe to pay or ſecure the full Duties, and which ſhall be cut off or ſeparated from the ſound, in Order to be

be burnt, or otherwiſe publickly deſtroyed by the Officers of Your Majeſty's Revenue, ſo as ſuch Allowance ſhall not exceed Thirty Shillings, for all the Tobacco damaged in any one ſingle Hogſhead imported, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding. CHAP. IV.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Drawback ſhall be allowed on any Tobacco exported in any Package, containing leſs than Four hundred and twenty-five Pounds Weight, except ſuch Tobacco as ſhall be cut or rolled, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, there ſhall be allowed at the Scale Eight Pounds only for Draught upon every Hogſhead that ſhall contain Four hundred and fifty Pounds of Tobacco or more, which Allowance ſhall not be deducted upon Exportation.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, the Collector, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Revenue, in the Port of Dublin, and alſo at every Port or Place in this

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Kingdom, where any Tobacco ſhall be imported, after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, from Great Britain, or any of Your Majeſty's Plantations in America, do, once in every Calendar Month, tranſmit or deliver to ſuch Perſon as ſhall be deputed and appointed by the Chief Commiſſioners of the Revenue, for the Time being, to receive the ſame, one of the Land-Waiters Books in which his Account is entered and kept, of the Landing and diſcharging of Tobacco imported in any Ship or Veſſel, at ſuch Port or Place from Great Britain, or any of Your Majeſty's Plantations in America, and alſo true and exact Copies of every Entry of Tobacco for Exportation, and of the ſeveral and reſpective Indorſements relating thereto, which are delivered to the Searcher, or proper Officer or Officers, at ſuch Port or Place where any ſuch Tobacco is entered and ſhipped for Exportation to foreign Parts, and alſo true and exact Copies of every Account which (purſuant to the Directions herein before given) ſhall be delivered to any Officer or Officers of the Revenue, at ſuch Port or Place, of Tobacco intended to be manufactured by the Importer or Importers thereof, on his, or their own Account, or which ſhall be delivered by the Importer or Importers thereof, to any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to be manufactured for the Account of ſuch Importer or Importers, and alſo true and

and exact Copies of every Account, which, pursuant to the Directions herein before given, shall be delivered to any Officer or Officers, at such Port or Place, by the Importer or Importers of Tobacco sold by them to any other Person or Persons whatsoever; which said several Accounts are to be kept by the said Person who shall be deputed and appointed as aforesaid, who is to keep proper Books, and enter therein the said several and respective Accounts, so transmitted or delivered to him; which several Entries shall be made, and an Account thereof kept in such Manner and Form, that the Marks and Numbers on every Hogshead, Cask, or other Package of Tobacco, with the Weights thereof, at the Importation thereof, may be compared and checked with the Marks, Numbers, and Weights, at the Exportation thereof, or when sold or delivered for home Consumption, or to be manufactured, to the Intent, that the Identity of all such Tobacco imported, exported, sold, or delivered to be manufactured, may be thereby known and ascertained; and when any Thing shall appear to him to be done or practised at any Port or Place, contrary to the Directions and Intentions of this Act, he shall immediately transmit an Account thereof in Writing to the Commissioners of the Revenue for the Time being, at Dublin; and if any Collector, or other Chief Officer or Officers of the Revenue, at any Port or Place of this Kingdom,

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ſhall neglect or refuſe to tranſmit and deliver one of the Land-Waiter's Books, and a true Copy of every entry of Tobacco for Exportation, and of the ſeveral Indorſements relating thereto herein before mentioned and deſcribed, and alſo true Copies of all or any, or either of the Accounts herein before mentioned and deſcribed within the Time and Times, herein before limited and appointed for that Purpoſe, he and they ſo neglecting or refuſing, ſhall forfeit Fifty Pounds for every ſuch Neglect or Refuſal; to be ſued for, levied, recovered, and divided in Manner herein after provided.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons whatſoever, who ſhall import any Tobacco into this Kingdom from Great-Britain, or any of Your Majeſty's Plantations in America, ſhall, within the Space of Twenty-one Calendar Months, to be reckoned and computed from the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, purſuant to the Proviſions contained in an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, tranſmit and deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Port or Place where any ſuch Tobacco is imported, a true Account in Writing, under his Hand and their reſpective Hands, of all ſuch Tobacco which he, ſhe, or they ſhall at the Time of giving in ſuch Account, have in his, her,

or

or their Custody, Power or Possession; CHAP. IV.
which Account shall contain the Number of Hogsheads, Casks, Chests, Cases, or other Packages in which such Tobacco is contained, together with all and each, and every of the several and respective Marks, Numbers, and Weights set upon all and each, and every such Hogshead, Cask, Chest, Case, or other Package, and the particular Ware-houses, Store-houses, Cellars, or other Places where the same were then lodged and lie; and all and every such Person or Persons shall from and after the Expiration of the aforesaid Term of Twenty-one Months, transmit and deliver annually and every Year, between the First and Twenty-ninth Days of September in each Year to such Collector, or other Chief Officer of the Revenue at the Port or Place where any such Tobacco is imported, a true Account in Writing, under his, her, and their respective Hands, of all such Tobacco which he, she, or they shall at the Time of giving in such Account, have in his, her, or their Custody, Power, or Possession, which has been entered in this Kingdom Eighteen Months or more at the Time of giving in such Account; which Account shall also contain the Number of Hogsheads, Casks, Chests, or other Packages in which such Tobacco is contained; and also all and each, and every of the several and respective Marks, Numbers, and Weights set upon all and each, and every such Hogshead, Cask,

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Chest, Case, or other Package, and the particular Ware-houses, Store-houses, Cellars, or other Places where the same are then lodged and lie, and every such Collector, or other Chief Officer is upon Receipt of such Accounts, forthwith to cause the several and respective Goods contained in such Accounts, to be examined thereby, and then to transmit such Accounts to the Person appointed by the Commissioners of the Revenue for keeping the Accounts herein before mentioned; and if any Importer or Importers of Tobacco shall neglect to give in such Account and Accounts as aforesaid, at the Time and Times, and in such Manner and Form in all Respects as is herein before limited, directed, and appointed, or if such Account or Accounts shall upon Examination appear to be false or fraudulent in any Respect whatsoever, he, she, or they so offending in both or either of these Cases, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each and every such Offence.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall at any Time or Times hereafter, in order to defeat any of the Purposes or Intents of this Act, erase, cut out, burn out, blot out, or in anywise whatsoever alter, change, or deface any Mark or Number, Marks or Numbers whatsoever which was or were burnt in or set upon any Hogshead, Cask, Chest, Case,

Case, or other Package whatsoever, of Tobacco in Great-Britain, or the Plantations in America, or which was or were burnt in or set thereon in this Kingdom upon the Importation or Landing thereof, or which was or were burnt in or set thereon in this Kingdom upon the Exportation thereof from hence, he, she, and they so offending, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each Hogshead, Cask, Chest, Case, or other Package whatsoever of Tobacco, the Mark whereof shall be so altered or defaced as aforesaid; to be sued for, recovered, levied, and divided, as is herein after directed. CHAP. IV.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, no Tobacco unmanufactured shall be loaden or laid on Board any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, in any Port or Place in this Kingdom, to the Intent to be exported, except in Casks, Chests, or Cases containing Four Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Weight, or more, of Tobacco in each Cask, Chest, or Case, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of such Tobacco, and of the Cask, Chest, or Case containing the same, except Casks or other Packages containing Samples of Tobacco shipped and exported at the same Time and Place, and with the same Hogsheads or Casks out of which such Samples were taken, and the same Goods

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and Packages ſhall and may be ſeized and proſecuted by any Officer or Officers of the Revenue in ſuch Manner and Form as herein after is provided.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Drawback ſhall be allowed for any Tobacco which is mixed with Rubbiſh or Dirt, or any other Matter or Thing whatſoever, and all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall enter or ſhip for Exportation, or Cauſe to be entered or ſhipped for Exportation, any Tobacco mixed with Rubbiſh, or with Dirt, or with any other Matter or Thing whatſoever, or who ſhall enter any Thing as Tobacco for Exportation, and which, upon Examination by the Proper Officers, ſhall appear not to be Tobacco, ſhall Forfeit all ſuch Goods, and the Casks and other Package in which they are contained, and alſo the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each and every Hogſhead or other Package thereof.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, no Tobacco, either Manufactured or unmanufactured, ſhall be entered or ſhipped for Exportation to any Parts beyond the Seas, Great Britain only excepted, in any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, unleſs ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards,

upwards, and if any Officer or Officers of the Revenue shall apprehend or have Reason to believe that any such Ship or Vessel bound to foreign parts, having Tobacco on board her, shall not be of the Burthen of Seventy Tons and upwards, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer or Officers to stop and detain such Ship or Vessel, and the whole Cargo laden on board her of Tobacco, and all other Goods, until he or they shall cause such Ship and Vessel to be admeasured in Manner herein after mentioned; and if it shall appear by such Admeasurement that any such Ship or Vessel is of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards, and under the Burthen of One Hundred Tons, the Officer or Officers so stopping and detaining her and her Cargo, shall not be subject or liable to any Action for Damages occasioned by such Stoppage and Detention, and if the Master or Commander of any Ship or Vessel outward bound, to Foreign parts, having Tobacco on Board, shall enter and clear out such Ship or other Vessel at the Custom-house as of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards, and such Ship or Vessel shall not be of so great Burthen, to be ascertained by the mode of Admeasurement herein after prescribed, he shall Forfeit and lose the Sum of One Hundred Pounds for every such Offence.

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And for preventing disputes concerning the Admeasurement of such Ships or Vessels; Be it enacted by the Authority afore-

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ſaid, That the following Rule ſhall be obſerved therein, that is to ſay, the Length ſhall be taken on a ſtraight Line along the Rabbit of the Keel of the Ship, from the Back of the Main Stern Poſt to a perpendiculat Line from the foze part of the Main Stern under the Bowſprit, from which ſubſtracting thzee fifths of the Bzeadth, the Remainder ſhall be eſteemed the juſt Length of the Keel to find the Tonnage; and the Bzeadth ſhall be taken from the outſide of the outſide Plank, in the bzoadeſt Place of the Ship, be it either above oz below the main Whales, excluſive of all Manner of doubling Planks, that may be wrought upon the Sides of the Ship, then multiplying the Length of the Keel by the Bzeadth ſo taken, and that pzoduct by half the Bzeadth, and dividing the Whole by Ninety-four, the Quotient ſhall be deemed the true Contents of the Tonnage, accozding to which Rule the Tonnage of all ſuch Ships and Veſſels ſhall be Meaſured and aſcertained; any Law, Cuſtom, oz Uſage to the contrary in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority afozeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundzed and eighty-one, where any Ship oz Veſſel whatſoever, under the Burthen of Seventy Tons, coming oz arriving from Fozeign Parts, oz having cleared outwards in this Kingdom foz Fozeign Parts, and having on Board

Board One Hundred Pounds Weight of Tobacco, or any Tobacco-Stalks or Stems stripped from the Leaf, or fifty Pounds Weight of Snuff, shall be found at Anchor, or hovering within the Limits of any of the Ports of this Kingdom, or within two Leagues of the Shore thereof, or shall be discovered to have been within the Limits of any Port, and not proceeding on her Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting, unless in Case of unavoidable Necessity and Distress of Weather, of which Necessity and Distress the Master, Purser, or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall give Notice to, and make Proof of, before the Collector, or other Chief Officer of the Revenue of such Port as aforesaid, immediately after the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel in the said Port, all such Tobacco and Tobacco-Stalks or Stems, stripped from the Leaf, and Snuff, together with the Hogsheads, Bags, Boxes, Casks, or other Package whatsoever, containing the same Goods, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost (whether Bulk shall then have been broken or not) and the Master, or other Person taking Charge of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One Hundred Pounds; and the same Goods and Packages shall and may be seized and prosecuted, or the Value thereof be sued for, by any Officer or Officers of

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the Revenue, in ſuch Manner and Form as herein after is provided, any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding; and if any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, above the Burthen of ſeventy Tons, having ſuch Goods on Board as aforeſaid, either homewards Bound or outward Bound as aforeſaid, ſhall be found at Anchor, or hovering as aforeſaid, and no Notice of Diſtreſs being given as aforeſaid, the Maſter or other Perſon taking Charge of every ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in Caſes where any Forfeitures are created in reſpect of, or Drawbacks diſallowed for, any Tobacco in Packages under Five Hundred Pounds Weight, by any Law heretofore made in this Kingdom, no Forfeiture ſhall be incurred on Account of any ſuch Package, for not being of the Weight of Five Hundred Pounds, nor any Drawback refuſed on Exportation thereof from this Kingdom on that Account, provided the ſame, if imported from any of his Majeſty's Plantations in America, ſhall contain Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds Weight, and if imported from Great Britain, or if exported from this Kingdom, ſhall contain Four Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Weight; any Thing in any Law to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Tobacco, not being of the Growth or Product of any British Colony or Plantation, that shall hereafter be taken and brought into this Kingdom, by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or by any Private or other Ship or Vessel having Commission from the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, for the Time being, for that Purpose, shall and may, upon Condemnation thereof as lawful Prize, be landed in any Port of this Kingdom, and secured under the King's Locks, in Ware-houses provided at the sole Expence of the Captors, with the Privity and Approbation, and under the Care and Inspection of the Commissioners or Principal Officers for collecting the Duties of Customs and Excise, at the different respective Ports, and upon Admission of any such Tobacco into such Ware-house, there shall be paid by the Captors, or their Agents, the following Duties, which shall not be afterwards drawn back or repaid upon the Exportation of any such Tobacco; that is to say, for all such Tobacco taken as aforesaid, by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, a Duty, at the Rate of Seven Pounds Ten Shillings for every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, as set forth in the before mentioned Schedules hereunto annexed;

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nexed; and for ſuch Tobacco, if taken by any Private Ship, or other Ship having Commiſſion as aforeſaid, a Duty of Two Pounds Ten Shillings, according to the ſaid Rates in the ſaid Schedules mentioned, the ſaid Duties to be paid down in Ready Money net, and without any Diſcount or Allowance whatſoever.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Prize Tobacco which ſhall be received into any Ware-houſe in purſuance of this Act, and ſecured under the King's Locks by Permiſſion of any one of the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms in this Kingdom, or of the Principal Officer in ſuch reſpective Ports, ſhall, and may upon Payment of the reſpective Duties before directed by this Act, be exported at any Time directly from ſuch Ware-houſe, either by the Captors or their Agents, or by any other Perſon or Perſons, without paying any further Duty for the ſame, the Perſon or Perſons exporting the ſame, giving ſufficient Security in double the Value of the ſaid Tobacco before the Delivery thereof out of the Ware-houſe, that the ſame ſhall be really and truly exported, and not brought back again, or re-landed in any Part of this Kingdom, Great-Britain, or the Iſlands of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or the Iſlands of Farro or Ferro, which Security the Cuſtomer and Collector of the Port from whence the ſame are to be exported is hereby

hereby required and authorized to take in His Majesty's Name, and to His Majesty's Use. CHAP. IV.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Tobaccos shall be taken out of any Ware-house, wherein such Tobacco shall have been secured as aforesaid, to be consumed in this Kingdom, the Person or Persons so taking out the same, shall first pay up the Remainder of the Duties which would have been payable to His Majesty thereon, if the same had been regularly imported by way of Merchandize into this Kingdom; and such Tobacco for which said Duties have been so paid, shall in all other Respects be liable to the same Restrictions and Regulations to which such Tobacco would have been subject had the same not been Prize Tobacco.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and singular the said Duties, Rates, and Impositions hereby granted, shall be raised, answered, and collected, and paid unto Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors during the Time aforesaid, at the same Time, in like Manner, except as to bonding the same, or any Discount for Prompt Payment; and all Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, shall and may be sued for, recovered, levied, and applied in such Manner

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and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and with ſuch Powers and Authorities as are preſcribed, directed, and appointed, in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for ſettling the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted, as fully and effectually to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were particularly mentioned, expreſſed, and re-enacted in the Body of this preſent Act, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who ſhall think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe is provided.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time or Times be ſued or proſecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in Purſuance of, or by Virtue of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing in this Act contained, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſhall and may plead the general iſſue and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That neither the Six Pence per Pound, nor any other Fee ſhall be payable to, or be deducted or received by, the Vice-Treaſurer,

Treaſurer, Receiver or Paymaſter-General, Clerk of the Pells or any other Officer or Officers of this Kingdom for their own Uſe, for or on Account of the iſſuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, ariſing by, or which ſhall be received for, or on Account of the Aids hereby granted to Your Majeſty, or of any Payment to be made in Purſuance of this Act, but that the ſame ſhall be received and duly accounted for to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors. CHAP. IV.

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates and Duties payable upon Tobacco of the Growth or Produce of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, or the *Weſt Indies*, imported directly from ſuch Plantation, Iſland, or Place of the Growth or Produce of ſuch Tobacco, or imported from *Great Britain*, having been there imported directly from ſuch Plantation, Iſland, or Place of the Growth thereof, or imported from any Iſland or Place from whence the ſame may lawfully be imported, not being the Iſland or Place of the Growth or Produce of ſuch Tobacco, diſtinguiſhed as ſuch Tobacco is or is not ſubject to Aliens Duty: The ſaid Duties to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties whatſoever payable by Virtue of any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom, and to be paid down in Ready Money, net, without any Diſcount or Allowance whatſoever.

Duties payable upon every £ 100. of the Rate.

	Rate.	Having been imported directly from the Place of the Growth thereof.		Not having been imported from the Place of the Growth thereof.	
		By Subjects.	By Strangers.	By Subjects.	By Strangers.
	l. s. d.	l. s. d. 20ths.	l. s. d. 20ths.	l. s. d. 20ths.	l. s. d. 20ths.
Tobacco—the Pound - -	0 1 8	54 12 4 6⅓	55 19 5 6⅓	60 0 8 6⅓	61 7 9 6⅓

No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates and Duties to be paid down and ſecured on Tobacco (which ſhall be Ware-houſed in this Kingdom) of the Growth or Produce of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, or the *Weſt Indies*, imported directly from ſuch Plantation, Iſland, or Place of the Growth or Produce of ſuch Tobacco, or imported from *Great Britain*, having been there imported directly from ſuch Plantation, Iſland, or Place of the Growth thereof, or imported from any Iſland or Place from whence the ſame may lawfully be imported, not being the Iſland or Place of the Growth or Produce of ſuch Tobacco, diſtinguiſhed as ſuch Tobacco is or is not ſubject to Aliens Duty: The ſaid Duties ſo paid and ſecured to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties whatſoever, payable by virtue of any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom.

Duty upon every £ 100. of the Rate.

	Rate.	Having been imported directly from the Place of its Growth.								Not having been imported from the Place of its Growth.							
		By Subjects.				By Strangers				By Subjects.				By Strangers.			
	l. s. d.	l.	s.	d.	20ths.	l.	s.	d.	20ths.	l.	s.	d.	20ths.	l.	s.	d.	20ths.
Tobacco—the Pound - - - - -	— 1 8																
To be paid down in ready Money at Entry	— — —	5	8	4	—	6	15	5	—	10	16	8	—	12	3	9	—
To be ſecured by Bond - - -	— — —	54	13	3	$3\frac{5}{3}$	54	13	3	$3\frac{5}{3}$	55	4	1	$3\frac{1}{3}$	55	4	1	$3\frac{1}{3}$

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V.

AN

ACT

FOR

The Advancement of Trade, and for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral Duties therein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for the Advancement of Trade, and for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral Duties therein mentioned.

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WHEREAS the Wealth and Proſperity of this Kingdom do very much depend upon the Improvement of its Manufactures, and their profitable Export; be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, the ſeveral and reſpective Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and all other Duties whatſoever, payable to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, by any Law or Laws whatſoever now in

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Force, upon the Exportation of any Goods or Merchandizes, the Product or Manufacture of this Kingdom, except the Alnage-Duties, shall cease, determine, and be no longer due or payable, for so much of the said Goods and Merchandizes, as shall be exported to any other Place than Great Britain, except such Goods and Merchandizes, touching which a special Provision is herein after made.

And be it provided and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to determine, alter, lessen, or repeal any Custom or other Duty payable on the Exportation from this Kingdom, to any Place whatsoever, of any Skins, or Hides, Coney-Hair or Wool, Hare's Wool, Hair of any Sort; Horns, Horses, or live Cattle of any Sort; Ashes, Baron, Beef, Pork, Butter, Grease, Guts, Hog's Lard, Tallow, Tongues, Bones not manufactured, Flax-Seed, Hemp-Seed, Linen-yarn, Linen-Rags or Shreds, Rape-Cakes, Soaper's-Waste, Tin and Wrought Weld, Wax or Woad, and Provisions of every Sort, except Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour, when the Prices of such Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour shall exceed those upon which a Bounty on their Exportation is or shall be payable, nor upon the Exportation to any of the British Plantations in America, the West Indies, or any of the British Settlements on the Coast of Africa, of Iron and

Iron

Iron Ware, Leather tanned, dressed, or tawed, Shreds and Points of Leather, Belts, Vellum and Parchment, Soap, Hops, Allum, Lead, Lead Ore, Copperas, Coals, Wool Cards, White Woollen Cloth, Lapis Calaminaris, Gleib, and Litharge of Lead; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. V.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to export out of this Kingdom, to any Place except Great Britain, without paying any Subsidy or Duty whatsoever for the same, all such Goods or Merchandizes, the Product or Manufacture of this Kingdom, as may be lawfully exported, other than the Goods and Merchandizes, touching which an Exception or special Provision is herein, or in any other Act which shall be passed this Session of Parliament, made, so as due Entry be first made thereof at the Custom-House of the Port where the same shall be exported, in the same Manner, and expressing the Quantity and Quality of the respective Goods, as was used and practised in respect of any Goods exported before the making of this Act, and so as the same be shipped by the proper Officer for that Purpose, and so as the Exporter do first make Oath before the Customer, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of such Port, which Oath he is hereby required and impowered to administer, that the said Goods

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are of Iriſh Manufacture or Product; or on Failure thereof, the ſaid Goods or Merchandizes, the Product or Manufacture of this Kingdom, ſhall be liable to the Payment of Duties, as if this Act had never been made, any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding,

And whereas the removing, as far as may be, all Obſtacles to trading in the Goods and Merchandizes of other Countries will tend to promote Navigation, increaſe Shipping, and thereby extend the Commerce of this Kingdom; be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Goods or Commodities which have been, or ſhall be legally imported, ſhall after Payment of the Duties charged and payable upon the Importation thereof, be again exported by any Merchant or Trader, within Three Years after the Importation thereof, to any Britiſh Colony in America, or the Weſt Indies, or any Britiſh Settlement on the Coaſt of Africa; and if due Proof be made by Certificate from the proper Officer of the due Entry and Payment of the ſaid Duties, and that all other Requiſites have been performed, which are by Law required in thoſe Caſes, where the Moiety of the Subſidy inwards is to be repaid by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tonnage,

and

and other Sums of Money unto His Royal Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into, or out of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, according to the Book of Rates thereunto annexed; **that when the Whole of the Subſidy inwards, and the Whole of the Duties of Impoſt Exciſe, and all other Duties paid upon the Importation thereof, ſhall, without Delay or Reward, be repaid and allowed to ſuch Merchant or Merchants ſo exporting the ſame, within one Month after Demand thereof, ſave and except on all the ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes, touching which any Proviſion is herein after made, and alſo ſave and except all Duties on imported Herrings.**

And whereas ſeveral Allowances are given in Great Britain **upon the Exportation thence of Britiſh Manufactures in the Nature of Drawbacks or Compenſations for the Duties paid on the Importation of the Materials uſed in the manufacturing, particularly in thoſe made of Silk and Silk mixed, in Compenſation for the Duties paid on the Importation of Raw and Thrown Silk: And whereas high Duties are likewiſe payable in this Kingdom upon the Importation of Raw and Thrown Silk: And whereas it is juſt and reaſonable that Allowances of the ſame Nature ſhould be likewiſe given upon the Exportation from hence of any Manufacture made in this Kingdom of Silk, or Silk**

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mixed with any other Material, bearing ſuch Proportion to the Allowance given in Great Britain, upon the like Articles as the Duties upon the Importation of Raw and Thrown Silk here bear to the Duties payable in Great Britain on the Importation of Raw and Thrown Silk there; be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral and reſpective Allowances or Sums of Money herein after mentioned, ſhall be paid to any Perſon or Perſons, who at any Time or Times after the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, ſhall really and bona fide export out of this Kingdom, by Way of Merchandize, any of the Goods or Commodities of the Manufacture of this Kingdom herein after particularly ſpecified; that is to ſay. For all Ribbands and Stuffs made in Ireland, of Silk only, and exported, the Sum of One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny for every Pound Weight Avoirdupoize; for all Silks and Ribbands made in Ireland of Silk mixed with Gold or Silver. and exported, the Sum of Two Shillings and One Penny and one Halfpenny for every Pound Weight Avoirdupoize; for all Silk Stockings, Silk Gloves, Silk Fringes, Silk Laces, Stitching or Selving Silk made in Ireland, and exported, the Sum of Eight Pence for every Pound Weight Avoirdupoize; for all Stuffs made in Ireland of Silk and Grogram Yarn, and exported, the Sum of Four Pence Farthing for every

every Pound Weight Avoirdupoize; for all Stuffs made in Ireland of Silk and Worsted, and exported, the Sum of Three Pence Farthing for every Pound Weight Avoirdupoize; for all Stuffs made in Ireland of Silk mixed with Jucle or Cotton, and exported, the Sum of Six Pence Halfpenny for every Pound Weight Avoirdupoize; for all wrought or manufactured Gold or Silver Plate made in Ireland, and exported, the Sum of Six Pence for every Ounce Troy Weight, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantities; which several and respective Allowances or Sums of Money for each Species of Silk Manufacture, or Manufactures of Silk mixed and wrought, or manufactured Gold or Silver plate shall be paid and answered by the Collector or other Officer of the Port from whence the same shall be exported, upon Demand, without taking Fee or Reward for the same, on Oath being made by the Exporter before such Collector or other officer of the Port, (which Oath he is hereby impowered to administer), that the said Goods are of Irish Manufacture, and exported or intended to be exported, and not relanded, or intended to be relanded, in any Part of Ireland, and on the Exporters giving sufficient Security to the said Collector or other Officer of the Port, (which Security any such Officer is hereby impowered to take) in the Name and to the Use of Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, by Bond in the penalty of the Value of the

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Goods, conditioned that the ſaid Goods ſhall not be relanded or brought on Shore again in any Port or Place in this Kingdom, and for ſuch part of the ſaid Goods, as ſhall be entered for or landed in Great Britain, the Iſlands of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, a Condition of the ſaid Bond ſhall be to bring a Certificate in Diſcharge thereof, within Six Months after the Date of ſaid Bond, which Certificate ſhall be ſigned by the proper Officer or Officers of Your Majeſty's Cuſtoms there, and for want of ſuch Officers reſiding in any of the ſaid Iſlands, then by the Governor of thoſe Iſlands, or by the Deputy Governors thereof reſpectively, and for ſuch of the ſaid Goods as ſhall be entered for, or landed in any of Your Majeſty's Plantations in America, or the Weſt Indies, or the Britiſh ſettlements on the Coaſts of Africa, a Condition of the Bond ſhall be to bring a Certificate within eighteen Months after the Date of ſuch Bond, ſigned by the Officer or Officers uſually ſigning Certificates of a like Nature there, importing that ſuch Goods were there landed, and teſtifying the landing thereof; and for ſuch Silk, Stuffs, or other Manufactures as aforeſaid, as ſhall be ſo entered for any Foreign Port or Place, a Condition of the Bond ſhall be to bring a Certificate under the Common Seal of the Chief Magiſtrate in ſuch Port or Place, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known Britiſh Merchants then being at ſuch Port or Place

place that such Silks or other Manufactures were there landed, which Certificate shall respectively import and testify that such Goods were landed at the Places from whence such Certificates shall be given, and they shall respectively be a full and sufficient Discharge for the said Bonds so respectively entered into; or in case such Goods were taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas, the said Bonds shall be discharged, upon satisfactory Proof thereof being made before the Commissioners of the Revenue for the Time being, or any one of them.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said several and respective Allowances upon Silk Manufacture, and Manufacture of Silk mixed, shall and may be paid by the Collector or other Officer of the Port, out of any Monies in his Hands arising out of any of the Customs, Excise, or additional Duties granted to Your Majesty, and not appropriated to any particular Purpose; and that the Money so paid, shall be accepted of in his Account as so much paid to Your Majesty, and he shall be discharged thereof accordingly; and the said Allowances upon wrought or manufactured Gold or Silver Plate shall be paid by the Collector or other Officer, out of the Monies arising from the Duties granted to Your Majesty for the Use of the Corporation for promoting and car-

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trying on the Inland Navigation in Ireland, and shall be accounted for, and charged as paid for and on Account of the said Corporation.

Provided always, that the said Allowance on wrought Plate shall be payable so long only as the Duty on wrought and manufactured Plate shall continue.

And for the better preventing Frauds on the entering of any of the said Goods under a wrong Denomination, to the Prejudice of Your Majesty's Revenue; be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Searcher, or other proper Officer of the Revenue, at any Time after the Entry of any of the said Goods, to open and strictly examine on Board, or elsewhere, every Bale, Truss, Chest, or other Package, to see if the Goods are rightly entered; and if on such Examination the Goods shall be found to be rightly entered, the Officer shall, at his Charge, cause the same to be repacked, to the Satisfaction of the Exporter, which Charge shall be allowed to the said Officer by the Commissioners of the Revenue, if they shall think it reasonable; But in Case the said Officer shall find the said Goods, or any part thereof, to have been entered under a wrong Denomination, whereby Your Majesty would have been defrauded in the Allowance to be paid on the Exportation

of

of such Goods, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, all such Goods so wrong entered shall and may be seized, and the same, as likewise the Value thereof, shall be forfeited; and shall and may be sued for, levied, and applied in such Manner, and by such Ways and Means as are herein after prescribed and mentioned. CHAP. V.

Provided allways, That the said Allowances shall not be demanded or made for any of the said Manufactures of Silk mixed with Gold and Silver, where they are only mixed at the Edges or Ends of the Pieces; nor for any of the said Manufactures of Silk mixed with other Materials, unless Two Thirds at least of the Ends or Threads of the Warp (by which is meant the Length of the Piece) be either all Silk, or mixed, or twisted with Silk in the Warp, so that such Silk shall be obvious and apparent, or unless the Silk therein used shall be at least double the Value of the Allowance intended to be obtained on the Exportation thereof; and if any Dispute shall arise concerning any of the said Manufactures, that is to say, whether the same was made in Ireland, or touching the Quality of the Goods, the Onus Probandi shall lie on the Exporter, Claimer, or Owner thereof, and not on the Officer.

And whereas such Part of the Trade between this Kingdom and the British Co-

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lonies in America, the Weſt Indies, and the Britiſh Settlements on the Coaſt of Africa, as was not enjoyed by this Kingdom, previous to the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, can be enjoyed and have Continuance ſo long, and in ſuch Caſe only, as Goods to be imported from the ſaid Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements into this Kingdom, or to be exported from this Kingdom to the ſaid Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements, ſhall be liable to equal Duties and Drawbacks, and be ſubject to the ſame Securities, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, as the like Goods are liable and ſubject to, upon being imported from the ſaid Colonies, Plantations or Settlements into Great Britain, or exported from thence to ſuch Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements reſpectively; be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, for the Advancement of the ſaid Trade, and as a further Supply to Your Majeſty, that there ſhall be raiſed, levied, and paid to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, to the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, the ſeveral Duties following, that is to ſay, For and upon the ſeveral Articles of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the Britiſh Plantations in America, or the Weſt Indies, mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and marked [No. 1.] which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid, from thence,

or

or from Great Britain, whether by Subjects or Strangers, the several Duties therein respectively mentioned; For every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, according to the Rates therein severally set forth, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; which said several Duties shall be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Customs, Subsidies, and Duties whatsoever, payable upon the said several Articles, by Virtue of any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom, and shall be severally paid down in ready Money, net, without any Discount or Allowance whatsoever. CHAP. V.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Drawbacks mentioned in the said Schedule shall be allowed and paid on the several and respective Articles in the said Schedule mentioned, to any Merchant or Trader duly exporting the same, within three Years after the Importation thereof, for every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, according to the said Rates mentioned in the said Schedule, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

Provided always, That none of the said Drawbacks shall be paid upon the Exportation of any of the said Articles, except in Cases where the Duties charged by Virtue of this Act, shall have been paid upon their Importation, but that every Merchant,

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who ſhall, within Three Years after Import, export to the ſaid Plantations in America, or the Weſt Indies, any Goods imported previous to the paſſing of this Act, ſhall be allowed and paid ſuch Drawback, and no other, as by any Law or Laws heretofore made he is or ſhall be intitled unto, and that no Drawback ſhall be paid in any Caſe, unleſs due Proof be firſt made of the Payment of all Duties on Import, in the Manner uſually practiſed for obtaining Drawbacks.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Duties following ſhall be raiſed, anſwered, levied, collected, and paid unto Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, from the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive; that is to ſay, for and upon all Speckle Wood of the Growth of Africa, which ſhall be imported from thence during the Time aforeſaid, by any of Your Majeſty's Subjects, a Duty of Twenty-two Pounds Fifteen Shillings, and by a Stranger, of Twenty-four Pounds Three Shillings and Five Pence Farthing, for every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, as the ſame is rated for Cuſtom, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſs Value; but if ſuch Speckle Wood ſhall be imported from Great Britain, by any of Your Majeſty's

Majesty's Subjects, then a Duty of Twenty Pounds and Ten Pence, and if imported from thence by a Stranger, of Twenty Pounds Two Shillings and Two Pence Farthing, for every like One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantities; which last mentioned Sums of Twenty Pounds and Ten Pence, and Twenty Pounds Two Shillings and Two Pence Farthing respectively, shall be the Drawbacks upon every such One Hundred Pounds Value, on due Exportation within Three Years, of all such Speckle Wood imported from Africa, or Great Britain, and for which the before mentioned Duties shall have been paid upon the Importation thereof; for and upon all Beavers Skins of the Produce of Your Majesty's Plantations in America or the West Indies, which shall be imported from thence directly into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, a Duty of Nine Shillings and Five Pence Three Farthings for every Five Score Skins, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Number, and for and upon all Beaver Wool, cut and combed, the Produce and Manufacture of the said Plantations, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, a Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Three Farthings, for every Pound Weight thereof, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; which Duty, on due Exportation of such Beaver Wool,

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within Three Years from the Importation thereof, ſhall be repaid to the Exporter thereof, upon Proof being firſt made in the Manner uſually practiſed for the obtaining Drawbacks.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Duties and Drawbacks ſhall be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties and Drawbacks whatſoever, payable on the ſaid ſeveral Articles, by Virtue of any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom, and that the ſaid ſeveral Duties ſhall be paid down in ready Money net, without any Diſcount or Allowance whatſoever.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, no Duty, Subſidy, or Cuſtom, ſhall be paid on the Importation into this Kingdom, of any of the Articles following, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding, (that is to ſay) Wood, Plank, Wrought Timber, except Maſts, Yards, or Bowſprits, Timber unwrought, or Lumber, being the Growth or Produce of the Britiſh Plantations in America, or the Weſt Indies, clean good merchantable well-conditioned Tar, or Pitch, not mixed with Drugs or Water, or clean good merchantable Turpentine; which Tar, Pitch, or Turpentine,

tine, shall be imported directly from any of the British Colonies in America, or the West Indies, being the Growth or Produce of the same; Cotton, Wool, Indigo, Brazil or Fernambuco Wood, Brazilletto or Jamaica Wood, Logwood, Nicorago, red or Guinea Wood, Sapan Wood, Mohogany or other Wood, the Product of any part of America, and all Woods for Dyers Use, imported from any Place whatsoever, (except Speckle Wood) of the Growth of Africa, Whale Fins or Train Oil, or Blubber, the Produce of Whales taken or caught in any part of the Ocean by, and imported in any Ship or Vessel belonging to Your Majesty's Subjects in this Kingdom, Great Britain, Guernsey, Jersey, or the Isle of Man; raw and undressed Goat Skins imported in British or Irish Ships, navigated according to Law, from any Port or Place whatsoever, raw and undressed Seal Skins taken by the Crews of Vessels belonging to, and fitted out from this Kingdom, Great Britain, Jersey, Guernsey, or Man, whereof the Captain or Master, and Three-fourths of the Mariners at the least, are Your Majesty's Subjects, or by Persons employed by the Masters or Owners of such Vessels, raw Silk of the Growth or Culture of any of Your Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America, Pig or Bar Iron made in and imported from any British Colonies in America, Sago Powder, or Vermicella imported from any of Your Majesty's Colonies in North America, raw or undressed Hides of Steers, CHAP. V.

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Colts, or other Cattle whatſoever, except of Horſes, Mares, or Geldings, from the Britiſh Colonies or Plantations in America, and Beaver Skins, the Produce of ſaid Colonies and Plantations, imported from Great Britain.

Provided allways, That due Entries be firſt made of ſaid Articles reſpectively, at the reſpective Times of Importation as practiſed heretofore, and that the ſame be landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer, or on Failure thereof, every of the ſaid Articles ſhall be liable to the Payment of Duty, if of the Growth or Product of Your Majeſty's Colonies in America or in the Weſt Indies, according to the Rates in the Schedule herein before mentioned; but if not of the Growth or Product of the ſaid Colonies, then to pay Duty as if this Act had never been made.

Provided alſo, That the Captain or Perſon having the Charge or Command of the Ship or Veſſel importing ſuch Seal Skins, do make Oath before the Collector or other principal Officer, at the Port of Importation, who is hereby required and authorized to adminiſter the ſame, that the Seal Skins imported therein, are really and bona fide the Skins of Seals taken and caught by the Crews thereof, or by perſons employed by the Maſters or Owner of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and on Failure thereof, ſuch Skins ſhall be liable

to

to the Payment of the Duty in the said Schedule mentioned. CHAP. V.

Provided also, That the Master, Commander, or other Person taking Charge of any Ship or Vessel Importing such raw Silk, do deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Port of Importation at or before Entry of the said Silk, a Certificate of like Nature as any Master, Commander, or any other Person would or ought to have received at the Port where any such Raw Silk was put on board, in Order to entitle him to land the same Duty free in Great Britain, and do also make Oath, which Oath the said Collector or other Chief Officer is hereby impowered and required to administer, that the Bales, Parcels, and Goods contained in such Certificates, are the same which were taken on board in the said British Colonies or Plantations, and on failure of any of the said Requisites, all such Raw Silk shall be liable to the Payment of the Duties in the said Schedule mentioned.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, make, or cause to be made, any Entry or Entries of any foreign Raw Silk under the Name or Description of Raw Silk, of the Growth or Culture of the British Plantations or Colo-

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nies in America, or ſhall mix or cauſe to be mixed any foreign Raw Silk with Raw Silk of the Growth or Culture of the Britiſh Colonies or Plantations in America, in Order to evade the Duties payable on foreign Raw Silk, every Perſon ſo making or cauſing to be made ſuch Entry or Entries, or Mixing or cauſing ſuch Mixture or Mixtures to be made, ſhall Forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every ſuch Offence, together with all ſuch foreign Raw Silk, and in caſe of any Mixture, the Quantity ſo mixed, both Foreign and Britiſh Plantation Growth, together with the Value thereof, as alſo the Bales or other Packages containing the ſame, to be ſued for and recovered in Manner herein after mentioned.

Provided always, That if any Doubt or Diſpute ſhall ariſe whether the ſaid Raw Silk or any Part thereof ſo to be imported as aforeſaid, be of the Growth or Culture of the Britiſh Plantations or Colonies in America, or of Foreign Growth or Culture, the Onus Probandi ſhall lie on the Owner or Claimer thereof, and not on the Informer or Proſecutor.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, all Duties whatſoever paid on the Importation of any Callicoes or Muſlins, ſhall be fully

fully drawn back and repaid for all such as shall be Printed, Stained, Painted, or Dyed in this Kingdom of Great Britain, and shall be afterwards exported from hence to any British Settlement on the Coast of Africa; but if the same shall be exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, or the West Indies, all said Duties shall be drawn back and repaid, except so much thereof as shall Amount to the Sum of Five Pounds Eight Shillings and Four Pence for every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, as the same shall have been sold by the Candle at the East India Company's Sale, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Value.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said Drawbacks shall be paid and satisfied by the several Collectors at the Ports of Exportation, out of any Money arising out of any Aid or Duties by them collected, in the same Manner, and subject to the same Regulations, as is or are usually observed in Case of Drawbacks,

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Duties following be raised, levied, and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, on the several Articles following, which shall be exported from this Kingdom from the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, to

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the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, that is to ſay, For and upon all Cotton Wool of the Growth or Produce of the Britiſh Plantations in America, or the Weſt Indies, ſo exported in any other Shipping than Britiſh or Iriſh Shipping, the Sum of Five Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Nine Pence for every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, to be verified by the Oath of the Perſon exporting the ſame, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſs Value; for and upon all Beaver Skins imported directly from the ſaid Plantations or Settlements, and exported from this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid, the Sum of Three Pounds Six Shillings and Four Pence Farthing for every five Score of Skins, or Pieces of Skins, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſs Number; for and upon all Beaver Wool, or Wombs, that ſhall have been imported from the ſaid Plantations or Settlements, and which ſhall be afterwards exported from this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid, the Sum of Eight Pounds Ten Shillings and Seven Pence Halfpenny for every Five Score Pounds Weight thereof, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſs Quantity; for and upon every Piece of White Woollen Cloth, called Broad Cloth, of the Manufacture of Ireland, which ſhall be exported during the Time aforeſaid, to any of the ſaid Plantations or Settlements, the Sum of Five Shillings

lings and Eight Pence Farthing, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, for and upon the several Articles in the Schedule [No. 2.] hereunto annexed, which shall be exported from this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, a Duty after the Rate of Two Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Ten Pence Halfpenny for every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, according to the Rates in said Schedule mentioned, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Value; and for and upon all East India White Callicoes and Muslins, which shall be exported from this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, to any British Colony in America, or the West Indies, a Duty after the Rate of Three Pounds Five Shillings for every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, as the same shall have been sold by the Candle at the East India Company's Sales, or at any other publick Sales, if the same shall have been taken and condemned as Prize, or forfeited by any Law; for and upon all Gum Senega, a Duty after the Rate of Fifty Nine Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Four Pence Halfpenny; and for and upon all Gum Arabic, a Duty after the Rate of Three Hundred and Forty Four Pounds One Shilling and Ten Pence Halfpenny for every Ten Ton Weight of Gum Senega or Gum Arabic respectively, which shall be exported from this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, and so in Proportion for any greater or less

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Quantity; the ſaid ſeveral Duties to be paid down in Ready Money net, without any Diſcount or Allowance whatſoever, and to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all other Duties now payable on the Exportation of ſaid Articles, by Virtue of any Act or Acts now in Force (except the Alnage Duty on the ſaid White Woollen Cloth.)

Provided always, That no Duty, Subſidy, or Cuſtom, ſhall be payable on the Exportation of Logwood of the Growth or Produce of the Britiſh Plantations in America, or the Weſt Indies, in Britiſh or Iriſh Shipping, nor upon any Lead Ore exported to Great Britain.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, import directly from any of the Britiſh Colonies in America, or the Weſt Indies, in any Ship or Veſſel belonging to the ſaid Colonies, or Great-Britain or Ireland, and manned as in ſuch Caſe is uſual, any good and merchantable Indigo, free from any falſe Mixtures, and fit for Dyers Uſe, being the Growth or Product of the Colony from whence the ſame ſhall be imported, ſhall have and be entitled to a Reward or Premium for ſuch Importation, after the Rate

Rate of Two Shillings and Two Pence for every Six Pounds Weight thereof, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid to the Importer by the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Port where the same shall be imported, out of any Money arising from any Aid or Duties payable to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, then in his Hands. CHAP. V.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on the Importation of any Indigo into this Kingdom from the said Places, a Certificate shall be given by the Master or Commanding Officer of such Ship or Vessel, in which such Indigo shall be imported, that the same was shipped on board such Ship or Vessel, within such British Colony or Plantation in America, as is mentioned in the said Certificate, and also a Certificate signed by the Surveyors, Land-Waiters, or Searchers, or any Two of them, being Officers of the Revenue of the Port where the same shall be entered and landed in this Kingdom, specifying the Weight thereof, and that the said Indigo is good and merchantable, free from false Mixtures, and of such Quality as to be intitled to the said Premium or Reward, which Certificate the said Officers are hereby required to grant within Ten Days next after the landing thereof, unless they can assign sufficient Cause for their Refusal, upon producing which several Certificates to the Collector or other Chief

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Officer as aforeſaid, ſuch Officer ſhall be and is hereby required to pay the Premium to the Importer of the ſaid Indigo.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall make, or cauſe to be made, any Entry or Entries of Foreign made Indigo, under the Name of Britiſh Plantation made Indigo, or ſhall mix, or cauſe to be mixed, any Foreign Indigo, or other falſe Mixture or Matter, with that made in the Britiſh Plantations, in order to claim or recover the Premium before mentioned, every Perſon or Perſons ſo making, or cauſing to be made, ſuch Entry or Entries, or mixing or cauſing ſuch Mixtures to be made, ſhall forfeit all ſuch Indigo ſo entered, and the ſame ſhall be forfeited; and in caſe of ſuch Mixture, the Quantity ſo mixed, both Foreign and Britiſh Plantation made, and likewiſe double the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited by the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall make or cauſe ſuch Mixture or Mixtures to be made.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Certificate ſhall be made out to allow the Premium for ſuch Indigo, to be manufactured and imported from the Britiſh Plantations, as ſhall not be good and merchantable, and free from falſe Mixtures.

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And that the Officers of the Revenue may be the better able to discover any Frauds intended for the receiving the aforesaid Premiums; be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Officers, and they are hereby required, before they make out any such Certificate, to examine the said Indigo, by opening each Package and Shifting the same in such Manner as to see the whole Contents, or by such other Means as they shall think proper to find out and discover, whether the Indigo is good and merchantable, and free from any false Mixture.

And in Order to fix the Standard of such Indigo as shall be entitled to the Premium aforesaid; be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Certificate shall be granted by any Surveyor or other Officer of Your Majesty's Revenue, for any Indigo which is not worth Three Shillings and Three Pence the Pound Weight, when the best French or other Indigo of equal goodness with the best French is worth Four Shillings and Four Pence the Pound Weight, and so in the same Proportion, in case the Price of the best French or other Indigo of equal goodness shall be at a higher or lower Price.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Fee, Gratuity, or

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Reward ſhall be demanded, taken, or received by any Officer of Your Majeſty's Revenue for the Examining, Viewing, or Delivering ſuch Indigo, with Reſpect to the Premium or Reward allowed by this Act, or for the ſigning any of the Certificates in Order to the Receiving ſuch Premium or Reward, or for paying the ſame, and any ſuch Officer demanding or taking ſuch Fee or Reward ſhall for ſuch Offence Forfeit his Office, and ſuch Officer ſhall alſo be incapable of ſerving Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, and ſhall Forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Indigo made in the Britiſh Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported here after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, ſhall after ſaid Day be exported from this Kingdom, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Perſon or Perſons ſo exporting the ſame ſhall, before the Entry thereof, pay unto the Collector of the Revenue at the Port where the ſame ſhall be exported, or to the Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms there, the full Sum of Two Shillings and Two Pence for every ſix Pounds Weight thereof, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Quantity, being the Premium allowed on the Importation thereof by this Act, over and above any Duty the ſame is by Law Subject to pay at Exportation.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, his or their Agent or Agents, Assign or Assigns, shall do or suffer to be done, any Act or Acts with Intent fradulently to Export such Indigo, without paying such Premium to the Collector or Chief Officer of the Customs as aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall forfeit and lose all such Indigo, and double the Value thereof.

Provided allways, That if any Doubt or Dispute shall arise whether any of the said Indigo, or any Part thereof so to be exported, is of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the British Plantations in America, or of Foreign Growth, Product, or Manufacture, the Onus Probandi shall lie on the Owner or Claimer thereof, and not on the Informer or Prosecutor, any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Goods and Commodities of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of any Part of Europe, except Great-Britain, and all Goods and Commodities of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the East Indies, or other Places beyond the Cape of Good Hope, or any other Country whatsoever, except Great Britain, which have been, or shall be legally imported into this Kingdom, and shall be exported

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thence to any Britiſh Plantation in America, or the Weſt Indies, or any Britiſh Settlement on the Coaſt of Africa, between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, ſhall draw back ſo much of the Duties paid on their Importation, as ſhall leave the Remainder equal to the Amount of the Duties retained in Great Britain, on Goods of like Quality and Quantity exported thence to any of the ſaid Places; and if the Duties paid on the Importation of any ſuch Goods or Merchandize into this Kingdom, ſhall be exactly equal to the Duties ſo retained in Great Britain, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Goods ſhall not receive any Drawback on their Exportation as aforeſaid; and if the Duties paid on the Importation of any ſuch Goods, ſhall not equal the Duties ſo retained in Great Britain, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Goods ſhall not only not receive any Drawback on their Export as aforeſaid, but ſhall alſo pay ſuch Duty on being ſo exported, as together with the Duty paid on their Importation, ſhall equal the Duty ſo retained in Great Britain.

Provided allways, That where ſuch Goods ſo to be exported, ſhall have been imported from Great Britain, in the calculating ſaid Duties and Drawbacks, due Attention ſhall be given, and Allowance made,

made, for any Duty or Imposition, or any Part of the same, which shall be retained in Great Britain, or not drawn back, or not compensated for by Bounty in Great Britain, upon Exportation thence to this Kingdom. CHAP. V.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of Your Majesty's Revenue shall form, or cause to be formed, one or more Table or Tables, Schedule or Schedules, with all convenient Speed, of the several Drawbacks so to be allowed, and Duties so to be paid on the Export from this Kingdom, of the said Goods and Commodities of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of any Part of Europe (except Great Britain) or of the East Indies, or other Places beyond the Cape of Good Hope, or any other Country whatsoever, to any of the British Colonies in America, or the West Indies, or any British Settlement on the Coast of Africa; and that so soon as the said Tables or Schedules, or any of them, shall be formed, they shall be signed by Four of the said Commissioners at least; and that from and after the Day whereon such Signature shall be made, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, the several Drawbacks shall be allowed, and Duties paid, as respectively mentioned therein, upon the Export as aforesaid, of the several Goods therein mentioned, as

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fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were ſpecifically enacted and enumerated in this preſent Act; any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding; and ſubject to the like Remedies, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, as any Duties impoſed, or Drawbacks, allowed by this preſent Act, are made ſubject unto; and that a Duplicate of every ſuch Table or Schedule, ſigned likewiſe in Manner aforeſaid, ſhall be at the ſame Time depoſited with the Clerk of the Houſe of Commons, to be by him laid before the ſaid Houſe the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Provided always, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, in every caſe where the Duties retained in this Kingdom cannot be equalized with the Duties retained in Great Britain upon ſuch Export as aforeſaid, of any particular Articles, unleſs the Whole or Part of the Duties paid on Import thereof be drawn back, and a Duty be impoſed on the Export thereof, to ſpecify in the Table or Tables, Schedule or Schedules, containing ſuch Articles, what Amount of Duty ſhall be drawn back, and what Amount of Duty ſhall be impoſed thereon, in every which Caſe the Drawback ſo to be allowed, ſhall be admitted and credited to the Exporter in the Payment of the Duty ſo impoſed.

Provided

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Provided also, That nothing shall be contained in any such Table or Schedule, to impose any Condition or Restriction upon, or to affect either with Duty or Drawback by Virtue of this Act, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, which might be legally exported from this Kingdom, to any of the said Places, prior to the last Session of Parliament, nor shall any Thing contained in any such Table or Schedule extend, or be construed to extend thereto.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Commodities whatsoever, which shall be imported into this Kingdom from Scotland, shall be chargeable with, and pay the same Duties, and no more, as Commodities of a like Nature, imported from England, are chargeable with, and liable to pay.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, all Goods imported from, and exported to any British Settlement on the Coast of Africa, shall pay like Duties, and receive like Drawbacks and Allowances, and be subject to the same Regulations, and entitled to the same Benefits as Goods of the same Nature imported from, or exported to any British Colonies in America, shall be chargeable with,

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the proper Officer or Officers do keep a ſeparate and diſtinct Account of the ſeveral Articles which ſhall be exported or imported, whereon the Hereditary Duties are charged, altered, removed, or drawn back by this, or any other Act or Acts made in this Seſſion of Parliament, and that he or they do regularly enter what thoſe ſeveral Hereditary Duties would amount to on ſuch Articles ſo imported or exported, if the ſame were to have continued payable thereon; and that ſo much of the Money ariſing from the ſeveral Aids and Duties impoſed by this preſent Act, or by any other Act or Acts paſſed this Seſſion of Parliament, as the ſaid Hereditary Duties would have ſo amounted to, ſhall be regularly and duly placed to the Account of Your Majeſty's Hereditary Revenue.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and ſingular the ſaid Duties, Rates, and Impoſitions hereby granted, ſhall be raiſed, anſwered, collected, and paid unto Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Time aforeſaid,

aforesaid, at the same Time, in like Manner, except as to bonding the same, or any Discount for prompt Payment; and all and every the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, other than except such as are by this Act otherwise provided for, shall and may be sued for, recovered, levied, and applied in such Manner and Form, and by such Means and Ways, and with such Powers and Authorities as are prescribed, directed, and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein mentioned; as fully and effectually, to all Intents, Constructions, and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed, and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her, or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Act of Excise is provided. CHAP. V.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the aforesaid Schedules (No. 1.) and (2.) be deemed and taken to be a Part of this Act, to all Intents and Purposes.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That neither the Six Pence

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per Pound, nor any other Fee ſhall be payable to, or be deducted, or received by the Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver, or Paymaſter-General, Clerk of the Pells, or any other Officer or Officers of this Kingdom, for their own Uſe, for, or on Account of the iſſuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money ariſing by, or which ſhall be received for, or on Account of the Aids hereby granted to Your Majeſty, or of any Payment to be made in purſuance of this Act, but that the ſame ſhall be received and duly accounted for to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors.

A SCHEDULE

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates of the ſeveral Articles following, of the Growth or Produce of the Britiſh Plantations in *America*, or the *Weſt-Indies*, and the net Duty to be paid on the Importation of the ſame, for every One Hundred Pounds Value thereof, according to the ſaid Rates, whether Imported directly from the ſaid Plantations, or from *Great Britain*, and as the ſame are or are not ſubject to Aliens Duty, with the ſeveral Drawbacks to be allowed upon their Exportation, within Three Years after their Importation. The ſaid Duties to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties now payable by Law for the ſame; and the ſaid Drawbacks to be in the Place and Stead of all Drawbacks now allowed by Law thereon.

For every £ 100. of the Rate.

	Rate.	If by Law not ſubject to Aliens Duty.		If by Law ſubject to Aliens Duty.	
		Duty payable at Importation from *America*, or the *Weſt Indies*.	Duty payable at Importation from *Great Britain*, and Drawback on Exportation.	Duty payable at Importation from *America*, or the *Weſt Indies*.	Duty payable at Importation from *Great Britain*, and Drawback on Exportation.
		l. s. d.	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20
FURS.					
ARMIN, the Timber containing 40 Skins	2 0 0				
BADGER SKINS, the Piece	0 2 0				
BEAR SKINS, Black, the Piece	1 0 0	28 8 9 0	25 14 7 0	29 17 2 5	25 15 11 5
BEAR SKINS, Red, the Piece	1 0 0				
BEAR SKINS, White, the Piece	2 0 0				

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		l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
BEAVER WOMBS, the Piece		0	1	8																
BUDGE	Black, Tawed, the Dozen Skins	1	6	8																
	Black, Untawed, the hundred containing 5 Score	3	10	0																
	White, Tawed the hundred, containing 5 Score	2	0	0																
	Navern, the hundred legs containing 5 Score	0	8	4																
	Poults, the Fur containing 4 Pains	1	0	0																
	Rumney, the hundred Legs containing 5 Score	0	6	8																
					28	8	9	0	25	14	7	0	29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
CALABAR	Seasoned, the Pain	1	0	0																
	Stag the Pain	0	12	6																
	Tawed, the Timber containing 40 Skins	0	8	0																
	Untawed, the Timber containing 40 Skins	0	6	8																
CATS	Skins the hundred containing 5 Score	2	0	0																
	Poults, The hundred containing 5 Score	1	0	0																
	Poults, The Mantle	0	6	3																
	Wombs, the Pain or Mantle	0	6	3																
DOCKERERS, the Timber containing 40 Skins		0	13	4																

		l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
FITCHES	The Timber containing 40 Skins	0	13	4																
	The Pain or Mantle	0	12	6																
FOXES	The Black Fox Skin	10	0	0																
	The Ordinary Skin	0	1	4																
	The Pain or Mantle	0	15	0																
	Wombs, Poults, or Pieces, the Pain	0	10	0																
	Dreſſed, vide in Skins																			
FOYNES,	Backs the Dozen	0	13	4																
	Poults the hundred containing 5 Score	1	6	8																
	Raw, the Piece	0	1	0																
	Tails, the Pain or Mantle	0	12	6	28	8	9	0	25	14	7	0	29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	With Tails, the Piece	0	3	4																
	Without Tails, the Piece	0	4	0																
	Wombs Seaſoned, the Pain or Mantle	1	6	8																
	Wombs Stag the Pain or Mantle	0	15	0																
GRAYS,	Tawed, the Timber of 40 Skins	0	12	6																
	Untawed, the Timber containing 40 Skins	0	8	4																
JENNETS,	Black Raw, the Skin	0	12	6																
	Black Seaſoned, the Skin	0	16	8																
	Grey Raw, the Skin	0	3	0																
	Grey Seaſoned, the Skin	0	4	0																

		l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l:	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
LEOPARDS,	Skins, the Piece	1	5	0																
	Wombs, the Pain	5	0	0																
LETWIS,	Tawed, the Timber containing 40 Skins	0	8	4																
	Untawed, the Timber containing 40 Skins	0	6	0																
LEWZERNS SKINS, the Piece		2	10	0																
MARTRONS or MARTINS,	The Timber containing 40 Skins	10	0	0	28	8	9	0	25	14	7	0	29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	The Pain or Mantle	9	0	0																
	Gills, the Timber containing 40 Skins	0	12	0																
	Poults, the Pain or Mantle	0	10	0																
	Tails, the hundred containing 5 Score	2	0	0																
MINIVER, The Mantle		0	13	4																
MINKS,	Tawed, the Timber containing 40 Skins	4	0	0																
	Untawed, the Timber containing 40 Skins	3	0	0																

	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
MOLE SKINS, The Dozen	0	0	6																
OTTER SKINS, The Piece	0	5	0																
OUNCE SKINS, The Piece	0	12	6																
SABLES, Of all Sorts, the Timber containing 40 Skins	30	0	0																
WEAZLE SKINS, The Dozen	0	0	4	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
WOLF SKINS, Tawed, the Piece	1	10	0																
WOLF SKINS, Untawed, the Piece	1	3	0																
WOLVERINGS, The Piece	0	12	6																
All other Furs, (except thoſe rated amongſt Skins) for every £ 100. of their value upon oath	—		—																
And if any of the aforeſaid Furs, or any other Furs are tawed or dreſſed, and are not before charged with thoſe Duties, they are to pay more for every £ 100. of their Value upon Oath	—		—	34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	

			l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
BUCK or DEER SKINS,	Dressed, The Skin		0	5	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And besides for every Pound Weight		0	0	0	0	0	10	$4\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	10	$4\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$
CALVE SKINS,	Dressed in Allum, and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed,	For every £ 100. of their value on oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		For every Pound weight	0	0	0	0	0	3	$8\frac{1}{4}$	0	0	2	$6\frac{7}{12}$	0	0	3	$8\frac{1}{4}$	0	0	2	$6\frac{7}{12}$
	Tanned,	The Dozen	0	10	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		And besides for every Pound Weight	0	0	0	0	0	3	$19\frac{5}{8}$	0	0	2	$14\frac{25}{72}$	0	0	3	$19\frac{5}{8}$	0	0	2	$14\frac{25}{72}$
	Slink Calve Skins, however dressed	For every £ 100. of their Value on Oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		For every Pound Wt. With the hair on	0	0	0	0	0	2	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	1	$11\frac{1}{18}$	0	0	2	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	1	$11\frac{1}{18}$
		Without the hair	0	0	0	0	0	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	0	$15\frac{19}{36}$	0	0	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	0	$15\frac{19}{36}$
DOG SKINS, however dressed,	For every	£ 100. of their value upon oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		Pound Weight	0	0	0	0	0	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	0	$1\frac{1}{12}$	0	0	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	0	0	$1\frac{1}{12}$

		l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
ELK SKINS,	Dreſſed or undreſſed, the Skin	0	6	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And beſides, if dreſſed in Oil, for every Pound Weight	0	0	0	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36
FOX SKINS,	The Dozen, dreſſed	0	16	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And beſides, for every £ 100. of their Value on Oath	0	0	0	34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	
GOLD SKINS,	The Skin	0	0	6	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And beſides, if dreſſed, for every £ 100. of their value on Oath	0	0	0	34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	
KID SKINS,	In the Hair the Hundred, containing 5 Score	1	0	0	99	10	7	10	29	2	3	10	100	19	0	15	29	3	7	15
	Dreſſed, the Hundred, containing 5 Score	2	0	0	63	19	8	5	27	8	5	5	65	8	1	10	27	9	9	10
	Not perfectly dreſſed — For every £ 100. of their value on oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	For every Dozen	0	0	0	0	1	8	9½	0	0	0	19½	0	1	8	9½	0	0	0	19½

			l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
KIP SKINS,	However tawed,	For every £ 100. of their value on oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		For every Pound Weight	0	0	0	0	0	3	8¼	0	0	0	3¼	0	0	3	8¼	0	0	0	3¼
BUCK or DEER SKINS,	In the Hair, the Skin		0	2	6																
	Indian, half dreſſed Deer Skins, the Pound		0	1	3																
CALVE SKINS, in the Hair, the Piece			0	0	10																
CONEY SKINS, the Dozen			0	1	0																
DOG SKINS, the Piece, undreſſed			0	0	8	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
DOG-FISH SKINS, for Fletchers, the Dozen			0	0	6																
FISHER SKINS, the Piece			0	5	0																
HARE SKINS, the Dozen			0	0	4																
HUSSE SKINS, for Fletchers, the Skin			0	0	6																

			l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
LAMB SKINS,	Dreſſed in Allum,	The Hundred containing 5 Score	1	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		And beſides for every Dozen	0	0	0	0	1	1	13	0	0	4	19⅔	0	1	1	13	0	0	4	19⅔
	Dreſſed in Oil,	The Hundred containing 5 Score	4	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		And beſides for every Dozen	0	0	0	0	2	3	6	0	0	9	19⅓	0	2	3	6	0	0	9	19⅓
	Undreſſed in the Wool, the Hundred containing 6 Score		0	10	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	Slink Dreſſed,	The Hundred containing 5 Score	0	10	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		And beſides for every £ 100. of their value on Oath	—	—		34	2	6		12	9	2		34	2	6		12	9	2	
	Slink, undreſſed in the Wool, the Hundred containing 6 Score		0	5	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	Tanned,	For every £ 100. of their value on oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		For every Dozen	0	0	0	0	1	8	9½	0	0	7	9½	0	1	8	9½	0	0	7	9½
LION SKINS, the Piece			0	10	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
MOOSE SKINS, the Piece			0	10	0																

		l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
MUSQUASH, the Skin		0	0	6																
PANTHER SKINS, the Piece		1	0	0																
PELTS of all Sorts (except Goats Pelts) the Hundred containing Five Score		1	10	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
PELTS of GOATS,	Dreſſed the Dozen	0	10	0																
	Undreſſed the Dozen	0	5	0																
RACOON SKINS, the Skin		0	0	6																
CORDOVANTS, the Dozen		5	0	0	37	10	9		26	3	3		38	19	2	5	26	4	7	5
GOAT SKINS,	In the Hair, the Dozen	1	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	Tanned, The Dozen	2	0	0	39	16	3		26	5	5		41	4	8	5	26	6	9	5
	Tanned, And beſides for every Pound Weight	0	0	0	0	0	6	16½	0	0	0	6½	0	0	6	16½	0	0	0	6½
	Dreſſed, except thoſe uſually called Cordovants. For every £100. of their Value on Oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	Dreſſed, except thoſe uſually called Cordovants. For every Dozen	0	0	0	0	4	6	12	0	0	2	12	0	4	6	12	0	0	2	12
	Dreſſed, except thoſe uſually called Cordovants. For every Pound Weight	0	0	0	0	0	6	16½	0	0	0	6½	0	0	6	16½	0	0	0	6½

			l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
SEAL SKINS,	The Skin		0	1	8		28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And besides, if Dressed, for every £ 100. of their Value on Oath		0	0	0		34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	
SHAGREEN SKINS,	The Skin		0	1	8		28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And besides for every £ 100. real Value on Oath		0	0	0		34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	
SHAMAY SKINS,	The Dozen		1	6	8		28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And besides for every £ 100. real value on Oath		0	0	0		34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	
SHEEP SKINS, Dressed,	The Dozen,		0	5	0		28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And besides if	In Oil, the Dozen	0	0	0		0	3	4	19	0	1	2	19	0	3	4	19	0	1	2	19
		Otherwise dressed, the Dozen	0	0	0		0	1	1	13	0	0	4	$19\frac{2}{3}$	0	1	1	13	0	0	4	$19\frac{2}{3}$
Tanned,	For every £ 100. of their real Value on Oath		0	0	0		28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	For every Dozen		0	0	0		0	1	8	$9\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	7	$9\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	8	$9\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	7	$9\frac{1}{2}$
In the Wool, the Skin			0	0	3		28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
SPRUCE SKINS Tawed	The Dozen		2	0	0																	
	And besides for every £ 100. real Value upon Oath		0	0	0		34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	

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		l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
SWAN SKINS, the Piece		0	3	4																
TAILS or TIPS of SABLES, the Piece		0	2	0																
TYGER SKINS, the Piece		0	10	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
VIZIR SKINS, the Piece		0	5	0																
WOODSHOCKS, the Skin		0	5	0																
And beſides the aforeſaid Duties	If any of the aforeſaid Skins are tanned, tawed, or dreſſed and not before particularly charged, they are to pay for every £100. of their Value upon Oath	0	0	0	34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	
All other Skins (except thoſe rated amongſt Furs and Leather) and Pieces of Skins.	For every £100. of their real Value upon Oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And beſides if tanned, tawed, or dreſſed, and not before particularly charged, for every £100. of their real Value upon Oath	0	0	0	34	2	6		1	12	6		34	2	6		1	12	6	

			l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
BUFF HIDES viz. BUFFALO	The Hide		0	10	0	45	10	0		42	15	10		46	18	5	5	42	17	2	5
	And besides for every Pound Weight		0	0	0	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36
COW or HORSE HIDES	In the Hair, the Piece		0	2	6	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	Tanned	The Piece	0	10	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		And besides for every Pound Weight	0	0	0	0	0	3	19 5/8	0	0	2	14 25/72	0	0	3	19 5/8	0	0	2	14 25/72
INDIAN HIDES	The Hide		0	4	2	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And besides if	Dressed in Oil, the Pound	0	0	0	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36
		Tanned, the Pound	0	0	0	0	0	3	19 5/8	0	0	2	14 25/72	0	0	3	19 5/8	0	0	2	14 25/72
		Tawed, the Hide	0	0	0	0	3	11	15½	0	2	8	12 1/6	0	3	11	15½	0	2	8	12 1/6
Of HORSES MARES and GELDINGS	Tawed	For every £100. of their Value upon Oath	0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
		And besides for every Hide	0	0	0	0	2	3	6	0	1	6	12 2/3	0	2	3	6	0	1	6	12 2/3
LOSH HIDES	The Hide		0	5	0	45	10	0		42	15	10		46	18	5	5	42	17	2	5
	And besides for every Pound Weight		0	0	0	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36
All other Hides and Pieces of Hides not before particularly charged	For every £100. of their Value on Oath		0	0	0	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
	And besides if	Dressed in Oil, the Pound	0	0	0	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36	0	0	7	19¼	0	0	5	8 25/36
		Tanned, the Pound	0	0	0	0	0	3	19 5/8	0	0	2	14 25/72	0	0	3	19 5/8	0	0	2	14 25/72
		Tawed, the Hide	0	0	0	0	3	11	15½	0	2	8	12 1/6	0	3	11	15½	0	2	8	12 1/6

								l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
GUM ARABIC, or Gum Senega, the Hundred Weight containing 112 lb.								1	10	0														
If regularly imported, entered and landed								0	0	0	1	17	11		0	0	0		1	17	11		0	0	0	
But on failure thereof, then to pay								0	0	0	9	9	7		6	15	5		9	19	0	15	6	15	10	$8\frac{1}{5}$
COTTON WOOL, INDIGO,	—	—	—	—																						
FUSTICK,	—	—	—	—	—			0	5	0																
BRAZIL, or Fernambuck Wood,	—	—	—	—	—			1	15	0	17	1	3		14	7	1		18	9	8	5	14	8	5	5
BRAZILETTO, or Jamaica Wood,	—	—	—	—	—			1	1	8																
LOGWOOD,	If regularly imported, entered and landed.	Duty free.	But on failure thereof, then to pay for every 112 lb.					5	0	0	11	7	6		10	5	10		12	5	11	5	10	7	2	5
NICORAGO Wood,								0	8	0																
RED or Guinea WOOD,	—	—	—	—	—			1	10	0	17	1	3		14	7	1		18	9	8	5	14	8	5	5
SAPAN Wood,	—	—	—	—	—			0	10	0																
WOOD for dying, not otherwise rated,	—	—	—	—	—			0	10	0																
MOLASSES, the Ton								13	6	8	22	15	0		20	0	10		24	3	5	5	20	2	2	5
PITCH, TAR	The Laſt containing 12 Barrels							2	10	0																

	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
MASTS { Great, the Maſt	1	0	0																
MASTS { Middle, the Maſt	0	10	0																
MASTS { Small, the Maſt	0	3	4																
YARDS and BOWSPRITS to pay as Maſts				22	15	0		20	0	10		24	3	5	5	20	2	2	5
TURPENTINE the Cwt. containing 112lb.	0	10	0																
IRON, Unwrought, the Ton	7	0	0	41	8	9		38	14	7		42	17	2	5	38	15	11	5
RICE, the Hundred Weight containing 112lb.	1	6	8	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
GINGER, the Hundred Weight containing 112lb.	1	0	0	56	14	11	$13\frac{1}{3}$	54	0	9	$13\frac{1}{3}$	58	3	4	$18\frac{1}{3}$	54	2	1	$18\frac{1}{3}$
PIMENTO, the Pound	0	0	6	34	2	6		31	8	4		35	10	11	5	31	9	8	5
POT ASH and PEARL ASH { Imported with proper certificates, free	0	0	0																
POT ASH and PEARL ASH { But on failure thereof, then to pay the Barrel, containing 200lb. weight	1	5	0	16	5	0		0	0	0		16	5	0		0	0	0	
HOPS, the Hundred Weight, containing 112lb.	15	0	0	40	19	0		28	2	7	$6\frac{2}{3}$	42	7	5	5	28	3	11	$11\frac{2}{3}$

				l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
COPPER ORE	The Hundred Weight containing 112lb.			0	2	6	28	8	9		25	14	7		29	17	2	5	25	15	11	5
RAW SILK	Imported with proper Certificates, Free But on failure thereof then to pay, the Pound containing 24 Ounces; no part of which Duty, if paid, shall be drawn back upon the Exportation of such Raw Silk			0	0	0	0	1	5	1¼	0	1	1	16¼	0	1	5	1¼	0	1	1	16¼
WHALE FINS	Taken in any part of the Ocean by, and imported in any Ship or Veſſel truly and properly belonging to his Majeſty's Subjects of Great Britain, Ireland, or the Iſlands of Guernſey, Jerſey, or Man																					
	Taken by any ſhip belonging to any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations, and imported in ſuch Shipping, the Ton			50	0	0	5	13	9		2	19	7		5	13	9		2	19	7	
	Taken in Shipping belonging to any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations, and imported in Shipping belonging to Great Britain and Ireland, the Ton			50	0	0	2	16	10	10	1	9	9	10	2	16	10	10	1	9	9	10

OIL.		l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20	l.	s.	d.	20
TRAIN OIL or BLUBBER of any of his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations	Made of Fish or any other Creature living in the Seas, caught in any Ship or Vessel, truly and properly belonging to Great Britain and Ireland, and imported in such Ships,																			
	The Ton	1	6	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	
	Taken by any Ship belonging to any of his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, and imported in such Ships.	0	0	0	11	7	6		8	13	4		11	7	6		8	13	4	
	Taken by any Shipping belonging to any of his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, but imported in Shipping belonging to Great Britain and Ireland	0	0	0	8	10	7	10	7	3	6	10	8	10	7	10	7	3	6	10

No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates of the ſeveral Articles following, according to which a Duty ſhall be paid on their Exportation out of this Kingdom, if ſuch Goods ſhall have been imported from the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*, the *Weſt-Indies*, or the *Britiſh* Settlements on the Coaſt of *Africa*. The ſaid Duties to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties now payable by Law for the ſame.

		Rate.
INDIGO	per lb.	£ 0 3 4
FUSTICK WOOD	per Cwt.	0 5 0
BRAZIL WOOD	per Cwt.	1 15 0
BRAZILETTO or JAMAICA WOOD	per Cwt.	1 1 8
NICORAGO WOOD	per Cwt.	0 8 0
GUINEA or RED WOOD	per Cwt.	1 10 0
SAPAN WOOD	per Cwt.	0 10 0
LOGWOOD, (unleſs in Britiſh or Iriſh Shipping, in which Caſe ſuch Logwood may be exported duty free	per Cwt.	2 0 0

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AN

ACT

FOR

Regulating the Sugar-Trade, and for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, the Duties therein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

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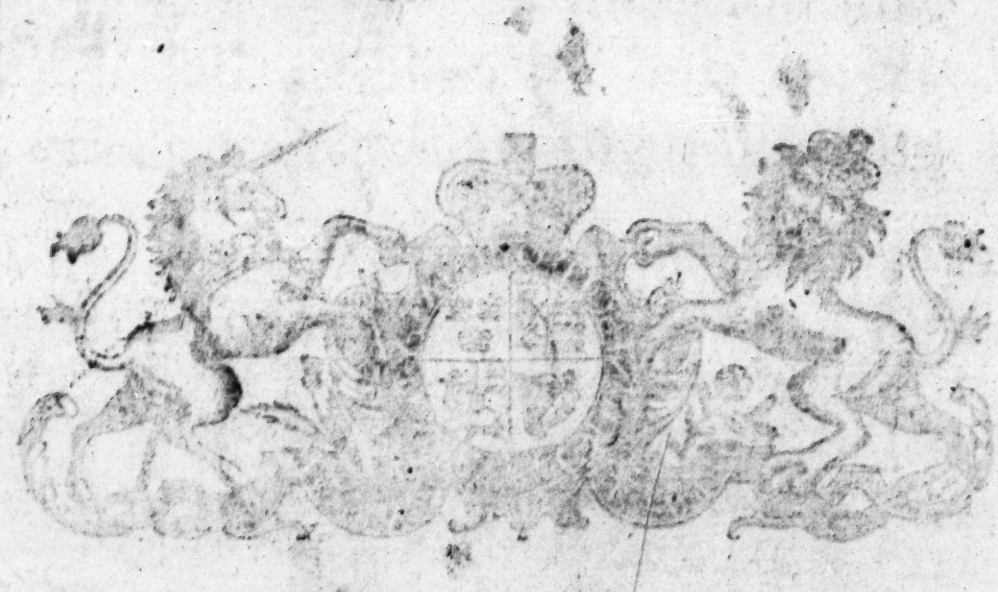
AN ACT

FOR

Regulating the Sugar-Trade, and for granting to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Duties therein mentioned.



PRINTED by the Executors of DAVID HALL, Deceased, for BENJAMIN CREIGHTON, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty. MDCCLXXXIII.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for Regulating the Sugar Trade, and for granting to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Duties therein mentioned.

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WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Ireland in Parliament assembled, as a further Supply to Your Majesty, to support the Expence of Your Majesty's Government, and with a grateful Sense of the great Benefits to arise from an open and direct Commercial Intercourse with the Sugar Colonies of Great Britain, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, and be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority

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of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, and no longer, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Sugars of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the British Plantations in America, or the West Indies, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, the several Duties in the Schedule herein after mentioned, according to the said Schedule marked [No. 1.] hereunto annexed, which Schedule shall be deemed and taken to be, to all Intents and Purposes, a Part of this Act, to be computed upon every One Hundred Weight, containing One Hundred and Twelve suttle Pounds of such Sugars respectively, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said several Duties in the said annexed Schedule mentioned, shall be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Customs, Subsidies, and Duties whatsoever, payable upon all such Sugars, by Virtue of any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom, and shall be severally paid down in ready Money net, without any Discount or Allowance whatsoever.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Duties so to be paid upon the Importation of all Sugars of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the British plantations in America, or the West Indies, shall be fully drawn back and repaid to any Merchant or Trader who shall duly export any of said Sugars, within one Year after the Importation thereof, and that on the due Exportation of any of said Sugars after one Year, and within three Years from the Importation thereof, there shall be allowed and paid to any Merchant or Trader who shall duly export the same, the several drawbacks in the said Schedule mentioned, for every One hundred Weight containing One hundred and Twelve Suttle pounds of such Sugar respectively, and in proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, and no longer, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Sugars, except Prize Sugars, hereinafter mentioned, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforesaid, not being of the Growth, Product, or

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Manufacture of any of the Britiſh Plantations in America, or the Weſt Indies, or of the Manufacture of Great Britain, the ſeveral Duties as mentioned in the Schedule (No. 2) hereunto annexed, which Schedule ſhall be deemed and taken to be, to all Intents and Purpoſes, a Part of this Act, to be computed upon every One Hundred Weight, containing One Hundred and Twelve Suttle Pounds of ſuch Sugar reſpectively, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſs Quantity.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Duties in the ſaid annexed Schedule (No. 2) mentioned, ſhall be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and Duties whatſoever payable upon all ſuch Sugars, by Virtue of any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom, and ſhall be ſeverally paid down in Ready Money net, without any Diſcount or Allowance whatſoever.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Drawbacks as mentioned in the ſaid annexed Schedule (No. 2), ſhall be allowed and paid to any Merchant or Trader who ſhall duly export any of the ſaid Sugars within Three Years from the Importation thereof, to be computed upon every Hundred Weight, containing One Hundred and Twelve Suttle Pounds of ſuch Sugar reſpectively, and

ſo

so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity. CHAP. VI.

Provided allways, That the said Drawbacks mentioned in the aforesaid Schedule, shall not be paid upon the Exportation of any of the said Sugars, except in Cases where the Duties charged, by Virtue of this Act, shall have been paid, nor unless such Proof be first made, and in such Manner as is usually practised for the obtaining Drawbacks.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, and no longer, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, for and upon all refined Sugars in Loaves, not being Bastards, and on all Candy, which shall be imported into this Kingdom from Great Britain during the Time aforesaid, being of the Manufacture of Great Britain, a Duty, after the Rate of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Eleven Pence Thirteen Twentieths of a Penny, and Thirteen Fifteenths of a Twentieth, for every One Hundred Weight, containing One Hundred and Twelve Suttle Pounds of such Sugars, and so

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in Proportion for any greater or leſs Quantity; and for and upon all Refined Sugars, called Baſtards, and all Ground and Powdered Refined Sugars, and all Refined Loaf Sugar, broken in Pieces, which ſhall be imported from Great Britain during the Time aforeſaid, a Duty, after the Rate of Eighteen Shillings and Eleven Pence Sixteen Twentieths of a Penny, and Ten Fifteenths of a Twentieth, for every Hundred Weight thereof, containing One Hundred and Twelve Suttle Pounds, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſs Quantity; the ſaid Duties to be paid down on Importation in Ready Money Net, without any Diſcount or Allowance whatſoever; and to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties, Cuſtoms and Exciſe payable thereon by any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That to encourage the Refining of Sugars in Ireland, the following Bounties ſhall be allowed and paid upon all Sugars which ſhall be Refined in this Kingdom, and exported thence during the Time aforeſaid, that is to ſay, a Bounty, after the Rate of One Pound Eight Shillings and Two Pence for every One Hundred Weight of ſuch Sugars, containing One Hundred and Twelve Suttle Pounds, which ſhall be exported in the Loaf

Loaf, compleat and whole, being net, that is to say, of one uniform Whiteness throughout, and which shall have gone through the Operation of two or more Clays since it was last in the Pan, and shall have been properly and thoroughly dried in the Stove, according to the present Practice of Refining, and a Bounty after the Rate of Twelve Shillings and Seven Pence Thirteen Twentieths of a Penny, and Five Fifteenths of a Twentieth, for every One Hundred Weight, containing One Hundred and Twelve Suttle Pounds of such Refined Sugar, called Bastard, and of all Ground and Powdered Refined Sugar, and all Refined Loaf Sugar broken in Pieces, the said Sugar having been twice clayed and properly dried in the Stove, and of all Candy properly refined and manufactured, and freed from Dirt and Scum, which shall be exported during the Time aforesaid. CHAP. VI.

Provided allways, That if any of the said Refined Sugars, being either in small or great Loaves, commonly called Lumps, shall have gone through the Operation of three Clays at the least, since they were last in the Pan, and shall be net, and shall have been thoroughly dried in the Stove in the Manner herein before directed, though such Loaves be exported without the small Ends or Tips, they shall be esteemed complete and whole, within the true

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Intent and Meaning of this Act; and the Exporter or Exporters of the ſame ſhall receive the Drawback or Bounty accordingly.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the proper Officer or Officers of Your Majeſty's Revenue ſhall, upon View and Examination, either before or after ſhipping, find any Sugar or Candy, which ſhall be entered for Exportation, in Order to obtain the Bounties or Drawbacks thereon, to be leſs in Quantity than expreſſed in the Exporter's Indorſement, or entered under a wrong Denomination, or if ſuch Sugars ſhall not be reſpectively refined in the Manner before directed, or if ſuch Candy ſhall not be properly refined and manufactured, and free from Dirt and Scum, all ſuch Sugars or Candy ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Revenue, and ſued for and recovered as herein after directed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That before any Drawback or Bounty ſhall be paid for any of the Sugars or Candy, being of the Manufacture of this Kingdom, herein before mentioned, or any Debenture made out for the ſame, the Refiner or Refiners, not being the Exporter or Exporters of ſuch Sugars or Candy, ſhall make Oath before

fore the Collector, or other proper Officer of the Port of the following Import, that is to say, that he, she, or they sold such Sugars or Candy, expressing the Quantity and Time when sold, the Person or Persons intending to export the same, and that such Sugars have respectively gone through the Operations herein before expressed, and have been properly and thoroughly dried in the Stoves, or that such Candy has been properly refined or manufactured according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and that he, she, or they verily believe such Sugars or Candy were produced from Brown or Muscovado Sugars of the Growth or Produce of Your Majesty's Plantations in America, and imported from thence, or from Great Britain, or condemned as Prize in Great Britain, or elsewhere, as herein after mentioned, and that the several Duties payable thereon were duly paid, and the Exporter or Exporters of such Sugars or Candy shall then make Oath that such Sugars or Candy, being the Sugars or Candy for which such Bounty or Drawback is then claimed, are the identical Sugars or Candy, or Part thereof, which were sold to him or them as aforesaid, by such Refiner or Refiners; and before the Money due upon such Debenture or Debentures shall be paid, such Exporter or Exporters shall also make Oath, that the said Sugars

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or Candy have been duly exported, and the Searcher, or other proper Officer of the Port reſpectively, from which ſuch Sugars ſhall be exported, ſhall certify that the ſame have been fairly ſhipped, and all other Requiſites duly performed; and whenever the Refiner or Refiners of ſuch Sugars or Candy ſhall be the Exporter or Exporters thereof, ſuch Exporter or Exporters ſhall then make Oath, as well of the due Exportation of the ſame, as of the ſeveral Particulars herein before directed, to be ſworn to by ſuch Exporter or Exporters (excepting what relates to the Sale of the ſaid Sugars or Candy) according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon the Arrival of any Ship or Veſſel from any of the Britiſh Plantations in America, or the Weſt Indies, with Sugars or Paneles on Board, into the Port of her Diſcharge in this Kingdom, the Maſter or other Perſon taking Charge of the Ship or Veſſel, ſhall, at the Time he makes his Report of the Cargo, deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Revenue, ſuch Certificate as is uſually given, or required to be given by the Maſter of ſuch Ship loading in, and to ſail from any of the ſaid Colonies to Great Britain, and make Oath before him that the Goods ſo reported are the ſame

that

that are mentioned in the said Certificate, or forfeit One Hundred Pounds; and that all Sugars and Paneles imported without such Certificate, shall be considered, deemed, and taken to be Foreign Sugars and Paneles, not of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the British Colonies, and shall pay Duties accordingly. CHAP. VI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Clayed Sugar shall be deemed to be, and be taken and considered as Muscovado Sugar within the Meaning of this Act, and shall pay Duty, and receive Drawback as such, and be subject to the like Regulations in every Respect.

Provided always, That if any Sugars or Paneles shall be imported into this Kingdom, as being of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of any British Colony or Plantation in America, without being included in such Certificate as is herein before directed, and that it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Your Majesty's Revenue, that the said Sugars or Paneles are really and truly the Produce, Growth, or Manufacture of such British Plantation or Colony of Great Britain, and that no Fraud was intended, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to permit the said Sugars or Paneles to be entered upon Payment of the like Duties as

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ſuch Goods would be liable if they were attended with, and included in the Certificate herein before mentioned.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Brown or Muſcovado Sugars, not being of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of any Britiſh Colony or Plantation, which have been, or ſhall hereafter be taken by any of Your Majeſty's Ships of War, or by any private or other Ship or Veſſel, having Commiſſion from the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the Time being, may be landed in any Port in this Kingdom, between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, and ſecured under the King's Locks in Ware-houſes, provided at the ſole Expence of the Importers or Captors, with the Privity and Approbation, and under the Care and Inſpection of the Commiſſioners or principal Officers for collecting the Duties of Cuſtoms and Exciſe at the different reſpective Ports, without Payment of any Duty, Cuſtom, or Exciſe whatſoever, if the ſame ſhall have been condemned as Prize in Great Britain, upon Certificate from the proper Officer of their having paid in Great Britain the Duties required by

Law

Law to be paid there; and that all such Sugar so taken as aforesaid, and not imported from Great Britain, may upon Condemnation thereof as lawful Prize within this Kingdom, or in any Court of Admiralty within His Majesty's Dominions, be landed in any Port in this Kingdom, and secured in Ware-houses as aforesaid, and upon Admission into such Ware-houses of any such last mentioned Sugars, not imported from Great Britain, or of such brown or Muscovado Sugars condemned in Great Britain, and imported thence, without such Certificate as aforesaid, there shall be paid by the Importers, Captors, or their Agents, the following Duties only, which shall not be afterwards drawn back or repaid upon the Exportation thereof, that is to say, For all such Sugars taken as aforesaid by any of Your Majesty's Ships of War, a Duty after the Rate of Seven Pounds Ten Shillings for every One hundred Pounds Value thereof, valuing each Hundred Weight, containing One Hundred and Twelve Suttle Pounds, at Four Pounds Sterling; and for such Sugars if taken by any private or other Ship having Commission as aforesaid, a Duty after the Rate of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every One Hundred Pounds like Value thereof, the said Duties to be paid down in ready Money net, without any Discount or Allowance whatsoever.

CHAP. VI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Prize Sugars which shall be received into any Ware-house in pursuance of this Act, and secured under the King's Locks as aforesaid, shall and may upon their having paid such Duties as they shall be respectively subject unto, or chargeable with as aforesaid, be exported at any Time directly from such Ware-house, either by the Captors or their Agents, or by any other Person or Persons without paying any Duty of Custom or Excise for the same, the Person or Persons exporting the same, giving sufficient Security in double the Value of the said Sugars before the Delivery thereof out of the Ware-house that the same shall be really and truly exported, and not brought back again or re-landed in any Part of this Kingdom, Great Britain, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or the Islands of Faro or Ferro, which Security the Customer and Collector of the Port from whence the same are to be exported, is hereby required and authorized to take in His Majesty's Name, and to His Majesty's Use.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any such Sugars shall be taken for the purpose of being consumed in this Kingdom out of any Ware-house wherein such

Sugars

Sugars shall have been secured as afore- CHAP. VI.
said, the Person or Persons so taking out the same, shall first pay such Duties, as together with the Duties paid and retained in Great Britain, or paid on Import and Ware-housing in this Kingdom, shall bring up the Total Charge of Duties on the said Sugars to the Sum of One Pound and Four Pence Eleven-twentieths of a Penny and One-fifth of a Twentieth for every Hundred Weight thereof, the same being the net Sum to which all such Foreign Sugars were subject on Import into this Kingdom, previous to the passing of this Act, that is to say, if the same shall have been taken by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, and shall have paid in Great Britain the Duties payable there by Law, a Duty after the Rate of Thirteen Shillings and Ten Pence Eleven-twentieths of a Penny and One-fifth of a Twentieth for each Hundred Weight thereof; and if the same shall have been taken by any private Ship of War, and shall have paid in Great Britain the Duties required by Law to be paid there, a Duty after the Rate of Eighteen Shillings and Two Pence Eleven-twentieths of a Penny and One-fifth of a Twentieth, for every Hundred Weight thereof; and if the same shall have been taken by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, and be condemned as legal Prize here, or in any Court of Admiralty in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions,

CHAP. VI.

except Great Britain, or having been condemned as ſuch in Great Britain, and not having paid the Duties there, ſhall have paid the Duties as herein before required on Import here, a Duty after the Rate of Fourteen Shillings and Four Pence Eleven twentieths of a Penny and One fifth of a Twentieth for every Hundred Weight thereof; and if the ſame ſhall have been taken by any private Ship of War, and be condemned as legal Prize here, or in any Court of Admiralty in any Part of His Majeſty's Dominions, except Great Britain, or having been condemned as ſuch in Great Britain, and not having paid the Duties there, ſhall have paid the Duties herein before required on Import here, a Duty after the Rate of Eighteen Shillings and Four Pence Eleven twentieths of a Penny and One fifth of a Twentieth for each One Hundred Weight thereof, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſs Quantities; the ſaid laſt mentioned Duties of Fourteen Shillings and Four Pence Eleven twentieths of a Penny and One fifth of a Twentieth, and of Eighteen Shillings and Four Pence Eleven twentieths of a Penny and One fifth of a Twentieth, to be paid over and above the Duties paid on Import and Ware-houſing the ſaid Sugars; and all the ſaid ſeveral Duties ſhall be paid down in ready Money net, without Diſcount or Allowance, and to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties, Cuſtoms, and Exciſe payable thereon,

by

by Virtue of any Law or Laws heretofore made in this Kingdom. CHAP. VI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the proper Officer or Officers shall keep a separate and distinct Account of all Sugars imported into and exported from this Kingdom, and of the Hereditary Duties which would have been payable thereon if this Act had not been made, and that he or they do regularly enter the Amount of those several Hereditary Duties, and that so much of the Money arising from the Duties imposed by this present Act, upon the Importation of Sugars into this Kingdom, as the Hereditary Duties payable thereon would so have amounted to, shall be regularly and duly placed to the Account of Your Majesty's Hereditary Revenue.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and singular the said Duties, Rates, and Impositions hereby granted shall be raised, answered, collected, and paid unto Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors during the Time aforesaid, at the same Time and in like Manner, except as to bonding the same, or any Discount for prompt Payment, and all Penalties and Forfeitures hereby imposed, shall be recovered and sued for by such Ways, Means, and Methods, and by

CHAP. VI.

ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers as are appointed, directed, and expreſſed for the Raiſing, Anſwering, Collecting, and paying of Duties in and by an Act made in this Kingdom in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted; or by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue of Excile in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſame were particularly mentioned, expreſſed, and enacted again in the Body of this preſent Act, with like Remedy of Appeal, to and for the Party aggrieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe, or any other Law or Laws now in Being relating to the Duties of Excile is provided.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Six Pence per Pound and all other Fees which ſhall or may be payable to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Paymaſter or Receiver General of this Kingdom, upon Iſſuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money which ſhall or may ariſe out of the Aids herein before particularly mentioned, ſhall be received by the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers,

Trealurers, Receiver or Paymaſter-Gene- CHAP.
ral for the Uſe of Your Majeſty, Your VI.
Heirs and Succeſſors during the Time
aforeſaid, and ſhall be duly accounted for
by him or them to Your Majeſty, Your
Heirs and Succeſſors, as a further additi-
onal Aid hereby given and granted for the
further Support of Your Majeſty's Go-
vernment.

No. 1.

A SCHEDULE of the respective Duties payable upon Sugars of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *British* Plantations in *America*, or the *West Indies*, imported directly into this Kingdom from the said Plantations, or imported from *Great Britain*, distinguished as the same are or are not subject to Aliens Duty; with the Drawbacks upon the due Exportation of the same. The said Duties and Drawbacks to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties and Drawbacks whatsoever now payable by Law for the same.

SUGARS.	If not subject to Aliens Duty.		If subject to Aliens Duty.	
	Duty.	Drawback if exported after one Year and within three.	Duty.	Drawback if exported after one Year and within three.
	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20
MUSCOVADO, for every Hundred Weight containing 112 lbs.	0 12 8 8½	0 11 10 13½	0 13 1 10⅛	0 11 10 18⅜
WHITE, for every Hundred Weight containing 112 lbs.	1 9 11 9	1 7 2 19	1 11 4 10¼	1 7 3 15¼
REFINED, for every Hundred Weight containing 112 lbs.	4 9 1 5	3 19 10 15	4 13 11 5¼	4 0 1 10¼
PANELES, for every Hundred Weight containing 112 lbs.	0 16 8 4	0 15 7 4	0 17 3 0½	0 15 7 10½

No. 2.

A SCHEDULE of the reſpective Duties payable upon all Sugars imported into this Kingdom, not being of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, or the *Weſt Indies*, or not deemed to be ſo, except Brown or *Muſcovado* Prize Sugars, diſtinguiſhed as the ſame are or are not ſubject to Aliens Duty; with the Drawbacks to be allowed on the due Exportation thereof, within Three Years from the Time of Importation: The ſaid Duties and Drawbacks to be in Lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties and Drawbacks now payable by Law for the ſame.

SUGARS.	If not ſubject to Aliens Duty.			If ſubject to Aliens Duty.		
	Duty on Importation from ſaid Plantations.	Duty on Importation from *Great Britain*.	Drawback on due Exportation.	Duty on Importation from ſaid Plantations.	Duty on Importation from *Great Britain*.	Drawback on due Exportation.
	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20	l. s. d. 20
MUSCOVADO, for every Hundred Weight containing 112 lbs.	2 10 9 14	2 6 5 14	2 8 7 14	2 11 11 7	2 6 6 7	2 8 8 7
WHITE, for every Hundred Weight containing 112 lbs.	4 8 8 14	4 0 9 $7\frac{1}{3}$	4 4 9 $0\frac{2}{3}$	4 10 9 $14\frac{1}{2}$	4 0 10 $11\frac{1}{6}$	4 4 10 $4\frac{1}{2}$
REFINED, for every Hundred Weight containing 112 lbs.	9 18 8 4	9 0 3 4	9 9 5 14	10 3 6 $4\frac{1}{4}$	9 0 5 $19\frac{1}{4}$	9 9 8 $9\frac{1}{4}$
PANELES, for every Hundred Weight containing 112 lbs.	1 8 0 14	1 5 10 14	1 6 11 14	1 8 7 $10\frac{1}{2}$	1 5 11 $0\frac{1}{2}$	1 7 0 $0\frac{1}{2}$

CHAP. VII.

AN

ACT

FOR

Allowing further Time to Perſons in Offices or Employments to qualify themſelves purſuant to an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCCLXXXII.

AN ACT

FOR

Allowing further Time to Perſons in Offices or Employments to qualify themſelves purſuant to an Act, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. VII.

An Act for allowing further Time to Persons in Offices or Employments to qualify themselves pursuant to an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery.

CHAP. VII.

WHEREAS several persons well affected to his Majesty's Government and the Church of Ireland, as by Law established, may have through Ignorance neglected, or been prevented by sickness or other unavoidale Causes, from taking and subscribing the Oaths, and from making, repeating, and subscribing the Declaration, and from receiving the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and delivering a Certificate thereof, according to the Directions of an Act made in this Kingdom in the Second Year of the Reign of Her late Ma-

CHAP. VII.

jeſty Queen Anne, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, and may thereby have incurred great Penalties; therefore be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all and every Perſon and Perſons who have incurred any Penalties or Incapacities in the ſaid Act, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, mentioned, by neglecting to Qualify themſelves according to the ſaid Act, ſhall be and are hereby indemnified, freed, and diſcharged of and from all Incapacities, Diſabilities, Forfeitures, and Penalties incurred by reaſon of ſuch Omiſſion or Neglect as aforeſaid, and that no Act or Acts done by them, or any of them, and not yet avoided, ſhall be queſtioned or avoided by reaſon of ſuch Neglect or Omiſſion, but all ſuch Acts ſhall be and are hereby declared and enacted to be as good and effectual as if all and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons had taken and ſubſcribed the ſaid Oaths, and received the ſaid Sacrament, and delivered the Certificate thereof, and made, repeated, and ſubſcribed the ſaid Declaration at ſuch Time, Place, and Manner as is therein mentioned, any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided

Provided always, That such Person or Persons do and shall take and subscribe the said Oaths, and make, repeat, and subscribe the said Declaration in such Manner and Form, and in such Place and Places as are directed and appointed by the said Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, on or before the First Day of August, which shall be in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two.

And whereas several of His Majesty's Subjects are often preferred in the Army, while they are residing in Great Britain, whereupon they are by the Laws in Force in that Kingdom obliged to qualify themselves in some Part of Great Britain, by receiving the Sacrament, taking the Oaths, and subscribing the Declaration thereby required within the Time mentioned in such Laws: And whereas the Regiment or Regiments in which such Officer or Officers have Commissions so granted to them, are often ordered into this Kingdom and put upon this Establishment, by which a Doubt has arisen, whether such Officer or Officers, notwithstanding his or their having qualified themselves in Great Britain for such Commission, according to the said Laws, are not by the said Laws in Force in this Kingdom obliged to qualify themselves after their Arrival here for such Commissions, according to an Act of Parliament passed in this Kingdom in the Second

CHAP. VII.

Year of the Reign of Her late Majeſty Queen Anne, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery: Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Officer or Officers ſo preferred in Great Britain, who ſhall have qualified him or themſelves for ſuch Commiſſion or Commiſſions according to and within the limited Time by the ſaid Laws made in Great Britain, ſhall be obliged to qualify him or themſelves in this Kingdom, for ſuch Commiſſion or Commiſſions ſo granted to him or them in ſuch Regiment or Regiments after their Arrival in this Kingdom, and been put upon this Eſtabliſhment, any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided allways, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, ſhall not extend to reſtore or intitle any Perſon or Perſons to any Office or Employment already actually avoided by Judgment in any of His Majeſty's Courts of Record, or already filled up by any other Perſon, but that ſuch Office or Employment ſhall be and remain in the Perſon and Perſons who is or who are now intitled by Law to the ſame, as if this Act had never been made.

AN

CHAP. VIII.

AN

ACT

TO

Promote the Linen and Hempen Manufacture, by encreaſing the Supply of *Iriſh* Flax-ſeed, and encouraging the Export of Linens and Sail-Cloth, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCCLXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. VIII.

An Act to promote the Linen and Hempen Manufacture, by encreaſing the Supply of *Iriſh* Flax-ſeed, and encouraging the Export of Linens and Sail-Cloth, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

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WHEREAS the Cultivation and Saving of Flax-ſeed has formerly been much diſcouraged by the Bounties on the Importation of Foreign Seed: And whereas the Premiums granted laſt Seſſion of Parliament, have tended much to promote a ſufficient Supply of Iriſh Flax-ſeed; be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Autho-

CHAP. VIII.

tity of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, no Bounty or Premium shall be paid for or on Account of any Flax-seed or Lin-seed imported into this Kingdom; any Law to the contrary notwithstanding: And that during said Time, a Sum, after the Rate of Seven Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds per Annum, shall be applied to encourage the Growth of Flax-seed in this Kingdom, the said Sum to be paid out of such Monies as the Bounties on imported Flax-seed have been usually paid out of, or out of all or any of the Aids or Duties granted this Session of Parliament, by the Vice-Treasurers, Receiver or Receivers-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, without any further or other Warrant, to be sued for, had, or obtained in that Behalf, in Manner herein after mentioned.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Trustees of the Hempen and Linen Manufactures shall, and are hereby required, on or before the first Day of March, in each Year, during the said Time, to propose and publish such Premiums, amounting in the whole annually to the Sum of Seven Thousand and Seventy Pounds at the least,

least, for encouraging the Growth of Flax from Irish Flax-seed in all or any of the Counties of this Kingdom, and in such Proportions and to be claimed under such Restrictions and Regulations, as they shall think proper. CHAP. VIII.

Provided allways, That every Claim shall be required to be made before, and shall be adjudged by the Grand Jury of the County at some Assizes, to be appointed by the said Trustees for that Purpose, or on the Day after such Assizes, by such Persons as compoled the said Grand Juries, or the Majority of them.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so soon as the said Trustees shall have determined and published the Proportions of Money to be distributed in each County for such Premiums, they shall give Notice thereof in Writing to the Treasurer of such County, who is hereby required to post a Copy of such Notice on the Door of the County Court-House within Twelve Days after he shall have received the same, and they shall likewise give Notice thereof in Writing to the Vice-Treasurers, Receiver or Receivers-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, specifying the Sum to be distributed in each County, with the Amount of the Treasurer's Fees for paying the same as hereafter provided; and also specifying the Assizes at or immediately after which the said Pre-

CHAP. VIII.

miums are to be reſpectively claimed and adjudged, and the Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver or Receivers General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, are hereby required to remit and pay at any convenient Time before ſuch Aſſizes, to the reſpective Treaſurers of each County, the Sum ſo to be diſtributed therein, with the Amount of the Fees thereon ſpecified in ſuch Notice.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for every Treaſurer of a County to have, receive, and keep to his own Uſe the Sum of Six Pence for every Twenty Shillings which he ſhall pay to any Perſon for Premiums, adjudged as aforeſaid, by the Grand Jury or the Majority of the Perſons who compoſe the ſame, as a reward for his Trouble and Attendance.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Treaſurer of a County, having received ſuch Money as aforeſaid, ſhall pay upon Demand, without any other Fee or Reward than aforeſaid, to every Perſon to whom any Premium ſhall be adjudged, the full Amount of Premiums ſo adjudged to him or her, and ſhall enter all Payments by him made, and Monies by him received, in a Book, to be by him kept for that Purpoſe, and likewiſe a Liſt of the ſeveral Premiums adjudged at the preceding Aſſizes, a Copy of all which Entries ſhall be ſent by every ſuch Treaſurer to the

Secretary

Secretary, or other Chief Officer of the said Trustees, within one Month after such Assizes, and every such Treasurer shall at the succeeding Assizes lay before the Grand Jury his account of all such Monies received and paid by him, verified upon Oath, and shall send a Duplicate thereof, likewise verified upon Oath, to the said Secretary or other Chief Officer of the said Trustees, within one Month after said Assizes.

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Sums of Money heretofore issued to the Treasurers of any Counties, and which remain in their Hands after Payment of all Claims adjudged by the respective Grand Juries, or Majority of Persons who composed the same, and likewise all Sums of Money which shall or may be issued to them for Payment of Claims to be adjudged at any ensuing Assizes, and which shall remain in their Hands after Payment of all Claims so adjudged, shall and may be applied for encouraging the Growth of Flaxseed in this Kingdom, in such Manner as the said Trustees shall direct from Time to Time, and shall be paid upon Demand by every such Treasurer to the Order of the said Trustees, without Fee or Reward.

Provided allways, That if any such Treasurer shall be required by the said

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Truſtees to pay any ſuch remaining Sum or Sums, or any part thereof, to encou-rage the Growth of Flax-ſeed within the County whereof he is Treaſurer, he ſhall and may deduct, or take and receive to his own Uſe for his Trouble and Expence therein, a Sum after the Rate of Six Pence for each Pound he ſhall ſo pay.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Treaſurer of a County ſhall, for any Neglect, Refuſal, or Misbehaviour in any Matter herein enacted, to be done or performed by him, be accountable in like Manner, and ſubject to like Penalties and Regulations as he is now by Law ſubject to, for or in Reſpect of any Money raiſed on ſuch County for the Repair of Roads.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Truſtees ſhall keep, or cauſe to be kept, ſeparate or diſtinct Accounts of all Monies by them expend-ed for the encouraging the Growth of Flax-ſeed or Hemp-ſeed in this Kingdom, and ſhall on or before the Firſt Day of every Seſſion of Parliament, depoſit a Copy thereof with the Clerk of the Houſe of Commons, to be by him laid before the ſaid Houſe.

And whereas the encouraging by Boun-ties on Export various Branches of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, will tend

tend to promote and enlarge the same, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person or Persons who shall export out of this Kingdom to Africa, America, Spain, Portugal, Gibraltar, or the Island of Minorca, at any Time or Times between the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, and the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, any Irish Bucktam or filleting of the Breadth of Twenty-five Inches or more, or any Irish Linen of the like Breadth, either plain, printed, painted, stained, or dyed; or any painted, stained, printed, or dyed Irish Callico or Cotton, or Cotton mixed with Linen of the like Breadth, shall receive, without Fee or Deduction, the Bounties following, that is to say, For every Yard thereof which in its plain State, or before its being printed, painted, stained, or dyed, shall be under the Value of Five Pence, a Bounty of One Halfpenny, and for every Yard thereof which in its plain State, and before its being printed, painted, stained, or dyed, shall be of the Value of Five Pence, and under the Value of Six Pence Halfpenny, a Bounty of One Penny; and for every Yard thereof which in its plain State, and before its being printed, painted, stained, or dyed, shall be of the Value of Six Pence Halfpenny, and under the Value of One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny, a Bounty of One Penny Halfpenny.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall export to any of the ſaid Places during the Time aforeſaid, any Iriſh chequed or ſtriped Linen of the Breadth of Twenty-five Inches or more, not exceeding One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny, nor under Seven Pence the Yard in Value, or Iriſh made Diaper, Huckaback, Sheeting, or Linen, upwards of One Yard in Breadth, and not exceeding One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny the Square Yard in Value, ſhall receive, without Fee or Deduction, a Bounty of One Halfpenny for every Yard of ſuch chequed or ſtriped Linen, and a Bounty of One Penny Halfpenny for every Square Yard of ſuch Diaper, Huckaback, or Linen, upwards of a Yard in Breadth, and ſo in Proportion for any Quantity exceeding a ſquare Yard.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall export to any Place, except Great Britain, during the Time aforeſaid, any Iriſh made Sail-Cloth or Canvas, fit for, or made into Sails, by Way of Merchandize, ſhall receive, without Fee or Deduction, a Bounty of Six Pence Halfpenny for every Three Ells thereof.

Provided

Provided allways, That the Exporter of such Sail Cloth or Canvas shall, before he receives the said Bounty, make Oath (which Oath the proper Officer of the Revenue, at the Port where the same shall be shipped, shall have Power to administer) that such Sail-Cloth or Canvas was made in Ireland, and is actually exported, or shipped to be exported, without any Intention to be relanded in any Part of Great Britain, Ireland, or the Isle of Man; and that no former Reward or Bounty has been paid for the same, by Virtue of this Act, or an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting Bounties on the Export of certain Species of the Linen and Hempen Manufacture of this Kingdom, therein enumerated; and for repealing the Bounties on Flax-seed imported, and for encouraging the Growth thereof in this Kingdom.

Provided also, That the Exporter or Seller for Exportation of such plain Irish Linens, Irish Chequed or Striped Linens, and Irish Huckaback, Diapers, Sheetings, and other Species of Linen upwards of a Yard in Breadth, and of such Printed, Painted, Stained, or Dyed Irish Linens, Callicoes, Cottons, or Cottons mixed with Linen, shall in his Entry express the Quantity thereof, and the Value, exclusive of all printing, painting, staining, or dying, and likewise indorse on the Cocket

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granted upon ſuch Entry, the true Quantity and Valne as afoꝛeſaid, of the Linens, oꝛ other Goods intended to be ſhipped, and moꝛeover ſhall, beſoꝛe he receives ſuch Bounty, pꝛoduce a Certificate from the Searcher oꝛ other pꝛoper Officer appointed to ſee the ſame ſhipped, verifying the ſhipping thereof, and ſhall likewiſe give ſufficient Security to the Collectoꝛ oꝛ other Chief Officer of the Poꝛt, in the Penalty of double the Valne as afoꝛeſaid, of the Goods intended to be expoꝛted, and of One Hundꝛed Pounds (which Security every ſuch Collectoꝛ oꝛ other Officer is hereby impoweꝛed and required to take, in the Name and to the Uſe of His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſoꝛs) that ſuch Linens, Diapers, Huckabacks, Sheeting, oꝛ other Species of Linens, Callicoes, oꝛ Cottons, oꝛ Cottons mixed ſo ſhipped oꝛ intended to be ſhipped oꝛ any part thereof ſhall not be relanded, oꝛ bꝛought on ſhoꝛe again in any Poꝛt oꝛ Part of Great Britain, Ireland, oꝛ the Iſle of Man, and ſhall alſo beſoꝛe he receives any ſuch Bounty, make Oath (which Oath the pꝛoper Officers of the Cuſtoms have hereby Powꝛer to adminiſter) of the Valne as afoꝛeſaid of ſuch Linens, Callicoes, Cottons, oꝛ Cottons mixed, and that the ſame were inade in Ireland.

And in Oꝛder to pꝛevent abuſes in obtaining the ſaid Bounty; Be it furtheꝛ Enacted by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That it

it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Surveyor, or other proper Officer, after the Entry of any Linens or other Goods, as being entitled to the ſaid Bounty, and before or after the ſhipping thereof, to open and ſtrictly examine any Bale, Truſs, Cheſt, or other Package, to ſee if the Goods are right entered, and indorſed on the Cocket; and if on ſuch Examination the ſame ſhall be found to be right entered and indorſed, the Officer ſhall, at his own Charge, cauſe the ſame to be re-packed, which Charge ſhall be allowed to the ſaid Officer by the Commiſſioners of the Revenue, if they think it reaſonable.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if upon View and Examination by the proper Officers of the Revenue, it ſhall appear, that all or any Piece or Pieces of Linen, chequed or ſtriped Linen, printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed Linen, Callicoe, Cotton, or Cotton mixed, which ſhall be entered for Exportation, as intitled to the Bounty hereby granted, is or are of greater Value than One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny per Yard, excluſive of any Value from its being painted, printed, ſtained, or dyed, or that any Piece or Pieces of Diaper, Huckabacks, Sheeting, or other Species of Linen upwards of One Yard in Breadth, which ſhall be entered for Exportation, as

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entitled to the Bounty hereby granted, is or are of greater Value than One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny the ſquare Yard, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Exporter or Seller of ſuch Linen for Exportation, ſhall, on Demand made in Writing by the Surveyor of the Port where ſuch Goods or Merchandizes are entered, deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, ſo many Pieces of ſuch Linen as ſhall be demanded by the ſaid Officer into His Majeſty's Ware-houſe at the Port of Exportation, for the Uſe and Benefit of the Crown; and upon ſuch Delivery, the Surveyor of ſuch Port, with the Privity of the Collector, or other Chief Officer, ſhall out of any Money in the Hands of ſuch Collector, ariſing by any Duties belonging to the Crown, pay to ſuch Exporter or Seller for Exportation, the Value of One Shilling and Eight Pence Halfpenny per Yard; and alſo, if the ſame be printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed, the full Value, Coſt and Expence of ſuch Printing, Painting or Staining, or Dying, taking a Receipt for the ſame from ſuch Exporter or Seller for Exportation, in full Satisfaction for the ſaid Goods, as if they had been regularly ſold; and the Commiſſioners of the Revenue ſhall cauſe the ſaid Goods to be fairly and publickly ſold for the beſt Advantage, and out of the Produce thereof, the Money ſo paid or advanced as aforeſaid, ſhall be repaid to

to such Collector, to be replaced to the Account of His Majesty's Revenue, and if any Overplus shall remain after defraying the Expences of such Sale, and the necessary Charges incident thereto, one Moiety of such Overplus shall be paid into His Majesty's Treasury, towards defraying the Expences of His Majesty's Government, and the other Moiety to the proper Officers, who shall have searched and examined such Linens. CHAP. VIII.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall enter for Exportation, any Linen, Callico, Cotton, or Cotton mixed, at any Value, exclusive of the Value of its being printed, painted, stained, or dyed, not exceeding the Value of One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny per Yard, or any Diaper, Huckaback, Sheeting, or other Linen, upwards of One Yard in Breadth, at any Value as aforesaid, not exceeding One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny per square Yard, and which upon the View and Examination of the proper Officer of the Revenue shall be thought to be of greater Value before its being printed, painted, stained, or dyed, than One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny per Yard, or square Yard respectively, and shall on Demand made in Writing by the Surveyor, or other Officer of the Port where such Linen is entered for Exportation, refuse to de-

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liver, or cauſe to be delivered, all or any of the Pieces of ſuch Linen, Diaper, Huckaback, or Sheeting, into His Majeſty's Ware-houſe at ſuch Port, for the Uſe and Benefit of the Crown, and to receive from the ſaid Officers of the Revenue at the ſaid Port the Value of One Shilling and Eight Pence Halfpenny per Yard, or ſquare Yard reſpectively for ſuch Linen, together with the Value, Coſt, or Expence of printing, dying, painting, or ſtaining the ſame as the Caſe may be, in full Satisfaction for the ſame; or if the proper Officers of the Revenue ſhall upon View and Examination, find any ſuch Linen which ſhall be entered for Exportation at the Value of Six Pence Halfpenny per Yard, or above that Value, not exceeding One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny per Yard, to be under the Value as aforeſaid, of Six Pence Halfpenny per Yard, or which ſhall be entered at the Value of Five Pence per Yard, or above that Value, and not amounting to the Value of Six Pence Halfpenny per Yard, to be under the Value as aforeſaid of Five Pence per Yard, or if any ſuch Linen ſhall be leſs in Quantity than ſhall be expreſſed in the ſaid Indorſement on the ſaid Entry or Cocket, or ſhall not be of the Breadth of Twenty-five Inches at the leaſt, or of the Breadth of one Yard, if ſo entered, or if the ſame ſhall be entered and indorſed under a wrong Denomination, whereby the ſaid Bounty, or any

Part

part thereof, would have been fraudulently obtained, that then, and in every such Case, all such Linen, Callico, Cotton, or Cotton mixed, which shall be so refused to be delivered, or that shall be under the Value aforesaid of Six Pence Halfpenny per Yard, or Five Pence per Yard respectively, or shall appear to be less in Quantity than expressed in such Indorsement, or be under the Breadth of Twenty-five Inches, or one Yard respectively, or entered and indorsed under a wrong Denomination, and also all the Goods contained in all and every the Package or Packages indorsed on the said Entry or Cocket, shall be forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Revenue, and the Owner or Merchant shall lose the Benefit of receiving the Bounty for such Goods.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any plain, chequed, or striped Irish Linen, or any stained, painted, printed, or dyed Irish Linen, Callico, Cotton, or Cotton mixed, Diaper, Huckaback, Sheeting, or Sail-Cloth, or Canvas, for which the Bounty shall have been given or claimed, shall be re-landed in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Isle of Man, the same shall be forfeited, and every Person concerned in bringing back or re-landing the same, shall forfeit One Shilling for every Yard or square Yard of such Linen, Callico, Cotton, or Cotton mixed respectively, and Two

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Shillings for every Ell of ſuch Sail-Cloth or Canvas ſo brought back or re-landed.

And in Order to provide towards the Payment of ſaid Bounties on Linens and other Goods exported, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, until the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, in Ready Money net, an additional Impoſt or Duty, after the Rate of Two Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum, on the Produce of the Duties on Teas and Wines imported during the Time aforeſaid, except Wines of the Growth of Portugal or Madeira; and an additional Impoſt Duty, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum, on the Produce and Amount of the Cuſtoms inwards and Impoſt Exciſe, which ſhall be due and payable to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors during the Time aforeſaid, and which ſhall be collected in this Kingdom for and upon any Goods or Merchandizes imported into the ſame, except on Wines and Teas as aforeſaid, and on Tobacco, Hops, Sugars, and the ſeveral Goods or Merchandizes of the Product or Manufacture of the Britiſh Colonies

lonies in America, or the West Indies, or the British Settlements on the Coast of Africa, whereon any Duties are imposed or altered this Session of Parliament, the said additional Impost or Duty of Five per Centum to be paid upon the Amount of the said Customs and Import Excise, after all usual Discounts and Allowances shall have been made therefrom, and that the Monies arising therefrom shall be applied towards Payment of the said Bounties, and that if the said Monies shall not be sufficient to answer the same, such Deficiency shall be paid out of any Monies arising from all or any of the Duties granted this Session of Parliament, in the Hands of the Collector at the Port where such Goods shall be shipped for Exportation, and all Money which shall be so paid for the said Bounties, over and above the Produce of the said additional Duties or Imposts, shall be duly and regularly replaced or repaid to His Majesty's Revenue, on every Twenty-fourth Day of June, and Twenty-fifth Day of December, out of the Annual Sum of Ten Thousand Pounds granted to the said Trustees, by an Act passed this Session of Parliament, and the Overplus of the said Ten Thousand Pounds per Annum, after paying such Deficiency, shall on every Twenty-fourth Day of June and Twenty-fifth Day of December, in each Year, be paid to the said Trustees for promoting the Linen and Hempen Manufactures.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Bounties ſhall be paid on Demand, without Fee or Reward, to the Exporter or Seller for Exportation, ſubject to the ſeveral Regulations herein contained, by the Collector of the Port where ſuch Goods ſhall be ſhipped, and that if any Surplus or Reſidue of the Money ariſing from the ſaid additional Impoſts or Duties, ſhall remain after Payment of all the ſaid Bounties, ſuch Surplus or Reſidue ſhall be paid to the ſaid Truſtees for the Encouragement of the Linen and Hempen Manufacture, to be applied in ſuch Manner as they ſhall think proper.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the ſeveral and reſpective Duties and Rates hereby granted, ſhall be raiſed, anſwered, collected, and paid unto His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Time aforeſaid, at the ſame Time, and in like Manner, and by ſuch Ways, and Means, and Methods, except as to Bonding the ſame, or any Allowance for Diſcount or prompt Payment, and all and ſingular the Penalties aforeſaid ſhall be ſued for, raiſed, and collected by ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers as are appointed, directed, and expreſſed in and by an Act made in this Kingdom in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second,

Second, intituled, An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe and new Impoſt upon His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted; or by any other Law now in force relative to the Revenue of Excile in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſame were particularly mentioned, ſpecified, and enacted in the Body of this preſent Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Excile, or any other Law or Laws now in being relative to the Duty of Excile, is provided. CHAP. VIII.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That neither the Six-Pence per Pound, nor any other Fee, ſhall be payable to, nor be deducted, or received by the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver or Paymaſter General, Clerk of the Pells, or any other Officer or Officers of this Kingdom, for or on Account of the Iſſuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, ariſing by, or which ſhall be received for, on Account of the Aids hereby granted to His Majeſty, or of any Payment to be made in purſuance hereof.

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AN

ACT

FOR

Regulating Drawbacks and Bounties, preventing Export of Manufacturing Utenſils, except to *Great Britain*, for encouraging the Import of Organized Silk, and of other Goods from certain Places therein named.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for regulating Drawbacks and Bounties, preventing Export of Manufacturing Utenſils, except to *Great Britain*, for encouraging the Import of Organzined Silk, and of other Goods from certain Places therein named.

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WHEREAS Goods and Merchandizes are frequently ſhipped for Exportation to the Iſlands of Faro, or Ferro, being Part of the Dominions of the Kingdom of Denmark, with no other Intent than fraudulently to reland the ſame; be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Autho-

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tity of the ſame, That no Drawback or Bounty ſhall be allowed for any Goods whatſoever, which from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, ſhall be exported from Ireland to the ſaid Iſlands of Faro, or Ferro; and that if any Merchant or Perſon ſhall enter any Goods for Exportation to other Parts than to the ſaid Iſlands, in Order to obtain the Drawback or Bounty for the ſame, and ſuch Goods ſhall nevertheleſs be carried to the ſaid Iſlands, and landed there, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Drawback or Bounty paid, or to be paid for the ſame, ſhall be forfeited, and the Exporter of ſuch Goods, and the Maſter of the Ship or Veſſel on Board which the ſame ſhall have been landed and exported; and every Perſon concerned in aſſiſting in the Exportation or landing of the ſaid Goods, whether any Drawback or Bounty has been, or is to be paid for the ſame or not, ſhall forfeit treble the Value of the Goods; and the Ship or Veſſel on Board which ſuch Goods were loaded and exported, with all her Tackle, Furniture and Apparel, ſhall alſo be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized and proſecuted by any Officer of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe.

And

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And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, the said Islands of Faro, or Ferro, shall be added to and included in the Oath, upon all Debentures for Goods exported, whereon the Exporter is to swear, that such Goods are not landed, nor intended to be landed in Great Britain or Ireland.

And whereas it is expedient, by certain Provisions, Penalties, and Forfeitures to prevent and prohibit the Exportation (except to Great Britain) of all such Tools or Utensils as are commonly used in, or are proper for, preparing, working up, or finishing of the Cotton or Linen Manufacture of this Kingdom; and also, for the preventing and prohibiting all and every Person and Persons whomsoever from the collecting and obtaining, or having in his, her, or their Possession or Custody, with Intent to export the same, any Tools or Implements used, as well in the said Cotton or Linen, as in the Woollen and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any Time after the passing of this Act, any Person or Persons shall, upon any Pretence whatsoever, load or put on Board, or pack, or cause or procure to be loaden, put on Board or packed in Order to be loaded or put on Board of any Ship or

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Veſſel which ſhall not be bound directly to ſome Port or Place in Great Britain or Ireland, or ſhall lade, or cauſe or procure to be laden on Board any Boat, or other Veſſel, or ſhall bring, or cauſe to be brought, to any Quay, Wharf, or other Place, in Order to be ſo loaden or put on Board any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, any Machine, Engine, Tool, Preſs, Paper, Utenſil or Implement whatſoever, which now is, or at any Time hereafter ſhall or may be uſed in, or be proper for the preparing, working, preſſing, finiſhing, or compleating of the Woollen, Cotton, Linen, or Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, or any or either of them, or any other Goods wherein Wool, Cotton, Linen, or Silk, or any or either of them, are or is uſed, or any Part or Parts of ſuch Machine, Engine, Tool, Preſs, Paper, Utenſils, or Implements, by what Name or Names ſoever the ſame ſhall be called or known, or any Model or Plan, or Models or Plans of any ſuch Machine, Engine, Tool, Preſs, Paper, Utenſils, or Implement, or any Part or Parts thereof, and Complaint being made upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace to iſſue his or their Warrant or Warrants, not only to ſeize all ſuch Machines, Engines, Tools, Preſs, Papers, Utenſils or Implements, and Part or

Parts

parts thereof, and all such Model or Plan, Models or Plans, and Part or Parts thereof, together with the Packages, and all other Goods packed therewith, if any such there be, but also to bring the Person or Persons so complained of before him or them, or some other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the same County, City, or Place; and if when such Person or Persons shall be brought before such Justice or Justices, he, she, or they shall not give such an Account of the Use or Purpose to which such Machines, Engines, Tools, Press, Paper, Utensils or Implements, and Part or Parts thereof; and all such Model or Plan, Models or Plans, and Part or Parts thereof, are intended to be appropriated, as shall be satisfactory to the Justice or Justices before whom he, she, or they shall be brought as aforesaid, then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, not only to cause all such Machines, Engines, and other Articles which shall have been seized as aforesaid, together with the Packages, and all other Goods packed therewith, to be detained, but also to bind the Person or Persons so charged, to appear at the next Assizes, or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace for the County, City, or Place where such Offence shall be committed, with reasonable Sureties for his or their Appearance; and in Case such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect

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to give ſuch Security, then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to commit the Perſon or Perſons ſo refuſing, to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction, there to be kept until the next Aſſizes, or next Quarter-Seſſions of the County, City, or Place where ſuch Commitment ſhall be, and until he, ſhe, or they ſhall be delivered by due Courſe of Law; and in Caſe any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of any of the Offences aforeſaid, upon any Indictment or Information againſt him, her, or them, at ſuch Aſſizes or Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace as aforeſaid, the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, not only forfeit all ſuch Machines, Engines, Tools, Preſs, Paper, Utenſils and Implements, Model, or Plans, or Parts thereof reſpectively, together with the Packages, and all other Goods packed therewith, if any ſuch there be, but alſo the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, and ſhall alſo ſuffer Impriſonment in the Common Gaol, Priſon, or Houſe of Correction of the County, City, or Place wherein ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be reſpectively convicted, for the Space of Twelve Months, without Bail or Mainprize, and until ſuch Forfeiture ſhall be paid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of

of the Revenue, and he and they is and are hereby required to seize and secure in some or one of his Majesty's Ware houses, all such Machines, Engines, Tools, Press, Paper, Utensils or Implements, or part or parts thereof, and all and every such Models or Plans, or part or parts thereof, as such Officer or Officers shall find, and discover to be laid or put on Board or intended to be laid or put on Board, of any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, which shall not be bound directly to some Port or Place in Great Britain or Ireland, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, together with the Packages and all other Goods packed therewith, if any such there be, and they are hereby indemnified in so doing; and all Machines, Engines, Tools, Press, Papers, Utensils and Implements, or part or parts thereof, Models or Plans, or part or parts thereof, together with the Packages, and other Goods packed therewith, so seized and secured as aforesaid, shall after condemnation thereof, in due Course of Law, be publickly sold to the best Bidder, by Order of the Commissioners of the Revenue, and one Moiety of the Produce arising from the Sale thereof, after deducting the Charges of Condemnation and Sale, shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize and prosecute the same as aforesaid.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, if the Captain or Maſter of any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat in this Kingdom, ſhall knowingly or deſignedly permit or ſuffer any Machine, Engine, Tool, Preſs, Paper, Utenſil or Implement, or Part or Parts thereof, or any Model or Plan, Models or Plans, or Part or Parts thereof, by this Act prohibited to be exported as aforeſaid, to be put on Board his ſaid Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, every ſuch Captain or Maſter ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds; and if the ſaid Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, ſhall belong to His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, then the Captain or Maſter thereof, ſhall not only forfeit the ſaid Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, but ſhall alſo be incapable of holding any Office or Employment under His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, in this Kingdom.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Surveyor, Searcher, Waiter, or other Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, ſhall take, or knowingly or willingly ſuffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or ſhall ſign any Cocket, Warrant, or Sufferance for the ſhipping or exporting of any of the ſaid Machines, Engines, Tools, Preſs, Paper, Utenſils, or Implements,

ments, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any of the said Models or Plans, or any Part or Parts thereof by this Act prohibited to be exported, or shall knowingly or willingly permit, or suffer the same to be done directly or indirectly, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, every such Customer, Comptroller, Surveyor, Searcher, Waiter, or other Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, and shall also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of holding any Office or Employment under His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in this Kingdom. CHAP. IX.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Penalties and Forfeitures herein before mentioned (the Manner of Recovery whereof is not herein before particularly directed) shall and may be sued for and recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of the Four Courts at Dublin in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney-General, or in the Name of some Officer or Officers of the Revenue of Ireland, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed; and that one Moiety of the said Penalties and Forfeitures shall go and be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of such Officer or Officers of

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the Revenue, as ſhall ſue and proſecute for the ſame, after deducting the Charges of Proſecution from the Whole.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall have in his, her, or their Cuſtody, Power, or Poſſeſſion, or ſhall collect, obtain, make, apply for, or cauſe, or procure to be made, any ſuch Machine, Engine, Tool, Preſs, Paper, Utenſil or Implement, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any ſuch Model or Plan, Models or Plans, or Part or Parts thereof, as aforeſaid, with Intent to export, or that the ſame may be exported to ſome other Port or Place than Great Britain, or ſome Port in this Kingdom, and Complaint being made, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, that there is Reaſon to believe ſuch Perſon or Perſons hath or have in his, her, or their Cuſtody, Power, or Poſſeſſion, or hath or have collected, obtained, made, applied for, or cauſed or procured to be made, any ſuch Machine, Engine, Tool, Preſs, Paper, Utenſil, or Implement, or Part or Parts thereof, or any ſuch Model or Plan, or Models or Plans, or Part or Parts thereof, as aforeſaid, with Intent to export, or that the ſame may be exported to ſome other Port or Place than Great Britain, or ſome Port in this Kingdom, then, and in any of the

ſaid

ſaid Caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace to iſſue his or their Warrant or Warrants to ſeize all ſuch Machines, Engines, Tools, Preſs, Papers, Utenſils or Implements, or Part or Parts thereof, and all ſuch Models or Plans, or Part or Parts thereof, as aforeſaid, and to bring the Perſon or Perſons ſo complained of, before him or them, or ſome other of His Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſame County, City, or Place; and if ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall not give ſuch an Account of the Uſe or Purpoſe to which ſuch Machines, Engines, Tools, Preſs, Papers, Utenſils or Implements, or Part or Parts, Models or Plans, or Part or Parts thereof, is, are, or were intended to be appropriated as ſhall be ſatisfactory to the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall be brought as aforeſaid, then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to cauſe all ſuch Machines, Engines, Tools, Preſs, Paper, Utenſils or Implements, or Part or Parts thereof, Models or Plans, or Part or Parts thereof, which ſhall have been ſo ſeized as aforeſaid, to be detained, and alſo to bind the Perſon or Perſons ſo charged to appear at the next Aſſizes, General Goal-Delivery, or Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace for the County, City, or Place where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, with reaſonable Sureties for his, her, or their Appearance;

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and in Caſe ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe or neglect to give ſuch Security, then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to commit ſuch Perſon or Perſons to the County-Gaol, Priſon, or Houſe of Correction, there to remain until the next Aſſizes, or Quarter-Seſſions of the County, City, or Place where ſuch Commitment ſhall be, and until he, ſhe, or they ſhall be delivered by due Courſe of Law; and in Caſe any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted upon any Indictment or Information againſt him, her, or them at ſuch Aſſizes, or Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace as aforeſaid, of having in his, her, or their Cuſtody, Power, or Poſſeſſion, or of having collected, obtained, made, applied for, or cauſed, or procured to be made, any ſuch Machine, Engine, Tool, Preſs, Paper, Utenſil or Implement, or Part or Parts thereof, Model or Plan, or Part or Parts thereof, with ſuch Intent as aforeſaid, then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe all ſuch Machines, Engines, Tools, Preſs, Papers, Utenſils or Implements, or Part or Parts thereof, Models or Plans, or Part or Parts thereof, which ſhall be ſo ſeized and detained, and alſo the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, and ſhall ſuffer Impriſonment in the Common Gaol of the County, City, or Place wherein ſuch Offender or Offenders reſpectively ſhall be convicted, for the Space of

of Twelve Months, without Bail or Mainprize, and until such Forfeiture shall be paid. CHAP. IX.

Provided nevertheless, That no Person shall be prosecuted for any of the Offences aforesaid in this Clause mentioned, unless such Prosecution shall be commenced within the Space of Twelve Months next after such Offence shall be committed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Forfeitures, by this Act inflicted upon Offenders against the same, shall, when recovered (where the same is not by this Act otherwise provided) go and be applied to the Use of the Informer, after the Expences of the Prosecution are paid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Suit or Action shall be commenced against any Person for what he shall do in pursuance of this Act, such Suit or Action shall be commenced within Six Months next after the Fact committed, and the Person so sued, may file common Bail, or enter a common Appearance, and plead the General Issue, Not Guilty, and may give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become Nonsuit, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him or her, or if

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upon Demurrer, Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant ſhall recover treble coſts.

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained, ſhall extend to the preventing Wool Cards or Stock Cards, not exceeding in Value Four Shillings per Pair, and Spinners Cards not exceeding in Value One Shilling and Six Pence per Pair, uſed in the ſaid Woollen Manufacture, from being exported to any of His Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in America.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, and during the Continuance of the preſent Hoſtilities, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons admitted into, and made free of the Company of Merchants trading into the Levant Seas, commonly called or known by the Name of the Turkey Company, to import into this Kingdom any Goods or Commodities which have been uſually heretofore, or may by Law be imported from Turkey or Egypt, or from any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Seignor within the Levant Seas, in any Ship or Veſſel built in, or belonging to Great Britain, or Ireland, navigated according to Law, or in any Ship or Veſſel belonging to any Kingdom or State in amity with His Majeſty, His Heirs

Heirs or Succeſſors, navigated by foreign Seamen from any Port or Place whatſoever in either or any of ſuch Ships or Veſſels, upon Payment of the ſame Duties as the like Goods would be ſubject and liable to if imported in Britiſh or Iriſh Ships directly from the Place of their Growth, Production, or Manufacture; but if ſuch Goods ſhall be imported in any foreign built Ship or Veſſel, then and in ſuch Caſe, the Goods ſo imported, ſhall be ſubject to the Alien's Duties, if ſuch Goods would have been ſubject and liable thereto if this Act had not been made. CHAP. IX.

Provided allways, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Entry ſhall be ſuffered to paſs at the Cuſtom-houſe for any ſuch Goods of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of Turkey or Egypt, or of any of the Dominions of the Grand Seignor, as before the paſſing of this Act might be imported only from ſuch Ports or Places in the Streights or Levant Seas as are within the Dominions of the Grand Seignor, and which by the Authority of this Act are permitted to be imported in Manner aforeſaid, until the Perſon importing or entering the ſame, ſhall produce to the Collector or other proper Officer of His Majeſty's Revenue at the Port of Importation, a Certificate, under the Hand of the Collector of the Duties for the

CHAP. IX.

ſaid Turkey Company, certifying ſuch Perſon is free of the ſaid Company, and that he has paid the Duties impoſed on ſaid Goods by the ſaid Company, and has conformed in all Reſpects to the Rules and Regulations of the ſaid Company relative thereto.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, and during the Continuance of the preſent Hoſtilities, any Goods or Commodities of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of any Place or Country within the Streights or Levant Seas, which have been uſually heretofore, or may by Law be imported from any Port or Place in Europe within the Streights of Gibraltar, except ſuch Goods or Commodities as might heretofore be imported only from ſuch Ports or Places as are within the Dominions of the Grand Seignor, ſhall and may during the Continuance of this Act, be imported and brought by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever from any Port or Place whatſoever, not being within the Dominions of the Grand Seignor, in any Ship or Veſſel built in, or belonging to Great Britain or Ireland, navigated according to Law, or in any Ship or Veſſel belonging to any Kingdom or State in amity with His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors navigated with foreign Mariners, upon Payment of the ſame Duties as the like Goods

Goods would be ſubject and liable to if im- CHAP. IX.
ported directly from the Place of their Growth, Production, or Manufacture; and if any ſuch Goods ſhall be imported in any foreign built Ship or Veſſel, then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Goods ſo imported ſhall be ſubject to the Alien's Duties, if ſuch Goods would have been ſubject and liable thereto by Law if this Act had not been made.

And whereas ſeveral Articles cannot, by Reaſon of the preſent Hoſtilities, be imported in Shipping navigated according to the Laws now in force without great Hazard and Expence to the Importers thereof; and whereas it will tend to the general Accomodation and Advantage of the Trade and Manufacture of this Kingdom, if ſome temporary Relief be given in the Premiſes: For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, and during the Continuance of the preſent Hoſtilities, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to import any Goods or Commodities of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any Iſland, Colony, or Plantation belonging to or under the Dominion of the Crown of Portugal into this Kingdom, in any Ship or Veſſel belonging to any of the Subjects of the Crown of Portugal, from any Port or Place in Portugal, or the Weſtern Iſlands

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commonly called the Azores or Madeira Iſlands, any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Time, and during the preſent Hoſtilities, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to import into this Kingdom all ſorts of Wool, Barrilla, Jeſuits Bark, Linen Yarn, Hemp, Flax, and Flax-ſeed, Indigo, and Cochineal from any Country or Place whatſoever, in any Ship or Veſſel belonging to any Kingdom or State in amity with His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, navigated by Foreign Seamen, any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided always, that ſuch Goods as ſhall in purſuance of this Act, be imported in any Foreign Ship or Veſſel, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the Alien's and all other Duties in the ſame Manner as they ſhould be liable to by Law, if ſuch Ships there of the Built of the Country of which the Goods are the Growth, Production, or Manufacture.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, it ſhall and may be lawful

lawful to and for any Person or Persons to import into this Kingdom, from any Port or Place, or in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, Organized Thrown Silk of the Production or Growth of Italy, not being coarser than the Sort thereof known and distinguished by the Name of Third Bologna, and not being Tram Silk, any Law to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. IX.

CHAP. X.

AN

ACT

TO

Explain and amend an Act paſſed in the Eleventh Year of His Preſent Majeſty's Reign, *intituled*, An Act to regulate the Trials of Controverted Elections or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

A C L

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. X.

An Act to explain and amend an Act paſſed in the Eleventh Year of His Preſent Majeſty's Reign, *intituled*, An Act to regulate the Trials of controverted Elections or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament.

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WHEREAS it has been found neceſſary to explain and amend the ſaid Act in ſome Particulars; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that whenever a Day and Hour ſhall be appointed, purſuant to the ſaid Act, for taking into Conſideration, a Petition

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complaining of an undue Election and return of a Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament, on the Day and at the Hour ſo appointed, immediately after reading the Order of the Day for that Purpoſe, the Houſe ſhall be called over, and the Names of thoſe Members who ſhall upon ſuch Call be abſent, ſhall be taken down by the Clerk, and every Member who ſhall ſo abſent himſelf, ſhall be directed to attend the Houſe at the next ſitting thereof, and ſhall then be ordered to be taken into Cuſtody by the Serjeant at Arms attending the Houſe, or ſhall incur ſuch other Cenſure as the Houſe ſhall think fit to inflict upon him for ſuch Neglect of his Duty, unleſs a reaſonable and ſufficient Excuſe be aſſigned by, or for ſuch Member for his Abſence, the Matter of ſuch Excuſe to be verified upon the Oath of the Member, or of ſome other credible Perſon as the Caſe may require; and if after calling over the Houſe as aforeſaid, it ſhall appear that Sixty Members, excluſive of the Speaker, are not preſent, the Houſe ſhall be immediately adjourned to the following Day (Sunday and Chriſtmas-day allways excepted) when, as alſo on each ſucceeding Day, 'till ſuch Committee ſhall be choſen, immediately after the Speaker ſhall take the Chair the Names of thoſe Members who were abſent on the former Day ſhall be called over, and the Houſe ſhall proceed to allow or diſallow the Excuſe alledged by or for each Member as his Name ſhall be

be called over, and after determining upon the Matter of each Excuse alledged as aforesaid, the House shall proceed in Manner as herein before is directed, and so from Day to Day 'till there shall be an Attendance of Sixty Members, exclusive of the Speaker. CHAP. X.

And whereas Doubts have arisen upon the Construction of the said Act, whether the Chairman of a Select Committee, chosen by Virtue of said Act, ought of Right to vote upon any Question which may arise upon the Trial of a Petition referred to such Committee, or upon the Determination thereof, or upon any Resolution concerning the same, except only in Cases where there shall be an Equality of Voices; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon every such Question, Determination, or Resolution, the Chairman of such Committee shall give his Voice in like Manner as every other Member thereof; and if in any Case the Number of Voices, including the Chairman's Voice, shall be equal, that then, and in every such Case, the Chairman shall give a casting Voice.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Case the Number of Members able to attend such Select Committee, shall by Death, or by any other Cause be unavoidably reduced to less than Eleven, and shall so continue for the Space

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of Twelve Sitting Days of the Houſe, that in that Caſe, and in no other, the ſaid Select Committee ſhall be diſſolved, and another choſen to try and determine the Matter of ſuch Petition, in Manner as by the ſaid recited, and this preſent Act, is directed.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo long as Eleven Members of ſuch ſelect Committee ſhall continue to attend the ſame, every Determination of ſuch Committee ſhall be valid and effectual; any Thing contained in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That whenever ſuch ſelect Committee ſhall be reduced to the Number of Eleven, as aforeſaid, if any Member thereof ſhall abſent himſelf, and his Excuſe for ſuch Abſence ſhall have been allowed by the Houſe, ſuch Member ſhall nevertheleſs, from Day to Day, as often as the Houſe ſhall ſit, and ſo long as he ſhall abſent himſelf from ſuch Committee, ſtate to the Houſe, and verify upon Oath, by himſelf, or ſome other credible Perſon, as the Caſe may require, the Cauſe of ſuch his Abſence; and the Houſe ſhall upon each Day proceed to allow or diſallow the Cauſe ſo alledged by ſuch Member for his Abſence.

And

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whenever any select Committee shall be drawn by Virtue of the said Act, to try the Merits of any Petition, complaining of an undue Election and Return of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, neither the Petitioner or Petitioners, his or their Agent or Agents, nor the sitting Member or Members, his or their Agent or Agents, shall name any Member to be added to those who have been drawn by Lot, any Thing contained in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding; but that the Parties shall return a List of Fifteen Members out of those who have been drawn by Lot, which Fifteen Members shall be the Select Committee appointed for the Purposes in the said recited, and this present Act.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whenever a Charge is made in any Petition, complaining of an undue Election and Return of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, of Corruption, Partiality, or other Misconduct in the Returning Officer, at or previous to such Election, the Petitioner or Petitioners shall, at least Fourteen Days before the Day appointed for taking such Petition into Consideration, give, or cause to be given, Notice in Writing, to such Returning Officer, of the Charge so made against him, and of the Day appointed for taking such

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ſuch Petition into Conſideration, and the Select Committee, to whom ſuch Petition is referred, ſhall be ſworn at the Table, well and truly to try the Matter of ſuch Charge, and a true Judgment to give, according to the Evidence, and ſhall upon the Trial of ſuch Petition, upon Proof being firſt made, that ſuch Notice was ſerved as aforeſaid, enter into an Examination of the Conduct of ſuch Returning Officer, upon the Charge ſo made, and the Evidence ſo produced againſt him as aforeſaid, and ſhall hear the Evidence produced by, or on behalf of ſuch Returning Officer, and after hearing ſuch Evidence ſo produced on both Sides, ſhall determine by a Majority of Voices of ſuch Select Committee, whether the ſaid Charge is well or ill founded, and the Chairman of ſuch Select Committee ſhall Report ſuch Determination to the Houſe, and the Houſe on being informed thereof, ſhall immediately Order ſuch Determination to be entered in their Journals.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon Proof made that ſuch returning Officer cannot be found within the Realm of Ireland, or that he has abſconded within the ſame, and upon Proof made that Notice in Writing was ſerved upon the laſt known Place of Reſidence of ſuch Returning Officer, within Fourteen Days after the Concluſion of ſuch Election, of ſuch intended Petition, that

that then, and in that Case, the Posting such Notice within the Time aforesaid, on the Principal Door of the Session-House or other Place where such Election was held, and serving it upon such Returning Officer's last known Place of Residence in this Kingdom, shall be deemed good and sufficient Service of such Notice.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where such Select Committee shall come to a Determination, touching such Return, the Entry of such Determination in the Journals of the House shall be conclusive Evidence of the Legality or Illegality of such Return in any Court of Law upon the Trial of any Action at Law, to be brought against such Returning Officer for a False or Illegal Return to the Writ or Precept commanding him to hold such Election, by the Person or Persons whose Petition was referred to such Select Committee.

Provided allways, That no Damages shall be given in such Action, if the Jury are satisfied that the Return was made without Favour, Partiality, or Corruption, but that the said Jury shall in such Case be at Liberty to find for the Defendant, but without Costs.

And whereas there is no Provision made in the said Act, in case of the Absence of the

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Chairman for the Appointment of a Person to Report his Absence to the House; Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whenever the Chairman of such Select Committee shall absent himself from the same, such Select Committee shall from among themselves chuse a Member to Report his Absence to the House, and in Case of the Non-attendance of such Chairman at the next Meeting of the said Committee, the Members thereof shall proceed to elect another Chairman in his Room.

AN

CHAP:
XI.

AN

ACT

FOR

Better ſecuring the Liberty of the Subject.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCCLXXXII.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for better securing the Liberty of the Subject.

CHAP. XI.

WHEREAS as the Law now stands great Delays may be used by Sheriffs, Gaolers, and other Officers to whose Custody any of the King's Subjects may be committed for Criminal or suppoſed Criminal Matters, in making Return of Writs of Habeas Corpus to them directed, by standing out an Alias and Pluries Habeas Corpus and sometimes more, and by other Shifts to avoid their yielding Obedience to such Writs, contrary to their Duty, and the known Laws of the Land, whereby many of the King's Subjects may be long

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detained in Prison, in such Cases where by Law they are Bailable, to their great Charges and Vexation; for the Prevention whereof, and the more speedy Relief of all Persons in Prison, for any such Criminal or suppos'd Criminal Matters; Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever any Person or Persons shall bring any Habeas Corpus directed to any Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler, Minister, or other Person whatsoever, for any Person in his or their Custody, and the said Writ shall be served on the said Officer, or left at the Gaol or Prison with any of the under Officers, under Keepers, or Deputy of the said Officers or Keepers, that the said Officer or Officers, his or their under Officers, under Keepers, or Deputies, shall, within three Days after the Service thereof as aforesaid, (unless the Commitment aforesaid were for Treason or Felony, plainly and specially expressed in the Warrant of Commitment) upon Payment or Tender of the Charges of bringing the said Prisoner, to be ascertained by the Judge or Court that awarded the same, and endorsed upon the said Writ, not exceeding Six Pence per Mile, and upon Security given by his own Bond to pay the Charges of carrying back the Prisoner, if he shall be remanded by the Court or Judges, to which he shall be brought,

brought, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and that he will not make any Escape by the Way, make Return of such Writ, and bring or cause to be brought the Body of the Party so committed or restrained unto, or before the Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Ireland for the Time being, or the Judges or Barons of the said Court from whence the said Writ shall issue, or unto or before such other Person and Persons before whom the said Writ is made returnable, according to the Command thereof, and shall then likewise certify the true Causes of his Detainer or Imprisonment, unless the Commitment of the said Party be in any Place beyond the Distance of Twenty Miles from the Place or Places where such Court or Person is or shall be residing, and if beyond the Distance of Twenty Miles, and not above One Hundred Miles, then within the Space of Ten Days, and if beyond the Distance of One Hundred Miles then within the Space of Twenty Days after such the Delivery aforesaid, and not longer.

And to the End, that no Sheriff, Gaoler, or other Officer may pretend Ignorance of the Import of any such Writ, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Writs shall be marked in this Manner, by the Statute of the Twenty-second Year of the Reign of King George the

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Third, and ſhall be ſigned by the Perſon that awards the ſame; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be or ſtand committed or detained as aforeſaid, for any Crime, unleſs for Felony or Treaſon, plainly expreſſed in the Warrant of Commitment, in the Vacation Time, and out of Term, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Perſon or Perſons ſo committed or detained, (other than Perſons Convict or in Execution by legal Proceſs) or any one in his or their Behalf, to appeal or complain to the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, or any one of his Majeſty's Juſtices, either of the One Bench or the other, or the Barons of the Exchequer; and the ſaid Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, Juſtices, or Barons, or any of them, upon View of the Copy or Copies of the Warrant or Warrants of Commitment and Detainer, or otherwiſe upon Oath made, that ſuch Copy or Copies were denied to be given by ſuch Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody the Priſoner or Priſoners is or are detained, are hereby authorized and required, upon Requeſt made in Writing, by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, or any one on his, her, or their Behalf, atteſted and ſubſcribed by two Witneſſes who were preſent at the Delivery of the ſame, to award and grant an Habeas Corpus, under the Seal of ſuch Court, whereof he ſhall then be one of the Judges, to be directed to the Officer or Officers in whoſe Cuſtody the Party ſo committed

or

or detained, shall be returnable immediately before the said Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, or such Justice, Baron, or any other Justice or Baron of any of the said Courts, and upon Service thereof as aforesaid, the Officer or Officers, his or their Under-Officer or Under-Officers, Under-Keeper or Under-Keepers, or Deputy, in whose Custody the Party is so committed or detained, shall, within the Times respectively before limited, bring such Prisoner or Prisoners before the said Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper, or such Justices, Barons, or one of them, before whom the said Writ is made returnable; and in Case of his Absence, before any other of them, with the Return of such Writ, and the true Causes of the Commitment and Detainer, and thereupon, within two Days after the Party shall be brought before them, the said Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper, or such Justice or Baron before whom the Prisoner shall be brought as aforesaid, shall discharge the said Prisoner from his Imprisonment, taking his or their Recognizance, with one or more Surety or Sureties, in any Sum according to their Discretions, having Regard to the Quality of the Prisoner, and Nature of the Offence, for his or their Appearance in the Court of King's Bench the Term following, or at the next Assizes, Sessions, or General Gaol-Delivery of and for such County, City, or Place where the Commitment was, or where the Offence was

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committed, or in ſuch other Court where the ſaid Offence is properly cognizable, as the Caſe ſhall require, and then ſhall certify the ſaid Writ, with the Return thereof, and the ſaid Recognizance or Recognizances, into the ſaid Court where ſuch Appearance is to be made, unleſs it ſhall appear unto the ſaid Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, Juſtice or Juſtices, Baron or Barons, that the Party ſo committed, is detained upon a legal Proceſs, Order, or Warrant, out of ſome Court that hath Juriſdiction of Criminal Matters, or by ſome Warrant ſigned and ſealed with the Hand and Seal of any of the ſaid Juſtices or Barons, or ſome Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, for ſuch Matters or Offences for which by Law the Priſoner is not bailable.

Provided allways, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall have wilfully neglected, by the Space of Two whole Terms after his Impriſonment, to pray a Habeas Corpus for his Enlargement, ſuch Perſon ſo wilfully neglecting, ſhall not have any Habeas Corpus to be granted in vacation Time, in purſuance of this Act.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Officer or Officers, his or their Under-Officer or Under-Officers, or Under-Keeper or Under-Keepers, or Deputy, ſhall neglect or refuſe to make

the

the Returns aforesaid, or to bring the Body or Bodies of the Prisoner or Prisoners, according to the Command of the said Writ, within the respective Times aforesaid, or upon Demand made by the Prisoner, or any other Person in his Behalf, shall refuse to deliver, or within the Space of Six Hours after Demand, shall not deliver to the Person so demanding, a true Copy of the Warrant or Warrants of Commitment and Detainer of such Prisoner, which he and they are hereby required to deliver accordingly; all and every the Head Gaolers and Keepers of such Prisons, and such other Person in whose Custody the Prisoner shall be detained, shall, for the first Offence, forfeit to the Prisoner, or Party aggrieved, the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, and for the second Offence, the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds, and shall, and is hereby made incapable to hold or execute his said Office; the said Penalties to be recovered by the Prisoner or Party aggrieved, his Executors or Administrators, against such Offender, or his Executors or Administrators, by any Action of Debt, Suit, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majesty's Courts at Dublin, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Injunction, Wager of Law, or Stay of Prolecution, by non vult ulterius Prosequi, or otherwise, shall be admitted or allowed, or any more than one Imparlance; and any Recovery

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or Judgment, at the Suit of any Party grieved, ſhall be a ſufficient Conviction for the firſt Offence: and any after Recovery or Judgment, at the Suit of a Party grieved for any Offence, after the firſt Judgment, ſhall be a ſufficient Conviction to bring the Officer or Perſons within the ſaid Penalty for the ſecond Offence.

And for the Prevention of unjuſt Vexation by reiterated Commitments for the ſame Offence; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be delivered or ſet at Large upon any Habeas Corpus, ſhall at any Time hereafter be again impriſoned or committed for the ſame Offence by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, other than by the legal Order and Proceſs of ſuch Court wherein he or they ſhall be bound by Recognizance to appear, or other Court having Juriſdiction of the Cauſe; and if any other Perſon or Perſons ſhall knowingly, contrary to this Act, recommit or impriſon, or knowingly procure, or cauſe to be recommitted or impriſoned for the ſame Offence or pretended Offence, any Perſon or Perſons delivered or ſet at Large as aforeſaid, or be knowingly aiding or aſſiſting therein, then he or they ſhall forfeit to the Priſoner or Party grieved, the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, any colourable Pretence or Variation in the Warrant or Warrants

of

of Commitment notwithstanding, to be recovered as aforesaid. CHAP. XI.

Provided allways, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be committed for High Treason or Felony, plainly and specially expressed in the Warrant of Commitment, and upon his Prayer or Petition in open Court the first Week of the Term, or first Day of the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, or General Goal-Delivery, to be brought to his Trial, shall not be indicted sometime in the next Term, Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, or General Gaol-Delivery, after such Commitment, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, and Justices of Oyer and Terminer, or General Gaol-Delivery, and they are hereby required, upon Motion to them made in open Court the last Day of the Term, Sessions, or Gaol-Delivery, either by the Prisoner, or any one in his Behalf, to set at Liberty the Prisoner upon Bail, unless it appears to the Judges and Justices, upon Oath made, that the Witnesses for the King could not be produced the same Term, Sessions, or General Gaol-Delivery, and if any Person or Persons committed as aforesaid, upon his Prayer or Petition, in open Court, the first Week of the Term, or the first Day of the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol-Delivery, to be brought to his Trial,

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ſhall not be indicted and tried the ſecond Term, Seſſions of Oyer and Terminer, or General Gaol-Delivery, after his Commitment, or upon his Trial ſhall be acquitted, he ſhall be diſcharged from his Impriſonment.

Provided allways, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend to diſcharge out of Priſon any perſon charged in Debt or other Action, or with Procels in any Civil Cauſe; but that after he ſhall be diſcharged of his Impriſonment for ſuch his criminal Offence, he ſhall be kept in Cuſtody according to the Law for ſuch other Suit.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, Subjects of this Realm, ſhall be committed to any Priſon, or in Cuſtody of any Officer or Officers whatſoever, for any criminal or ſuppoſed criminal Matter, the ſaid Perſon ſhall not be removed from the ſaid Priſon and Cuſtody into the Cuſtody of any other Officer or Officers, unleſs it be by Habeas Corpus, or ſome other legal Writ, or where the Priſoner is delivered to the Conſtable or other inferior Officer to carry ſuch Priſoner to ſome Common Gaol, or where any Perſon is ſent by Order of any Judge of Aſſize or Juſtice of the Peace to any common Work-houſe or Houſe of Correction, or where the Priſoner is removed from one Priſon or Place to another within the ſame

same County, in Order to his or her Trial or Discharge in due Course of Law, or in Case of sudden Fire or Infection, or other necessity; and if any Person or Persons shall after such Commitment aforesaid, make out and sign or counter-sign any Warrant or Warrants for such Removal aforesaid, contrary to this Act, as well he that makes or signs, or counter-signs such Warrant or Warrants, as the Officer or Officers that obey or execute the same, shall suffer and incur the Pains and Forfeitures in this Act before mentioned, both for the first and second Offence respectively, to be recovered in Manner aforesaid, by the Party grieved. CHAP. XI.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid, to move and obtain his and their Habeas Corpus, as well out of the High Court of Chancery, or Court of Exchequer, as out of the Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or either of them; and if the said Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, or any Judge or Judges, Baron or Barons for the Time being, of any of the Courts aforesaid, in the Vacation Time, upon View of the Copy or Copies of the Warrant or Warrants of Commitment, or upon Oath made, that such Copy or Copies were denied as aforesaid, shall deny any Writ of Habeas Corpus, by this Act required

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to be granted, being moved for as aforeſaid, they ſhall ſeverally forfeit to the Priſoner, or Party grieved, the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, to be recovered in Manner aforeſaid.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued, impleaded, moleſted, or troubled for any Offence againſt this Act, unleſs the Party offending be ſued or impleaded for the ſame, within Two Years at the moſt after ſuch Time wherein the Offence ſhall be committed, in Caſe the Party grieved ſhall not be then in Priſon, and if he ſhall be in Priſon, then within the Space of Two Years after the Deceaſe of the Perſon unpriſoned, or his or her Delivery out of Priſon, which ſhall firſt happen.

And to the Intent, no Perſon may avoid his Trial at the Aſſizes or General Gaol Delivery, by procuring his Removal before the Aſſizes, at ſuch Times as he cannot be brought back to receive his Trial there; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That after the Aſſizes proclaimed for that County where the Priſoner is detained, no Perſon ſhall be removed from the common Gaol upon any Habeas Corpus granted in purſuance of this Act, but upon any ſuch Habeas Corpus ſhall be brought before the Judge of Aſſize in open Court, who is thereupon to do what to Juſtice ſhall appertain.

Provided

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Provided nevertheless, that after the Assizes are ended, any Person or Persons detained may have his or her Habeas Corpus according to the Direction and Intention of this Act; And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Information, Suit, or Action shall be brought or exhibited against any Person or Persons for any Offence committed, or to be committed, against the Form of this Law, it shall be lawful for such Defendants to plead the General Issue, that they are not guilty, or that they owe nothing, and to give such special Matter in Evidence to the Jury that shall try the same, which Matter being pleaded had been good and sufficient Matter in Law, to have discharged the said Defendant or Defendants against the said Information, Suit, or Action, and the said Matter shall be then as available to him or them to all Intents and Purposes as if he or they had sufficiently pleaded, set forth, or alledged the said Matter in Bar, or Discharge of such Information, Suit, or Action:

Provided also, That this Act, so far as the same may be construed to relate to Cases of Treason or Suspicion of Treason, shall not take Place or be in Force until the First Day of June next:

And because many Times Persons charged with Petty Treason, Felony, or

CHAP. XI.

Murder, or as Acceſſaries thereunto, are committed upon Sulpicion only, Whereupon they are bailable or not according as the Circumſtances, making out that Sulpicion, are more or leſs Weighty, which are beſt known to the Juſtices of the Peace who committed the Perſons, and have the Examinations before them, or to other Juſtices of the Peace in the County; Therefore be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Perſon ſhall appear to be committed by any Judge or Juſtice of the Peace, and charged as Acceſſary before the Fact, to any Petty Treaſon, Felony, or Murder, or upon Sulpicion thereof, or with Sulpicion of Petty Treaſon, Felony, or Murder, which Petty Treaſon, Felony, or Murder ſhall be plainly and ſpecially expreſſed in the Warrant of Commitment, that ſuch Perſon ſhall not be removed or bailed by Virtue of this Act, or in any other Manner than they might have been before the making of this Act.

Provided allways, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Chief Governor or Governors for the Time being, and Privy Council of this Kingdom to ſuſpend this Act, by a Proclamation under the Great Seal of this Kingdom, during ſuch Time only as there ſhall be an actual Invaſion or Rebellion in this Kingdom or Great Britain, and that no Judge or Juſtice of Peace ſhall Bail or try any Perſon or Perſons

sons charged with being concerned in such Invasion or Rebellion, without an Order from the Lord Lieutenant, or Lord Deputy, and Privy Council of this Kingdom for the Time being, signed by six of the said Privy Council, any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. CHAP. XI.

CHAP.
XII.

AN

ACT

TO

Revive and amend an Act paſſed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, *intituled*, An Act for the further Improvement of the City of *Dublin*, in the Manner therein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XII.

An Act to revive and amend an Act paſſed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, *intituled*, An Act for the further Improvement of the City of *Dublin*, in the Manner therein mentioned.

CHAP. XII.

WHEREAS the Ends propoſed by the abovementioned Act, have been fruſtrated by the Death of his Grace John, late Archbiſhop of Dublin, and by the Omiſſion of ſuch Perſons as were by the ſaid Act impowered to take Leaſes during the Life-time of the ſaid Archbiſhop: And whereas the firſt or immediate Tenant under the See of Dublin, of the Plot of Ground herein after mentioned, being Part of the Farm of Saint Sepulchre's, in the County of Dublin, adjoining ſaid City,

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hath not renewed with the Archbiſhop of Dublin, as hath been heretofore cuſtomary, and has ſuffered Eight Years of the Leaſe under ſaid See to expire, although ſeveral Perſons holding under ſuch firſt Tenant, in Confidence of a permanent Tenure, by Virtue of Toties Quoties Covenants in their reſpective Leaſes, have built Houſes, and expended very large Sums of Money on the ſaid Plot of Ground: And whereas by ſuch Omiſſion to renew, there is great Danger, that the ſeveral Houſes on the ſaid Plot of Ground, may, on Account of the Shortneſs of the preſent Tenure for which they are held, being but Twenty-one Years, of which Thirteen only are unexpired, become ruinous and untenanted, to the Detriment of the ſaid See, and Annoyance to one of the principal Approaches to the City of Dublin: And whereas many Perſons are deterred from laying out farther Sums of Money, by the Shortneſs and Uncertainty of ſaid Tenure, by which the Improvement of ſaid See, and of the Metropolis, is greatly retarded; Therefore be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, notwithſtanding any Leaſe or Leaſes in being, it ſhall and may be lawful for his

his Grace the Archbishop of Dublin, and his Successors respectively, to grant to the Tenants of the said Plot or any of them having a Toties Quoties Clause under said See, any Concurrent or other Lease or Leases in the Manner herein after set forth, of all or any part or parts of said Plot of Ground, being Parcel of said Farm, bounded on the South by a part of the Circular Road, on the North by Cuff-Street and a part of Saint Stephen's-Green, on the West by Kevan's-Street leading to Miltown, and on the East by the Road from Saint Stephen's-Green to Donnybrook, for any Term not exceeding Forty Years, and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Archbishop and his Successors respectively, from Time to Time, to renew the same for a like Term of Forty Years: Provided that the Rent to be reserved to the said Archbishop and his Successors, by such Lease or Leases, and upon each and every Renewal and Renewals thereof, be so soon as the same shall take Effect in Possession, not less than a full Arreable Proportion of double the highest Annual Rent payable out of the Whole of the said Farm of Saint Sepulchre's, to the said Archbishop and his Predecessors for Twenty Years last past, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XII.

Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Tenant de-

CHAP. XII.

riving firſt or immediately under the ſaid Archbiſhop or his Succeſſors, his or her Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, ſhall for the Space of Three Calendar Months from the Firſt Day of February, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, have the Sole and excluſive Power of taking any Leaſe or Leaſes from ſaid Archbiſhop or his Succeſſors by Virtue of this Act, and if he or ſhe, his or her Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns ſhall omit to take ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes within ſaid Time of Three Calendar Months, that then the Power of taking ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes from ſaid Archbiſhop or his Succeſſors ſhall devolve upon the next or ſecond Tenant or Tenants deriving under the ſaid See, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, according to his, her, or their reſpective Proportions of the ſaid Plot of Ground, and in Caſe of a like Omiſſion or Failure in the ſecond Tenant or Tenants, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, for the Space of One Month, that then the ſaid Power of taking ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes from the ſaid Archbiſhop or his Succeſſors, ſhall devolve for a like Space of One Month on the Third Tenant or Tenants, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, according to his, her, or their reſpective Proportions as aforeſaid, and ſo on for a like Time to the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and other intermediate Derivative Tenants, their

their Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, so that the First or immediate Tenant shall have during Three Calendar Months, an exclusive Power of taking such Lease of the whole of said Plot as is permitted by this Act, and each and every other Tenant or Tenants in Gradation, according to their respective Proportions in the said Plot of Ground, shall have during One Calendar Month each successively an exclusive Power of taking such Lease and Leases as is or are permitted by this Act from said Archbishop and his Successors respectively; and in Case the immediate and intermediate Derivative Tenants, their Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall omit to take such Lease or Leases within the Time so successively limited to each of them exclusively, that then the lowest Tenant or Tenants being in actual possession of any part of said Plot, and having a Toties Quoties Clause, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns respectively, shall, during the Residue of the Term at present subsisting, have the Sole and exclusive Power of taking such Lease or Leases for such Part or Proportion only as he, she, or they shall be in the actual Enjoyment, Occupation, and Possession of at any Time that the said Archbishop, or any of his Successors shall think proper to grant said Lease or Leases as aforesaid.

CHAP. XII.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon or Perſons, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, who ſhall obtain any Leaſe purſuant to this Act, ſhall be ſubject to the like Covenant or Covenants of Renewal to his, her, or their Under-Tenant or Tenants, as ſuch Perſon or Perſons, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, ſhall have been ſubject to at or immediately before the Time of obtaining ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes purſuant to this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act be deemed and taken to be a publick Act.

AN

CHAP.
XIII.

AN

ACT

FOR

Extending the Proviſions of an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His Preſent Majeſty, *intituled*, An Act for erecting and eſtabliſhing Publick Infirmaries or Hoſpitals in this Kingdom.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCCLXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XIII.

An Act for extending the Proviſions of an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His Preſent Majeſty, *intituled*, An Act for erecting and eſtabliſhing Publick Infirmaries or Hoſpitals in this Kingdom.

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WHEREAS ſince the paſſing of the ſaid Act, a publick Infirmary or Hoſpital, called St. John's Hoſpital, has been erected and ſuppoꝛted in the City of Limerick by voluntary Contributions, which are not ſufficient foꝛ pꝛoviding Phyſicians oꝛ Surgeons, and alſo Food, Medicines, and other Neceſſaries foꝛ the pooꝛ Patients therein; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and

CHAP. XIII.

With the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the yearly Sum of One Hundred Pounds shall be paid out of the Publick Money to the Treasurer of the said Infirmary by the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers of this Kingdom, his or their Deputy or Deputies, the First Payment thereof to be made on the First Day of April next, the said Treasurer giving his Receipts for the same, which Receipts shall be allowed as Vouchers to the said Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, in passing his or their Accounts.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Grand Jury of the County of the said City, at their next Summer Assizes, and at every Summer Assizes afterwards, shall have power to present a Sum, not exceeding One Hundred Pounds, or less than Fifty Pounds, to be raised in the said City, and County of the said City, and to be paid to the Treasurer thereof, and to be by him paid over to the Treasurer of the said Hospital on his Drafts or Receipts, which Drafts or Receipts shall be allowed to the Treasurer of the said County in passing his Accounts.

And

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sums so to be paid to the Treasurer of the said Hospital, shall be appointed by the Governors and Governesses of the said Hospital, to be applied in Payment of Physicians or Surgeons for the same, or for such other Purposes as they shall think advisable for the Benefit of the said Hospital and the Patients therein. CHAP. XIII.

CHAP.
XIV.

AN

ACT

FOR

Licenſing Hawkers and Pedlars, and for the Encouragement of *Engliſh* Proteſtant Schools, and for ſuch other Purpoſes as are therein mentioned.

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Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

A C T

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XIV.

An Act for Licenſing Hawkers and Pedlars, and for the Encouragement of *Engliſh* Proteſtant Schools, and for ſuch other Purpoſes as are therein mentioned.

CHAP. XIV.

WHEREAS the continuing the Encouragement formerly given to Engliſh Proteſtant Schools will be of great Benefit to this Kingdom, and it is reaſonable that ſome Publick Fund ſhould be applied and ſet apart for that Purpoſe; Therefore be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the

CHAP. XIV.

Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, there ſhall be anſwered and paid unto His Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other Trading Perſon or Perſons going from Town to Town, or to other Men's Houſes, Fairs, Marts, or Markets, and Travelling either on Foot or with Horſe, Horſes, or otherwiſe in this Kingdom (except as hereinafter mentioned) and carrying to Sell, or expoſing to Sale, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes (except as hereinafter mentioned) a Duty of Twenty Shillings by the Year, and that every Perſon ſo Travelling with any Horſe or Horſes, Aſs or Aſſes, Mule or Mules, or any other Beaſt or Beaſts bearing or drawing Burthen, ſhall Pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings by the Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, to the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, for each Horſe, Aſs, or Mule, or other Beaſt bearing or drawing Burthen, he or ſhe ſhall ſo Travel with, over and above the ſaid firſt mentioned Duty of Twenty Shillings by the Year, which ſaid Rates and Duties ſhall be Collected by ſuch Perſon and Perſons, and in ſuch Manner, and by ſuch Ways and Means as the Duty payable for Licences to keep Alehouſes is raiſed and Collected, by Virtue of

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an Act made in this Kingdom in the Thir-
ty-third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for better regulating the Collection of His Majesty's Revenue, and for preventing of Frauds therein, and for repealing an Act made the then last Session of Parliament, *intituled*, An Act for continuing and amending several Laws heretofore made relating to His Majesty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in His Majesty's Customs and Excise; and the several Acts and Statutes which are mentioned in the said Act, and continued thereby, as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if the Provisions in the said Act, for that Purpose, were particularly mentioned and expressed and enacted again in the Body of this present Act.

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Pedlar, Hawker, Petty Chapman, and other Trading Person or Persons so Travelling as aforesaid, shall before the Twenty-fifth day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, and so likewise in every Year, deliver or Cause to be delivered to the Collector of the Excise of the District where he or she shall Reside or Dwell, a Note in Writing under his or her Hand, or under the Hand of some Person by him or her authorized in that behalf, how and in what Manner he or she intends to Travel and Trade, whether on Foot or with one or more Horse or Horses,

CHAP. XIV.

Aſs or Aſſes, Mule or Mules, or other Beaſt or Beaſts bearing or drawing Burthen, and thereupon a Licence or Licences ſhall be granted by ſuch Collector unto him or her, for his or her ſo travelling and trading, for which he or ſhe ſhall thereupon pay, or cauſe to be paid, for each Licence unto ſuch Collector, the yearly Duty herein before directed to be payable for the ſame.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuch Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, or other Perſon, from and after the ſaid Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, be found trading as aforeſaid, without, or contrary to, or not warranted by ſuch Licence or Licences, ſuch Perſon ſhall, for each and every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, One Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Incorporated Society in Dublin for promoting Engliſh Proteſtant Schools in Ireland; and that if any Perſon ſo trading, upon Demand made by any Revenue Officer or Officers, or by any Juſtice of the Peace, Mayor, Conſtable, or other Officer of the Peace of any County, City, Town Corporate or Borough, where he or ſhe ſhall ſo trade, ſhall refuſe to produce and ſhew immediately unto ſuch Perſon or Perſons as aforeſaid, ſo demanding the ſame, his or her Licence or Licences for ſo trading, to be granted

as

as aforesaid, that then the Person so refusing, shall forfeit Twenty Shillings, to be paid to the Informer, and for Non-payment thereof, shall suffer as a common Vagrant, and be committed to the House of Correction. CHAP. XIV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Collectors of the several Districts in this Kingdom respectively, and they are hereby respectively directed, appointed, and required, upon the Terms aforesaid, and upon the Receipt as aforesaid, to grant one or more Licence or Licences under their respective Hands to every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or any other Trading Person for him or herself, with one or more Horse or Horses, Ass or Asses, Mule or Mules, Beast or Beasts which he or they shall travel with, as the Case shall require, according to the Terms and Directions of this Act; and the said Collectors are hereby required to insert in such Licences as they shall so issue or grant, the Ages, Places of Abode, and a particular Description of the Persons to whom such Licences shall be granted, pursuant to this Act, and to number each Licence, and keep particular Entries of such Descriptions and Licences, for each of which Licences there shall be taken by such Collectors for their own Use, One Shilling and no more, except such Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman shall travel with Horse,

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Aſs, or Mule, or other Beaſt bearing or drawing Burthen, and in that Caſe there ſhall be paid to ſuch Collectors for their own Uſe, for each of ſuch Licentes, for Horſes, Aſſes, Mules, or Beaſts of Burthen Two Shillings and no more, over and above the Duties aforeſaid; and that the ſaid Collectors ſhall keep ſeparate and diſtinct Accounts of the Duties hereby granted, and pay the Money ariſing thereby, into His Majeſty's Treaſury, as other Monies received by them for the Uſe of His Majeſty.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Collector ſhall be accountable to His Majeſty for the Duties hereby granted, and ſhall be ſubject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures, for not rendering a true Account thereof, and paying the ſame in Manner before mentioned, as they are and ſtand liable unto, for not rendering a true Account of any Money received by them for the Uſe of His Majeſty.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Monies ariſing from the ſaid Duties hereby granted, ſhall from Time to Time be brought into the Receipt of His Majeſty's Exchequer, and ſhall from Time to Time, without any Fee or Deduction whatſoever, be paid by the Vice-Treaſurer or Receiver-General of this Kingdom, to the Incorporated Society

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in Dublin, for promoting Engliſh Proteſtant Schools in Ireland, or to their Treaſurer for the Time being, for the Uſe of the ſaid Incorporated Society. CHAP. XIV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall forge or counterfeit, or cauſe to be forged or counterfeited, any Licences, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, or travel with ſuch forged or counterfeited Licence, knowing the ſame to be forged or counterfeited, ſuch Perſon ſhall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the King, and the other Moiety to him who ſhall proſecute or ſue for the ſame, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at the Four Courts at Dublin, in which no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed; and that ſuch Perſon ſhall be ſubject to ſuch other Pains and Penalties, as may be inflicted on Perſons for Forgery.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued, moleſted or troubled, for putting in Execution any of the Powers contained in this Act, or for doing any Matter or Thing purſuant thereto, ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall and may plead the

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General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be nonſuited, or Judgment be given againſt him or them, upon a Demurrer or otherwiſe, or a Verdict paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or a Diſmiſs upon a Civil Bill, ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have his, her, or their treble Coſts, to be recovered in ſuch Manner, as by Law Coſts given to Defendants may be recovered in other Caſes.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Conſtable ſhall refuſe or neglect, upon due Notice, or upon his own View, to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Execution of this Act, being thereunto required, every ſuch Conſtable being thereof convicted by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any Juſtice of the Peace for the County or Place where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, ſhall forfeit for each and every ſuch Offence, contrary to this Act, the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice of the Peace; one Moiety thereof to be paid to the ſaid Incorporated Society, the other Moiety to the Informer who ſhall proſecute for the ſame, rendering the Overplus thereof, if any there be, to the Owners of the Goods ſo diſtrained.

And

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, to seize and detain any such Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other trading Person or Persons in this Act mentioned, and also the Goods they shall be found trading with, until such Time as he, she, or they shall produce a Licence in that Behalf, if he, she, or they have any; and if he, she, or they shall be found trading without Licence, contrary to this Act, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons so seizing as aforesaid, taking to his, her, or their Assistance, such Person or Persons as he or they shall think fit, to carry the Person so seized, and also the said Goods, before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place, or before the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue for the District where such Offence or Offences shall be committed, which said Justices of the Peace, and the Collectors respectively, are hereby strictly required, either upon the Confession of the Party offending, or due Proof of a Witness upon Oath, which they are hereby respectively impowered to administer, that the Person so brought before him, had so traded as aforesaid, unless such Licence shall be produced by such Offender before the said Justice or Collector, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause the Sum of Five Pounds to be

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forthwith levied, by Distress and Sale of the Offender or Offender's Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, rendering the Overplus, if any be, to the Owner or Owners thereof, after deducting the reasonable Charges for taking the said Distress, and out of the said Sale, to pay the Penalty and Forfeiture aforesaid.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend to prohibit any Person from selling any Act of Parliament, Form of Prayer, Proclamation, Gazette, Almanack, or other printed Paper, or any Fish, Fruits, or Victuals, nor to hinder any Person or Persons who are the real Workers or Makers of any Goods or Wares within this Kingdom, or his or their Wife or Wives, Apprentice or Apprentices, from carrying abroad, exposing to Sale, and selling any of the said Goods or Wares of his or their making, in any publick Fairs, Markets, or elsewhere, or any Tinker, Cooper, Glazier, Chimney-Sweeper, Harness-mender, or other Person usually trading in mending Kettles, Tubs, Houshold-Goods, or Harness whatsoever, from going about such Business only, or from carrying with him or them proper Materials for mending the same, and no other Thing for Sale.

Provided

Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend to subject any Person or Persons who shall carry raw and unmanufactured Wool or Frizes, or Worsted, or Woollen Stockings from one Part of the Kingdom to another, or expose the same to Sale in any Fair, Market, or other Place in this Kingdom, to any of the Duties or Penalties herein before mentioned, so as such Person or Persons shall not at the same Time carry or expose to Sale any other Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, except the said raw and unmanufactured Wool, and the said Frizes and Worsted, and Woollen Stockings. CHAP. XIV.

Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend to prohibit or restrain any Person or Persons from selling, or exposing to Sale, in any Place or Places whatsoever, any Flax, Tow, Hemp, Flaxen Yarn, Hempen Yarn, Ticken, plain, striped, chequered, painted, or stained Linens, Buckrams, or Canvas, or Cottons, or Cotton and Linen mixed, so as such Person or Persons shall not at the same Time carry or expose to Sale any other Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, except such Flax, Tow, Hemp, Flaxen Yarn, Hempen Yarn, Tickens, plain, striped, chequered, painted, or stained Linens,

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nens, Buckrams, or Canvas, or Cotton, or Cotton or Linen mixed as aforeſaid.

Provided alſo, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall not extend to ſubject any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall carry any Pots or Griddles made of Caſt Iron or Metal from one Part of the Kingdom to another, or expoſe the ſame to Sale in any Fair, Market, or other Place in this Kingdom, to the Payment of any greater Duty than the Sum of Twenty Shillings by the Year in the whole, though ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall or may travel with one or more Horſe or Horſes, or other Beaſt or Beaſts drawing or bearing Burthen, ſo as ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall not at the ſame Time carry or expoſe to Sale any other Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, except the ſaid Pots and Griddles made of Caſt Iron or Metal.

Provided alſo, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Revenue, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, to order and direct to be paid out of the Monies to be raiſed by this Act, to the ſaid Collectors, their Clerks, or any other Perſons, ſuch Sums of Money as they or any of them ſhall or may reaſonably deſerve for their Service, or ſhall or may have expended in the

the Execution of, or in relation to this Act. CHAP. XIV.

Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to give any Power for licensing any Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, to sell, or expose to Sale, any Wares or Merchandizes in any City, Borough, Town Corporate or Market Town within this Realm, any otherwise than he or she might have done before the making of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas it frequently happens, that Dealers, Hawkers, and Pedlars, in order fraudulently to evade the Payment of His Majesty's Duty on Licences, do not openly travel from Town to Town, or to other Men's Houses, but privately convey and carry their Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, and sell, or expose to Sale, the same in Shops, Rooms, Ware-houses, or other Places hired for that Purpose in Cities, Towns, and Places, where they are not usually resident, and divers other Persons carry and convey their Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes to publick Streets and Places in Cities, Towns Corporate, and other Places in this Kingdom, where they respectively reside, but not adjoining or near to their Dwelling-houses, or other Apartments, and sell or expose the same to Sale

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upon Booths, Stalls, or Standings, without Licence: And whereas ſeveral People, under the Denomination of Leather Cutters or Leather Sellers, hawk about from Town to Town, and expoſe to Sale in Cities and Towns Corporate, and in Fairs, Markets, and in other places, large and ſmall Parcels of Leather, in Booths, Stalls, Standings or otherwiſe; and alſo divers Perſons under the Denomination of Cryers of Old Caſt Cloaths, do alſo hawk about the Streets of Cities and Towns Corporate and other Places in this Kingdom, Old Caſt Cloaths, and alſo expoſe to Sale ſeveral of ſuch Kind of Goods on Stands or Stalls or otherwiſe without Licence; And whereas a Doubt has ariſen whether ſuch Perſons as aforeſaid are to be deemed Hawkers, Pedlars, or Petty Chapman, or Trading Perſons within the Meaning and Intention of former Acts of Parliament made in this Kingdom for Licenſing Hawkers and Pedlars, and for the Encouragement of Engliſh Proteſtant Schools, and ſubject to the Penalties and Forfeitures thereof: Therefore be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, all and every the Perſons aforeſaid, ſhall pay ſuch Duty as aforeſaid, and take out ſuch Licences in Manner as aforeſaid; and in caſe any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever

soever shall be found Trading or Selling, or exposing to Sale, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes whatsoever (except as herein is excepted) in any Shop or Shops, Room or Rooms, Warehouse or Warehouses, or other Place or Places in any City, Borough, Town Corporate, Market Town, Village, or other Places in this Kingdom, wherein he, she, or they have not been Resident One Calendar Month previous to the Selling or exposing to Sale any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes (except as before excepted) and Sell or expose to Sale such Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes therein, or in any of them without Licence as aforesaid, such persons respectively, and also all such person or persons as shall be found Trading or Selling, or exposing to Sale, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes whatsoever, except as aforesaid, upon Booths, Stalls, Standings, or otherwise in any publick Street or Streets, Place or Places, in any City, Borough, Town Corporate, Market Town, Village, or other Place within this Kingdom, such Booths or other places of Sale, not being Adjacent or Adjoining to his, her, or their Dwelling-House or Houses, Shop or Shops, Ware-House or Ware-Houses, or other Apartments; and also all persons under the Denomination of Leather Cutters or Leather Sellers, who shall Hawk about from Town to Town, and Sell, or expose to Sale, in Cities and Towns Corporate, or in Fairs, Marts, or Markets, or

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other Places, large or ſmall Parcels of Leather, in or upon Booths, Stalls, Standings or otherwiſe; and alſo all Perſons under the Denomination of Cryers of Old Caſt Cloaths, who ſhall Hawk about the Streets, Lanes, or Allies of Cities and Towns Corporate, and other Places in this Kingdom, to Purchaſe or Sell Old Caſt Cloaths of any Kind whatſoever, or ſhall Sell or expoſe to Sale any ſuch Goods, on Stands, Stalls, or otherwiſe without Licence as aforeſaid, all and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Hawker or Hawkers, Pedlar or Pedlars, Petty Chapman or Petty Chapmen, within the Meaning of this Act, to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſhall be ſubject and liable to all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures by the ſame inflicted upon Hawkers, Pedlars, Petty Chapmen, and others Trading without Licence; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And whereas it hath been found that ſeveral Hawkers, Pedlars, and Petty Chapmen have reſpectively employed one or more other Perſon or Perſons, Servant or Servants, with him, her, or them to carry about Bores, Bundles, or Parcels of Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes on their Backs, Arms, or otherwiſe, ſeparate and diſtinct from that or thoſe carried about by him, her, or themſelves, and have Sold and Expoſed to Sale in Booths, Stands,

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and Stalls, or otherwise, as well the said Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes so carried by such other Person or Persons, Servant or Servants, as those carried by him, her, or themselves, under the Sanction of one Foot Licence, taken out by such Person or Persons so being, or appearing to be the Principal Owner or Proprietor thereof, without separate or distinct Licence or Licences for such other Person or Persons, Servant or Servants; and it hath been also found that by Means, and under the Sanction of one Licence, many Persons, Principal and Separate Dealers, who have no Connection with such Person or Persons having one Licence only as aforesaid, also fraudulently pass under the Denomination of his, her, or their Servant or Servants, and Trade without Licence, to the great Injury of the Fair Trader and Dealer with Licence, and the great Diminution of the said Tax on Hawkers and Pedlars: And Whereas it is reasonable that a Horse Licence shall be paid for and taken out for every Horse, Mule, Ass, or Beast of Burthen that shall be made Use of, or driven by every Hawker, Pedlar, and petty Chapman; therefore be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, every Hawker, Pedlar, and petty Chapman for every Person that shall be

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employed or carry, whether Servant or other perſon, in his or her Company, or otherwiſe, any Boxes or Bundles, or Parcels of Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, on their Backs, Arms, or otherwiſe, ſeparate or diſtinct, for the Purpoſe of Selling or Trading with the ſame, ſhall take out and pay for as aforeſaid, a ſeparate and diſtinct Foot Licence for every ſuch perſon, and alſo that every Hawker, Pedlar, and Petty Chapman, for every Horſe, Mule, Als, or Beaſt of Burthen that he or ſhe ſhall make Uſe of or drive, whether in his or her own Company or otherwiſe, ſhall take out and pay for a ſeparate and diſtinct Horſe Licence; and ſuch ſeparate and diſtinct perſon, whether Servant or other perſon employed or carrying ſuch Boxes, Bundles, or Parcels as aforeſaid, and ſuch Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman that ſhall not take out an Horſe Licence for every Horſe or Beaſt of Burthen he or ſhe ſhall make Uſe of or drive as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſubject and liable to all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted upon Hawkers, Pedlars, and Petty Chapmen, and others Trading without Licence, it being the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, that for one Foot Licence no more Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, ſhall by Virtue of this Act, be Hawked about for Sale as aforeſaid, than one Perſon can well or reaſonably bear or carry or Travel with, and for one Horſe Licence, no more Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes ſhall, by Virtue

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of this Act, be carried about as aforesaid, than one Horse, Ass, Mule, or other Beast of Burthen can well or reasonably bear, or carry, or travel with; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XIV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, from the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, to the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, for and upon all Herrings, except British Herrings, which shall be imported into this Kingdom during the said Time, a further net additional Duty, over and above all other Duties imposed thereupon heretofore, or by any Act or Acts passed this Session of Parliament, after the Rate of Two Shillings for each Barrel, containing thirty-two Gallons, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and for and upon all playing Cards which shall be imported during the said Time, an additional Duty, after the Rate of one Shilling for each Pack.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Produce of the said Duty on imported Herrings shall be applied to encourage the Fisheries of this

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Kingdom, in such Manner as shall be directed by Parliament.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the several and respective additional Duties, Rates, and Impositions, hereby granted upon Herrings and Cards, shall be raised, answered, levied, collected, and paid unto Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, during the Term aforesaid, at the same Time, in like Manner, and by such Ways, Means and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Powers, as are appointed, directed, and expressed, in and by an Act made in this Kingdom, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the settling the Excise or New Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted, or by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue of Excise in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned, expressed, and Enacted again in the Body of this present Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the said Act of Excise, or any other Law now in being, relating to the Duties of Excise, is provided.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, from the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, to the Twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, for and upon every Piece of Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, on which shall be engrossed or Written the Admission of any Student or Barrister into the Society of King's Inns, the Sum of Five Pounds.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Money arising from the said Duty of Five Pounds on the Admission of any Student or Barrister into the Society of King's Inns, shall be paid to the Treasurer of the said Society, to be applied by him in such Manner as shall be directed by the said Society.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Duty of Five Pounds to be paid upon the Admission of any such Student or Barrister, shall be raised, answered, levied, collected, and paid unto Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, during the Term aforesaid, at the same Time, in like Manner, and by such Ways, Means, and Methods,

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and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers as are appointed, directed and expreſſed in and by an Act paſſed in this Kingdom this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, ſeveral Duties upon ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were particularly mentioned, expreſſed, and Enacted again in the Body of this preſent Act.

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CHAP. XV.

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ACT

FOR

Continuing and amending ſeveral Laws relating to His Majeſty's Revenue, and for the more effectually preventing of Frauds therein, and for ſuch other Purpoſes as are therein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

A C T

Continuing and amending several Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue, and for the more effectually preventing of Frauds therein, and for such other Purposes as are therein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Printer of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for continuing and amending several Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue, and for the more effectually preventing of Frauds therein, and for such other Purposes as are therein mentioned.

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WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the better regulating the Collection of His Majesty's Revenue, and for preventing of Frauds therein, and for repealing an Act made the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for continuing and amending several Laws heretofore made relating to His Majesty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing

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of Frauds in His Majesty's Customs and Excise, and the several Acts and Statutes which are mentioned in the said Act, and continued thereby, it is amongst other Things Enacted, That every Exporter of Spirits or Strong Waters, distilled in this Kingdom, shall, in order to intitle himself to the Allowance or Drawback therein mentioned, first make Oath before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Port where the same shall be shipped, that the full Duty of Excise payable to His Majesty upon the same, has been paid to the Use of His Majesty, and that the said Spirits or Strong Waters have not been lowered after the Duty of Excise was paid for the same: And whereas by an Act passed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for continuing and amending several Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue, and for the more effectually preventing of Frauds therein, and for such other Purposes as are therein mentioned, the Allowance or Drawback on the Exportation of Spirits distilled in this Kingdom is increased to the Whole of the Inland Excise, and all Duties payable on such Spirits to be exported in the Manner therein mentioned: And whereas the said several Requisites in the said in part recited Oath, have been found to obstruct the Exportation of said Spirits so distilled in this Kingdom, inasmuch as the Exporters thereof, being frequently not Distillers, cannot comply with

with the same? And whereas it will greatly tend to the Advancement of the Tillage of this Kingdom, and of the Exportation of Spirits distilled therein, as well as prevent a Repetition of the Frauds heretofore committed, to the Injury of the Fair Trader, and of his Majesty's Revenue, if the Regulations herein after mentioned, shall be adopted in the Place of all former Rules or Regulations touching such Spirits to be exported; Therefore be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Acts, and of all other Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore passed, as in any Manner relates to the giving of any Drawback, or to the regulating any Drawback given upon the Exportation of such Spirits, may be repealed, and the same are hereby made null and void.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Spirits distilled within this Kingdom, which shall be shipped for Exportation, and for which any Allowance or Drawback shall be claimed, shall be of a Strength not less than a Strength equal to Five Degrees, or Ten per Cent under

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der Hydrometer Proof, and the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall Export the ſame to any Place, except Great Britain, the Iſle of Man, or the Iſlands of Farro, or Ferro, in the Manner herein after directed, ſhall be intitled to, and ſhall receive Ten Pence per Gallon for every Gallon of ſuch Spirits, and of ſuch Degree of Strength ſo to be exported, as and for a Drawback of the Whole Exciſe paid for the ſame, which ſhall be in lieu of all Drawbacks or Allowances heretofore given on ſuch Export; any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Spirits or Brandies, ſo to be exported, ſhall be of greater Strength than of Five Degrees under Hydrometer Proof, there ſhall be paid a further Drawback after the Rate of One Penny per Gallon, over and above the Sum of Ten Pence aforeſaid for every Four Degrees which the ſame ſhall exceed the Strength above mentioned, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſs Quantity.

Provided always, That no Drawback on any One Gallon of Spirits or Brandies ſhall exceed in the Whole the Sum of Fourteen Pence.

Provided nevertheleſs, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Repayment of Duty, Drawback, or Allowance

ance shall be made or paid for any Quantity of such Spirits which shall be exported in any Cask or vessel, containing less than One Hundred Gallons, or which shall be shipped on board any Ship or Vessel of less Burthen than Seventy Tons, or which shall be in Strength below Five Degrees, or Ten per Cent. under Hydrometer Proof, or that shall be shipped or be consumed on Shipboard, or for any other Purpose than as Merchandize. CHAP. XV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Person in any Sea Port, or upon any Navigable River, to export and Ship off as Merchandize, within any of the usual Ports allowed by Law, and at the common Quays for Exportation, or Quays to be appointed for that Purpose, and within the usual Hours, for account of himself or any other, to be exported as aforesaid, in the Presence of some sworn Officer of the Excise, to be appointed by the Commissioners, or Sub-Commissioners of Excise, upon due Notice thereof to them given at the Office of Excise, within the Limits of the respective Districts of the respective Ports or Places from whence the same shall be Shipped, any such Spirits or Strong Waters distilled in this Kingdom, and such Officer or Officers shall certify the Quantity and Quality of such Spirits or Strong Waters so shipped off, to the Com-

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missioners or Collectors of the respective Districts, who are hereby required to pay the person or persons so Exporting the same, for all such Spirits so exported as directed by this Act, within one Month after such Exportation.

Provided also, That before any Permit shall be granted by any Officer for Shipping any Spirits, for which such Drawback of the Excise is to be paid as aforesaid, the person applying for such Permit, if he or she be the Distiller thereof, shall make an Oath of the following Import, before such Officer, who is hereby impowered and required to administer the same (Videlicet) "That the full Duty payable has been paid for all the Spirits so intended to be shipped;" and in case the said Spirits shall have been reduced in Strength after the same shall have been distilled, "That nothing has been or shall be added thereto but Water for the Purpose of reducing the same to the Strength prescribed by Law;" and every Person or Persons making such Oath shall produce the Gauger's Permit for the said Spirits, which Permit such Officer shall keep; and if such Spirits shall be exported by any other Person than the Distiller thereof, such Person shall produce to such Officer the Permit or Permits, Certificate or Certificates under which he or she received the same, and shall in like Manner make an Oath of the Import following, to wit, "That the Spirits so intend-

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ed to be ſhipped are the identical Spirits re- CHAP. XV.
ceived by him or her by Virtue of the Permit or Permits, Certificate or Certificates ſo produced, and that neither he, ſhe, nor any Perſon for him or her, did, to his or her Knowledge, receive by Virtue or under Colour of the ſame a greater Quantity of Spirits than is therein expreſſed, and that neither he or ſhe, nor any other Perſon to his or her Knowledge did or ſhall add any Liquor thereto but Water to reduce the ſame to the Strength preſcribed by Law;" and every ſuch Officer ſhall then grant a Permit annexed to, or at the Foot of the ſaid Affidavit for ſhipping the Quantity required, and ſhall keep the Permit or Certificate ſo produced to and depoſited with him.

Provided alſo, That before any Drawback ſhall be paid for ſuch Spirits ſhipped for Exportation as aforeſaid, that the Quantity and Quality or Degree of Strength thereof, and the Contents of each Caſk, ſhall be certified by the Surveyor and other Officer, who reſpectively ſhipped and gauged the ſame; and that the Perſon ſo exporting the ſame ſhall make Oath before the Cuſtomer, Collector, or other Principal Officer of the Port from whence the ſame ſhall be exported, who is and are impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame, of the Quantity of ſuch Spirits ſo ſhipped, the Ship and Maſters Name, and to what Place bound, and

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that to his or her Knowledge or Belief, ſaid Spirits or any Part thereof, have not been, nor are intended to be unſhipped or landed in any other than the Place in the ſaid Oath mentioned, and that the Maſter of the Ship when clearing out, ſhall likewiſe make Oath before ſuch Officer, who is in like Manner impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame, "that he has ſaid Spirits on Board his Ship, and that they are not intended to be re-landed to his Knowledge or Belief, and that he will not ſuffer the ſame or any Part thereof to be re-landed in Ireland, or landed in Great Britain, or the Iſlands of Man, Farro, or Ferro, except in Caſe of inevitable Diſtreſs."

Provided alſo, That ſuch Perſon before he or ſhe ſhall be entitled to receive any Allowance or Drawback by Virtue hereof, ſhall enter into a Bond to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, in double the Sum which he or ſhe ſhall claim for ſuch Drawback, conditioned that ſuch Spirits or Strong Waters ſhall be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, and ſhall not be re-landed in this Kingdom, or landed in Great Britain, or the Iſle of Man, or the Iſlands of Farro or Ferro; and upon Certificate returned under the Hand and Seal of the Chief Magiſtrate of any Port or Place beyond the Seas, or under the Hand and Seal of Two known Merchants of the Place where ſuch Spirits or Strong

Waters

Waters ſhall have been landed, that the ſame were there landed, or upon Proof made to the Satisfaction of any one of the Commiſſioners of Your Majeſty's Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or of the Collector or other Chief Officer of the reſpective Ports, that ſuch Spirits or Strong Waters were taken by Enemies, or periſhed in the Seas, the ſaid Bond ſhall be delivered up to ſuch Exporter to be cancelled, without any Fee for the ſame.

Provided allways, That if ſuch Maſter or Exporter be a known Quaker, that in ſuch Caſe the ſolemn Affirmation of ſuch Maſter or Exporter ſhall and may be taken inſtead of ſuch Oaths reſpectively.

Provided alſo, That if any ſuch Spirits or Strong Waters, ſo ſhipped for Exportation, ſhall be afterwards re-landed or unſhipped in any Part of Ireland, or ſhall be put on Board any Boat or other Veſſel in any Creek, Haven, or Port thereof, or at Sea, in order to be re-landed, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, without the Licence of one or more of the Principal Officers of ſuch Port or Place firſt had, or unleſs it be in Caſe of Diſtreſs to ſave the ſame from periſhing, which Diſtreſs ſhall be made known forthwith to one of the Officers of the Port where ſuch Ship ſhall arrive; or if any ſuch Spirits or Strong Waters ſhall be landed in Great Britain, the Iſle of Man, or

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the Iſlands of Farro or Ferro, except in Caſe of Diſtreſs as aforeſaid, the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon having the Charge of ſuch Ship out of which ſuch Spirits ſhall be ſo unſhipped, landed, or re-landed, contrary to the Meaning and Intention of this Act; and alſo the Exporter of ſuch Spirits ſhall each of them forfeit treble the Value of ſuch Spirits, one Moiety to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Informer.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall at any Time, from and after the paſſing of this Act, falſely make, forge, counterfeit, eraſe, or alter, or procure to be falſely made, forged, counterfeited, eraſed, or altered, or knowingly act or aſſiſt in the falſe making, forging, counterfeiting, eraſing, or altering any Certificate or Certificates herein before mentioned, or ſhall knowingly utter or publiſh as true, any falſe, forged, counterfeited, eraſed, or altered Certificate or Certificates as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon or Perſons being thereof lawfully convicted, according to the due Courſe of Law, ſhall be fined or impriſoned at the Diſcretion of the Judge before whom ſuch Perſon ſhall be tried: Provided that ſuch Fine ſhall not exceed the Sum of One Hundred Pounds; and that ſuch Impriſonment ſhall not exceed the Term of Six Months.

Whereas

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Whereas by the said in part recited Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, it is amongst other Things enacted, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eighty, every Distiller shall from the Day he or she shall set his or her Still at Work, be charged and pay Excise in the Manner and at the respective Rates therein after mentioned for Twenty-eight Days, and for every Day longer that the Head or Heads of his or her Still or Stills shall remain unlocked, and until he or she shall give to the Collector, Surveyor, and Gauger, the Notice therein after directed, of the Day of his or her intending to stop working, and should be also charged and pay Excise in like Manner, and at the like Rate, and for the like Time after every future Declaration from the Day of unlocking his or her Still or Stills: And whereas by the said Act it is also Enacted, That from and after the said Twenty-ninth Day of September, every Distiller who shall not have a Copper or other Vessel to brew his Pot Ale with, and who shall have One or more Stills, shall be charged with and shall pay Excise for Four Charges of Low Wines for each Still, for Twenty-eight Days after the Day on which such Distiller shall begin to distil, together with the Excise of as much more Pot Ale, Wash, Low Wines, Sing-

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lings, or Strong Waters, as he or ſhe ſhall be found to make or diſtil, within ſaid Space of Twenty-eight Days, and in like Proportion for every Day, until ſuch Diſtiller ſhall give Notice in Writing to the Collector of the Diſtrict, and to the Surveyor and Gauger of the Walk, of the Day on which he or ſhe intended to ſtop Working, and ſhould require, that his or her Still or Stills might be locked: And whereas it is by ſaid Act alſo Enacted, That from and after the ſaid Twenty-ninth day of September, every Diſtiller who ſhall have One or more Still or Stills, and a Copper or other Veſſel to brew his Pot Ale with, ſhall be charged with, and pay Exciſe for Six Charges of Low Wines for each Still, for Twenty-eight Days after ſuch Diſtiller ſhall begin to diſtil, together with the Exciſe of as much more Pot Ale, Waſh, Low Wines, Singlings, or Strong Waters, as he or ſhe ſhall be found to make or diſtil, within the ſaid Space of Twenty-eight Days, and in like Proportion for every Day, until ſuch Diſtiller ſhould give Notice in Writing to the Collector of the Diſtrict, and the Surveyor and Gauger of the Walk, of the Day on which he or ſhe intended to ſtop Working, and ſhould require that his or her Still or Stills might be locked: And whereas it is by the ſaid Act alſo Enacted, That from and after the ſaid Twenty-ninth Day of September, every Diſtiller who ſhall intend to ſtop Diſtilling, might after Twenty-eight

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eight Days from the Day of his or her beginning to distil, stop, by giving Notice in Writing Six Days before the Day he or she intended to stop, to the Collector of the District, and the Surveyor and Gauger of the Walk where such Distiller resided, of his or her Intention, and requesting that his or her Still or Stills may be locked on a Day therein to be named, and that after the Receipt of such Notice by the Surveyor and Gauger, it should then be lawful for the Surveyor or Gauger to strap down, and lock on the Head of each Still belonging to such Distiller, and to lock the Door of the Furnace-grate, and to secure, stop, and lock the Discharge-cock, or Pipe of each Still; and if the Surveyor or Gauger shall by any Means be prevented or hindered from so doing, by any Person at such Distillery, or by the Distillery being locked up, and no Person appearing to give him Entrance, such Distillers shall stand charged, and shall pay Excise, as if no Notice had been given of his Intention to stop, and if at any Time, Twenty-four Hours after any Still shall be locked, such Still or the Works in which it be set, shall be found hot, the Distiller to whom it belongs, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, unless such Still shall be opened upon a new Declaration in Manner therein after mentioned: And whereas it is by said Act also Enacted, that from and after the said Twenty-ninth Day of September, any Distiller who shall stop Distilling for

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a Time, and deſire to ſet to Work again, ſhall give four Days Notice to the Collector of the Diſtrict, and the Surveyor and Gauger of the Walk where ſuch Diſtiller reſides, of the Day on which he intends to begin to Work again, and the Surveyor or Gauger ſhall, upon ſuch Notice, open the Locks and Faſtenings of the Stills of ſuch Diſtiller, and charge him or her with Exciſe, as therein before directed: And whereas the ſaid regulations in the ſaid in part recited Act, have been in many particulars eluded, and have been found inſufficient to anſwer the Purpoſes thereby intended: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, as is herein before recited, ſhall, from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, be repealed and made void.

And in lieu thereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, every Diſtiller from the Day on which his or her Still ſhall be unlocked at his or her Deſire, ſhall be charged and chargeable with, and ſhall pay Exciſe, in the Manner, and according to the Quantities herein after mentioned, for the ſpace of Twenty-eight Days next enſuing, and for every Day after the Expiration of ſaid Twenty-eight Days, until ſuch Notice ſhall be given to the

the Collector, Surveyor, and Gauger, as is herein after directed, of the Time of his or her intending to discontinue Working his or her Still or Stills, and until his or her Still or Stills shall be taken down or locked, or both as the Case may be in the Manner herein after directed, and until the Head or Heads of such Still or Stills, as are to be taken down shall be locked, and that every such Distiller shall likewise after every future Declaration of his or her Intention to have his or her Still or Stills unlocked, stand charged and chargeable with, and pay Excise in like Manner, according to the like Quantities, and for the like Time, to commence and be computed from the Day of unlocking his or her Still or Stills, after such successive Declaration as aforesaid, or Deduction of two Days being made, for the Purpose of putting up or replacing such Still or Stills as shall be taken down, so as such Still or Stills be not set to Work upon either of the said two Days, and also an allowance of one Pound Sterling being made to every such Distiller, out of the Charge of Excise, for replacing every Still of five Hundred Gallons Content and upwards, and of twelve Shillings for replacing every Still of two Hundred Gallons Content, and less than five Hundred Gallons Content.

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-

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fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, no Diſtiller or Maker of Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters, ſhall ſet any Still to Work for the Purpoſe of Brewing any Waſh or Pot Ale, or of Diſtilling, unleſs every ſuch Still ſhall be ſet and fixed up to the Breaſt thereof, in a Furnace of Brick or Stone, with Mortar made of Lime and Sand, on Pain of Forfeiting every ſuch Still that ſhall be found to have been ſet to Work, otherwiſe than is herein directed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, every Diſtiller, whoſe Still or Stills ſhall be of leſs than One Thouſand Gallons Content each, ſhall be conſidered as continuing to Work, until ſuch Time as the ſaid Still or Stills ſhall be taken down out of the Works, and placed as is herein after directed, and the Perſon to whom the ſame ſhall belong or who ſhall have the Cuſtody thereof, ſhall be charged with and pay Exciſe accordingly.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, every Diſtiller, being a Maker of Spirits, who ſhall have any Still of one thouſand Gallons Content, or upwards each, ſhall

be

be charged with, and shall pay Excise for six Charges of Low Wines for every such Still, for twenty-eight Days next after the Day on which such Distiller shall have such Still or Stills unlocked, together with the Excise of as much more Pot Ale, Wash, Low Wines, Singlings, or Strong Waters, as he or she shall be found to make or distil within the said Space of twenty-eight Days, and in the same Proportion for every subsequent Day, until such Still or Stills, pursuant to the Notice for that Purpose herein after directed to be given to the Collector, Surveyor, and Gauger, shall be locked as herein is directed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Distiller who shall have any Still or Stills under One Thousand Gallons, and not less than Five Hundred Gallons each Content, shall be charged and chargeable with, and shall pay Excise for seven Charges of Low Wines for every such Still for twenty-eight Days next after the Day on which such Distiller shall have his or her said Still or Stills unlocked, together with the Excise of so much more Pot Ale, Wash, Low Wines, Singlings, or Strong Waters, as he or she shall be found to make or distil within said Space of twenty-eight Days, and in the same Proportion

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for every Day until such Still or Stills, pursuant to such Notice given to the Collector, Surveyor and Gauger, as herein after mentioned, shall be taken down and locked as herein is directed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Distiller, who shall have one or more Still or Stills under Five Hundred Gallons, and not less than two hundred Gallons each Content, shall be charged with, and shall pay Excise for Eight Charges of Low Wines for every such Still for twenty-eight Days next after the Day on which such Distiller shall have his or her Still or Stills unlocked, together with the Excise of as much more Pot Ale, Wash, Low Wines, Singlings, or Strong Waters, as he or she shall be found to make or distil within said Space of Twenty-eight Days, and in the same Proportion for every Day until such Still or Stills, pursuant to such Notice given to the Collector, Surveyor, and Gauger, as is herein mentioned, shall be taken down and locked as herein after is directed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Distiller who shall intend to discontinue distilling

distilling with all or any of his Still or Stills, may, after twenty-eight Days from the Day of unlocking such his or her Still or Stills respectively, discontinue distilling with all or any of his or her Still or Stills, by giving Notice in Writing of such his or her Intention, six Days before the Day on which he or she intends so to discontinue, which Notice shall be served upon the Collector of the District, and the Surveyor and Gauger of the Walk wherein such Distillery shall be carried on, requiring that his or her Still or Stills so intended to be discontinued from distilling, may, on a Day to be therein named, if a Still or Stills of One Thousand Gallons or upwards each Content, be locked, or if under a Thousand Gallons Content, be taken down and locked; and upon such Distiller's causing to be locked, if a Still or Stills of One Thousand Gallons or upwards, each Content, so intended to be discontinued as aforesaid, or taking, or causing to be taken down, all and every his or her Still or Stills so intended to be discontinued from distilling, under One Thousand Gallons Content clear out of the Works, and laying the same on the Ground, near the Grate on which the same was or were fixed, it shall then be lawful for the Surveyor or Gauger to strap down, and lock on, the Head of every such Still or Stills so intended to be discontinued as aforesaid, and to lock the Door of the Furnace-

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Grate, and to ſecure, ſtop, and ſeal the Diſcharge-Cock or Pipe of every ſuch Still or Stills; and if the Surveyor or Gauger ſhall be prevented or hindred from ſo doing, by any Perſon at ſuch Diſtillery, or by Means of the Diſtillery's being locked, and no Perſon appearing to give him Entrance, or otherwiſe, or if any Still or Stills of One Thouſand Gallons, or upwards Content, ſhall not be ſo locked, or if under One Thouſand Gallons Content, ſhall not be ſo taken down, laid, and locked in the Manner herein directed, ſuch Diſtiller ſhall ſtand charged and chargeable with, and ſhall continue to pay Exciſe, as if no Notice had been given of ſuch Intention to diſcontinue from diſtilling with ſuch Still or Stills.

And whereas Stills of One Thouſand Gallons Content and upwards, are not required to be taken out of the Works in which they are, or ſhall be ſet, by Reaſon whereof they may be ſecretly opened, and with little Difficulty be ſet to Work without Notice or new Declaration: Therefore be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any Time ſubſequent to Twenty-four Hours after ſuch Still of One Thouſand Gallons Content or upwards having been locked, ſuch Still, or the Works in which it is or ſhall be ſet ſhall be found therein, the Diſtiller, in whoſe Poſſeſſion the ſame ſhall be found, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, unleſs ſuch

Still

Still shall have been opened upon a new Declaration in Manner herein mentioned. CHAP. XV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, if any Still under One Thousand Gallons, so taken down as aforesaid, shall be replaced, or shall after Twenty-four Hours from the Time that the same shall have been taken down and locked, be found warm, or if the Worm-Tub, or Water therein shall be found warm, the Distiller in whose Possession the same shall then be, shall forfeit the like Sum of Fifty Pounds, unless such Still shall have been fixed and set to work upon a new Declaration in Manner herein mentioned.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, any Distiller who shall for a Time discontinue distilling, and shall desire to set to work again with such Still or Stills so discontinued, shall give four Days Notice to the Collector of the District, and the Surveyor and Gauger of the Walk wherein such Distillery shall be carried on, of the Day on which he or she intends to begin to work again; and the Surveyor or Gauger shall upon such Notice, open the Locks and fastening of the Still or Stills of such Distiller, and charge him or her with Excise as herein before directed.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, all and every Perſon or Perſons, except Braziers, who ſhall have any Still of more than Two Hundred Gallons Content in his or her Cuſtody, whether the ſame be ſet or unſet, ſhall be deemed a common Diſtiller for Sale, to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſhall be ſubject to all Regulations to which common Diſtillers for Sale are ſubject.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, if any Diſtiller ſhall uſe any Cooler, through the Center whereof he or ſhe ſhall not firſt treat, or cauſe to be erected and fixed, and conſtantly keep fixed Length-ways from one End to the other, a ſufficient Frame or Stage of Wood at leaſt Twelve Inches in Breadth for the Gaugers, or other Officers of the Exciſe to take the Level thereof, or ſhall in brewing or diſtilling, make Uſe of any Cooler, which ſhall not be ſcrewed down, or otherwiſe well and ſufficiently faſtened to Beams firmly fixed on both Ends, to the Walls of his or her Still-houſe, or Houſe uſed for brewing Beer or Ale, or in ſome other firm and ſubſtantial Works erected, or to be erected for that Purpoſe,

Purpoſe, or ſhall alter or ſuffer the Level, Situation, Poſition, or dipping Place of any Cooler by him or her made Uſe of, or the Beams that ſupport the ſame, (after having been ſo fixed as aforeſaid) to be altered, without due Notice thereof given, by the Space of Four Days at leaſt, to the Officer or Gauger of the Walk in which ſuch Diſtilleries ſhall be carried on; or if ſuch Diſtiller, on the Demand of the Gauger, or other Officer of Excile, made to him or her, or to the Perſons attending, to ſhew his or her Stock, ſhall not furniſh, or cauſe to be furniſhed, a ſtrong and ſafe Ladder of Length ſufficient to enable ſuch Officer to aſcend to ſaid Cooler, and fix the ſame at the dipping Place thereof; every Diſtiller ſo offending in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds. CHAP. XV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, no Diſtiller ſhall put into any Bath or Cooler, a ſmaller Quantity of Wort, or Pot Ale, than Four Hundred Gallons, or make Uſe of any Veſſel to put Lotb Wines or Singlings in, which ſhall be of leſs Content than the full Charge of his or her Still in which ſuch Lotb Wines or Singlings ſhall be diſtilled, or ſhall make Uſe of a ſecond Veſſel for putting Lotb Wines or Singlings in, unleſs the firſt be full of ſuch Lotb Wines or

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Singlings, on pain of forfeiting the Sum of Ten Pounds for every ſuch Offence.

And whereas Diſtillers do frequently under Pretence that their Pot Ale or Waſh requires a Length of Time for the proper Fermentation thereof, keep their Backs or Veſſels filled for many Weeks, during which Time they frequently work off the Contents of ſaid Backs privately, and replace the ſame with concealed Pot Ale or Waſh: For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, all Pot Ale or Waſh made of Corn, which ſhall not be diſtilled in the Space of Seven Days, including the Day of brewing, and the Day of diſtilling; and all Sugar Waſh, or Waſh made of Molaſſes, which ſhall not be diſtilled in the Space of Fourteen Days, including the Day of breaking down the Molaſſes or Sugar with Water, and the Day of Diſtilling; and all Waſh made of ſweet Waters, which ſhall not be diſtilled in the Space of Seven Days, including the Day of receiving, and the Day of diſtilling, the ſame, ſhall be conſidered as new Waſh, and charged with Duty accordingly.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, if any Perſon carrying

rying or conveying Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters, in any Vessel or Vessels containing more than Four Gallons, shall not, upon Demand made by any Officer or Officers of Excise, produce a proper Permit, then in Force, and sufficient to protect and warrant the Conveyance of the said Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters, the said Spirits, and the Vessel or Vessels containing the same, shall be seized and forfeited, together with the Cart, Car, or other Carriage or Draught, and the Horse and Horses drawing or carrying the same; and that the Porter or Carman carrying or conveying the said Spirits, shall forfeit the Sum of Five pounds, and in Default of Payment thereof, shall suffer Three Months Imprisonment.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, any unlicensed Distiller or Retailer of, or Dealer in Spirits for Sale, in whose Custody shall be found any Quantity of Spirits exceeding Four Gallons, except Spirits, for which a Permit shall be produced, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, shall be deemed to all Intents and Purposes, a Person concealing the same, and shall be subject to the Penalties to which Distillers are liable for concealing Spirits, Pot Ale, Low Wines, Singlings, or Wash, or for

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making Uſe of private Veſſels for the Purpoſe of making Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters.

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, it ſhall not be lawful for the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Revenue to licence any new Still of leſs than Five Hundred Gallons Content. Provided that nothing herein contained, ſhall be conſtrued to extend to Apothecaries, Chymiſts, or Druggiſts, or Perſons having Stills for the making Experiments in Natural Philoſophy, who ſhall be licenſed to keep Stills, according to the Laws now in Force, or to aſſiſtant Stills, for the Purpoſe of Doubling, in Manner herein mentioned.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, no Brazier, or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall make any Still, Black Pot, or Alembick, which ſhall contain more than Twelve Gallons, and which ſhall not contain Five Hundred Gallons as aforeſaid, without firſt obtaining a Licence from one or more of His Majeſty's Commiſſioners of Exciſe, for making the ſame; and if any Brazier, or other Perſon, ſhall make any ſuch Still, Black Pot, or Alembick, without ſuch Licence, or if ſuch Still, Black Pot, or Alembick, ſhall be found

in

in the Poſſeſſion of any Brazier, or other Perſon, not having a Licence for making or keeping ſuch Still, ſuch Brazier, or other Perſon, ſhall forfeit ſuch Still, Black Pot, or Alembick, and alſo the Sum of Twenty Pounds. CHAP. XV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, if any Still ſhall be found in the Poſſeſſion of any Perſon, ſave and except a Brazier, or Manufacturer in Metal, unleſs ſuch Perſon ſhall produce a Licence for keeping ſuch Still, ſigned by one or more of the Chief Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or by the Collector of the Diſtrict where ſuch Still ſhall be found, ſuch Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody ſuch Still ſhall be found, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with ſuch Still, and all diſtilling Utenſils, Spirits, and Materials for diſtilling found therewith.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, in Caſe any Diſtiller ſhall have one or more Still or Stills, of One Thouſand Gallons or upwards, each Content, and ſhall, during the Time ſuch Still or Stills ſhall be unlocked, diſtil with any ſuch Still, Twelve Charges of Waſh, or Pot Ale, in every Week, in

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Which ſuch Still or Stills ſhall be unlocked, every ſuch Diſtiller ſhall, notwithſtanding any Thing contained in this Act to the contrary, be permitted, for every ſuch large Still, diſtilling Twelve Charges a Week, as aforeſaid, to keep a ſmall Still, not exceeding one Third of the Content of ſuch large Still, for the Purpoſe of diſtilling his or her Low Wines, or Singlings only, the Content of which ſmaller Still or Stills ſhall not be charged againſt ſuch Diſtiller: Provided that ſuch Diſtiller ſhall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds for every ſuch ſmall Still, if the ſame ſhall be uſed for the Purpoſe of diſtilling of Waſh or Pot Ale, or in any other Manner than for the Purpoſe of diſtilling the Low Wines or Singlings from the Waſh or Pot Ale ſo diſtilled by ſuch larger Still.

And whereas great Frauds are committed by Diſtillers in remote Parts of the Kingdom, who after they obtain a Licence or Licences pretend they have no Occaſion for uſing their Stills, and nevertheleſs diſtil large Quantities clandeſtinely, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall be licenſed to carry on the Trade of diſtilling Spirits, unleſs ſuch Perſon ſhall firſt enter into a Bond to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, in the Penalty of Two Hundred Pounds, conditioned to pay Exciſe for One Hundred and Twelve Working Days

Days in each Year, for Twenty-eight Days in the Quarter of the Year, commencing the first Day of January; Twenty-eight Days in the Quarter, commencing the First Day of April; Twenty-eight Days in the Quarter, commencing the First Day of July; and Twenty-eight Days in the Quarter, commencing the First Day of October, pursuant to the Rules and Regulations herein contained. CHAP. XV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Distiller who shall make use of one or more Still or Stills of One Thousand Gallons each or upwards Content, shall have an Allowance or Abatement in the payment of his or her Excise, at the Rate of Ten pounds per Centum for all Wash which shall be distilled in said Still or Stills.

And that every Distiller who shall make use of one or more Still or Stills of Five Hundred Gallons, and under One Thousand Gallons Content each, shall have an Allowance or Abatement in the payment of his or her Excise of Five Pounds per Centum for all Wash distilled in said Still or Stills, which Allowances shall be in lieu and instead of any Allowance or Abatement granted to any Distiller or Distillers in like Cases respectively, by any Law or Laws heretofore made; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and

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after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, no Licence shall be granted to any Person to make or distil Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters, at any Place not being a Market Town, where one or more Market or Markets are and shall be held Weekly, unless a Gauger shall be stationed in such Place; and that any Licence granted, or to be granted to any Person to distil Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters, shall be null and void so soon as the Person or Persons who obtained, or shall obtain the same, shall change his or her Residence to any Place from that for which said Licence is or shall be granted.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, no Distiller shall have any Hole in the Head or Breast of any Still through which the same may be charged, nor shall any Distiller after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, set in any Back a smaller Quantity of Wort or Pot Ale at one Time than Four hundred Gallons, on pain of forfeiting the Sum of Ten Pounds.

And whereas several Frauds have been committed by Persons, who, upon the Delivery of Casks at the Place to which they have been consigned, have taken from the

Heads

heads of such Casks the Tickets prescribed by Law to be affixed thereto, and have Fraudulently affixed the same to other Casks, containing Spirits unlawfully distilled: For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where a Ticket is by Law directed to be affixed or fastened to the Head of any Cask, containing Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters, upon the Inland Carriage thereof, such Ticket shall remain and be kept affixed or fastened thereto, until the Permit, by virtue of which such Cask, and the Spirits therein contained, shall have been conveyed, shall be lodged with the proper Officer appointed for that Purpose, and his Certificate thereof shall be obtained, upon Pain of forfeiting such Cask, and the Spirits therein contained. CHAP. XV.

And for the more regular and orderly Conducting the several Breweries and Distilleries of this Kingdom, and preventing Frauds and Mistakes arising in the Collection of Your Majesty's Revenue, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, there shall be kept in every publick Brewery and Distillery in this Kingdom, by every Common Brewer and Retailing Brewer, and by every Distiller, or Maker of Low Wines, Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters for Sale, a

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Minute Book, to be delivered to such Brewer or Distiller by the Surveyor or other Officer of Excise, appointed to Survey and Visit his or her Brew House, Work House, or Still House, which Book shall be safely kept by such Brewer or Distiller, and in which such Officer or Officers shall make true Entries of all the respective Times of his or their Visiting such Brewery or Distillery, and of all such other Particulars relative to the State and Condition of such Brewery or Distillery, as he or they shall find necessary and expedient, or as he or they shall be directed by his or their Superior Officer to enter therein; and in Case such Brewer or Distiller, after Request for that Purpose made to him or her, by such Officer or Officers, shall either refuse to receive, or neglect to keep such Book, or shall after Acceptance thereof at any Time wilfully Tear, Deface, or Alter, or Cause the same to be Torn, Defaced or Altered, or make or Cause to be made any Entry therein, or in Case such Brewer or Distiller, or the Person employed by him, her, or them to attend the said Brew House or Still House, shall at any Time when required by such Officer or Officers, refuse to produce such Book, or to deliver the same to such Officer or Officers for the Purposes aforesaid, that then and in every such Case such Brewer or Distiller shall for each and every of the said Offences, Forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds Sterling.

And

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And whereas Common Brewers and Retailing Brewers of Beer and Ale, and Distillers of Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters for Sale, frequently make Use of Places adjoining their own Concerns for the Purpose of Clandestinely Brewing, Distilling, or concealing their Liquors; For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, if the Owner or Occupier of any House, Store, or other Place adjoining to the Dwelling House, Brewery, or Distillery of any Common Brewer or Retailing Brewer of Beer, Ale, or of any Maker or Distiller of Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters for Sale, or if any Servant or Person employed by him or her respectively, in said Premisses, shall, upon Demand made in the Day Time, refuse to give Admittance to any Gauger or Gaugers, or other Officer or Officers of Excise, or shall not allow him or them to enter and search such House, Store, or Place for any Beer or Ale, Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, Strong Waters, Pot Ale, Wash, Lold Wines, or Singlings which such Officer or Officers shall have reasonable or probable Cause to suspect to be fraudulently concealed therein, such Owner or Occupier shall in every such Case forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if no person shall attend or appear in such House, Store, or Place as aforesaid, to give Entrance to such Officer or Officers, it shall be lawful for such Officer or Officers in the Day Time, in the Presence of a Constable or other Lawful Officer of the Place (who are hereby respectively required to be aiding and assisting therein) to break open, enter and to make Search in such House, Store, or Place for such Liquors as aforesaid, which he or they may have reasonable or probable Cause to suspect to be fraudulently concealed therein.

Provided allways, That if upon Search no such Liquor shall be found, such Officer or Officers shall repair all the Damage done, or make reasonable Satisfaction for the same to the Owner or Occupier of said Premisses.

Provided nevertheless, that if the Door so broken or forced shall open into, or immediately from such Brewery or Distillery, or any Part of the Premisses thereunto belonging, and that such Brewer or Distiller, or the Person who shall hold the Stock of such Brewer or Distiller, shall refuse or omit upon Demand made to open the same, and to give Entrance to such Officer or Officers, then and in every such Case

such

such Brewer or Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds. CHAP. XV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Common Brewer and Retailing Brewer, and every Distiller or Maker of Low Wines, Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters, or the Wife of such Brewer, Distiller, or the person who shall at any Time admit or give Entrance to any Gauger or Gaugers, or other Officer of Excise, into the Brew House, Work House, or Still House, Store or Stores, or other Part of the Premisses belonging to such Common Brewer or Retailing Brewer or Distiller shall shew, or cause to be shewn, to such Officer or Officers, all the Stock on Hand of Beer, Ale, Guile, Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Spirits, Singlings, or Low Wines of or belonging to such Brewer or Distiller, and make or give, or cause to be made and given, a Declaration of the same, Viz. "That the Stock so shewn is all the Stock of or belonging to such Brewer or Distiller," on Pain of Fifty Pounds, to be forfeited by such Brewer or Distiller for every Time he or she or any such person who shall give Entrance or Admission as herein before mentioned, shall refuse or omit, upon Demand, to shew or cause to be shewn, such Stock, or to make such Declaration as aforesaid.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, as often as the Trade of Brewing or Distilling shall be exercised or carried on by, in the Name, or for the Use of any Infant or Person under the age of Twenty One Years, the Person or Persons so carrying on, or exercising said Trades, or either of them, shall be liable to the Payment of all Duty or Duties of Excise, and of all Penalties and Forfeitures that may be incurred, and become payable by the Laws of Excise, and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions, as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if such Person or Persons so Carrying on said Trades, or either of them, was or were adult, and of full Age.

And whereas a Practice prevails amongst several Common Brewers and Retailing Brewers of Beer and Ale for Sale, to Tun into, and to deliver their Beer and Ale in Casks of uncertain Measure, under the general Description of Hogsheads, Barrels, and Half Barrels to the great Diminution of His Majesty's Revenue, and to the Prejudice of the Fair Trader and of the Publick: For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, every Common Brewer

or

or Retailing Brewer of Strong Beer and Ale for Sale, shall turn or store his or her Strong Beer, Ale and Gyle into Hogsheads, Barrels, Half Barrels, and Quarter Barrels only, each of which respectively shall be of the Content herein after mentioned; and that such Brewer or Brewers shall not deliver any Strong Beer or Ale in any Cask or Vessel to a Retailer or other Person to sell again, save only in Hogsheads or Barrels; and if any such Brewer shall, after the said Twenty-ninth Day of September, turn or store his or her Strong Beer, Ale, or Gyle, into any Cask or Vessel, save only into Hogsheads, Barrels, Half Barrels, or Quarter Barrels; or shall deliver any such Beer or Ale, in any Cask or Vessel, to a Retailer or other Person to sell again, save only in Hogsheads or Barrels, that then such Brewer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds. CHAP. XV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, all Strong Beer, Ale, Gyle, or Wort found by any Officer of Excise in the Possession of any Common Brewer, or Retailing Brewer, in any Cask, the full Contents of which shall exceed Sixty-eight Gallons, each Gallon containing Two Hundred and Seventeen Cubical Inches and Six Tenths of a Cubical Inch, and shall be under

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Five Hundred Gallons of the Content aforesaid, shall and may be seized and forfeited, together with the Cask containing the same; and that every Cask containing Strong Beer, Ale, Guile, or Worts, the full Contents whereof shall exceed Forty-two Gallons of the Content aforesaid, shall be deemed an Hogshead, and rated as containing Sixty-eight Gallons; and that every Cask containing Strong Beer, Ale, Guile, or Worts, the full Contents whereof shall exceed Twenty-one Gallons of the Content aforesaid, shall be deemed a Barrel, and rated as containing Forty-two Gallons; and that every Cask containing Strong Beer, Ale, Guile, or Worts, the full Contents whereof shall exceed Eleven Gallons of the Content aforesaid, shall be deemed an Half Barrel, and rated as containing Twenty-one Gallons; and that the Common Brewer, or Retailing Brewer, in whose Custody such Vessel or Vessels shall be found as aforesaid, shall upon all Charges made by the Gauger on Account of Strong Beer, Ale, Guile, or Worts contained therein, pay Excise according to the Rates aforesaid: Provided that nothing herein contained, shall be construed to prevent such Brewers from storing Strong Beer, Ale, or Guile, in Vats or Vessels of above Five Hundred Gallons Content.

And whereas by the herein before in part recited Act, made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, the

the Prices at which Strong Beer and Ale shall be bought and sold are ascertained: And whereas several Common Brewers, and Retailing Brewers, in order to take undue Advantages of Fair Traders, have in many Instances evaded the said Act by secret Gratuities and Compensations, and by Abatements in other Liquors sold by them to the Purchasers of their Beer and Ale, and by various other Means, in Consequence whereof the Quality of Malt Liquors hath been greatly reduced and impaired, the Consumption thereof much discouraged, and the Consumers imposed upon; For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, if any Common Brewer or Retailing Brewer of Strong Beer or Ale, or any Person for or on behalf of such Brewer or Brewers, shall, by any Bounty or Gift of Money by Way of Loan, or otherwise, or by letting a House or Houses under the real Value, or by paying House Rent, or any Part thereof, or by any Abatement in the Sale of Spirits, or any other Liquors or Article, or by any Gratuity, Consideration, or Compensation made or given, or promised to be made or given to any Retailer buying Beer or Ale from such Brewer or Brewers, or to any other Person in Trust for such Retailer buying Beer or Ale from such Brewer or Brewers, or by any other Device or Contrivance

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whatſoever, whereby the Price of Ale ſold, or to be ſold by ſuch Brewer, ſhall be reduced below the Rate of Eighteen Shillings and Four Pence per Barrel, ſuch Barrel containing Thirty-two Gallons, each Gallon to meaſure Five Hundred and Seventeen Cubical Inches and Six-tenths of a Cubical Inch, or whereby any Quantity of Beer or Ale ſhall be ſold between the Prices of Eighteen Shillings and Four Pence, and Twenty-two Shillings by the like Barrel, or whereby the Price of Strong Beer or Porter ſo bought from ſuch Brewer ſhall be reduced below the Rate of Twenty-two Shillings by the like Barrel; or if any Retailer or other Perſon buying Beer or Ale to ſell again, ſhall in any Manner accept of, or receive any Conſideration for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, every ſuch Common Brewer, or Retailing Brewer, who ſhall ſell, and every ſuch Retailer, or other Perſon, who ſhall buy to ſell again, ſhall reſpectively forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every Offence ſo committed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, if any Information ſhall be brought againſt the Buyer or Seller of ſuch Strong Beer, Ale, or Porter, for the Penalties by them reſpectively incurred as aforeſaid, upon the Trial of ſuch Information, the Buyer ſhall be admitted

mitted to give Evidence against the Seller, or the Seller against the Buyer, as the Case may be; but if either Buyer or Seller be the Informer, the Person so first informing, shall, in Case of a Conviction upon such Information, be discharged from the Penalty by him or her incurred, and shall be intitled to a Moiety of the said Penalty of Fifty Pounds. CHAP. XV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, the Name and Sirname of every Person concerned as Partner, or in any Manner interested in any Brewery or Distillery, and for whose Account the same is or shall be carried on jointly with other Persons, or otherwise, shall be given in Writing by such Person to the Collector or other Officer at the Excise-Office of the District where such Brewery or Distillery is or shall be erected, and signify that he or she is a Party concerned in such Brewery or Distillery; and every Person who shall have any Share, or be concerned or interested in any Brewery or Distillery, or in carrying on the Business of a Brewer or Distiller, without giving in his or her Name and Sirname at the Excise-Office as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty pounds.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the

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said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, no Person or Persons shall sell, or cause, to be sold by Retail, any Strong Beer or Ale at a lower Price than at the Rate of Two Pence Halfpenny by the Quart, nor any Porter, at a higher Price than at the Rate of Three Pence Halfpenny by the Quart, nor any Small Beer, at any higher Price than at the Rate of One Penny by the Quart, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Five Pounds for every Time such Person or Persons shall commit such Offence, which shall be in Lieu of any Penalty heretofore imposed for said Offences respectively.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty two, if any Constable shall refuse, upon Request made by any Revenue-Officer, to attend and assist such Officer in the Execution of his Duty, in any Matter relative to His Majesty's Revenue, where by Law the Presence or Re-attendance of a Constable is made necessary, such Constable for so refusing, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, over and above all other Penalties, and in Default of Payment, shall suffer Three Months Imprisonment.

And whereas by an Act passed in the First Year of Your Majesty's Reign, intituled,

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tituled, An Act for continuing and amending an Act, *intituled*, An Act for better regulating the Collection of His Majesty's Revenue, and for preventing frauds, and for repealing an Act made the last Session of Parliament, *intituled*, An Act for continuing and amending several Laws heretofore made, relating to His Majesty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in His Majesty's Customs and Excise, and the several Acts and Statutes which are mentioned in the said Act, and continued thereby, it is among other Things Enacted, That in Case any Person or Persons shall let out to Hire, or lend any private Brew House, either with or without Utensils for Brewing, and without such Licence as therein mentioned, first had and obtained, then, and in every such Case so happening, the Person or Persons so letting out to Hire, or lending a private Brew House, and the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so let to Hire, or lent, shall respectively forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling, to be recovered in Manner therein mentioned.

And whereas the said in part recited Act hath in a great Measure proved insufficient by reason of the Secrecy with which such Frauds are carried on; for Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, upon the Trial of any Information for

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the Penalties imposed by the said Act for said Offence or Offences, it shall and may be lawful for the Person or Persons so letting to Hire, or lending such private Brew House, or for the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so let or lent, as the Case may be, if called upon on the part of the Informer, or of the Person or Persons so letting to Hire or lending such private Brew House, or to whom the same shall be so let or lent, shall be the Informer or Informers in such Information, to give Evidence on the Trial thereof, and in Case of a Conviction upon such Information, such Person or Persons so giving Evidence, shall be discharged of and from the Penalties so by him or them incurred, and all the Utensils which shall be found in such private Brew House shall be forfeited, and applied as herein after is directed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Common Brewer of Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, and every Distiller and Maker of Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, Strong Waters, Low Wines, Smglings, or Wash, of any Kind, for Sale, shall, under his or her own Hand, or the Hand of some Person for whom he or she shall be responsible thereby, that is to say, on or before Saturday, in every Week, make true Entry at the Office of Excise, under

under which such Brewer or Brewers, Distiller or Distillers, shall carry on said Business of Brewing or Distilling as aforesaid, of the Quantity and Quality of all Beer, Porter, Ale, and Small Beer respectively by them brewed, and of the Quantity of Strong Waters which each Distiller is or shall be chargeable with Duty for, by Decrease of Wash, or otherwise, for and during the Week, ending the Saturday next preceding, and shall at the same Time pay and clear off, or cause to be paid and cleared off, the Whole of the Excise by him, her, or them so payable for the same, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty pounds for every such Omission, Neglect or Default of Entry and Payment, together with a Sum equal to double the Duty returned by the Gauger or Gaugers to be payable by such Brewer or Distiller for said Week, and that the Tender or Payment of any Sum short of the Duty so returned to be payable, shall not exempt such Brewer or Distiller from the Payment of any Part of the Penalty aforesaid; which Entry and Payment of Duty, at the Time, and in the Manner herein mentioned, and Penalty on Default thereof, shall be in Lieu and instead of all Penalties for Default of Weekly Entry and Payment of Duty for Beer, Porter, Ale, Small Beer, Aqua Vitæ, Spirits, or Strong Waters, imposed by any Law or Laws heretofore made. CHAP XV.

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And whereas the Laws now in Force have been found inſufficient to prevent the Sale of Wine, Brandy, and Spirits, without Licence, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Retailer of Wine or Spirits ſhall, from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, ſell any Wine, Brandy, or Spirits of any Kind whatſoever, in any Houſe, Shop, or Room, or at any Fair, Aſſizes or Seſſions, or other Place whatſoever, without a Licence or Licences firſt had and obtained for the ſelling thereof, the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending therein, ſhall for every ſuch Offence by him or her committed, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds Sterling, the ſame to be in Lieu and Stead of all former Penalties and Forfeitures impoſed for ſuch Offence by any former Act or Acts.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, if any Perſon or Perſons licenſed to ſell Beer, Ale, Wine, Spirits, or Cyder, ſhall die, or remove from the Houſe or Place wherein he, ſhe, or they was or were licenſed to ſell Liquor or Liquors as aforeſaid, the Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, of the Perſon or Perſons ſo dying or removing, as the Caſe may be, who ſhall be poſſeſſed of ſuch

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House or Place, may lawfully sell therein such Liquors as were licensed there to be sold, until the Expiration of the Term for which said Licence shall have been granted. CHAP. XV.

Provided always, That the said Licence shall be produced to the Gauger, or other Officer of Excise, when required.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, no Licence shall entitle any Person to sell Beer, Ale, Wine, Spirits, or Cyder, in any other than the House or Place thereunto belonging, wherein the Person or Persons so obtaining such Licence, shall have inhabited at the Time of granting such Licence, and that such Licence, with Regard to all other Places, shall be null and void.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Person licensed to sell Beer, Ale, Wine, Spirits, or Cyder, shall have, or cause to be painted on a Board with Letter publickly visible and legible, at least an Inch long, in White upon a Black Ground, or in Black on a White Ground, his or her Name and Sir-name at full Length, and the Words Licenced to sell

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Wine, Spirits, Malt Liquors, or Cyder, as the Caſe may be, and ſhall affix the ſame on ſome conſpicuous Place on the Outſide of the Front of his, her, or their Houſe, not more than Three Feet Diſtance from the Top of the Shop Door, or Street Door of ſaid Houſe, and preſerve and keep up the ſame during the Time he, ſhe, or they ſhall continue to ſell ſaid Liquors, or any of them, or in Default thereof, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

And in order to prevent the Frauds committed by Perſons ſelling Liquors without Licence; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Surveyor, Gauger, or other Officer of Excile in the Way-time, and in the Preſence of a Conſtable to enter any Shop, Store Room, or Houſe whereon is affixed any ſuch Showboard or Notification, importing that there is a Licence to ſell Beer, Ale, Wine, Spirits, or Cyder therein, and to demand a View of the Licence, under or by Virtue of which the Perſon or Perſons reſiding therein ſhall claim a Liberty to ſell ſaid Liquor or Liquors, and he ſhall be permitted to take a Copy thereof, if any ſuch Licence ſhall be produced; and if no ſufficient Licence ſhall be produced, that ſuch Officer ſhall and may demand the Licence Money payable for all or any of the Li-

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quors so notified or sold without sufficient Licence, and upon Non-payment thereof, shall and may take a Distress for the said Licence Money, and sell such Distress; and if said Distress shall be sold for more than the Amount of such Licence Money, and the necessary Charges incident to the taking and selling such Distress, the Overplus shall be returned to the Owner or Occupier of the House from whence such Distress shall be so taken.

And whereas many Frauds have been practised by Grocers and Shop-keepers, who under pretence of their being Wholesale Importers, and by various other Shifts have endeavoured to evade the Laws, compelling Retailers of Wine, Brandy, or other Spirits, to obtain Licence for selling said Liquors, to the Injury of Your Majesty's Revenue, and of the Fair Trader in that behalf; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and every Person and Persons, dealing in Spirits of any Kind, who shall keep a Shop or Shops for the Sale of Excileable Goods, or for whose sole or joint Use or Benefit any Shop for the Sale of Excileable Goods is, or shall be kept, either in his or her Name, or in the Name or Names of any other Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to be a Retailer and Retailers of Spirits, and shall be subject to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, For-

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feitures, and Penalties, for want of Licence, Certificate, or otherwiſe, as the Caſe ſhall be, or for or on Account of any other Matter or Thing whatſoever that Common Retailers of Spirits are ſubject and liable to, notwithſtanding any Importation or Importations of Goods and Commodities by Wholeſale by ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo being, or pretending to be, Wholeſale Merchant or Merchants, or any Certificate obtained, or to be obtained for that Purpoſe.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any one or more of the Chief Commiſſioners of Exciſe to hear and determine all Complaints, and to levy, or Cauſe to be levied, all Forfeitures, Fines, and Penalties that ſhall be incurred by, or againſt any Perſon or Perſons for Selling Wine or Spirits without Licence, in the ſame manner, and as effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as any three of the ſaid Chief Commiſſioners are now impowered to do, with like Remedy of Appeal as herein after mentioned.

And whereas, there is Reaſon to apprehend that ſeveral Frauds may be committed by Perſons Clandeſtinely Landing Tobacco, and Vending the ſame as Tobacco of the Growth of this Kingdom; for

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for prevention whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on or before the first Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, and on or before the First Day of June, in every ensuing Year, all and every Person and Persons who shall have any Tobacco planted or growing within this Kingdom for Sale, or on a Portion of Ground exceeding one Quarter of a Rood for private Use and Consumption, shall give or send Notice in Writing to the Collector of the District, where such Tobacco shall be growing or planted, of the Tobacco Grounds in his, her, or their Possession, and of the County, Barony, Parish, Township, and Place wherein the same lie, with the exact Quantity of Ground planted with such Tobacco, which Notice shall be signed with his or her Name, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds Sterling for every Acre, and so in Proportion for any Quantity not less than One Quarter of a Rood planted for private Use, for neglecting to give such Notice, a Copy whereof shall be given by the Collector to the Surveyor and Gauger of such Walk respectively.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Person or Persons who shall have any Tobacco planted or growing for Sale, shall give Notice in Writing to the Surveyor, Gauger, or other Officer of

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Exciſe of the Walk wherein ſuch Tobacco ſhall be growing, of the Day on which he, ſhe, or they ſhall begin to Cut, Pull, or Gather the ſaid Tobacco, three Days before he or ſhe ſhall begin to Cut, Pull, or Gather the ſame, and in like Manner give the like Notice before he ſhall put ſaid Tobacco or any Part thereof in any Package, Truſs, Box, or Cask whatſoever, on Pain of Forfeiting all Tobacco Cut, Pulled, Gathered, or Packed, without giving ſuch Notice.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo Making up or Packing ſuch Tobacco for Sale, ſhall provide proper Scales and Weights ſufficient for Weighing his or her Tobacco in Drafts, not leſs than Four Hundred and Twenty Five Pounds each; and before he or ſhe ſhall Pack up any of ſaid Tobacco, ſhall, in the Preſence of ſome Officer of Exciſe, Weigh and Pack the ſame in Packs, Boxes, or Casks not containing leſs than Four Hundred and Twenty Five Pounds each; Provided the whole Quantity, ſo grown for Sale, ſhall amount to ſo much, and after the ſame ſhall be weighed and packed, the Officer ſhall number the Package or Packages, and ſhall mark on each Package the Net Weight of Tobacco contained therein, and give ſuch Planter a Certificate for the ſame, and ſuch Planter ſhall lodge ſuch Certificate at the Exciſe Office

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of the District, within Six Days after receiving the same; and the Officer who shall receive such Certificate shall give such Planter a Copy thereof signed by him, certifying that the Original is lodged in said Office. CHAP. XV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, all Rules and Regulations in the several Acts of Parliament heretofore made and to be observed by Persons storing, dealing in, manufacturing, or having in their Custody imported Tobacco, and all Rules and Regulations enacted thereby, relative to Permits and Certificates for the same, shall be, and the same are hereby extended to all Persons having, manufacturing, or dealing in Tobacco of the Growth of this Kingdom, whether such Tobacco shall be stored, carried, conveyed, or in a Course of Conveyance from one Port or Place of this Kingdom to another, or shall be sold or delivered by one Person to another, as fully as if Tobacco of the Growth of this Kingdom had been expressly mentioned in said Laws, Rules, and Regulations, save only, that instead of the Words Duty paid, or Number of Warrants, or Importers Names being expressed in such Certificates and Permits that the Names of the Planters, Growers, and Sellers of such Tobacco shall be entered therein.

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And whereas the Laws heretofore made to prevent the clandeſtine Importation of Tobacco, have not proved ſufficient to anſwer the intended Purpoſe; Therefore be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, if any Tobacco ſhall be clandeſtinely imported, or ſecretly brought into this Kingdom, without due Entry and Payment of the Duties chargeable thereupon, the Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in which the ſame ſhall be ſo clandeſtinely imported, with all the Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition, and Apparel thereunto belonging; and alſo all ſuch Tobacco ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer of the Revenue; and in Caſe ſuch Veſſel or Goods cannot be ſeized, the Maſter, or other Perſon having Charge of the Veſſel in which ſuch Goods ſhall have been ſo imported or brought, ſhall forfeit the whole Value thereof.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Officer of any Port, Member or Creek of this Kingdom, ſhall knowingly grant or make any falſe Certificate relative to the landing of any Goods or Merchandizes out of any Ship or Veſſel, that ſuch Officer ſhall loſe his Employment, and moreover forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and ſuffer One Year's Impriſonment, without Bail or Mainprize,

Mainprize, and be incapable of serving Your Majesty in any Place of Trust concerning Your Majesty's Revenue in this Kingdom; and if any Person whatsoever shall knowingly counterfeit, raze, alter, or forge any Cocket, Certificate, or Return, Transire, or Let-pass, or any Custom-house Warrant, such Person shall forfeit One Hundred Pounds, and the whole of such Cocket, Certificate, or Return, Transire, or Let-pass, or other Warrant, shall be invalid and of none Effect; and if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, whether the same be customable or exciseable, or otherwise brought or coming into any Port, Haven, or Creek, within this Kingdom, from any other Port, Haven, or Creek within this Kingdom, by Port-Cocket, Transire, Let-pass, or Certificate, in any Ship or Vessel, shall be landed or put on Shore before such Cocket, Transire, Let-pass, or Certificate expressing the Whole, and all and every Article of such Vessel's Cargo, whether customable or exciseable, or not, shall be delivered to the Customer, Comptroller, Collector, or other Chief Officer of the Port or Place of their Arrival, or to their Deputy or Deputies, and before a Warrant or sufferance shall be made and given by such Customer, Comptroller, or Collector, or his or their Deputy or Deputies as aforesaid, for the landing and discharging thereof, then and in every such Case, such Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes so landed, shall be forfeited, and shall

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and may be ſeized by any Officer of Your Majeſty's Revenue.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in Caſe any Information ſhall be commenced and brought to Trial on Account of any Seizure of any Ship or Goods, as forfeited, by Virtue of this, or any other Act of Parliament relating to Your Majeſty's Cuſtoms or Exciſe, wherein a Verdict ſhall be found for the Defendant or Claimer thereof, and it ſhall appear to the Judge or Court, before whom the ſame ſhall have been tried, that there was a probable Cauſe of Seizure, the Judge, or Court before whom the ſaid Information ſhall have been tried, may certify on the Record, that there was a probable Cauſe for ſuch Seizure having been made, and in ſuch Caſe, the Defendant or Claimer ſhall not be intitled to any Coſts of Suit whatſoever, nor ſhall the Perſon or Perſons who made ſuch Seizure, or cauſe the ſame to be made, be liable to any Action, Indictment, or other Suit or Proſecution, on Account of ſuch Seizure. And in Caſe any Action, Indictment, or other Suit, or Proſecution ſhall be commenced and brought to Trial againſt any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, on Account of any Seizure of any Ship or Goods as forfeited, by Virtue of this or any other Act of Parliament relating to Your Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and a Verdict ſhall be given againſt the Defendant or Defendants

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tendants in such Action, Jndictment, Suit, or Prosecution, if the Court, or Judge before whom such Action, or Prosecution shall have been tried, shall certify on the Record, that there was a probable Cause for such Seizure, then the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall not be intitled to Costs of Suit, nor to above Two Pence Damages, besides such Ship and Goods, or Ships or Goods, as the Case shall be, or the Value thereof at the Time of the Seizure, nor shall the Defendant or Defendants in any such Prosecution, where it shall appear to the Judge, or Court before whom such Defendant or Defendants shall be tried, that there was any such Certificate given as aforesaid, or that there was a probable Cause of Seizure, be fined above One Shilling.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and immediately after the passing of this Act, if any Carman shall take any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes of any Kind whatsoever, from off the Custom House Quay in the City of Dublin, without first obtaining from the proper Officer, a Gate-Note, permitting such Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes to be taken from off such Quay, such Carman shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, together with the Cart, Car, or other Draft, and the Horse or Horses drawing or carrying the same; which Cart, Car, or other Draught, and

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such Horse or Horses, may be seized for such Offence, by any Officer of Your Majesty's Revenue; and if any Porter shall carry any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes from off such Quay, without first obtaining such Gate-Note as aforesaid, such Porter shall forfeit the like Sum of Forty Shillings; and in Default of Payment of the said respective Penalties by such Carman or Porter, such Carman or Porter shall be imprisoned for One Month, Without Bail or Mainprize.

Whereas by an Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for settling of the Excise and New Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted, it is among other Things Enacted, That all Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities whatsoever, coming in, or going out, either from or to any Part or Place beyond the Seas, or any Port or Haven of this Realm, that shall be unshipped at any Time, before due Entry of the same made with, or the Warrant of Licence had and obtained, from the Officer of Excise in the Port where such Goods shall be unshipped, landed, or shipped off, for doing whereof shall be lost and forfeited: And whereas the said recited Clause hath been found defective, by the Word of "shipped off" having been omitted after the Word "unshipped" and be-

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for the Word "at"; For Remedy whereof, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, all Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and Commodities whatsoever, coming in, or going out, either from or to any part or place beyond the Seas, or any Port or Haven of this Realm, that shall be unshipped or shipped off at any Time before due Entry of the same made with, or the Warrant or the Licence had and obtained, from the Officer of Excise in the Port where such Goods shall be unshipped, landed, or shipped off, for doing thereof shall be lost and forfeited.

Whereas for the better levying the Duties upon all Goods and Merchandizes which are brought in or carried out of this Kingdom, which are not rated in any Book of Rates, and pay Duty of Custom, ad Valorem, it is provided by an Act passed in the Thirty-third Year of his late Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for better regulating the Collection of His Majesty's Revenue, and for preventing of Frauds therein; and for repealing an Act made the last Session of Parliament, *intituled*, An Act for continuing and amending several Laws heretofore made relating to His Majesty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in His Majesty's Customs and Excise, and the several Acts and Statutes which are mentioned in the

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ſaid Act, and continued thereby, that if it ſhall appear to the Collector, Comptroller, or other proper Officer, that ſuch Goods or Merchandizes are not valued by the Oath or Affirmation of the Merchant, according to the true Value and Price thereof, that then the Collector, on paying to the Importer or Owner the Value of ſaid Goods and Merchandizes ſo ſworn to, or affirmed, together with an Addition of Ten Pounds per Centum, over and above ſuch Value, ſhall cauſe the ſaid Goods to be fairly and publickly ſold for the beſt Advantage, and that the Produce thereof, after Repayment of the Money paid to ſuch Importer or Proprietor, ſhall be accounted for by ſuch Collector, as the Duties ariſing on ſuch Goods; but by Reaſon that no Reward is given to ſuch Collector, for his Trouble in conducting the Buſineſs of ſaid Sales, the Remedy provided by ſaid Acts, for the better Encouragement of ſaid Collector to do his Duty, in ſuch Caſes, is ſeldom reſorted to; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Collector, or other proper Officer at the reſpective Ports, to take and receive to his own Uſe, one Moiety of the Overplus, which ſhall remain after paying to the Importer or Proprietor of ſuch Goods the Value ſworn to or affirmed, and the Ten Pounds per Centum thereupon, the other Moiety to be accounted for, as by ſaid Act is directed.

And

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And whereas in many Cases the Vessels or Packages which contain Goods and Merchandizes that are untaxed in their Value, are of as great or greater Value than the Goods they contain; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where such Vessels or Packages are of real Value, the Value thereof shall in every Valuation be added to the Value of the Goods, and pay Duty accordingly.

And whereas the Collectors of Your Majesty's Revenue, and those employed by them, have been frequently obliged to Distrain for Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition Rent, and other Rents payable to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, and Distresses taken for the same have been frequently Rescued, by Reason whereof the Collection of the Rents aforesaid hath been rendered difficult and expensive; For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, in all Cases where any Distress or Distresses shall be taken on any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, for any Quit Rent, Crown, Composition, or other Rent payable to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, then due and in Arrear, and chargeable thereon, it shall and may be lawful for such Collectors and those im-

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powered by them, to diſtrain for the ſame, to deduct and retain out of the Value of ſuch Diſtreſs or Diſtreſſes, or out of the Money ariſing by Sale thereof, all ſuch neceſſary Charges and Expences, over and above the Rent ſo in Arrear, as ſhall neceſſarily be incurred in the Taking, Securing, and Selling ſuch Diſtreſs or Diſtreſſes.

And whereas many Frauds have been committed by Perſons who in Order to evade the Duties upon Carriages with Four Wheels and Two Wheels, make Uſe of a Carriage or Carriages with Wheels, of ſuch ſmall Dimenſions as are properly ſuited to Cabriolets or Garden Chairs, intended only for Pleaſure, giving the Name of Cabriolets or Garden Chair to ſuch Carriages, ſo uſed upon Journeys and otherwiſe; For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, no Carriage whatſoever, whether with Four Wheels or with Two Wheels, ſhall be deemed a Cabriolet or Garden Chair, or be exempted from any Duty as ſuch, in Caſe the ſame ſhall be uſed by any Perſon not paying Duty for one or more Carriage or Carriages with Four Wheels, or in Caſe the ſame ſhall be uſed upon any Publick or High Road, at the Diſtance of more than three Miles from the Houſe or Demeſne of the Perſon to whom the ſame

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ſhall belong, unleſs for the Purpoſe of ſending ſuch Carriage Home to the Proprietor thereof when it ſhall have been firſt purchaſed, or for the Purpoſe of ſending the ſame to be repaired, or returning thereof when it ſhall have been repaired, and that no Carriage be deemed a Cabriolet or Garden Chair within the Meaning of this or any other Law in Force in this Kingdom, any of the Wheels whereof ſhall be of a Diameter exceeding Four Feet; any Law to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall wilfully, falſely, and corruptly take any of the Oaths or Affirmations hereby directed to be taken, and be thereof lawfully convicted by Verdict, or upon his or their Confeſſion, he, ſhe, or they ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, incur and ſuffer ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, Pains and Diſabilities as Perſons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are by Law liable unto, or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall corruptly procure or ſuborn any other Perſon to take the ſaid Oath or Affirmation, and the Perſon or Perſons ſo procuring or ſuborning ſhall be thereof convicted, by Verdict, or upon his, her, or their Confeſſion, every Perſon ſo offending ſhall for every ſuch Offence Incur and ſuffer ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, Pains, and Diſabilities as Perſons con-

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victed of Perjury, or of Subornation of Perjury, are reſpectively, by the Laws of this Kingdom, liable unto.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His late Majeſty King George **the Second, intituled,** An Act for better regulating the Collection of His Majeſty's Revenue, and for preventing of Frauds therein, and for repealing an Act made the laſt Seſſions of Parliament, **intituled,** An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made relating to His Majeſty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in His Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and the ſeveral Acts and Statutes which are mentioned in the ſaid Act, and continued thereby; **and alſo one other Act made in the Firſt and Second Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for continuing and amending an Act, *intituled,* An Act for better regulating the Collection of His Majeſty's Revenue, and for preventing Frauds therein, and for repealing an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, *intituled,* An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made relating to His Majeſty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in His Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and the ſeveral Acts and Statutes which are mentioned in the ſaid Act, and continued thereby; **and alſo one other Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for continuing and amending

amending Two ſeveral Acts of Parliament therein mentioned, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in His Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; **and alſo one other Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws relating to His Majeſty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds therein, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; **and alſo one other Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of Your Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for the better Improvement of His Majeſty's Revenue, and for continuing and amending ſeveral Acts therein particularly mentioned; **and alſo one other Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for the further Improvement of His Majeſty's Revenue, and the more effectual preventing of Frauds therein, and for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made, and now in force, relative to His Majeſty's ſaid Revenue; **and alſo one other Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws now in force relating to His Majeſty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds therein; **and alſo one other Act made in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for the Improvement of His Majeſty's Revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds therein, and for continuing and

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amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made and now in force relative to His Majeſty's ſaid Revenue; **and alſo one other Act made in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for the Improvement of His Majeſty's Revenue, and the more effectual preventing of Frauds therein, and for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made and now in force relative thereto; **and alſo another Act made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled,** An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws relating to His Majeſty's Revenue, and for the more effectually preventing of Frauds therein, and for ſuch other Purpoſes as are therein mentioned; **and all and every the Clauſes therein reſpectively contained, except ſuch Parts thereof as are altered, repealed, or amended by this preſent Act, or by any of the ſaid recited Acts, ſhall continue and be in force for the Space of Two Years from the Twenty-fourth Day of** June, **One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.**

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, or by the ſaid ſeveral Acts of Parliament herein before laſt particularly mentioned or recited, or by any of them, other than, and except ſuch as by this Act, or by any of the ſaid recited Acts of Parliament herein

herein before last mentioned, are otherwise provided for, shall and may be sued for, recovered, levied, and applied in such Manner and Form, and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities as are prescribed, directed, and appointed, in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted; as fully and effectually to all Intents, Constructions, and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed, and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the party or the parties who shall think him, her, or themselves aggrieved or injured as in and by the said Act of Excise is provided. CHAP. XV.

Whereas the several Rules prescribed by the Laws now in Force, for the better Regulating the Fisheries of this Kingdom, have been frequently evaded and are rendered difficult in general to be carried into Execution, by Reason that the persons subject to such Rules, are usually at Sea, and out of the Reach of any Magistrate; Therefore be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Passing of this Act, it shall and may be Lawful for any Person or Persons, not exceeding the Number of three, to be appointed for that

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purpoſe by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo appointed from Time to Time to remove and appoint others in his or their Room to ſuperintend and inſpect ſaid Fiſheries reſpectively; and in Order to enforce and carry into effectual Execution the ſeveral Laws heretofore paſſed, or which ſhall hereafter be enacted for the Preſervation or Improvement of ſaid Fiſheries, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo to be appointed from Time to Time, to enter on board every Veſſel fitted out on the Bounty for Fiſhing, and lying in any Harbour, Creek, or Haven of this Kingdom, within Head Land and Head Land, to examine and ſee that all the ſeveral Laws and Regulations made or to be made for the better Preſervation and Improvement of the ſaid Fiſheries be duly obeyed by all and every Perſon or Perſons concerned therein; and upon any Complaint made, or Information given upon Oath to ſaid Perſon or Perſons reſpectively (which Oath they, and each of them, is and are hereby impowered to adminiſter) againſt any Perſon or Perſons relative to and for the Puniſhment of any Offence which ſhall be committed againſt ſaid Laws, or any of them, to iſſue a Warrant or Warrants againſt the Perſon or Perſons ſo complained of, or informed againſt, and to cauſe ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo complained of or informed againſt to be apprehended and brought

brought before such Person or Persons so appointed to inspect as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to such Inspector or Inspectors, by the Testimony upon Oath of such Informer, or other Witness or Witnesses, that the Person or Persons so informed against or complained of shall have been guilty of the Offence or Offences with which such Person or Persons shall have been so charged, then, and in every such Case, such Person or Persons so appointed to inspect as aforesaid, shall, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, cause all and every the Fine or Fines to which said Offender or Offenders is or are or shall be liable, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of such Offender; and for want of such Distress or Payment, to commit such Offender or Offenders to the Gaol of the County, in which such Offender shall be brought before such Inspector or Inspectors as aforesaid, there to remain for the Time or Times prescribed by Law in such Cases respectively; and if the Person or Persons so complained against, shall abscond or refuse to come before such Inspector or Inspectors, that then, upon Notice in Writing to be served upon the last Place of Abode of such Person so absconding or refusing, Twenty-four Hours before such Inspector or Inspectors shall enter into an Examination of such Offence or Offences, it shall and may be lawful for such Inspector or Inspectors, upon such Proof as aforesaid, by such Warrant as herein before

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mentioned, to cause all such Fine or Fines as are or shall be imposed by Law for the Commission of such Offences, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of such Offender or Offenders, as if he or they were personally present; and for Want of such Distress or Payment, to commit such Offender or Offenders, when ever found and apprehended, to the Gaol of the County in which such Offender shall be apprehended, there to remain for such Time or Times, as by Law is or are prescribed for the Commission of said Offences respectively.

Provided allways, That in Case any Person so convicted as aforesaid, shall conceive himself aggrieved by the Conviction, Sentence, or Judgment of such Inspector or Inspectors, on his paying or depositing with such Inspector the Fine so imposed, or a sufficient Distress for securing the Payment thereof, to appeal to the Magistrate, or Justice of Peace of the County wherein, if on Land, or adjacent to the place if at Sea, where such Offence or Offences shall have been committed, or where the Party so committing the same shall have been apprehended or summoned, provided such Appeal shall be prosecuted within one Month after such Conviction, Sentence, or Judgment, which Magistrate, or Justice of the Peace shall, upon summoning the parties accusing and appealing, and Examination upon Oath, make such

such Order, either to affirm or reverse the same, as to him shall seem meet. CHAP. XV.

And in Order to create some Fund for defraying the Expences necessarily incurred by such Inspector or Inspectors, in performing said Duty, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Deduction of Six Pence shall be made out of every Twenty Shillings Bounty Money, which shall be annually paid to the Owners of all Vessels to be employed in said Fisheries respectively; and the said Six Pence in the Pound, so deducted by the Collectors, or other Persons paying said Bounty Money, shall be handed over and paid to and for the Use of such Inspector or Inspectors, in such Manner, and according to such Distribution, as the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, shall from Time to Time think proper to direct.

And in Order to enforce due Observance of the Duty and Trust so to be committed to such Inspector or Inspectors, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Inspector and Inspectors shall, previous to his entering into such Office, take an Oath of the Import following, before one or more of His Majesty's Commissioners of Customs and Excise, for the Time being, videlicet, "That he will honestly, faithfully, and to the best of his Ability and Judg-

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ment, perform his Duty in ſaid Office;" which Oath ſuch Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners is and are hereby impowered to adminiſter; and if ſuch Inſpector or Inſpectors ſhall take any Reward, Fee, Gratuity, or other Conſideration from or on Behalf of any Perſon employed or concerned in ſuch Fiſheries, or any of them, or ſhall wilfully aſſiſt in, conceal, or connive at any Fraud or Offence, contrary to the Laws Enacted in that Behalf, ſuch Inſpector or Inſpectors, upon being found guilty of ſuch Offence, by Verdict of a Jury, upon a Trial to be had in the County wherein, if upon Land, or next adjoining to the Place if at Sea, where ſuch Offence ſhall be ſo committed, ſhall be fined the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every ſuch Offence; and in Default of Payment thereof, ſhall be impriſoned for any Time, at the Diſcretion of the Judge, not exceeding Six Months, and for ever rendered incapable of holding ſuch Office.

And in Order more effectually to ſecure the Performance of the ſeveral Requiſites preſcribed for obtaining the Bounty, and to enforce the Regulations for the better Preſervation and Improvement of the ſaid Fiſheries, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Inſpectors ſhall return to the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Revenue of Cuſtoms and Excife, the Name of the Maſter or Owner of any Veſſel, who ſhall be convicted of any Offence

Offence which shall be committed against said Laws, or any of them, and the Master and Owners of such Vessel shall be deemed incapable of receiving any Bounty for such Vessel. CHAP. XV.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, and the several Provisions hereby made, shall continue and be in Force for the Space of Two Years, from the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

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AN

ACT

FOR

Eſtabliſhing a Bank, by the Name of the Governors and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M,DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for Eſtabliſhing a Bank, by the Name of the Governors and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*.

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WHEREAS it will tend to the Advancement of Publick Credit in this Kingdom, and to the Extenſion of its Trade and Commerce, if a Bank, with Publick Security, ſhall be eſtabliſhed therein; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it

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ſhall and may be lawful to and for Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, by Commiſſion under the Great Seal of Ireland, to authorize and appoint any Number of Perſons, at any Time after the Firſt Day of Auguſt next, to take and receive all ſuch voluntary Subſcriptions as ſhall be made on or before the Firſt Day of January, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, by any Perſon or Perſons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, for and towards the raiſing and paying into the Receipt of Your Majeſty's Treaſury in this Kingdom, the Sum of Six hundred Thouſand Pounds Sterling, to be paid in Money, or by Debentures which have been or ſhall be iſſued from Your Majeſty's Treaſury, by Virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore, and in this preſent Seſſion made in this Kingdom, bearing an Intereſt at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, which Debentures ſhall be taken at par from ſuch Subſcriber or Subſcribers, and be conſidered as Money by the Perſons to whom the ſame ſhall be paid; for which Sum ſo to be ſubſcribed, a Sum by Way of Annuity, equal in Amount to the Intereſt upon ſaid Debentures, at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, ſhall be paid at Your Majeſty's Treaſury, in Manner herein after mentioned.

And

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if from Competition for a Preference amongst the Persons desiring to subscribe, they shall be willing to pay or advance any Sum or Sums, by Way of Premium for obtaining such Preference or permission to subscribe; in that Case the Amount of such Sums so advanced and paid, over and above the said Sum of Six Hundred Thousand Pounds to the said Commissioners impowered to receive such Subscriptions and Premiums for such Preference or Permission, shall be applied towards any Purposes for the beginning or better carrying on the Business of the said Bank, and also towards the erecting a proper Building and convenient Accommodations for the same, pursuant to such plan as shall be furnished by said Commissioners; which Plan and Situation for such Building, shall be subject to the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to limit, direct, and appoint, how and in what Manner and Proportions, and under what Rules and Directions the said Sum of Six

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Hundred Thouſand Pounds Sterling, and every or any Part or Proportion thereof, may be aſſignable or transferable, aſſigned or transferred to ſuch Perſon or Perſons only as ſhall freely and voluntarily accept of the ſame, and not otherwiſe, and to incorporate all and every ſuch Subſcribers and Contributors, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, Succeſſors, or Aſſigns, to be one Body Politick and Corporate, by the Name of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland; and by the ſame Name of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, to have perpetual Succeſſion, and a common Seal; and that they and their Succeſſors, by the Name aforeſaid, ſhall be able and capable in Law, to have, purchaſe, receive, poſſeſs, enjoy, and retain to them, and their Succeſſors, Lands, Rents, Tenements and Hereditaments, of what Kind, Nature, or Quality ſoever, and alſo to ſell, grant, alien, demiſe, or diſpoſe of the ſame; and by the ſame Name to ſue and implead, and be ſued and impleaded, anſwer and be anſwered in Courts of Record, or any other Places whatſoever, and to do and execute all and ſingular other Matters and Things by the Name aforeſaid, that to them ſhall or may appertain to do, ſubject nevertheleſs to the Proviſo or Condition of Redemption herein after mentioned.

Provided

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Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no one Person or Body Politick or Corporate, shall by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any Person or Persons in Trust for him, her, or them, subscribe, or cause to be subscribed for and towards the raising the said Sum of Six Hundred Thousand Pounds Sterling, any Sum or Sums of Money exceeding the Sum of Ten Thousand Pounds Sterling, for the Use of such Person or Body Politick or Corporate respectively; and that every such Subscriber shall, at the Time of such Subscription, pay, or cause to be paid unto the Commissioners who shall be authorized and appointed for taking and receiving Subscriptions as aforesaid, one full Fourth Part of his, her, or their respective Subscriptions, and in default of such Payment as aforesaid, every such Subscription shall be utterly void and null; and that the Residue of the said Subscriptions shall be paid into His Majesty's Treasury, in such Manner and Proportions, and at such Times before the First Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, as such Commissioners shall direct and appoint; and in default of any such Payments, that then such Part or Parts as shall have been paid as aforesaid, shall be forfeited to and for the Benefit of the said Bank, to be applied towards any Purposes for the beginning or better carrying on the Business of the same as aforesaid.

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Provided allways, and be it declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe the whole Sum of Six Hundred Thouſand Pounds be not ſubſcribed on or before the Firſt Day of January, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, that then the Powers and Authorities in this Act for erecting a Corporation as aforeſaid ſhall ceaſe and determine, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding; and that in ſuch Caſe all and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, ſhall be entitled to and receive from the ſaid Commiſſioners ſuch or like Debentures, or ſuch Sums of Money as ſhall have been by them ſubſcribed and paid, with all Intereſt accruing upon the ſaid Debentures during the Time the ſame ſhall have been depoſited with the ſaid Commiſſioners as aforeſaid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Corporation, ſo to be created and made, ſhall not borrow or give Security by Bill, Bond, Note, Covenant, or Agreement under their Common Seal or otherwiſe, for any Sum or Sums of Money, exceeding in the whole the Sum of Six Hundred Thouſand Pounds; ſo that they ſhall not owe at any one Time more than a Sum equal to the ſaid Sum of Six Hundred Thouſand Pounds, unleſs it be by future Act or Acts of Parliament; and if any more or further

Sums

Sums shall be borrowed or taken up by, or lent or advanced to such Corporation, under their Common Seal or otherwise, or for Payment of which any Bond, Bill, Note, Covenant, Agreement, or other Writing, shall be made, sealed, or given, then and in such Case all and every the Person and Persons who shall be a Member or Members of the said Corporation, his and their respective Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, shall, in his and their respective private Capacities, be chargeable with, and liable in Proportion to their several Shares and Subscriptions, to the Repayment of such Money which shall be so borrowed, taken up, or lent, with Interest for the same, in such Manner as if such Security had been a Security for Payment of so much Money, and Interest for the same, sealed by such respective Member or Members of such Corporation, and delivered by him and them as their respective Acts and Deeds, in Proportion to their several Shares and Subscriptions as aforesaid; and that in every such Case an Action of Debt shall and may be brought, commenced, prosecuted, and maintained in any of Your Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, by the respective Creditor or Creditors to whom any such Security shall be made, or his or their respective Executors or Administrators, against all and every and any One or more of the Persons who shall be Members of the said Corporation, or all or any of their respective Heirs, Exe-

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tutors, or Adminiſtrators, in Proportion to their reſpective Shares or Proportions as aforeſaid; and therein recover and have Judgment for him, her, or them in ſuch and the like Manner as if ſuch Security were reſpectively ſealed by the reſpective Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be ſo ſued, or his or their reſpective Anceſtor or Teſtator, or Inteſtate, and by him and them executed and delivered as his or their reſpective Act and Deed; any Condition, Covenant, or Agreement to be made to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding; and if any Condition, Covenant, or Agreement ſhall be made to the contrary, the ſame ſhall be and is hereby declared to be void.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for all and every Sum and Sums of Money, ſo to be borrowed by ſaid Corporation, no higher or greater Intereſt, Gratuity, or Conſideration ſhall be paid by ſaid Corporation, or any Perſon on their Behalf, than at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum; and that for all and every Sum and Sums of Money, ſo to be advanced or paid by the ſaid Corporation, for or on Account of Dealing in, or diſcounting Promiſſory Notes, or Bills of Exchange, or for or on Account of any Money or Bonds, or other Securities, no higher or greater Sum, by Way of Intereſt, Diſcount, Gratuity, or other Conſideration, ſhall

shall be demanded or taken by said Corpo-ration, or any person on their Behalf, than at the like Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, under the Penalty or Forfeiture of treble the Sum or Sums so borrowed, lent, or advanced to, or by said Corporation, to be recovered in any of Your Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other to the Use of Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors: Provided, that nothing herein contained, shall be construed to enable the said Corporation, or any Person or Persons on their Behalf, to lend or advance any Sum or Sums, to be secured by Mortgage, or Sale of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, redeemable; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in any Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, given by this Act, or to be instituted thereon, no Protection, Wager of Law, Essoign, Privilege of Parliament, or other Privilege, shall be allowed, nor more than one Imparlance.

And to the Intent, that Your Majesty's Subjects may not be oppressed by the said Corporation, by their monopolizing any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes: Be it further declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Corporation, so

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to be made and created, ſhall not at any Time, during the Continuance thereof, Deal or Trade, or permit or ſuffer any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, either in Truſt, or for the Benefit of the ſaid Corporation, to Deal or Trade with any of the Stock, Monies, or Effects of, or any Ways belonging to the ſaid Corporation, in the Buying or Selling of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes whatſoever, ſave as hereinafter mentioned; and every Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall ſo Deal or Trade, or by whoſe Orders or Directions, ſuch Dealing or Trading ſhall be made, proſecuted, or managed for, or in any Manner, on Behalf of ſuch Corporation as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Dealing or Trading, and for every ſuch Order and Direction, treble the Value of the Goods and Merchandizes ſo traded for, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of Your Majeſty's Courts of Record at Dublin: Provided, that nothing herein contained, ſhall in any Ways be conſtrued to hinder the ſaid Corporation from Dealing in Bills of Exchange, or in Buying or Selling Bullion, Gold, or Silver, or in Selling any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes whatſoever, which ſhall really, and Bona fide, be left or depoſited with the ſaid Corporation, for Money lent and advanced thereon, and which ſhall not have been redeemed at the Time agreed on, or within Three Months after, or from

ſelling

selling such Goods as shall or may be the Produce of Lands purchased by the said Corporation. CHAP. XVI.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Bill or Bills, obligatory, and of Credit, under the Seal of the said Corporation, made or given to any Person or Persons, shall and may, by Indorsement thereon, under the Hands of such Person or Persons, be assignable and assigned to any Person or Persons who shall voluntarily accept the same, and so by such Assignee, Toties Quoties, by Indorsement thereupon; and that such Assignment and Assignments so to be made, shall absolutely vest and transfer the Right and Property in and unto such Bill or Bills, obligatory and of Credit, and the Monies due upon the same; and that the Assignee or Assignees shall and may sue for, and maintain an Action thereupon, in his or her own Name.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Governor, Deputy Governor, Directors, Managers, Assistants, or other Members of the said Corporation, so to be established, shall, upon Account of the said Corporation, at any Time or Times, purchase any Lands or Revenues belonging to the Crown, or advance or lend to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, any Sum or Sums of Money, by

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Way of Loan, or Anticipation, on any Part or Parts, Branch or Branches, Fund or Funds, of the Revenues granted, or belonging to, or hereafter to be granted to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, other than ſuch Fund or Funds, Part or Parts, Branch or Branches of the ſaid Revenue only, on which a Credit of Loan is or ſhall be granted by Parliament, that then the ſaid Governor, Deputy Governor, Directors, Managers, or Aſſiſtants, or other Members of the ſaid Corporation, who ſhall conſent, agree to, or approve of, the advancing or lending to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as aforeſaid; and each and every of them ſo agreeing, conſenting, or approving, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit treble the Value of every ſuch Sum or Sums of Money ſo lent, whereof One Half ſhall be to the Informer, to be recovered in any of Your Majeſty's Courts of Record at Dublin, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, and the Reſidue to be diſpoſed of towards Publick Uſes, as ſhall be directed by Parliament, and not otherwiſe.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Amerciaments, Fines, and Iſſues againſt the ſaid Corporation, and their Succeſſors, to be had, charged, or eſtreated, in or upon Account of any Suits or Actions, to be proſecuted or brought againſt them, ſhall not

not be pardoned, acquitted, or discharged, by any Letters of Signet, Privy Seal, or Great Seal, of Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, or otherwise howsoever: And in Case any such Amerciaments, Fines or Issues, shall be estreated into Your Majesty's Exchequer, against the said Corporation, upon any Process for Non-appearance, at the Suit of any Person or Persons, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Your Majesty's Exchequer, for the Time being, and they are hereby directed to detain so much Money out of the annual Interest or Produce of the said Sum of Six Hundred Thousand Pounds, as the said Amerciaments, Fines, or Issues, shall amount unto, out of the said Yearly Sum, so payable to the said Corporation.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any Time hereafter any Person or Persons shall obtain any Judgment or Judgments in any Court of Law, against the said Corporation, for any Debt or Sum of Money, and shall bring any Execution or Executions thereupon, unto the said Officers of Your Majesty's Exchequer, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Officers of the said Exchequer, to pay, and they are hereby required to pay, the said Sum or Sums of Money in the said Execution mentioned, to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein named, or their Assigns,

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whoſe Receipt ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge for the ſame; and that the ſaid Officers of the ſaid Exchequer ſhall and may detain ſo much of the ſaid yearly Sum, ſo payable to the ſaid Corporation, as the ſaid Debt or Debts ſhall amount unto.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall not be lawful for any Body Politick or Corporate, erected or to be erected, other than the Corporation hereby intended to be created and erected into a National Bank, or for any other Perſons whatſoever, united or to be united in Covenants or Partnerſhip, exceeding the Number of ſix Perſons, to borrow, owe, or take up any Sum or Sums of Money on their Bills or Notes payable at Demand, or at any leſs Time than Six Months, from the borrowing thereof, under a Penalty or Forfeiture by ſuch Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, of treble the Sum or Sums ſo to be borrowed or taken upon ſuch Bill or Bills, Note or Notes; One Moiety thereof to be paid to the Informer, and the other to the Uſe of Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of Your Majeſty's Courts of Record at Dublin.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall forge, counterfeit or alter any

Bank

Bank Note, Bank Bill of Exchange, Dividend-Warrant, or any Bond or Obligation, under the Common Seal of the said Company, or any Indorsement thereon, or shall offer or dispose of, or put away any such forged, counterfeited, or altered Note, Bill, Dividend-Warrant, Bond, or Obligation, or the Indorsement thereon, or demand the Money therein contained, or pretended to be due thereon, or any part thereof, of the said Company, or any of their Officers or Servants, knowing such Note, Bill, Dividend-Warrant, Bond, or Obligation, or the Indorsement thereon to be forged, counterfeited or altered, with Intent to defraud the said Company, or their Successors, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, every Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy. CHAP. XVI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer or Servant of the said Company, being intrusted with any Note, Bill, Dividend-Warrant, Bond, Deed, or any Security, Money, or other Effects belonging to the said Governor and Company, or having any Bill, Dividend-Warrant, Bond, Deed, or any Security or Effects of any other Person or Persons lodged or deposited with the said Company, or with him as an Officer or

CHAP. XVI.

Servant of the ſaid Company, ſhall ſecrete, embezzle or run away with any ſuch Note, Bill, Dividend-Warrant, Bond, Deed, Security, Money, or Effects, or any part of them, every Officer or Servant ſo offending, and being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhall be deemed guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Member of the ſaid Corporation ſhall be, or be adjudged liable to be a Bankrupt, within the Intent and Meaning of all or any of the Statutes made againſt or concerning Bankrupts, for or by Reaſon of their Stock or Intereſt in the ſaid Corporation, and that no Stock in the ſaid Corporation ſhall be ſubject or liable to any Foreign Attachments.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Sum of Six Hundred Thouſand Pounds, when paid in by the ſaid Subſcribers, ſhall be the common Capital and principal Stock of the ſaid Bank, and ſhall be tranſferable and aſſignable, and ſhall be deemed perſonal Eſtate, and not real, and as ſuch, if not otherwiſe diſpoſed of by the Perſons intitled to the ſame, ſhall go to the Executors and Adminiſtrators of the Perſon or Perſons dying poſſeſſed thereof, or intitled thereunto, and not the Heirs of ſuch Perſon or Perſons; and that the ſaid common Capital

or

CHAP. XVI.

or Principal Stock and real Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and the said Allowances after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum for the same, and the particular Part, Share, and Interest of every Member of the said Corporation in the said Stock, Funds, and Allowances, shall not be liable or subject to any Foreign Attachment; and that all and every Debenture and Debentures subscribed in Part or for the Whole of said Stock, shall, as soon as the same shall be deposited by the said Subscribers, be locked up in a Chest in Your Majesty's Treasury, until the same shall be cancelled as herein after mentioned; and that from and after the Day of passing such Letters Patent as aforesaid, all and every the Debenture and Debentures so deposited and locked up, shall be cancelled by the said Vice Treasurer or Paymaster General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, in the Presence of the Governor and Company of the said Bank, from which Day all Interest payable on the said Debentures to the Holders or Proprietors of the same, shall cease and determine; and in Lieu thereof there shall be paid and payable by the said Vice Treasurer or Paymaster General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, out of the Funds made applicable by Parliament for Payment of the Interest upon the said Debentures, one Annuity or yearly Sum of Twenty-four Thousand Pounds, being a Sum equal to the Amount of the Whole Interest payable

CHAP. XVI.

upon ſuch Debentures ſo cancelled; which annual Sum of Twenty-four Thouſand Pounds ſhall be paid and payable by two equal Half yearly Payments by the Vice Treaſurer or Paymaſter General, his or their Deputy or Deputies for the Time being, to the Governor and Company of the ſaid Bank, without any Defalcation or Deduction, and in the ſame Manner as Intereſt hath been heretofore paid upon the ſaid Debentures; the firſt Payment of the ſaid Annuity to commence and be made on the Twenty-fourth Day of June, or Twenty-fifth Day of December next after the Day of paſſing ſuch Letters Patent as aforeſaid, which ever ſhall firſt happen; and if an entire Half Year ſhall not have elapſed between the Day of paſſing the ſaid Letters Patent, and ſuch Firſt Day of Payment of the ſaid Annuity, that then a Part or Portion of the ſaid Annuity proportioned to the Time which ſhall have ſo elapſed, ſhall at the Rate aforeſaid be paid to the Governor and Company of the ſaid Bank; and that all Intereſt which ſhall have accrued due on ſuch Debentures down to the Day of paſſing the ſaid Letters Patent, ſhall be paid by Your Majeſty's Vice Treaſurer, Paymaſter General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to the ſaid Governor and Company for the Uſe of the ſaid Subſcribers, to be handed over and paid by the ſaid Governor and Company to ſuch Subſcribers, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, according to the Proportions

portions so accruing due to said Subscribers upon their respective Debentures. CHAP. XVI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Annual Sum of Twenty-four Thousand Pounds, and all Profit, Benefit, and Advantage from Time to Time arising out of the Management of the said Corporation shall (the Charges of managing the Business of said Governor and Company only excepted) be applied from Time to Time to the Uses of all the Members of said Corporation of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland for the Time being, rateably and in Proportion to each Member's Part, Share, and Interest in the common Capital and Principal Stock of the said Governor and Company, pursuant to such Rules and Regulations as shall be specified in His Majesty's Letters Patent aforesaid.

Provided always, That in case the Whole Sum of Six Hundred Thousand Pounds shall not be advanced and paid in Manner aforesaid, on or before the First Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, so as the said Corporation shall not be created or established, that then and in such case the said Debentures so deposited, or like Debentures for the Sums so respectively subscribed, shall be returned without Expence to the different Persons so subscribing the same, their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, together with all

CHAP. XVI.

Interest accruing thereon, to the Day upon which the same shall be returned, according to their respective Proportions, as fully and effectually, and beneficially, as if this Act had never passed.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any Time, upon Twelve Months Notice after the First Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, to be published in the Dublin Gazette by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, and upon Re-payment by Parliament to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or their Successors, as well of the said Sum of Six hundred Thousand pounds in like Debentures, and subject to the like Interest of Four pounds per Centum, as of all Arrears of the said Annual Sum of Twenty-four Thousand pounds, without any Deduction, Discount, or Abatement whatsoever from said Arrears, or at any Time previous to the said First Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, upon like Re-payment, by and with the Desire and Consent of the said Governor and Company, to be signified by them by their Petition in Writing, sealed with their Common Seal, and addressed to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being; then and in such Case,

Case, the said Annuity of Twenty-four Thousand Pounds, and every Part thereof, together with the said Corporation, shall cease and determine; and in case of the Determination of the said Corporation, in Consequence of such Notice or Request, or in case of Insolvency, that then and in every such Case, before any Distribution or Dividend shall be made of the said Stock or the Produce thereof, the said Governor and Company shall be obliged in the first Instance, to apply the said Stock and the Produce thereof then in their Hands, or a competent Part of the same, to discharge and pay off the total Sum of the Debts which they shall owe to others; and in case the same shall not be sufficient to pay off and discharge such Debts so due to others, that then each Member of the said Corporation shall in his, her, or their private Capacity, according to the Proportions of their respective Interests in said Capital Stock, be liable to the Payment of said Debts, until the Whole shall be discharged.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company shall be obliged to make Dividends of the Monies which shall from Time to Time become due or payable to, or be received by the said Governor and Company, arising from said Annuity, and other net Profits of the Management of said Bank, once in every Six Calendar

CHAP. XVI.

Monthys, unto the Members of the said Corporation, according to their respective Shares and Interests in the said Capital Stock of said Governor and Company.

And for preventing of clandestine or fraudulent Bargains or Dealings in Bank Stock; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Promise, Contract, Bargain, Covenant, or Agreement, made either by Word of Mouth, or in Writing, for the buying or selling of any Bank Stock, or for the transferring, changing, or altering the Property thereof, either in Trust or otherwise, howsoever it be, shall be good and valid in Law or Equity, or legal, obligatory, or binding to either or any of the parties making the same, or concerned therein, or for whose Use or Account the same is or shall be made, unless such Promise, Contract, Bargain, Covenant, or Agreement shall be actually registered in Words at Length in the Book or Books of the Bank, by the Officer there for that Purpose to be appointed, within seven Days, and actually transferred within Fourteen Days next after the making of such Promise, Contract, Bargain, Covenant, or Agreement.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Act, Matter, or Thing, Acts, Matters, or Things to be done by the said Corporation of the Governors and Company of the Bank of Ireland,

or

or by their Succeſſors, or by the Court of Directors of the ſaid Corporation, or by any Sub-Committee appointed or to be appointed by the ſaid Corporation, ſhall forfeit or ſubject, or make liable to forfeiture, the particular private and perſonal Eſtate, Intereſt, Stock and Property of any Member of the ſaid Corporation; but that notwithſtanding any ſuch Act or Acts, Matter or Matters, Thing or Things to be done by the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or by the ſaid Court of Directors or Sub-Committees as aforeſaid, the Eſtate, Stock, Intereſt and Property, with the whole Proceed, Benefit, Profit and Advantage thereof belonging to each and every Member of the ſaid whole Corporation, and his particular Right, Claim and Title thereunto, and to every part thereof, ſhall be and remain unforfeited, untouched, whole, ſafe, and entire, to the proper Uſe and Benefit of each and every of the ſaid Members; ſubject nevertheleſs to the Payment of all juſt Debts contracted by the ſaid Corporation; any Law, Statute, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be taken and deemed to be a Publick Act to all Intents and Purpoſes in all Courts within this Kingdom, and all Judges are hereby required to take Notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CHAP.
XVII.

AN

ACT

FOR

The Improvement of the City of *Dublin*, by making wide and convenient Paſſages through the ſame, and for regualting the Coal Trade thereof.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

A N

A C T

FOR

The Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof.

D U B L I N :

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Assignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XVII.

An Act for the Improvement of the City of *Dublin*, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof.

WHEREAS many of the Streets in the City of Dublin, are from their narrowness very inconvenient to the Persons necessarily Resorting to the same, and it is just and proper that a Local Fund should be raised for defraying the Expences that may be incurred, by rendering the Passages through the said City Wide and convenient; Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present

CHAP. XVI.

CHAP. XVII.

Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the ~~First Day of May, One thousand seven~~ hundred and eighty-two, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, which shall be in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight, there shall be granted, raised, collected, levied, and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, a Net Additional ~~Duty of One Shilling for and upon~~ every Ton of Coals, not being the Produce of this Kingdom, which shall be imported or brought into the Harbour of Dublin, during the Time aforesaid, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity, the said Duty to be paid over and above all Duties now payable for the same.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said additional Duty, and all Money arising thereby, shall be paid by Your Majesty's Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Paymaster, or Receiver General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to the Commissioners appointed for making a Wide and convenient Way, Street, and Passage from Essex Bridge to the Castle of Dublin, or any Twelve of them, to be by them applied in Manner herein after mentioned; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Twelve or more of them, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being,

at

at any Time or Times hereafter, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to nominate and appoint such Persons to be Secretary and Clerk respectively, as they shall think fit, and the same to remove from Time to Time, and to appoint others in their Room, with the like Approbation; and that the said Commissioners, or any Twelve or more of them, shall appoint such Allowance or Salary unto such Secretary and Clerk respectively, as they shall think reasonable, so as such Allowance or Salary do not exceed the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds by the Year for the said Secretary, nor Fifty Pounds by the Year for the said Clerk.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Allowances and Salaries aforesaid, and all such Costs and Charges as shall be expended in obtaining and passing this Act, together with all such other necessary Costs, Charges, and Expences, as the said Commissioners, or any of them, shall be at or put to in the Execution of the Trusts and Powers hereby vested in them, shall be paid out of the said Additional Duty, and Money arising by Virtue of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners, or any Nine or more of them, shall apply the Whole of the Monies arising by Virtue of this Act, which shall remain

CHAP. XVII.

after ſuch Payments as aforeſaid, to the making one or more convenient Street or Streets, Paſſage or Paſſages from His Majeſty's Caſtle of Dublin, to the Parliament-Houſe and College-Green, in ſuch Direction or Directions, as they, or any Nine or more of them, ſhall think proper.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the Sum of Five Thouſand Pounds, formerly granted to the ſaid Commiſſioners, by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of Your Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act to direct the Application of the Sum of Five Thouſand Pounds, granted this Seſſions to the Commiſſioners appointed by Act of Parliament for making wide and convenient Paſſages through the City of *Dublin*, and for the further Improvement thereof, to be expended in Widening that Part of the Approach from His Majeſty's Caſtle of Dublin to the Parliament Houſe, between the Caſtle-Gate and George's-Lane, as ſhall remain unexpended, ſhall be applied by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Nine or more of them, in Aid of the Duty hereby granted, towards the Purpoſes aforeſaid; any Law to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo ſoon as ſuch Street or Streets, Paſſage or Paſſages, as aforeſaid, ſhall be made; and after Payment of the Salaries, and other neceſſary Coſts

Costs and Charges herein before mentioned, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Nine or more of them, to apply the said Additional Duty, and the Monies arising by Virtue of this Act, to the making or widening such other Ways, Streets, or Passages through the said City, for the Improvement thereof, as they, or any Nine or more of them, shall appoint, or in widening the several Roads and Approaches to the said City, within two Miles of the same, to such Breadth, not less than one hundred Feet, as they, or any Nine or more of them, shall direct. CHAP. XVII.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the more effectually carrying this Act into Execution, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Nine or more of them, to contract with any Person or Persons for executing the Whole, or any Part thereof, and to assign to such Person or Persons the Whole of the Monies which shall arise by Virtue of this Act, and the Residue of the said Sum of Five Thousand Pounds, subject to the Payment of the said Salaries and necessary Expences as aforesaid, until such Time as such Person or Persons shall be paid thereout the Whole of the Money he or they shall have contracted for, together with Interest, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Cent. per Annum, for such Sum as shall appear on every Quarterly Set-

CHAP. XVII.

tlement of his or their Account, to have been advanced by him or them, over and above his or their Receipts out of the ſaid Monies.

Provided allways, That no ſuch Contract ſhall be made, or deemed to be, or be good or valid, unleſs the Perſon or Perſons ſo contracting with the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Nine or more of them, ſhall give ſufficient Security to execute or finiſh the Work which he or they ſhall ſo contract for, within Two Years from the Date of ſuch Contract; and that if ſuch Work be not finiſhed within the Time mentioned in ſuch Contract, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, from and after the ſaid Time, ceaſe to receive any of the ſaid Monies ariſing by this Act, and ſhall loſe and be liable to the Payment of all Monies theretofore received out of ſaid Duties, or advanced by ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo contracting with the ſaid Commiſſioners, any Thing in the ſaid Contract to the contrary notwithſtanding; to be recovered by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or by any Perſon who ſhall inſtitute a Suit in their Names, or on their Behalf, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of Your Majeſty's Courts of Record in Dublin, over and above any Penalty or Penalties to be incurred for ſuch Default, for or on Account of any Security to be entered into as aforeſaid; which Sum or Sums, when ſo recovered, ſhall be applied to the Purpoſes of this Act.

And

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Additional Duty hereby granted, shall be raised, answered, collected and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, at the same Time, and in like Manner, except that the same shall not be bonded for, or any Discount allowed for prompt Payment, and shall and may be sued for, and recovered in such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Powers and Authorities as are prescribed and appointed in and by an Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for settling the Excise or New Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and re-enacted in this present Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her, or themselves injured or aggrieved, as in the said Act is provided. CHAP. XVII.

And whereas the allowing all Persons who shall be inclined to deal largely in the Coal Trade, and to import at the most convenient Seasons of the Year such Quantities of Coals as they shall think proper, and to store the same, will tend to

CHAP. XVII.

procure a better, more certain, and cheap Supply of Coals for the said City of Dublin, and tend much to relieve the Manufacturers and poor Inhabitants of the said City; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for the more effectual preventing the engrossing and regrating of Coals in this Kingdom; and of every other Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore made in this Kingdom, as tend in any Degree to prevent any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, from buying or laying up in one Year more than a certain Quantity of Coals, or to give the Lord Mayor, or any Magistrate, Minister, or Church Warden, a Power to enter the Cellars, Houses, or Yards of any Person buying Coals, and to direct the Coals therein to be sold, or to give the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin a Power to compel to be brought up to the Quay and sold any Coals on Board any Ship or Gabbard, which Coals shall have been previously sold to any Person resident in the said City of Dublin, or any Person or Persons trading or dealing in Coals, or to limit the Number of Factors, Bursers, or Agents for buying and selling Coals in the City of Dublin, or to require them or any Person purchasing Coals for Sale, or keeping any Yard therein for selling Coals, to take out any Licence on Account of the same, or give Security, or take any Oath

as

as a Factor, Burser, or Agent, or to pre- CHAP. XVII.
vent any Person keeping a Gabbard, Lighter, or Boat for the Purpose of carrying Coals, shall be, and are hereby repealed, and made null and void.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, shall be at full Liberty to buy and sell Coals, at such Prices and Times, in such Manner and Quantities and Form, and to such Persons as he, she, or they shall choose; any Law to the contrary in any Wise notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Coals imported into the said Harbour of Dublin, which shall be intended or purchased for the Use of the Glass, Sugar, and Salt Manufactures in the said City, shall be exempted and discharged from the Payment of the said Additional Duty imposed by this Act.

Provided always, That the Importer or Purchaser of such Coals, shall at the Time of Entry thereof, make Oath before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the said Port, who is hereby impowered and required to administer the same, that the said Coals are purchased, and Bona fide intended for the Use of the Glass, Sugar, or Salt Manufactures in the City of Dublin, and for no other Use whatsoever; and if any Person or Persons shall knowingly

CHAP. XVII.

Shear any thing which is falſe in ſuch Affidavit, he or they ſhall upon Conviction thereof ſuffer ſuch Puniſhment as Perſons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury, are by the Laws of this Realm ſubject to.

Provided alſo, That if the ſaid Importer or Purchaſer ſhall ſell or uſe the ſaid Coals, or cauſe the ſame to be ſold or uſed for any other Purpoſe whatſoever, that then and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall Forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be recovered as by the ſaid Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of King Charles the Second, is directed to be applied to the Purpoſes of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a Separate and Diſtinct Account ſhall be kept by the Proper Officer of the Duties hereby granted; and that the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Revenue ſhall Return the Weekly Abſtracts from the Collector of the Port of Dublin, to the Accountant General, and that the Accountant General ſhall Return a ſeparate Account of the ſaid Duties to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, and that the ſaid Collector ſhall take a ſeparate Receipt for the ſame, when paid into His Majeſty's Treaſury, which ſaid Receipt the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, or his or

their Deputy or Deputies, is and are hereby required to give accordingly. CHAP. XVII.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That neither the Six Pence per Pound nor any other Fee shall be payable to, nor be deducted or received by the Vice-Treasurer or Vice-Treasurers, Receiver, or Paymaster General, Clerk of the Pells, or any other Officer or Officers of this Kingdom, for or on Account of the Issuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money arising by, or which shall be received for, or on Account of the Aids hereby granted to His Majesty, or any Payment to be made in Pursuance thereof.

Provided allways, That any Person who shall be appointed Secretary to the said Commissioners, shall before he enters into Office give a sufficient Security to be approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Nine or more of them, for the duly Executing of said Office, and for the Accounting for all such Sums of Money as he shall receive.

CHAP.
XVIII.

AN

ACT

FOR

Enlarging the Time of Trials by *Niſi Prius*, in the City of *Dublin*, and County of *Dublin*, and for making the Proceſs of the Court of Exchequer more effectual againſt Perſons, who being ſerved therewith, refuſe to appear.

DUBLIN:

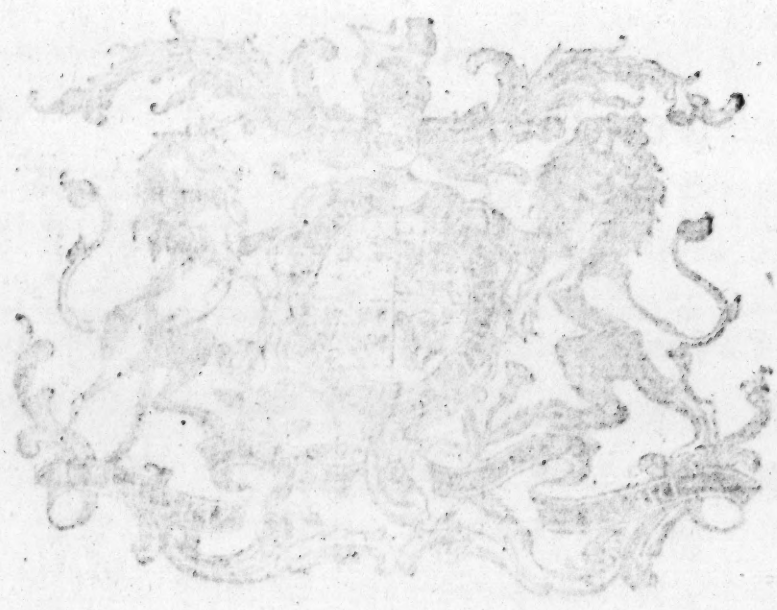
Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII

A N

A C T

FOR

enlarging the Time of Trials by Writ of Venire in the City of Dublin, and County of Dublin, and for making the Process of the Court of Exchequer more effectual against Persons who, being served there with, refuse to appear.



Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XVIII.

An Act for Enlarging the Time for Trials, by *Nisi Prius* in the City of *Dublin*, and County of *Dublin*, and for making the Process of the Court of Exchequer more effectual against Persons, who being served therewith, refuse to appear.

CHAP. XVIII.

WHEREAS in and by an Act of Parliament, made in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the Trial of Issues laid in the City of *Dublin*, and County of *Dublin*, Power is respectively given to the Chief Justice of the King's Bench, the Chief

CHAP. XVIII.

Juſtice of the Common Pleas, and the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, for the Time being, or in the Abſence of any of them, to one or more of the other Judges or Barons of the ſame ſeveral Courts ſeverally, to try Iſſues as Juſtices of Niſi Prius, for the City and County of Dublin, within the Term, or within Four Days next after every or any Term: And whereas the reſtraining the Time for ſuch Trials after the Term, to Four Days, hath frequently occaſioned Delay of Juſtice; be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Firſt Day of Eaſter Term, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Chief Juſtice of the King's Bench, the Chief Juſtice of the Common Pleas, and the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, for the Time being, and every of them reſpectively, and in the Abſence of any of them, to or for any other Judge or Baron of the ſaid ſeveral Courts, as Juſtices of Niſi Prius for the County of Dublin, and County of the City of Dublin, within the Term, or within the Space of Ten Days next after the End of any Term reſpectively, to try all ſuch Iſſues, as by the ſaid Act, they or any of them are enabled to try, in ſuch Place, and Manner, and

and with and under such Powers, Authorities, and Provisions, as in and by the said recited Act, or any other Act of Parliament, or Laws whatsoever, concerning the Premisses, are prescribed and contained; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding. CHAP. XVIII.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Sheriffs, Officers, Ministers, Parties, Witnesses, Jurors, and other Persons whatsoever, who by the said recited Act, are required to give Attendance upon the said Chief Justices and Chief Baron, or other Judges or Barons, or to make Return of Process, or do or execute any other Matters or Things whatsoever, relating to Trials to be had by Virtue of the said recited Act, shall be charged and obliged respectively to give their Attendance, make Return of Process, and do and execute all other Matters and Things whatsoever, relating to any Trials to be had by Virtue of this Act, in the like Manner, and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as in and by the said recited Act are expressed or provided, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same and every of them had been repeated and inserted in this present Act.

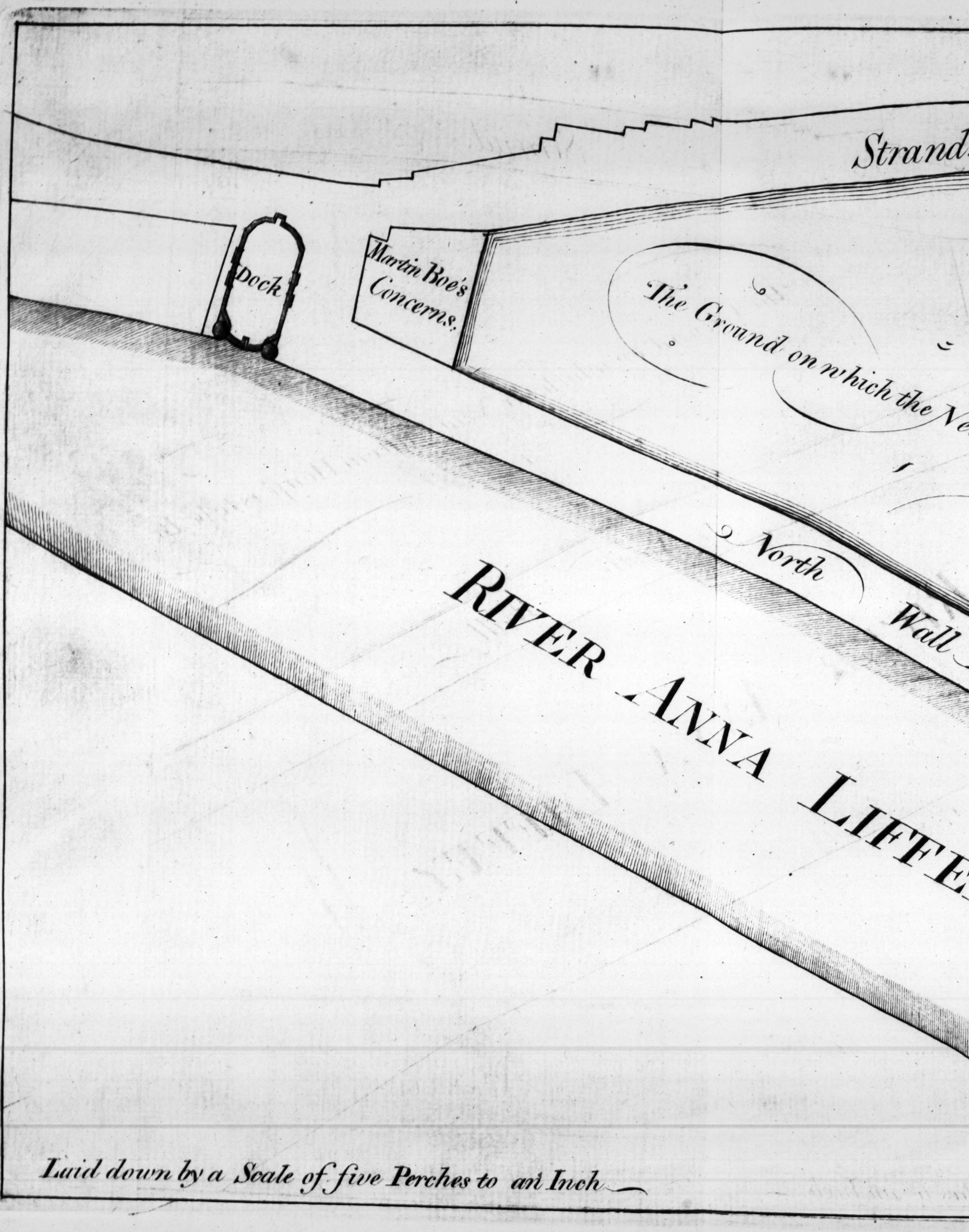
And whereas great Inconveniencies have arisen to Suitors by Defendants not appearing to Subpœnas issued out of the Com-

CHAP. XVIII.

mon Law or Pleas Side of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, to the great Delay and Evaſion of Juſtice; For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes, from and after the paſſing this Act, where a Subpœna or Subpœnas ſhall iſſue out of the Pleas or Common Law Side of the ſaid Court, requiring any Defendant or Defendants to appear thereto, and that ſuch Defendant or Defendants being duly ſerved therewith, according to the preſent Practice or Courſe of the ſaid Court, ſhall ſuffer Proceſs of Contempt to a Serjeant at Arms, to be entered againſt him, her, or them, for not appearing on ſuch Service, the ſaid Court, upon the Attachment to the Serjeant at Arms being filed with the proper Officer of the ſaid Court, with a Return made thereon by the Serjeant at Arms of the ſaid Court, that the ſaid Defendant or Defendants is or are not to be found, ſhall and may, in every ſuch Caſe, appoint an Attorney to enter an Appearance or Appearances for ſuch Defendant or Defendants, ſo in Contempt; and upon the ſaid Appearance or Appearances being ſo entered, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, at whoſe Suit the ſaid Subpœna or Subpœnas ſhall have iſſued, ſhall be at Liberty forthwith to file his, her, or their Declaration, and to proceed thereon to Judgment, and iſſue Execution as effectually, as if ſuch Defendant or Defendants had duly and actually

actually appeated on the Service of such Subpœna or Subpœnas. CHAP. XVIII.

Provided always, That all Persons, who at the Time any Judgment, in Pursuance of this Act, shall be had against him, her, or them, shall be under the Age of Twenty-one Years, or of non sane Mind, or Femes Covert, shall have two Years from the Time of the Service of an attested Copy of such Judgment upon them respectively, after the Removal of such Disability, to make their Defence, and shew Cause against the same.



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CHAP. XIX.

AN

ACT

FOR

Veſting in His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, certain Premiſſes in the City of *Dublin* therein mentioned, for the Purpoſes of erecting a Cuſtom-Houſe thereon, with proper Accommodations ſuitable to the Trade of the ſaid City, and ſufficient for the Collection of His Majeſty's Revenue.

DUBLIN:

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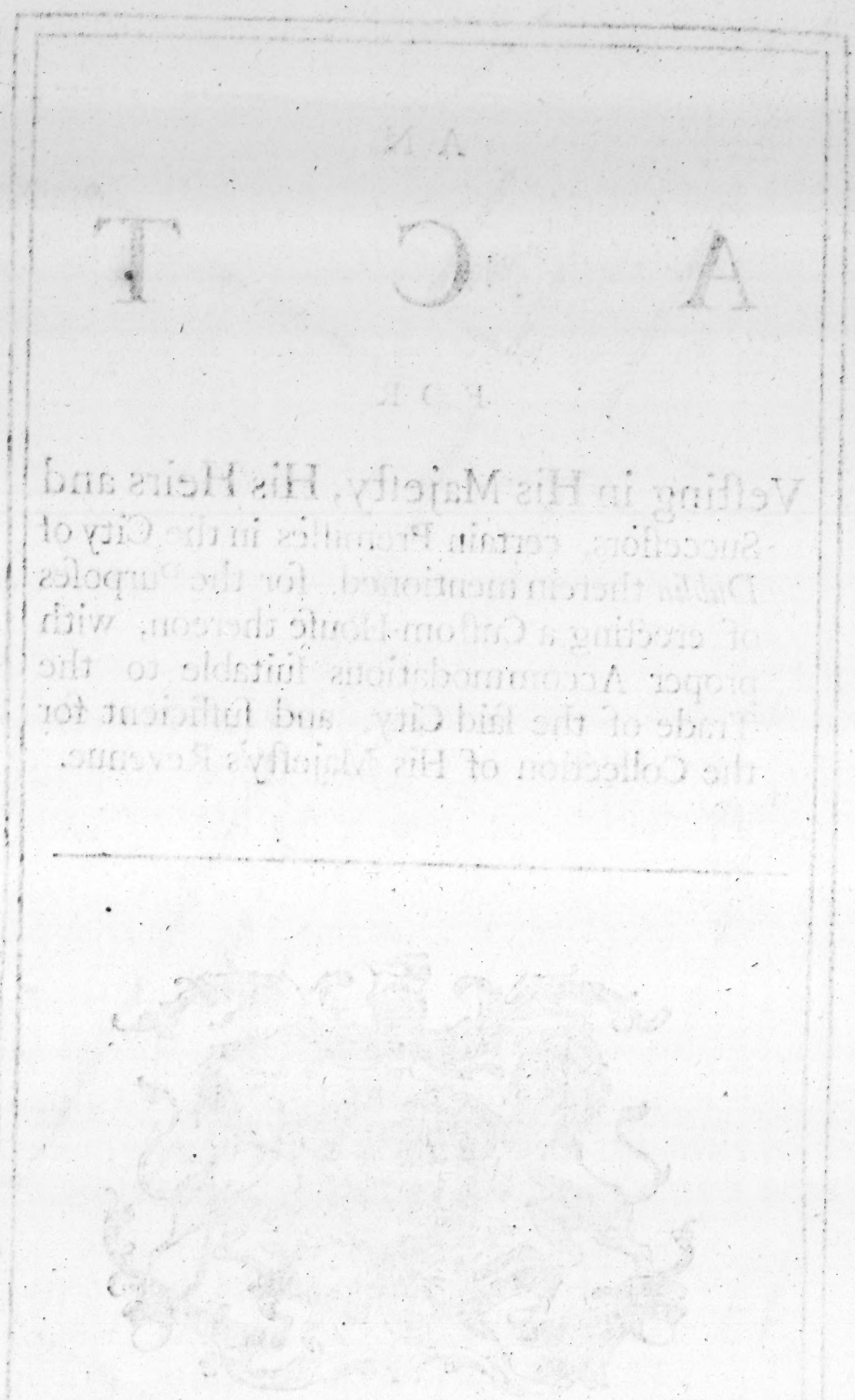

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XIX.

An Act for veſting in His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, certain Premiſſes in the City of *Dublin* therein mentioned, for the Purpoſes of erecting a Cuſtom-Houſe thereon, with proper Accommodations ſuitable to the Trade of the ſaid City, and ſufficient for the Collection of His Majeſty's Revenue.

CHAP. XIX.

WHEREAS Your Majeſty's Cuſtom-Houſe in the City of Dublin, is, and hath been for ſome Years paſt in a ruinous Condition, and it hath been deemed neceſſary that a new Cuſtom-Houſe, with proper Accommodations ſuitable to the Trade of ſaid City, and ſufficient for the Collection of Your Majeſty's

CHAP. XIX.

Revenues, be erected; And whereas Robert Lovett of the City of Dublin, Eſquire, hath, in purſuance of Directions for that Purpoſe given to him by the Commiſſioners of Your Majeſty's Revenue, lately become intitled to, and poſſeſſed of a Piece or Plot of Ground in ſaid City, bounded on the South by the River Anna Liffey, on the North by the Road or Street called the North Strand, on the Eaſt by the Road or Street called Meares's or Mayor-Street, and on the Weſt by the Concerns now in the Poſſeſſion of Martin Boe, Stone-Cutter, and containing by Eſtimation Five Acres Plantation Meaſure, for certain long Terms of Years, derived under the Corporation of the City of Dublin, whereon a New Cuſtom-Houſe hath already been partly erected; in which Building, as alſo in forming, laying out, and carrying on ſeveral Works and Accommodations neceſſary thereto, conſiderable Sums of Money have been expended; And whereas the ſaid Robert Lovett hath become intitled to, and is poſſeſſed of the ſaid Premiſſes, merely as Truſtee for Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors; And whereas it is proper and neceſſary that all Intereſt, Title, Claim, and Demand of the ſaid Robert Lovett, in and to the ſaid Premiſſes, with all the Appurtenances, Eaſements, and Accommodations thereunto belonging, or heretofore at any Time therewith held and enjoyed, together with the ſole excluſive Right, Title, Eſtate, Property, Poſſeſſion, and

and Enjoyment of all that part of the Bank Quay or Building called the North Wall, situated, lying, and being southward of said Premisses, extending from a Place called the Dry Dock on the West, to the Street or Road called Meares's-Street or Mayor's-Street, on the East, and adjoining the said River Anna Liffey in the County of the said City, be vested in Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, for the Residue of the said Terms for the Purposes aforesaid; Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Piece or Parcel of Ground, extending North and South from the Road or Street called the North Strand to the Bed of the River Anna Liffey, and East and West from the Road or Street called Mayor's-Street to the Concerns now in the Possession of Martin Boe, Stone-Cutter, as the same are more particularly described by a Map hereunto annexed, with all and every the Rights, Easements, Members, Appendances, and Appurtenances at any Time heretofore thereunto belonging, or held and enjoyed therewith, with all the Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand of the said Robert Lovett, in and to the said Premisses and every Part thereof, as also the Sole Right, Title, Estate, Property, Possession, and Enjoyment of

CHAP. XIX.

all that Part of the ſaid Bank, Quay, or Building called the North Wall, ſituated, lying, and being Southward of the ſaid Premiſſes, extending from the ſaid Place called the Dry Dock on the Weſt to the Street or Road called Meares's or Mayor's-Street on the Eaſt, and adjoining the ſaid River Anna Liffey in the County of the ſame City, be, and the ſame are hereby veſted in Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Reſidue of the ſaid Terms of Years, ſubject to the Yearly Rents, Reſervations, Covenants, and Agreements to which the ſaid Robert Lovett is liable, with full Power and Authority to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors from Time to Time, and at all Times, during the Continuance of ſaid Terms for Years, to cauſe ſuch Cuts, Canals, Communications, Incloſures, Quays, Docks, Buildings, Offices, or other Accommodations to be made and erected in and upon that Part of the Wall or Quay herein before mentioned and deſcribed, and in and upon all or any Part or Parts of ſaid Premiſſes, as ſhall be thought expedient and neceſſary for carrying the Purpoſes of this Act into Execution.

Provided allways, That if any Right of any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, ſhall appear to be affected by any thing contained herein, that Compenſation ſhall be made to the Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate ſo affected,

fected, to be aſcertained by the Verdict of a Jury of the County of Dublin, which Verdict ſhall be Final and Concluſive, and that the Sheriff of ſaid County, from Time to Time, ſhall have full Power to Summon, Impannel, and ſwear ſaid Jury as is uſual in ſuch Caſes. CHAP. XIX.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Collector of His Majeſty's Revenue in the Port of Dublin, for the Time being, and he is hereby required from Time to Time, and at all Times hereafter, during the Reſidue of the ſaid Terms, ſo veſted in the ſaid Robert Lovett, to pay the ſeveral Rents payable out of the ſaid Premiſſes to the ſeveral Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, who are or ſhall be entitled to the ſame reſpectively, at the Times, and in the Manner the ſame are payable by the ſaid Robert Lovett, without any Deduction, Defalcation, or Abatement whatſoever, and to take Credit for the ſame in his Publick Accounts as Collector of the ſaid Port of Dublin.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act, and all and every Clauſe and Clauſes herein contained, and every Part thereof, ſhall be deemed and taken Notice of in all Courts of Law and Equity, as a Publick Act of Parliament.

CHAP. XX.

AN

ACT

FOR

The more ſpeedy and effectual Recovery of the King's Debts.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

CHAP.
XX.

AN

ACT

FOR

The more speedy and effectual
Recovery of the King's Debts.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Printers of DAVID HAY, Printer of the
late Boulter's Customs, Printer to the King's most Ex-
cellent Majesty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XX.

An Act for the more ſpeedy and effectual Recovery of the King's Debts.

CHAP. XX.

WHEREAS much Difficulty and Delay have attended the Recovery of Debts due to Your Majeſty, and Your Royal Predeceſſors, by Collectors of the Revenue, and other Publick Accountants: And whereas from the Inſufficiency of the Laws of this Kingdom in that Behalf, the Crown and the Publick have not had ſuch Security in, or Title to the Eſtates of Publick Debtors, as are legally enjoyed in ſimilar Caſes in Great Britain; by which Defects, much Injury has accrued to Your Majeſty's Subjects, and to the Revenue of this Kingdom: Therefore, be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent

CHAP. XX.

Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, all Obligations and Specialties touching, or in any wise concerning Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, made, or to be made to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, or to any Person or Persons, to the Use of Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors; and all Suits, Process, Judgments, Decrees, and Executions hereafter to be commenced, awarded, and obtained for Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors thereupon, may be prosecuted in like manner, and shall have the same Force and Effect in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as Writings obligatory, taken and acknowledged according to the Statute of the Staple.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, in all Suits hereafter to be commenced, prosecuted, or carried on, upon any Obligation or Specialty heretofore made to Your Majesty, or to any of Your Predecessors, or to any other Person or Persons, to Your Majesty's, or their Use, or that hereafter shall be made to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, or to the Use of Your Majesty, Your

Your Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall have and recover, together with the juſt Debts of Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, Coſts and Damages in like Manner as is allowed to Your Majeſty's Subjects, in Suits between Subject and Subject, for the Recovery of their reſpective Debts.

Provided always, That if any Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, which are, or at any Time hereafter ſhall be charged, or chargeable with any Debt due to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, by Obligation or other Speciality, are, or ſhall be in the Seizin and Poſſeſſion of divers and ſundry Perſons, other than the Obligor or Obligors, that then, all and ſingular the ſaid Manors, Lands, and Tenements, and every Parcel of them, in the Seizin or Poſſeſſion of ſuch other divers and ſundry Perſons, ſhall be wholly and entirely, and in no Ways ſeverally liable and chargeable to, and with the Payment of the ſaid Debt.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Suit be commenced or proſecuted, or any Proceſs be hereafter awarded for Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, for the Recovery of any of Your Majeſty's or their Debts, that then, the ſame Suit and Proceſs ſhall be preferred, and that Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall have firſt Execution againſt any Defendant or Defen-

CHAP. XX.

dants of and for the ſaid Debts due to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, before any other Perſon or Perſons, ſo allways, that ſuch Suit of Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, be commenced, or Proceſs awarded for the ſaid Debt, at the Suit of Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, before Execution begun for the ſaid other Perſon or Perſons; and if ſaid other Perſon or Perſons ſhall claim under, or by Virtue of any Judgment obtained, or to be obtained by Default, Confeſſion, or Nil Dicit, againſt any Officer or Officers accountant to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Suit and Proceſs of Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall be preferred, and Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall have firſt Execution againſt ſuch Defendant or Defendants, notwithſtanding ſuch Judgment obtained, and Execution begun for ſuch other Perſon or Perſons; any Thing herein, or in any other Law or Statute contained to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Lands, Tenements, Profits, Commodities, and Hereditaments, which any Treaſurer, Vice-Treaſurer, Under-Treaſurer, Teller, or Receiver, in or belonging to Your Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, Treaſurer of the Commiſſioners of Barracks, and other

Publick

Publick Works, Treasurer, or Receiver or Receivers of Stamp Duties, Receiver or Receivers of any Sum or Sums of Money, by Way of Imprest, or otherwise, for the Use of Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, Clerk of the Hanaper, Customer, Collector of Customs, Excise, Subsidies, Hearth-Money, or other Imposts or Duties within this Kingdom, and all other Person or Persons accountable to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, for any Office or Charge, or Receipt whatsoever, now hath or have, or at any Time hereafter shall have within the Time whilst he or they, or any of them, shall remain accountable or indebted, shall, until the Payment and Discharge of his or their Arrearages due to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, at any Time hereafter to be adjudged and determined according to the Laws of this Realm, upon his or their Account, all his due and reasonable Petitions being allowed, be liable to the Payment thereof, and be put and had in Execution for the Payment of such Arrearages or Debts so to be adjudged and determined upon any such Treasurer, Vice-Treasurer, Under-Treasurer, Teller, Receiver, Customer, Collector, Accountant, or other Officer, as is before mentioned, in like, and in as large and beneficial Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Treasurer, Vice-Treasurer, Under-Treasurer, Teller, Receiver, Customer, Collector, or other Officer, or Accountant as aforesaid, upon

CHAP. XX.

Whom any ſuch Arrearages or Debts ſhall be ſo adjudged or determined, had the Day he firſt became Officer, Receiver, or Accountant, ſtood bound by Writing Obligatory, having the Effect of a Statute of the Staple to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, for the true anſwering and Payment of the ſame Arrearages or Debts.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Manors, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, which now are, or hereafter ſhall come to, or be in the Hands, Poſſeſſion, Occupation, or Seizin of any Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, have heretofore deſcended, or hereafter ſhall deſcend, revert, or remain in Fee Simple, or in Fee Tail, general or ſpecial, by, from, and after the Death of any of his or their Anceſtor or Anceſtors, as Heir, or by the Gift of any of his Anceſtors, whoſe Heir he is, which ſaid Anceſtor or Anceſtors was or were, is or are, or ſhall be indebted to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, or to any other Perſon or Perſons to Your Majeſty's or their Uſe, by Judgment, Recognizance, Obligation, or other Specialty, the Debt whereof is not, or ſhall not be contented and paid, that then, in every ſuch Caſe, the ſame Manors, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments ſhall be, and ſtand charged and chargeable to and for the Payment of the ſaid Debt, and every Part thereof.

And

CHAP. XX.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, shall not at any Time hereafter, be barred, delayed, foreclosed, or excluded to demand, have, and receive the just and lawful Debts, and Duties of Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, against any of the Subjects of Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, as Heir or Heirs to any Person or Persons indebted to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, albeit this Word "Heirs" be not, or shall not be comprized in such Recognizance, Obligation, or Specialty as aforesaid; or that any such Person or Persons shall lay or alledge, that he or they has or have not any Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, to him, her, or them, descended, but only such Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, as be, or shall be entailed or given to them by any of their Ancestors, to whom they be Heirs.

Provided also, That if any Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, shall hereafter be recovered or evicted by any just or former Title, without Fraud or Covin, out of, or from the Possession of any such Person or Persons, whose Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, have been, or shall be charged or chargeable as is above said, that then, all and every such Manors, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, so evicted and recovered, shall be clearly acquitted and

CHAP. XX.

diſcharged of and from the Payment of the ſame Debts, and of every Part thereof.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, may at Your or their Liberty and Pleaſure, demand, have, and recover Your and their ſaid Debt or Debts, of and againſt any Executor or Executors, Adminiſtrator or Adminiſtrators of any ſuch Perſon or Perſons, who is, hath been, or ſhall be indebted in Manner and Form aforeſaid, if the ſame Executor or Executors, Adminiſtrator or Adminiſtrators, ſhall have Aſſets in his or their Hands.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, of whom any ſuch Debt or Duty is, or at any Time hereafter ſhall be demanded or required, ſhall alledge, plead, declare, or ſhew in any Court where ſuch Debt ſhall be demanded, good, perfect, and ſufficient Cauſe and Matter in Law, Reaſon, or good Conſcience, in Bar or Diſcharge of the ſaid Debt or Duty, or why ſuch Perſon or Perſons ought not to be charged or chargeable with the ſame; and the ſame Cauſe or Matter ſo alledged, pleaded, declared, or ſhewed, ſhall ſufficiently prove in ſuch Court as he ſhall be ſo impleaded or ſued in for the ſame, that then the ſaid Court ſhall have full Power and Authority to accept, adjudge, and allow the ſame Proof, and wholly and clearly to acquit and diſcharge all and every

every Perſon and Perſons that ſhall be ſo impleaded or ſued for the ſame. CHAP. XX.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Suit and Suits which ſhall hereafter be had, made, or taken, of, for, or upon any Debt or Duties which heretofore have ariſen, growen, or been due, or that hereafter ſhall ariſe, growe, or be due to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, in Your Majeſty's Court of Exchequer in this Kingdom, ſhall be had, made, and carried on by Capias Extendi facias, or immediate Extent, Subpœna, Attachments, and Proclamations of Allegiance, if Need ſhall require, or any of them, or otherwiſe, as by the ſaid Court ſhall be thought in its Diſcretion expedient, for the more ſpeedy Recovery of the Debts of Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors; and that the ſaid Court of Exchequer ſhall alſo have Authority and Power to hear and determine all and every ſuch Suit and Suits as ſhall be commenced, proſecuted, and carried on for the Intent above ſpecified, and thereupon to award, make, and do Execution by or upon the Body, Lands, and Goods of the Party or Parties that ſhall be ſo condemned accordingly.

And whereas it may frequently happen, that the annual Value of Lands of ſuch Accountant or Debtor as aforeſaid, when extended, will not be ſufficient within the Compaſs of ſeveral Years, to ſatisfy the

CHAP XX.

Debt due to the Crown by ſuch Accountant or Debtor as aforeſaid; Therefore be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any Treaſurer, Vice-Treaſurer, Under-Treaſurer, Teller, Receiver, Cuſtomer, Collector, or other Officer or Perſon Accountant, as is before mentioned, ſhall, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, receive or be chargeable with any Sum of Money due to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, and ſhall, upon the determining of his or their Account, be found in Arrear, or to owe to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, any Sum or Sums of Money, and that he and they, his and their Heirs, Executors, or Adminiſtrators, ſhall not within the Space of ſix Months next after his or their Accounts finiſhed, or Debt known, as well as when ſuch Account ſhall be finiſhed, or Debt known, within eight Years after the Death of ſuch Accountant or Debtor, as in his Lifetime, he and they having Allowance of his or their due and reaſonable Petitions as is aforeſaid, truly ſatisfy and pay all ſuch Arrearages and Sums of Money as he or they ſhall owe as aforeſaid, that then it ſhall and may be lawful to and for Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors, at any Time, and from Time to Time, after the ſaid Six Months ended (whether the ſame ſhall happen within the Lifetime of the ſaid Accountant or Debtor

or

or after his Death as aforesaid,) to make Sale, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, of so much of the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, of every such Accountant or Debtor, so being found in Arrear, or in Debt, as herein before mentioned, as shall be sufficient to satisfy the said Debt; and if any Overplus of Money shall be received or had, upon any such Sale, then the same shall be paid and delivered to the Accountant or his Heir, by the Officer that shall receive the Money upon such Sale, without any further or other Warrant in that Behalf, to be made or obtained. CHAP. XX.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said Sales to be made on Behalf of Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, as is aforesaid, shall be good and available in Law against the Party Accountant indebted as is aforesaid, and his Heirs, claiming as Heirs, and against Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, notwithstanding any former Charge or Incumbrance to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, by the Person or Persons for whose Debt or Duty the same shall be sold.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after the Death of such Accountant or Debtor, and before such Time as any the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, descended unto the Heir of such Accountant or Debtor,

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as Heir of the ſame Accountant or Debtor, ſhall be ſold as aforeſaid, a Scire Facias ſhall be awarded out of Your Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, unto the Sheriff of the County, or of the County of a City, or County of a Town where ſuch Lands do lie, to garniſh the ſame Heir to ſhew Cauſe why the ſame Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, to him deſcended as aforeſaid, ſhould not be put to Sale for Satisfaction of the Debts, whereupon the Heir do not within a convenient Time upon a Garniſhment, or two Nihils returned, ſhew and prove unto the ſaid Court, that the Executors or Adminiſtrators of ſuch Accountant or Debtor have ſufficient, which ought to anſwer, or be liable for the ſame Debt, whereby it may be duly and fully ſatisfied, that then, on the Expiration of Ten Months next after ſuch Garniſhment, or Two Nihils returned, the ſame Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, or a ſufficient part thereof, ſhall be ſold by Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, in Manner aforeſaid; and the Money ariſing from ſuch Sale ſhall be applied as herein is directed.

Provided allways, That this Act, as touching only the Sale of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, which any Perſon or Perſons not being privy unto, or conſenting, to any Intent to defraud

Your

Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, have heretofore purchased or obtained, Bona Fide, and upon valuable Consideration, or which any Person or Persons, not being so privy or consenting unto any Intent to defraud Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, shall hereafter purchase and obtain, Bona Fide, and on good Consideration, after the Death of such Accountant or Debtor, and before any such Scire Facias shall issue.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Heir of any such Accountant or Debtor shall happen to be within the Age of One and Twenty Years, when any such Process of Scire Facias shall be awarded, that then, during the Time of his or her Nonage, this Act, or any Thing therein contained, shall not in any wise be executed or put in Force, as touching or concerning only the selling of the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments of any such Heir; any Thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided also, That after such Time as any such Heir shall accomplish the full Age of Twenty-one Years, all and singular the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, descended unto the same Heir, from any such Debtor or Accountant as aforesaid, shall be subject and liable to be sold for the Payment, Discharge, and Satisfaction of the Demands of Your Majesty, Your

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Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend to the Sale of the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, of any ſuch Heir or Heirs, for or by Reaſon of any Account or Debt, whereof ſuch Debtor or Accountant hath or ſhall have a Quietus eſt in his Lifetime.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons Accountant, or indebted as is aforeſaid, ſhall at any Time after he or they ſhall become Accountant or chargeable as herein before mentioned, purchaſe any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in his or their own Name, or purchaſe, or cauſe the ſame to be purchaſed in the Name of any other Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for himſelf or themſelves, or for any other Perſon or Perſons where the ſame is indeed meant or intended to be to the Uſe, Profit, or Behoof of the Perſon or Perſons ſo accountant or indebted, and the ſaid ſecret Truſt, Uſe, Profit, or Behoof and Manner of Purchaſing, ſhall be found by Office or Inquiſition, that then, all and every the Lands, Tenements, and Here-

ditaments,

ditaments, so purchased, or caused to be purchased, shall, by Virtue of this Act, be taken, deemed, and used for the Satisfaction of the Arrears and Debt of every such Accountant or Debtor as is above mentioned, to all Intents and Purposes as if the Person or Persons indebted upon his or their Account were thereof actually seized of such Estate, so conveyed to any Person or Persons by any such Accountant or Debtor, or by his Means as is aforesaid; and that all Sales to be thereof made by Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, for Satisfaction of such Debt or Arrear as shall be found as is aforesaid, to be due and owing to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, shall be of the like Effect, and be used and done in such like Manner and Form as is before expressed. CHAP. XX.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for every Person and Persons whose Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments shall, by any Office or Inquisition be found to be fraudulently conveyed or assured as is aforesaid, to have his or their lawful Traverse to every such Office or Inquisition; and if it be found with the Party that tendereth the Traverse, that then he shall have the said Lands out of His Majesty's Hands, without any Petition, Livery, or Ouster lemain, or any other Suit, and the same Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, shall be adjudged as

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not liable or chargeable, and ſhall not be ſold by Force of any Thing herein contained.

Provided alſo, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall by any Sale of Land had in Purſuance hereof, be fully paid the Debt or Arrearages of any ſuch Accountant or Debtor, then the Sureties of ſuch Accountant or Debtor ſhall be diſcharged of and from the ſaid Debt and Arrearages ſo ſatisfied as aforeſaid.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend to charge any Sheriff, Eſcheator, or Bailiff of any Liberty, or the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, of any ſuch Sheriff, Eſcheator, or Bailiff of any Liberty, or of any of their Heirs or Aſſigns, for any Thing touching his or their ſaid Office or Offices, or for any Money by him or them received, or to be received by Reaſon of any of their ſaid Offices, otherwiſe, or in any other Manner than he or they might lawfully have been charged heretofore; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Treaſurer, Vice-Treaſurer, Under-Treaſurer, Teller, Cuſtomer, Collector, or Receiver of any Duties,

Duties, Impositions, Taxes, or Sums of Money, or other Officer accountant and chargeable with Publick Money as herein before mentioned, shall, contrary to his Duty, detain all or any Part of the Monies by him collected or received for the Space of Six Months after he should have paid off the same, then he or they for such Detention, shall be charged with Interest for the Monies so by him or them detained, after the Rate of Twelve Pounds per Centum per Annum, for such Time as he shall detain the same, to be recovered by Action, Suit, or Information, or by any of the Ways herein contained, for recovering Debts from publick Accountants or Debtors.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Actions and Suits for the Recovery of any Debt or Debts which now doth or do, or hereafter shall appertain or accrue, remain, or be due to Your Majesty, Your Heirs or Successors, by Reason of any Attainder, Outlawry, Forfeiture, Gift of the Party, or by any other collateral Way or Means whatsoever, it shall be sufficient in the Law to shew and alledge in the said Suit generally, that the Party to whom the said Debt or Debts did belong such Year and Day, did give the same Debt or Debts unto the King, or was attainted, outlawed, or committed other Offence, Forfeiture, Deed, Act, or Thing, by Reason whereof the said Debt or Debts did accrue, and ought to be

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paid to Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors; and that the ſame Matter ſo alledged or declared in a generality without ſhewing and declaring the Circumſtances thereof, ſhall be of as good Force and Effect in the Law to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes, as if the whole Matter thereof had been, or were alledged and declared at large.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall be conſtrued to repeal, weaken, or alter all or any of the Juriſdictions, Powers, or Authorities given, preſcribed, directed, or appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for ſettling the Exciſe or New Impoſt upon His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted, or in or by any other Law now in Force for the Improvement, or better Collection of His Majeſty's Revenue.

AN

CHAP.
XXI.

AN

ACT

FOR

The more effectually preventing the multiplying Votes at Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament for Boroughs, where a Right of Voting is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general, or Proteſtant Inhabitants and others.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

A C L

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for the more effectually preventing the multiplying Votes at Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament for Boroughs, where a Right of voting is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general, or Proteſtant Inhabitants and others.

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WHEREAS the ſeveral Laws heretofore made, and now in Force in this Kingdom, in order to prevent the fraudulent multiplying of Votes at Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament, have been found by Experience not to be ſufficiently effectual in reſtraining ſuch illegal and corrupt Practices in Boroughs, where the Right of Election is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general, or Proteſtant Inhabitants and others, whereby the Rights of the legal Voters in ſuch

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Boroughs, of returning Representatives to Parliament, have been grievously injured and infringed upon: And whereas it has been found by Experience, that the registering of Votes has been highly effectual in preventing such illegal and corrupt Practices in the Election of Members to serve in Parliament: And whereas by an Act passed in the Third Year of his present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the more effectual preventing Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to serve in Parliament, and the Magistrates of Cities, Boroughs, and Towns Corporate, it is Enacted, That no Person whatsoever shall, after the First Day of May next, be admitted to vote on any Election for any Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any Borough in this Kingdom, where the Right of Voting is vested in the Protestant Inhabitants in general, until such Person, so tendering his Vote, in Case of any Objection made thereto by any of the Candidates, or their Agents, shall take the following Oath, or if a Quaker, Affirmation, that is to say,

I *A B.* do swear, or, if a Quaker, do affirm, that I am an Inhabitant of (here naming the Place where such Election is) and have been for these Six Months last past, and that I am not, nor have not, within these Six Months last past, been an Inmate or Lodger with any other Person in said Borough, but have paid the usual Taxes and Cesses in said

Borough,

Borough, as an Houſholder; and that I did not come to reſide in ſaid Borough ſince the preſent Vacancy happened; and that I am not a Papiſt, nor married to a Papiſt, nor do not educate, or ſuffer to be educated, any of my Children in the Popiſh Religion. CHAP. XXI.

Which Oath or Affirmation, the Seneſchal, or Returning Officer of ſuch Borough is hereby impowered and directed to Adminiſter to ſuch Voter, at the Requeſt of any of the Candidates, or their Agents; and on ſuch Voter ſo taking the ſaid Oath (or if a Quaker the ſaid Affirmation) then, and not before, the ſaid Seneſchal, or Returning Officer of ſaid Borough, ſhall take down ſuch Vote; and the ſaid Oath, or Affirmation if a Quaker, ſhall be final and concluſive to the ſaid Seneſchal, or Returning Officer of ſuch Borough; and every ſuch Voter ſhall not be liable to any further Scrutiny or Examination whatſoever before ſuch Seneſchal or Returning Officer, on any ſuch Election: And alſo by another Act, paſſed in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for better regulating the Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament; it is Enacted, That no perſon whatſoever ſhall be admitted to Vote as an Inhabitant, on any Election, for any Member or Members to ſerve in parliament, for any Borough in this Kingdom, where the Right of Voting is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general, or

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in the Freeholders or Inhabitants, until ſuch perſon ſo tendering his Vote, in Caſe of any Objection made thereto by any Elector, ſhall take the following Oath, or if a Quaker, Affirmation, inſtead of the Oath directed by an Act made in the Third Year of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for the more effectual preventing Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to ſerve in Parliament, and the Magiſtrates of Cities, Boroughs and Towns Corporate, That is to ſay,

I A. B. do ſwear, or if a Quaker, do affirm, that I am Inhabitant of (here naming the Place ſuch Election is) and that my Houſe is ſituate in and my next Neighbours are and I have been an Inhabitant of the ſaid Borough for theſe Six Months laſt paſt; and that I am not, nor have I been within theſe Six Months laſt paſt, an Inmate or Lodger with any other Perſon in ſaid Borough, but have paid the uſual and cuſtomary Taxes and Ceſſes in ſaid Borough, as an Houſholder, which have been legally demanded of me, and that I did not divide my Houſe, in order to multiply Votes at this Election; and that I did not come to reſide in ſaid Borough ſince the preſent Vacancy happened, nor in order to give my Vote at this Election.

So help me God.

And if any Candidate, or any Perſon having a Right to vote, ſhall require it, theſe

these Words shall be added to the said Oath, "And that I am of the Age of Twenty-one Years, as I verily believe;" and if the same shall be in like Manner required, the following Words shall be added; "and that I am not a Papist, nor married to a Papist, and do not educate, or suffer to be educated, any of my Children, under the Age of Fourteen Years, in the Popish Religion:" Provided, That if a Convert from the Popish Religion shall tender his Vote, instead of these Words, Nor married to a Papist, then shall be inserted in the said Oath the following Words, that is to say, Nor have I since my Conformity to the Protestant Religion married any Papist now living. Which Oath or Affirmation the Seneschal or Returning Officer of such Borough, or his or their Deputy or Deputies appointed as aforesaid, is hereby impowered and directed to administer to such Voter, at the Request of any Elector; and on such Voter so taking the said Oath, or if a Quaker the said Affirmation, then, and not before, such Seneschal or Returning Officer shall admit such Vote; and the said Oath, or Affirmation if a Quaker, shall be absolutely final and conclusive Evidence to the said Seneschal or Returning Officer of such Borough, or his Deputy, that the Person so taking said Oath, or making Affirmation, is qualified to vote at such Election; and no such Voter shall be liable to any further Scrutiny or Examination whatsoever before such Seneschal, or Returning

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ing Officer, or his Deputy, on any Election: Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Parts of the ſaid Acts be, and from henceforth are, hereby repealed and made null and void.

And for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent multiplying of Votes in Boroughs, where a Right of Voting is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general, or in the Proteſtant Inhabitants and others, and the Abuſes committed by fraudulent and occaſional Voters at Elections in ſuch Boroughs, and for the better aſcertaining what Perſons in ſuch Boroughs have a Right to Vote for Members to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Boroughs: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every reſident Inhabitant claiming a Right to Vote, as being a Proteſtant Inhabitant of ſuch Boroughs, ſhall at ſome Quarter Seſſions, or Adjournment thereof, be regiſtered in the following Manner, that is to ſay, every ſuch Inhabitant ſhall, in open Court, before the Juſtices of the Peace at the Quarter Seſſions of the County wherein ſuch Borough lieth, or at ſuch Adjournment thereof, take the following Oath, or if a Quaker make the following Affirmation.

I A. B. do ſwear, **or if a Quaker do affirm,** that I am a reſident Inhabitant of the Borough of in the County of and that my Houſe is ſituated in **(here naming the Street, Lane, Alley, Row, or Place)** and that my Neighbours are and and that I am not an Inmate or Lodger with any other Perſon in ſaid Borough, but am really and truly a Reſident Inhabitant of and Houſekeeper in the ſaid Borough, and am anſwerable for Payment of the uſual cuſtomary Taxes and Ceſſes in ſaid Borough, as a Reſident Houſeholder therein, which ſhall or may be legally demanded of me, and that I am not a Papiſt, nor married to a Papiſt, and do not educate, or ſuffer to be educated, any of my Children, under the Age of Fourteen Years in the Popiſh Religion.

Provided, That if a Convert from the Popiſh Religion ſhall come to be regiſtered, inſtead of theſe Words (nor married to a Papiſt) **then ſhall be inſerted in the ſaid Oath, the following Words, that is to ſay,** Nor have I ſince my Conformity to the Proteſtant Religion married any Papiſt now living; **and that When any Inhabitant of ſuch Borough ſhall** deſire to **have his Reſidence regiſtered, he ſhall ſwear or affirm the aforeſaid Affidavit or Affirmation, which when duly ſworn or affirmed, ſhall be read aloud in open Court, and the Perſon ſo regiſtering ſhall ſign the ſame or affix his Mark thereto, before Two Witneſſes,**

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and if taken and ſigned as aforeſaid, the Court ſhall deliver it to the acting Clerk of the Peace of the ſaid County, and the ſaid Clerk of the Peace ſhall immediately, with a Wafer, affix the Paper containing the ſaid Affidavit or Affirmation in a Book, conſiſting of Vellum or Parchment Leaves looſely bound, to be by him kept for that Purpoſe, and for no other, in its Order, that is to ſay, immediately after the Affidavit or Affirmation laſt made, and then the Court ſhall ſign it and date it, according to the Day of the Month and Year.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That though the Affidavits be inſerted in the ſaid Book in their Order, as to the Time in which they were made, the Names of the Perſons making the ſame, ſhall be Alphabetically arranged in an Index at the End of the ſame Book, and the Page where the Affidavit of the ſaid Inhabitant may be found; and that ſuch Inhabitants Names ſhall be ſo entered immediately after the correſponding Affidavit or Affirmation ſhall have been entered as aforeſaid in the Regiſtry Book, without the Intervention of any other Buſineſs whatſoever, for the Inſerting of which Affidavit or Affirmation, Entry or Regiſtry, and Indexing the ſame, the Sum of Six Pence and no more ſhall be paid by ſuch Inhabitant to the acting Clerk of the Peace at the Time of ſuch Regiſtering,

Registering, if he shall demand the same, and no more.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Book shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace among the Records of the County, and that each Entry shall be deemed a Record of the County; and that the said Clerk of the Peace be required to preserve the said Book, without Addition or Alteration from one Court of Quarter Sessions to another, neither Writing in the same Himself, nor permitting any other Person to Write therein; but that the same shall nevertheless be open to the Inspection of any registered Inhabitant of such Borough, at any Time between the Hours of Twelve and Two o'Clock in the Day Time, when such Inhabitant shall require it, upon his giving Twenty-four Hours Notice, except only on Sundays, and the greater Feasts, he paying for the same One Shilling and no more for every Time he shall inspect the same, and being debarred the Use of both Pen and Ink during the whole of that Time; and that if any Person having or claiming to have a Vote in the same Borough, shall require of the Clerk of the Peace to furnish him with a Copy of the said Registry Book, or any Part thereof, the said Clerk of the Peace shall Write, or cause to be Written, a true Copy of the same, and within a reasonable Time furnish the said Voter therewith, charging

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him for the ſame at the Rate of Two Pence for every Four Inhabitants ſo regiſtered contained in ſaid Copy, including the Index; and that if any Perſon having or claiming to have a Vote in ſuch Borough, ſhall require from the Clerk of the Peace a Copy of the Index, or any part thereof, the ſaid Clerk of the Peace ſhall furniſh him therewith within Eight Days after, charging him for the ſame, at the Rate of One Penny for every Ten Names of Inhabitants contained in the ſaid Copy.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the acting Clerk of the Peace, on the laſt Day of every Quarter-Seſſions, do and ſhall inſert a True Copy of ſuch Entry or Regiſtry, or Entries or Regiſtries, as he ſhall have made during the Courſe of the ſaid Quarter Seſſions, together with an Index to the ſame, in a Book exactly ſimilar to his own, to be kept by the Church Wardens of the Pariſh or Pariſhes wherein the ſaid Borough lies, or by one of them, and by them or one of them to be carried to every ſuch Quarter Seſſions, and there entruſted to the acting Clerk of the Peace for that Purpoſe, on the laſt Day of each Quarter Seſſion, and at no other Time; and that the Church Wardens ſhall preſerve the ſaid Book, without Alteration from one Quarter Seſſion to another, not writing in it himſelf or themſelves, nor permitting any other

Perſon

Perſon to write therein, except the Clerk of the Peace as aforeſaid. CHAP. XXI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Sheriff of the County in which ſuch Borough ſhall be, ſhall, at all Times, upon receiving a Writ for the Election of a Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament for ſuch Borough, require of the Clerk of the Peace, that he do deliver to the Church Wardens, or one of them, of the Pariſh or Pariſhes wherein ſaid Borough lies, his ſaid Book ſo by him kept as aforeſaid, and that the ſaid Church Wardens with ſaid Book, and the Duplicate thereof in their Poſſeſſion kept, ſhall attend on the Returning Officer in ſaid Borough, in the Court where the Poll ſhall be taken, throughout the whole of every Election of Members to ſerve in Parliament for ſaid Borough, unleſs one of them ſhall by any Elector be required to attend in a Deputy Court, with his reſpective Book of Regiſtry before mentioned, to be freely inſpected in their Hands during the Election, by any Perſon concerned therein.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon whatſoever, intitled to vote in right of being a Proteſtant Inhabitant only, ſhall vote for any Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament, where a Right of voting is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general,

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or Protestant Inhabitants and others, who shall not appear to have been first registered in said Books, or one of them, in the Manner above prescribed, Twelve Calendar Months at least before the Time of holding such Election, (except in the Case herein after particularly excepted,) which being found upon Inspection of the Returning Officer or his Deputy, the Returning Officer or his Deputy shall then and not before, if thereto required by any Electors, administer to such Person the Oath or Affirmation following, that is to say,

I A. B. do swear, or if a Quaker, to affirm, that I am a Resident Inhabitant of the Borough of in the County of , and that I have been so for these Twelve Months last past, and that my House is situated in and that my next Neighbours are and that I am not an Inmate or Lodger with any other Person in said Borough, nor have I been so at any Time within these Twelve Months last past, but have paid the usual and customary Taxes and Cesses in said Borough as an Householder, which have been legally demanded of me, and that I did not divide my House or Outhouses, or suffer my House or Out-houses to be divided, in order to multiply Votes at this Election; and that I did not come to reside in said Borough since the present Vacancy happened, nor in order to give my Vote at this Election.

So help me God.

And

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And if any Candidate or any Person having a right to vote at such Election shall require it, these Words shall be added to said Oath, *viz.* "and that I am of the Age of Twenty-one Years as I verily believe;" and if the same shall be in like Manner required, the following Words shall be added, "and that I am not a Papist, nor married to a Papist, nor do not educate, or suffer to be educated, any of my Children under the Age of Fourteen Years, in the Popish Religion;" Provided that if a Convert from the Popish Religion shall tender his Vote, instead of these Words, "not married to a Papist," then shall be inserted in the said Oath the following Words, that is to say, "nor have I since my Conformity to the Protestant Religion married any Papist now living."

So help me God.

Which Oath or Affirmation the Seneschal or Returning Officer of such Borough, or his or their Deputy or Deputies appointed as aforesaid, is, and are hereby impowered and directed to administer to such Voter, at the Request of any Elector; and on such Voter so taking the said Oath, or if a Quaker the said Affirmation, then, and not before, such Seneschal or Returning Officer shall admit such Votes, and said Oath, or Affirmation if a Quaker, shall be absolutely final and conclusive Evidence to said Seneschal or Returning Officer of such Borough, or his Deputy, that the person so taking said Oath, or making Af-

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firmation is qualified to vote at ſuch Election; and no ſuch Voter ſhall be liable to any further Scrutiny or Examination whatſoever before ſuch Seneſchal or Returning Officer, or his Deputy, at ſuch Election.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuch Inhabitant of ſuch Borough, ſhall find that the Acting Clerk of the Peace has wilfully or negligently acted in diſobedience hereto, by not regiſtering his Reſidence in the Manner hereby directed, having been thereunto duly required, and by not giving to the Church Wardens of ſaid Borough a Copy of the Regiſtry Book, in the Manner and at the Time herein before mentioned, or by erazing, tearing out, or deſignedly making the ſame or any part thereof illegible; or deſignedly, or through Neglect ſuffering any Perſon to do ſo, the ſaid Inhabitant ſhall be intitled to recover from the ſaid Acting Clerk of the Peace, by Civil Bill, the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every ſuch Offence, Proceſs being ſerved Twelve Days inclusive, before the Firſt Day of the Aſſizes.

And in order that the ſaid Inhabitant or Inhabitants may the more eaſily recover the aforeſaid Sum or Sums in the Manner herein before mentioned: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid acting Clerk of the Peace, upon the Receipt of Six Pence as aforeſaid, ſhall deliver to

the Inhabitant a Certificate signed by the Court, and countersigned by himself, who is hereby required to sign the same, of his having been duly registered on that Day, which Certificate, though no Part of the Registry, shall, when proved, be sufficient Evidence upon any Civil Bill brought for the Penalty aforesaid.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Registry Book to be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, and the Copy thereof to be kept by the Church Wardens, shall both be proved upon Oath before the Returning Officer of said Borough, who is hereby authorized to administer the same, to have been lost, destroyed, or so defaced, that the Affidavits shall be illegible, either previous to, or during the Election, in such Case any of the said Certificates when proved, shall be sufficient Evidence upon the Election, that the Inhabitant producing the same has been duly registered.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person, not excepting the Clerk of the Peace and the Church Wardens, shall steal or destroy, or maliciously alter said Registry Books, or either of them, whether in the Body of the said Books or their Index, or negligently or wilfully suffer the same to be done, the Person who shall be convicted of so offending shall suffer Three Years Imprisonment.

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And leaſt any Doubt ſhould ariſe at the Election, with Reſpect to Voters, and in Order the better to prevent Perjury and occaſional Votes; Be it hereby declared by the Authority aforeſaid, to be the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, that no Perſon whatſoever ſhall be ſuffered to Vote at any ſuch Election, in Right of being a Proteſtant Inhabitant, without having been firſt regiſtered as aforeſaid, Twelve Months at the leaſt before the Time of holding ſuch Election, but that the Returning Officer or his Deputy is hereby required to refuſe ſuch Vote; any Thing in any other Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained ſhall affect any Election that ſhall be held in and for any ſuch Borough, before the Firſt Day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall falſely and wilfully ſwear or affirm, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, being thereof indicted and convicted, ſhall ſuffer ſuch Pains, Penalties, and Diſabilities as Perſons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury ought by Law to ſuffer; and that any Perſon claiming to be a Voter as an Inhabitant of ſuch Borough, who ſhall be

be guilty of Perjury in registering his Inhabitancy and Right of Voting, or pretended Right in such Borough, without being really, Bona fide, a Resident Inhabitant thereof, according to the Form of the Oath aforesaid prescribed, and shall be thereof convicted and condemned, and suffer the Pains and Penalties aforesaid, shall for ever be incapable of giving any Vote, at any Election of a Member to serve in Parliament; but that in all other Cases the Affidavits inserted in the Registry Book as aforesaid, or the Certificates of such Registry in case as aforesaid, shall be conclusive Evidence to the Returning Officer that the Inhabitant thereby registered is intitled to Vote. CHAP. XXI.

Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to oblige any Freeholder, Burgess, or Freeman, who as such are intitled to Vote in any Borough, to reside within such Borough or to Register his Residence, nor to extend to any Voter but such as is intitled to Vote in Right of his being a Protestant Inhabitant only.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in any Borough in which the Protestant Inhabitants may be intitled to Vote, not only for Members to serve in Parliament, but also at the Elections of Chief Magistrates, Burgesses, and Freemen, for said Corporations, no

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persons claiming to Vote therein as a Protestant Inhabitant, shall after the said First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, be admitted or entitled to Vote as such for any Chief Magistrate, Burgess, or Freeman, unless he shall be registered in like Manner, and for the same length of Time previous to his so Voting, and unless he shall take the same Oath or Oaths, as is herein before directed to entitle such Protestant Inhabitants to Vote for Members to serve in Parliament.

AN

CHAP. XXII.

AN

ACT

TO

Explain and amend an Act made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His preſent Majeſty, *intituled*, An Act for regulating the curing and preparing Proviſions, and for preventing Combinations among the ſeveral Tradeſmen and other Perſons employed in making up ſuch Proviſions, and for regulating the Butter-Trade in the City of *Dublin*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; or ſo much thereof as relates to the regulating the Butter-Trade in the City of *Dublin*, County of the ſaid City, and Liberties thereunto adjoining.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

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XXII.

AN

ACT

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His preſent Majeſty, *intituled*, An Act for regulating the curing and preparing Proviſions, and for preventing Combinations among the ſeveral Tradeſmen and other Perſons employed in making up ſuch Proviſions, and for regulating the Butter Trade in the City of *Dublin*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; or ſo much thereof as relates to the regulating the Butter Trade in the City of *Dublin*, County of the ſaid City, and Liberties thereunto adjoining.

WHEREAS notwithſtanding the ſeveral Proviſions in the ſaid Act for regulating the Butter Trade in the City of Dublin, County of the ſaid City, and Liberties thereunto adjoining, we find, that there have been great Abuſes in the Mode

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of conducting the said Business, which are unprovided for by the said Act, and Inconveniences have arisen from the said Abuses, and have been found to be extremely prejudicial to the Sellers of that Commodity, and others, and to the Butter Trade of this Kingdom in general, and of the said City in particular; For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, all Butter brought into the said City of Dublin, County of the said City, and Liberties thereunto adjoining, for Sale, in Casks or Vessels of the several Denominations and Descriptions in the said recited Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth of His present Majesty, shall be immediately brought to one of the Publick Cranes herein after mentioned, Bishop-Street, Kevin-Street, Francis-Street, Thomas-Street, Rainsford-Street, and Usher's-Quay, there to be tasted by the Publick Taster appointed for such Crane, and after such Butter shall be so tasted, marked, and branded in legible Characters, First, Second, Third, or inferior Quality, by the said Taster, in Manner as is provided by the said Act, and not before, then the same shall be weighed by the Publick Weigh-Master of said Crane, or his Deputy, at a Standing Beam,

Beam, for which an Allowance of Two Pounds on each Tub, and one Pound on each Firkin, and no more, shall be made by the said Weigh-Master or his Deputy for Beamage; and if the said Weigh-Master or his Deputy shall impose, or attempt to impose any other or greater Allowance for such Beamage, such Weigh-Master or his Deputy shall be fined the said Sum of Five Pounds for every Pound Weight so imposed or attempted to be imposed as aforesaid; the same to be recovered in Manner herein after mentioned.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and Eighty-two aforesaid, no Butter in Casks as aforesaid, shall be permitted to remain in the said Crane for any Time exceeding twenty-four Hours after the same shall have been branded as aforesaid; and if any such Butter shall be suffered by the Owner thereof to remain there for any longer Time, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Weigh-Master, or his Deputy, to hold and detain every such Cask and Casks of Butter remaining at such Crane for any longer Time than before mentioned, until he shall be paid by the Owner of the said Butter, Six Pence a Day for each and every Cask which shall so remain as aforesaid; and

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that the ſaid Weigh-Maſters ſhall have and provide proper and convenient Stoves or Fire-Places in their ſeveral Cranes, to which the Taſters appointed to ſuch Crane or Cranes ſhall have free Acceſs at all Hours of Buſineſs, in order to heat their Brands or Marking-Irons.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Weigh-Maſters, their Deputies, Coopers, Clerks, and Scale-Porters, who ſhall be appointed to all or any of the ſaid Public Cranes, ſhall, previous to their entering into their ſeveral Offices, be ſworn before the Lord Mayor of the ſaid City of Dublin for the Time being, ſtrictly and impartially to do Juſtice in their ſeveral Departments, between Party and Party, without Favour or Affection; and that they, or any of them, ſhall not, or will not, nor ſhall any Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for them, or any of them, buy or ſell any Butter which ſhall be brought to the Crane where they or any of them are, is, or ſhall be employed, on any Account or Pretence whatſoever, which Oath the Lord Mayor of the ſaid City for the Time being is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter.

And whereas by the ſaid recited Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth of His preſent Majeſty, the Lord Mayor of the ſaid City of Dublin for the Time being, together

together with any Five or more of the Trustees of the Royal Exchange of the said City of Dublin, are impowered to appoint annually for each Butter-Crane in the said City, County of the said City, and Liberties thereunto adjoining, one or more honest and skilful Person or Persons as Taster of all Butter that shall come to be weighed in such Crane; Now be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and Eighty two aforesaid, the said Lord Mayor, and any Five or more of the said Trustees of the said Royal Exchange, assembled for the purpose of chooling or appointing Butter-Tasters, shall, previous to such Butter-Taster being appointed by them, be sworn not to appoint any Person or Persons as a Butter-Taster or Butter Tasters, unless such as are in their Opinion skilful and competent Judges, and who will act in that Office justly and impartially, without Favour or Affection to any Party or Parties concerned; which Oath the said Lord Mayor, and any Five or more of the Trustees of the said Royal Exchange assembled for the Purpose aforesaid, are hereby impowered and required to administer, to each other; and that all such Person or Persons so to be chosen and appointed Butter-Taster or Butter-Tasters as aforesaid, shall, before he or they shall enter upon his or their Office, take and subscribe the following Oath.

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I A. B, do swear, that I will taste all Butter that shall be brought to the Crane to which I shall be appointed, and without Favour or Affection to any Person or Persons, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, and brand or stamp the real and true Quality of such Butter on the Side or Bilge of each Cask of Butter, which I shall taste, in such plain and legible Characters as are prescribed by this Act, together with my Name in full Length; and that I will not on any Pretence or Account whatsoever, lend my Brand or Brands to any Person or Persons whatsoever, or inspect, brand, mark, or stamp any Cask or Casks of Butter, but at the Crane at which I shall be appointed, and there only within the Hours prescribed by the Act; and that I will not refuse or neglect to taste, or give any unnecessary Delay in tasting, marking, or branding the Butter of any Person or Persons at the said Crane: And further, if I shall know or be informed that any Butter-Taster or Butter-Tasters within the City of *Dublin*, County of the said City, and Liberties thereunto adjoining, hath or have lent his or their Brand or Brands to any Person or Persons, or hath or have tasted, marked, or branded any Cask or Casks of Butter, but at the Crane or Cranes to which they shall be severally appointed, or out of the Hours prescribed as aforesaid, or doing any Act, Matter, or Thing contrary to the Duty of a Butter-Taster, that I will, without Delay, in every such Case, forthwith give Notice thereof in Writing, signed with my Name, stating the Facts, to the Lord Mayor of the said City of

Dublin

Dublin for the Time being; and that I will not take or receive any Gratuity or Reward of any Nature or Kind whatſoever from any Perſon or Perſons for doing my Duty as a Butter-Taſter, ſave and except the Fees preſcribed by the Act herein before mentioned for me, for taſting and branding each and every Caſk of Butter; and that I will taſte, mark, and brand all Butter at ſuch Crane as expeditiouſly as poſſible, and each Perſon's Butter in Rotation, and without Preference, as I ſhall be applied to.

So help me God.

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And if any Butter-Taſter or Butter-Taſters ſhall be convicted of acting partially, corruptly, or improperly in his or their ſaid Office, or of taking other or greater Fees than One Penny on each and every Caſk ſo taſted, marked, or branded by him or them, or any other Gratuity or Reward, that ſuch Butter-Taſter or Butter-Taſters ſhall be diſmiſſed from his or their ſaid Office, and be for ever rendered incapable of ſerving therein again; and be ſubject and liable to the Pains and Penalties of the ſeveral Laws now in Force in this Kingdom for the Puniſhment of Perſons convicted of Wilful and corrupt Perjury.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall interrupt, oppoſe, or delay any Butter-Taſter or Taſters in the legal Execution of of his or their Duty, or if any Cooper or Coopers employed in any of the Cranes

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herein before mentioned, ſhall refuſe to open any Caſk or Caſks of Butter when applied to by the ſaid Butter-Taſter or Taſters, or ſhall attempt to carry or convey any Caſk or Caſks of Butter after the ſame ſhall be taſted, marked, and branded, without firſt paying to the ſaid Butter Taſter or Butter Taſters, his or their Fees thereon, that each and every Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall be fined Five Pounds, the ſame to be recovered and recoverable in Manner herein after mentioned; and that the ſeveral Fees for the taſting of Butter ſhall be paid to the Butter Taſter or Taſters at the Time of his or their taſting the ſame, by the Countryman or Seller of the ſaid Butter; which ſaid Fees the Countryman or Seller is afterwards to receive from the Buyer of ſuch Butter along with the Price of his Butter, it being the Intent of this Act, that the Seller ſhall not be liable to pay the ſaid Taſter's Fees, or any Part thereof.

And in order to carry this Act more effectually into Execution; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall buy or ſell any Butter after the ſaid Firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, ſhall think himſelf or themſelves aggrieved by the ſaid Butter-Taſter or Butter-Taſters, branding any Caſk or Caſks containing Butter with a Quality different from the real Quality of the ſaid Butter

ter therein contained, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord Mayor, or any other Magistrate of the said City of Dublin, County of the said City, or Liberties thereunto adjoining, for the Time being, upon Complaint made to him, them, or any of them, verified by the Oath of the Party complaining, to issue his Summons or Summonses to any Two Merchants, or other Persons of known Probity and Character, well skilled in Butter, who shall review, taste, and inspect the said Butter, and give in their Award in writing to the said Lord Mayor, or other Magistrate as aforesaid, under their Hands, to be testified upon their Oaths, if required, by the Party complaining, which Award shall be conclusive upon all parties; and if by the said Award such Butter-Taster or Tasters shall be convicted as aforesaid, of wrong branding such Cask or Casks, with any other Brand than such as is appointed to denote the true Quality thereof, such Butter-Taster or Tasters shall for the first Offence be fined Forty Shillings, to be levied as herein after mentioned, and if convicted of a second Offence of the like Nature, be for ever removed from his or their said Office; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XXII.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Lord Mayor or other Magistrate as afore-

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ſaid for the Time being, ſhall refuſe to iſſue ſuch his Summons or Summonſes within Six Hours after he or they ſhall be applied to as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; one Half to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Half to the Informer, who ſhall inform for every ſuch Default or Refuſal; and if any Perſon or Perſons being ſo ſummoned, ſhall refuſe or neglect to attend the ſame, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, upon Conviction thereof, ſhall be fined, for each and every Offence, the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and recoverable in Manner herein after mentioned.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two aforeſaid, that all Butter coming in Bowls, Coolers, and Crocks, and all Bacon, Hung Beef, and Cheeſe coming to the ſaid City, County of the ſaid City, and Liberties thereunto adjoining, for the Conſumption of the Inhabitants thereof, ſhall be brought to one of the ſaid Publick Cranes herein before mentioned, and there weighed, and no where elſe; and that on each Draft in a ſtanding Beam of One Hundred Weight, there ſhall be allowed Two Pounds, and no more, for Beamage, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and if any other or greater Allowance ſhall be made by any Weigh-Maſter or his Deputy,

ſuch

such Weigh-Master or Deputy shall forfeit and be fined Forty Shillings for every Pound so imposed as aforesaid, as herein before mentioned; and that it shall and may be lawful for all Weigh-Masters and Tasters of any Publick Crane or Cranes in the said City of Dublin, County of the said City, or Liberties thereunto adjoining, to seize all Butter, Bacon, Hung Beef, or Cheese, which they or any of them shall find at any private Weigh-House or Weigh-Houses, for the purpose of weighing the same privately, and to summon the Owner or Owners of such Butter, Bacon, Hung Beef, or Cheese, before the Lord Mayor of the said City of Dublin for the Time being, for whom it shall and may be lawful, on Proof upon the Oath of one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, to condemn the said Butter, Bacon, Hung Beef, or Cheese, as lawful Seizure; and the same when condemned to dispose of, one Half of the Price thereof to go to the House of Industry, and the other Half to the Person or Persons so seizing the same; and further, that if any Butter in Coolers, Bowls, or Crocks, Bacon, Hung Beef, or Cheese, shall remain in any of the said Crane or Cranes, after the same shall be sold, longer than the Day on which the same be so sold, that the Owner or Owners thereof shall pay unto the Weigh-Master of the said Crane, or his Deputy, Two Shillings a Day for every Hundred Weight, and so in Proportion for a

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greater or leſſer Quantity of ſuch Butter, Bacon, Hung Beef, or Cheeſe, ſo remaining in ſaid Crane longer than herein before mentioned; and that it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Weigh-Maſter or his Deputy, to hold and detain all ſuch Butter, Bacon, Hung Beef, or Cheeſe, until they ſhall be paid the ſame.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two aforeſaid, each of the Cranes herein before mentioned, ſhall be kept open for Buſineſs from the Firſt Day of May, till the Firſt Day of October in each Year, from Five 'till Eleven o'Clock in the Morning, and from Three 'till Eight o'Clock in the Afternoon, and from the ſaid Firſt Day of October 'till the Firſt Day of May in each Year, from Eight in the Morning 'till Three in the Afternoon, at which Hours the ſaid Butter-Taſters ſhall alſo attend; and that no Weigh-Maſter of any of the aforeſaid Publick Cranes, or his Deputy, or his Cooper, ſhall or will exact or impoſe on any Countryman or Seller of Butter, any higher or greater Fees than thoſe herein after mentioned, to wit, for weighing, grolling, and branding a Tub of Butter, Two Pence; for opening and heading, Three Half-Pence; a new Head, Five-Pence; an Exchange of a Head Three Pence; a Chine, One Penny; a Hoop and Twigs, One Penny; Twiging a Hoop, One Farthing;

thing; and Shipping, Three Half Pence; for weighing, engrossing, and branding a Firkin of Butter, One Penny; opening and heading Ditto, One Penny; a new Head for Ditto, Three Pence; an Exchange of a Head for Ditto, Three Half Pence; a Chine for Ditto, One Half Penny; a Hoop and Twigg for Ditto, One Half Penny; Twigging a Hoop for Ditto, One Half Penny; and for Shipping Ditto, One Penny and no more; and if any Weigh-Master or his Deputy, or Cooper, shall refuse to keep his Crane open the Hours herein before mentioned, or shall impose, or exact, or attempt to impose or exact any other or greater Fees than the Fees herein before prescribed, that such Weigh-Master or his Deputy, upon Conviction thereof before the Lord Mayor of the said City of Dublin, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witnesses, which Oath the said Lord Mayor is hereby impowered and required to administer, such Weigh-Master or his Deputy shall Forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings; one Half to the Governors of the House of Industry within the said City for the Use of the said House of Industry, and the other Half to the Person or Persons making such Complaint; and it shall be lawful for said Lord Mayor to commit the Person or Persons, so convicted, to Gaol, and there to detain his or their Body or Bodies in Execution, until the said Sum of Forty Shillings shall be fully paid to the Persons

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and for the Uses herein before mentioned.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the several Officers of his Majesty's Revenue in this Kingdom, to inspect and examine upon the several Quays and Wharfs in the said City, County of the said City of Dublin, and Liberties thereunto adjoining, all such Butter as shall be offered for Exportation by any Merchant or Merchants or other person or persons exporting Butter, and if they or any of them shall find or discover any Butter, offered for Exportation, which shall not be duly branded by one of the Butter-Tasters and Weigh-Masters aforesaid, that it shall and may be lawful to and for such Officer or Officers to seize and lodge the same in any of his Majesty's Stores within the said City, County of the said City, or Liberties thereunto adjoining, there to be kept and detained 'till the same shall be condemned as a Seizure, or released according to the Determinations of the Chief Commissioners of his Majesty's Revenue in Ireland; and if any such Butter shall be condemned, the same to be disposed of in the Manner as in Cases of run or smuggled Goods is usual.

And

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and Eighty-two, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Weigh-Masters of the publick Cranes aforesaid, or their Deputies, or the said Butter-Tasters, or any of them, to enter in and upon any Ware-house, Yard, Cellar, Linney, Loft, Shed, or other Place within the said City of Dublin, County of the said City, and Liberties thereunto adjoining, where they or any of them shall be informed or shall suspect any Butter is concealed, which shall not be duly branded and weighed as aforesaid, or which they or any of them shall have just Cause to suspect has been fradulently branded with any Counterfeit Brand or Stamp, and there to search for such Butter Casks and Counterfeit Brands or Stamps; and every Person in whose possession such false or Counterfeit Brand or Stamp shall be found, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law in this Kingdom, for the Benefit of the Person or Persons so seizing the same; and every Person in whose Custody any such Butter Casks, not duly branded and weighed as aforesaid, or which shall be branded or marked with any such false or counterfeit Brand or Stamp, shall be found, in case the said Weigh-Masters or any of them, or any of their Deputies, or the said

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Butter-Taſters or any of them ſhall make Oath before the Lord Mayor of the ſaid City of Dublin, of the Number of Caſks of Butter ſo found, without being duly marked or branded by them or any of them, and of the Number of Caſks of Butter ſo found by them or any of them with ſuch falſe or counterfeit Stamp or Brand thereon, and that he or they verily believe that the ſame was not branded or marked by him or any of them, which Oath the ſaid Mayor or other Magiſtrate is hereby impowered, directed, and required to adminiſter, for every ſuch Caſk which ſhall not be marked or branded as aforeſaid, or which ſhall be marked or branded with ſuch counterfeit Brand or Stamp, Forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings, to be recovered and applied in ſuch Manner and to ſuch Uſes as are herein after Directed.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Mayor of the ſaid City of Dublin, or other Magiſtrates, upon the Complaint of any Perſon or Perſons, verified upon the Oath of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, to iſſue his or their Warrant or Warrants againſt ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be accuſed of offending againſt this Act, to bring ſuch Perſon or Perſons before him, and upon Conviction of him or them, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, to adjudge ſuch Fine or Fines, under the

the Sum of Forty Shillings, from the Nature of the Offences as is or are prescribed by this Act, against such Person or Persons convicted of so offending, and the Body or Bodies of such Person or Persons to hold and detain in Execution, until such Fine or Fines shall be fully paid and discharged, One Half of such Fine or Fines to go to and be paid to the Governors of the House of Industry, and the other Half thereof to the Person or Persons who shall be aggrieved by such Person or Persons so offending against this Act. CHAP. XXII.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall in all Courts and Places be deemed and taken to be a publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of by all Judges, Justices, and Courts whatsoever, without specially pleading the same; and that if any Replevin shall be brought for any Distress taken pursuant to this Act; and if any Person or Persons shall be sued for any Thing done by Virtue and in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in such Replevin, and such Person or Persons as shall be sued, may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their Suit or Action, or be nonsuited, or if Judgment shall be given against him, her, or them, on Verdict or

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Demurrer, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover double Coſts of Suit.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act, and the ſeveral Proviſions herein made, ſhall continue and be in Force for the Space of Two Years, from the Firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and Eighty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

AN

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AN

ACT

FOR

Repealing ſo much of an Act made in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, *intitled*, An Act for the true making of all Sorts of Cloth called the Old and New Drapery, and the true Searching and Sealing thereof by his Majeſty's Alnager within this Kingdom, and alſo ſo much of an Act made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of his Majeſty's Reign, *intitled*, An Act for the better Regulation of the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom as relate to the New Drapery, Cottons and Stockings, and for other Purpoſes.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

DUBLIN:

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act made in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, *intituled*, An Act for the true making of all Sorts of Cloth called the Old and New Drapery, and the true Searching and Sealing thereof by His Majeſty's Alnager within this Kingdom; and alſo ſo much of an Act made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Majeſty's Reign, *intituled*, An Act for the better Regulation of the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom, as relate to the New Drapery, Cottons, and Stockings, and for other Purpoſes.

WHEREAS an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the true making all Sorts of Cloth, called the Old and New Drapery, and the true Searching and

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Sealing thereof by His Majeſty's Alnager within this Kingdom, and one other Act paſſed in this Kingdom, in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the better Regulation of the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom; And whereas it hath been found by Experience that the Subſidy and Alnage payable to His Majeſty, by the ſaid recited Acts, and the Fees thereby made payable to His Majeſty's Alnager upon the Melb Drapery, Cottons, and Stockings, and all other Manufactures ſubject to Alnage, except Old Drapery, are a heavy Charge upon, and tend to prevent the Extention of the ſaid Manufactures, and that it is not expedient that the ſaid Manufactures of Melb Drapery, Cottons, Stockings, and other Manufactures as aforeſaid, except Old Drapery, ſhould longer continue under ſuch Reſtraints and Regulations as are laid upon them by the ſaid recited Acts; And it is therefore found Expedient that ſo much of the ſaid Recited Acts as relate to Cottons, Melb Drapery, and Stockings, and other Manufactures, except Old Drapery as aforeſaid, ought to be repealed; And whereas, it alſo appears that the Laws now in being for regulating the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, called Old Draperies, are beneficial to the ſaid Manufactures, and ought to be carried into Execution, ſave and except that all thoſe parts of the Old Drapery called Broad Cloth, ſhould be charged and chargeable

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chargeable with only one half of the Subsidy payable by the said first recited Act, and that all other parts of the Old Drapery should be charged and chargeable with only one Fourth Part of the Subsidy payable by the said first recited Act; Therefore be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said herein before recited Acts, as far only as the same tend to impose any Subsidy Duty or Fee on or in any wise relate to Stuffs, Serges, Camblets, Calamancoes, Everlastings, Sattinets, Worsted-Damasks, Worseens, Paragons, Kiddeminsters, Bombazines, Crapes, Poplins, Tabinets, and all other Goods called and known by the Name of the New Drapery, by whatever particular Name now denominated or hereafter to be denominated, or which are made of Worsted or of Wool and Silk, or Wool and Linen, or Cotton Yarn, to Cottons and Stockings, and to any Species of Goods heretofore, or at present subject to Subsidy, Alnage, and Fees, except Old Drapery, shall from henceforth stand and be repealed and be Null and Void, and that from henceforth all such Subsidy and Alnage as was by the said recited Acts, or either of them, charged and chargeable and payable to his Majesty, and all such Fees as are thereby charged, chargeable, or payable for Sealing, Mea-

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ſuring, Searching, Viewing, Trying, or Weighing the ſaid laſt mentioned ſpecies of Goods by his Majeſty's Alnager, his Deputy or Deputies, ſhall ceaſe and determine.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fees payable to the ſaid Alnager, whether by preſcription or otherwiſe upon the ſaid Manufactures of New Drapery, Cottons, and Stockings, or other Manufactures, except Old Drapery as aforeſaid, and all the Duties of his Office reſpecting the ſame, ſhall from henceforth ceaſe to be payable or performed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, no higher Subſidy ſhall be charged, raiſed, paid, or levied by Virtue of the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, on thoſe Manufactures called Old Drapery, than as herein after mentioned, that is to ſay, upon ſuch Part of the Old Drapery as is called Broad Cloth, the Sum of Two Pence for every Broad Cloth of the length preſcribed by the ſaid Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth of Charles the Second, being one Half of the Old Subſidy now payable thereon, and upon all other Part of the Old Drapery of the Length preſcribed by the ſaid Act, the Sum of One Half Penny, being One Fourth Part of the Old Subſidy now payable thereon.

Provided

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained, shall affect, or tend to affect, or be construed, deemed, or taken to affect, any Cloth, Cloths, Kersies, Ruggs, Baize, or any other Goods or Manufactures commonly called and known by the Name of Old Drapery, except Cottons and Stockings, save as herein before enacted in respect of the Subsidy or Subsidies to be paid thereon, but that the said recited Acts, so far as the same relate to all Goods commonly called and known by the Name of the Old Drapery, save and except as aforesaid, shall stand and remain in full Force and Effect as if this Act had never been made. CHAP. XXIII.

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AN

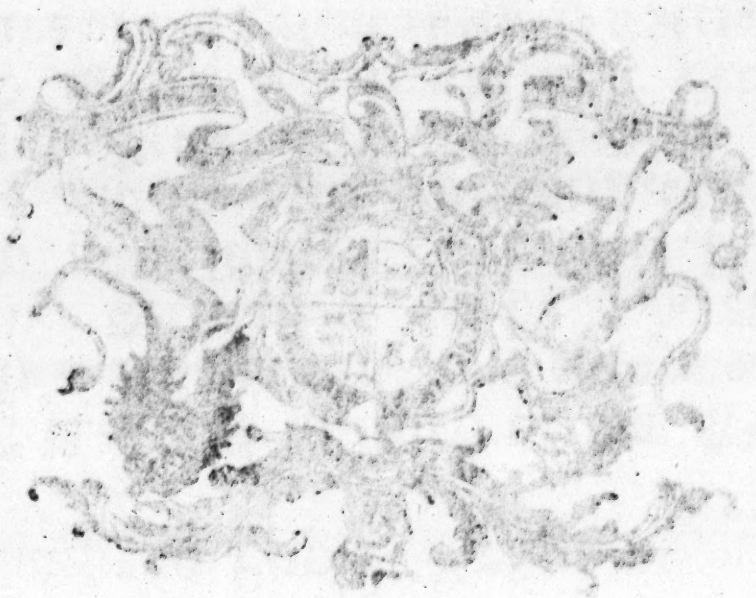
ACT

FOR

The further Relief of His Majeſty's Subjects of this Kingdom, profeſſing the Popiſh Religion.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.



Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXIV.

An Act for the further Relief of His Majeſty's Subjects of this Kingdom, profeſſing the Popiſh Religion.

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WHEREAS all ſuch of His Majeſty's Subjects in this Kingdom, of whatever Perſuaſion, as have heretofore taken and ſubſcribed, or ſhall hereafter take and ſubſcribe, the Oath of Allegiance and Declaration preſcribed by an Act paſſed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act to enable His Majeſty's Subjects of whatever Perſuaſion, to teſtify their Allegiance to him; ought to be conſidered as good and loyal Subjects to His Majeſty, His Crown and Government: And whereas a Continuance of ſeveral of the

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Laws formerly Enacted, and ſtill in Force in this Kingdom, againſt Perſons profeſſing the Popiſh Religion, is therefore unneceſſary, in reſpect to thoſe who have taken or ſhall take the ſaid Oath, and is injurious to the real Welfare and Proſperity of Ireland; therefore be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Firſt Day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and Eighty-two, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons profeſſing the Popiſh Religion, to purchaſe, or take by Grant, Limitation, Deſcent, or Deviſe, any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in this Kingdom, or any Intereſt therein, (except Advowſons, and alſo except any Manor or Borough, or any part of a Manor or Borough, the Freeholders or Inhabitants whereof are intitled to vote for Burgeſſes to repreſent ſuch Borough or Manor in Parliament) and the ſame to diſpoſe of as he, ſhe, or they ſhall think fit, by Will, or otherwiſe; and that ſuch Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments ſo purchaſed or taken, ſhall be deſcendable, according to the Courſe of the Common Law, and deviſeable and transferable, in like Manner as the Lands of Proteſtants; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Provided,

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Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to disable any Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, from taking any Interest in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, and disposing of the same, in such Manner as such Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, might have done by Law, before the passing of this Act, in any such Manor or Borough.

Saving to all Persons whatsoever, who have or shall have instituted or commenced any Action or Suit in Law or Equity, previous to the passing of this Act, all such Right, Title, Estate, and Interest, both in Law and Equity, as they or any of them had, could, might, or ought to have had, as fully, to all Intents and Purposes, as if this Act had never been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

And provided also, That nothing herein contained shall affect, or be construed to affect, the Right, Title, Claim, Interest, or Estate of any eldest Son and Heir of a popish Parent, who hath before the first Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, conformed himself to the Church of Ireland, as by Law established, or of any Person deriving by, from, or under such eldest Son and Heir of such popish Parent; any Thing herein

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contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Popiſh Eccleſiaſtick, who hath heretofore taken and ſubſcribed, or who ſhall hereafter take and ſubſcribe, the Oath of Allegiance and Declaration, preſcribed by an Act paſſed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act to enable His Majeſty's Subjects of whatever Perſuaſion, to teſtify their Allegiance to him, in the Manner and Form as herein after is particularly ſpecified and ſet forth, and who ſhall regiſter his Chriſtian and Sirnames, Place of Abode, Age, and Pariſh, if he have a Pariſh, and the Time and Place of his receiving his Firſt, and every other Popiſh Orders, and from whom he received them, with the Regiſter of the Dioceſe where his Place of Abode is (for every which Regiſtry the Sum of One Shilling, and no more, ſhall be paid to the Regiſter) ſhall, after the paſſing of this Act, be ſubject to any of the Penalties, Incapacities, or Diſabilities, mentioned in an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of King William the Third, intituled, An Act for baniſhing all Papiſts exerciſing any Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction, and Regulars of the Popiſh Clergy out of this Kingdom; or in an Act made in the Second Year of Queen Ann, intituled, An Act for regiſtering the Popiſh Clergy; or in an Act made in the Second Year of Queen

Queen Ann, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery; or in an Act made in the Second Year of Queen Ann, intituled, An Act to prevent Popish Priests from coming into this Kingdom; or in an Act made in the Fourth Year of Queen Ann, intituled, An Act to explain and amend an Act, intituled, An Act for Registering the Popish Clergy; or in an Act made in the Eighth Year of Queen Ann, intituled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery. CHAP. XXIV.

Provided always, That no Benefits in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Regular of the Popish Clergy, who shall not be in this Kingdom at the Time of passing this Act, or to any Regular of the said Clergy then in this Kingdom, who shall not have taken and subscribed the said Oath, and registered his Names and Additions, in Form and Manner as herein directed, six Months after the passing of this Act, nor to any Popish Ecclesiastick, who shall not upon his Change of Place of Abode, or of Popish Orders or Removal from the Parish which he had so returned, and as often as it shall so happen, make a Return of such Change or Removal within six Months after it shall happen, to the then Register of the Diocese where he had originally registered his Names and Additions as aforesaid; any Thing contained

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in this Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Registers of the different Dioceses throughout this Kingdom, shall enter the Names and Additions as aforesaid, of such Popish Ecclesiasticks, in a separate and distinct Roll, to be by them kept in their respective Offices, there to remain, and on every First Day of January in every Year, shall transmit Copies of such Returns, made in the preceding Year, to the Clerk of the Privy Council, upon Pain of forfeiting to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for every such Offence, the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record.

Provided always, That no Benefits in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Popish Ecclesiastick who shall officiate in any Church or Chapel with a Steeple or Bell, or at any Funeral in any Church or Church-Yard, or who shall exercise any of the Rites or Ceremonies of the Popish Religion, or wear the Habits of their Order, save within their usual Places of Worship, or in Private Houses, or who shall use any Symbol or Mark of Ecclesiastical Dignity or Authority, or assume or take any Ecclesiastical Rank or Title whatsoever, but that all the Pains

pains and penalties which now subsist according to the Laws now in being, shall remain in full Force against such Popish Ecclesiastick so offending as aforesaid; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to any Person or Persons who shall be perverted from the Protestant to the Popish Religion, but that all the Pains, Penalties, and Disabilities, which now subsist, according to the Laws now in being, shall remain in full Force against such Protestant so perverted; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided also, That no Benefits in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to any Popish Ecclesiastick, who shall procure, incite, or persuade any Protestant to become a Papist; but that all the Pains and Penalties which now subsist according to the Laws now in being, shall remain in full Force against such Popish Ecclesiasticks so offending as aforesaid; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of an Act passed in the Eighth Year of Queen Ann, intituled,

CHAP. XXIV.

An Act for explaining and amending an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, as subjects any Papist to Fine and Imprisonment on his Refusal to appear and testify on Oath before Two Justices of the Peace, where and when he heard the Popish Mass celebrated as the same is usual in the Church of Rome, and also the Names of the Persons celebrating and present at it, and the Residence of any Popish Ecclesiastick, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of an Act passed in the Seventh Year of King William the Third, intituled, An Act for the better securing the Government by disarming Papists, as subjects any Papist, who shall, after the Twentieth Day of January, One thousand Six hundred and ninety-five, have or keep in his Possession, or in the Possession of any other Person to his Use or at his Disposal, any Horse, Gelding, or Mare, which shall be of the Value of Five Pounds or more, to the Penalties therein mentioned; and also so much of an Act passed in the Eighth Year of Queen Anne, intituled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, as enables the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governors of this Kingdom, to seize and secure any Horse, Mare, or Gelding belonging to any Papist,

piſt, or reputed Papiſt, upon any Invaſion likely to happen, or in Caſe of inteſtine War broke out, or likely to break out, ſhall be, and is, and are hereby repealed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act paſſed in the Ninth Year of King George the Second, intituled, An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Statutes now near expiring, as enables the Grand Jury to preſent for the re-imburſing ſuch Perſons who have been robbed by Privateers in Time of War, for ſuch Loſſes as they ſhall reſpectively ſuſtain thereby, and for applotting and levying the ſame on the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, Goods, and Chattles of all the Popiſh Inhabitants of the County where ſuch Robbery ſhall be committed, ſhall be, and is hereby repealed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act paſſed in the Sixth Year of King George the Firſt, intituled, An Act for the better regulating the Pariſh Watches, and amending the High Ways in this Kingdom, and for preventing the Miſapplication of Publick Money, as ſubjects ſuch Papiſt or Papiſts who ſhall not provide a Proteſtant Watchman to watch in their Turn, to the Penalties therein mentioned, ſhall be, and is hereby repealed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act paſſed

CHAP. XXIV.

in the second Year of Queen Ann, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, as Subjects any Papist or Papists who shall or may, after the Twenty-fourth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and three, take or purchase any House or Tenement, or come to dwell or Inhabit within the City of Limerick or Suburbs thereof, or within the Town of Galway or Suburbs thereof, to the Penalties therein mentioned, shall be, and is hereby repealed.

Provided also, That no Benefit herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Person who hath not heretofore, or who shall not hereafter before the accruing of such Benefit to such Person or Persons, being of the Age of Twenty-one Years, or who being under the Age of Twenty-one Years, shall not within six Months after he or she shall attain the Age of Twenty-one Years, or being of unsound Mind, or in Prison, or beyond the Seas, or under Coverture, then within six Months after such disability removed, take, and Subscribe the Oath of Allegiance and Declaration prescribed by an Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to enable His Majesty's Subjects of whatever Persuasion to testify their Allegiance to him, in some one of His Majesty's Four Courts in Dublin, or at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of Dublin,

Dublin, or before any of the going Judges of Assize in open Court; any Thing herein contained to the contrary in any Wise notwithstanding. CHAP. XXIV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Names of such Persons as have taken and subscribed or shall hereafter take and subscribe the said Oath of Allegiance and Declaration, with their Places of Abode, and if Laymen, with their Quality, Condition, Titles, and Places of Abode, shall be entered upon Rolls for that Purpose, to be appointed by the said respective Courts, and that the said Rolls, once in every Year, be transmitted to and deposited in the Rolls Office of this Kingdom, to remain amongst the Records, and that the proper Officers of the said Rolls Office, Four Courts, Quarter Sessions, and the said Courts of Assize, shall grant Certificates under their Hands to all such Persons who have already taken and subscribed, or shall hereafter take and subscribe, the said Oath of Allegiance and Declaration, in which Certificates the Quality, Condition, and Titles, if Laymen, and Places of Abode of all such Persons shall be particularly specified, (for every of which Certificates so granted the Sum of Two Shillings and no more shall be paid) which Certificates shall be allowed in all Courts of Law and Equity throughout this Kingdom, as Evidence of such Persons having taken and subscribed the said Oath

CHAP. XXIV.

of Allegiance and Declaration, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the Roll in which the ſame was entered were produced; and that if any Perſon ſhall Forge or Counterfeit, or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or willingly aſſiſt in the forging or counterfeiting any ſuch Certificate, every ſuch Perſon being thereof convicted, ſhall be deemed guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

AN

CHAP. XXV.

AN

ACT

FOR

The Relief of Proteſtant Diſſenters, in certain Matters therein contained.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

A C T.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXV.

An Act for the Relief of Proteſtant Diſſenters, in certain Matters therein contained.

CHAP. XXV.

WHEREAS the removing any Doubts that may have ariſen concerning the Validity of Matrimonial Contracts or Marriages entered into between Proteſtant Diſſenters, and ſolemnized by Proteſtant Diſſenting Miniſters or Teachers, will tend to the peace and Tranquility of many Proteſtant Diſſenters and their Families; Therefore be it Declared and Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Matrimonial Contracts or Marriages, heretofore entered

CHAP. XXV.

into, or hereafter to be entered into, between Proteſtant Diſſenters, and ſolemnized or celebrated by Proteſtant Diſſenting Miniſters or Teachers, ſhall be, and ſhall be held and taken to be good and valid to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, and that all Parties to ſuch Marriages, and all Perſons deriving under them, ſhall, in Virtue of ſuch Marriages be, and be deemed, adjudged, and taken as intitled to all Rights and Benefits whatſoever, from, under, or in Conſequence of ſuch Marriages, in like Manner as all his Majeſty's Subjects of the Eſtabliſhed Church, and as if the ſame had been ſolemnized by a Clergyman of the Church of Ireland by Law eſtabliſhed; any Law, Statute, Cuſtom, Matter, or Thing, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained, ſhall extend to, or make void, or be conſtrued in any Ways contrary to the ſeveral Acts made in the Reigns of their late Majeſties George the Firſt, and George the Second, for preventing clandeſtine and other Marriages therein ſpecified, but that the ſaid Acts ſhall be, and ſhall be deemed and taken to be in full Force and Effect as if this preſent Act had not paſſed; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

AN

CHAP. XXVI.

AN

ACT

FOR

The rendering the Manner of Conforming from the Popiſh to the Proteſtant Religion, more eaſy and expeditious.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

V C L

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXVI.

An Act for the rendering the Manner of Conforming from the Popish to the Protestant Religion, more easy and expeditious.

CHAP. XXVI.

WHEREAS the Manner of Conforming from the Popish to the Protestant Religion, according to the Laws now in Force in this Kingdom, is attended with considerable Delay and Difficulty: And whereas it will tend to promote the Interests of the Protestant Religion, if the Mode of Conforming thereto shall be rendered more easy and expeditious: Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled,

CHAP. XXVI.

assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of June, which shall be in this present Year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, any Person who is or shall be desirous of Conforming from the Popish to the Protestant Religion, shall be deemed, taken, and reputed to be a Protestant of the Church of Ireland, as by Law established, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, if he or she shall, on any Sunday in the Year, in the Time of Divine Service, take and receive from the Hands of the Minister or Curate of any Parish in this Kingdom, the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, according to the Order and Usage of the Church of Ireland, as by Law established; and shall, before such Minister or Curate, in the House of such Minister or Curate, or at any other convenient Place, make and subscribe the Declaration, pursuant to an Act, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, and shall also take the Oaths of Allegiance, Supremacy, and Abjuration; which said Declaration and Oaths, every such Minister and Curate is hereby authorized and required to receive and administer respectively; and shall file in the High Court of Chancery, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of such Minister or Curate, of his or her having performed the said several Requisites; which said Certificate, every such Minister and Curate is hereby authorized and required to grant, without Fee or Reward; and

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for the Filing of which Certificate, no greater Fee shall be taken than Six Pence. CHAP. XXVI.

Provided allways, That every such Certificate shall be so filed as aforesaid, within Six Months after every Person so conforming shall have taken and received the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper as aforesaid, or if the Person so Conforming, shall be under the Age of Eighteen Years, then within Six Months next after his or her attaining that Age; any Thing in any former Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Minister and Curate as aforesaid, shall keep a Roll of Parchment, containing the said Declaration and Oath, from which Roll said Declaration shall be read, and said Oaths administered; and being so administered and read, the Person so Conforming shall sign the same respectively.

CHAP. XXVII.

AN

ACT

TO

Enable the Governors of any of the Schools founded in this Kingdom to make long Leaſes of ſuch Lands as have been granted for the Support of the ſaid Schools, and are ſituate in Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXVII.

An Act to enable the Governors of any of the Schools founded in this Kingdom, to make long Leaſes of ſuch Lands as have been granted for the Support of the ſaid Schools, and are ſituate in Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns.

CHAP. XXVII.

WHEREAS it would encreaſe the Funds provided for the Support of ſeveral of the Schools founded in this Kingdom, if the Governors of the ſaid Schools were enabled to make Building-Leaſes, in the Manner, and ſubject to the Proviſoes herein after mentioned, of a competent Part of ſuch Lands as have been granted for the Support of the ſaid Schools, and are ſituate in Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns: And whereas ſuch Leaſes would tend to the

CHAP. XXVII.

Advantage and Improvement of the said Cities and Towns; be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said respective Governors to make Leases of any Part of the said Lands so situate as aforesaid, for any Term not exceeding forty-one Years; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided allways, That in every such Lease there shall be contained a Covenant on the Part of the Tenant, to lay out a certain Sum of Money in building on the said demised Premisses, or on some Part of the same.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governors to renew the said Leases from Time to Time, taking Fines for such Renewals, which Fines shall be applied to the Credit of the Funds of the said Schools.

Provided allways, That the Lease so renewed shall not exceed the Term of Forty-one Years.

Provided

Provided further, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Lands to be severally demised by any of the said respective Governors from Time to Time, by Virtue of this Act, shall not contain in the Whole, more than the Quantity of Twenty Acres Plantation Measure. CHAP. XXVII.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Primate of Ireland, the Lord Chancellor, the Archbishops of Dublin, Cashel, and Tuam, the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, the Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, the Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer, all for the Time being, or any Three of them, shall, by Writings under their Hands and Seals, signify their Consent, or the Consent of any Three of them, to the making any such Original Lease, previous to the Execution thereof, otherwise the same to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

CHAP. XXVIII.

AN

ACT

TO

Amend the Laws for the erecting and regulating Free Schools.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXVIII.

An Act to amend the Laws for the erecting and regulating Free Schools.

CHAP. XXVIII.

WHEREAS certain Lots of Ground have been ſet apart and appropriated in ſeveral Dioceſes for Free Schools, in purſuance of the Laws made in this Kingdom for the erecting and regulating of Free Schools, upon which School-houſes have been erected, ſome of which are inconveniently ſituated, and have been ſuffered to go to Decay: And whereas ſome of the Lots of Ground ſo appropriated are not large enough for the Accommodation of ſuch Schools, and are ſo confined by neighbouring Buildings, as to render the Air unwholeſome: And whereas well-diſpoſed Perſons may be willing to give more convenient and larger

CHAP. XXVIII.

Lots of Ground for erecting such School-houses upon, without desiring any Rent for the same: And whereas the Ground on which such School-houses at present stand, may be demised at considerable Rents, which may be applied to encrease the Salaries of the Masters of such Schools; Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for any Archbishop, by and with the Approbation and Consent of the patron and School-master, and for any Bishop, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Archbishop of the Province, and of the patron and School-master, to change the Site of any such School-house, to a more convenient place within their respective Diocese.

Provided always, That such Archbishop or Bishop shall, previous to such change, procure a Conveyance, Grant, or Demise for a Term, not less than Nine hundred and Ninety-nine Years, to himself and his Successors, of the Ground to which such School-house shall be removed, at the Rent of one Pepper Corn, in Trust for the erecting of such School.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury of each County, and

and County of a City, or County of a Town within such Diocese, from Time to Time to present such Sum or Sums of Money, as they shall find reasonable, for building and repairing such School-house and Offices, and for providing proper Accommodations for the same; which Sum and Sums so presented, the Presentment being confirmed by the Court, shall be levied in the Manner directed by the Acts made in this Kingdom for the more effectual erecting and better regulating of Free Schools.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Archbishop or Bishop, and their respective Successors, by and with the Consent of the respective School-masters, from Time to Time, to demise such old School-houses, and the Ground belonging to the same, for any Term not exceeding Forty-one Years, at the best and most improved Rent which can be had for the same, to be reserved to the said Archbishop or Bishop, and their respective Successors, in Trust for the Masters of such Schools respectively for the Time being, as an Augmentation of their respective Salaries.

CHAP. XXIX.

AN

ACT

FOR

Amending, altering, and continuing an Act, *intituled*, An Act for regulating the Price and Aſſize of Bread, and preventing Frauds and Impoſitions in the Sale of Flour and other Articles ſold by Weight or Meaſure in the County of *Dublin*.

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A

A C T

Amending, altering, and continuing an Act,
intitled, An Act for regulating the Price
and Assize of Bread, and preventing
Frauds and Impositions in the Sale of
Flour and other Articles sold by Weight
or Measure in the County of Antrim.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXIX.

An Act for amending, altering, and continuing an Act, *intituled*, An Act for regulating the Price and Assize of Bread, and preventing Frauds and Impositions in the Sale of Flour and other Articles sold by Weight or Measure in the County of *Dublin*.

CHAP. XXIX.

WHEREAS several Doubts have arisen in regard to the Regulating of the Assize and Price of Bread, and as little or no Observance has been made in many Places of the proper Weights and Measures, and ill disposed Persons taking Advantage thereof, have fradulently imposed upon, deceived, and oppressed His Majesty's Subjects, and more especi-

CHAP. XXIX.

ally the poorer Sort, and that a plain and constant Rule and Method may hereafter be duly observed and kept in the Making and Assizing of the several Sorts of Bread, made or exposed to Sale in the County of Dublin; Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, that from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March, in the Year of Our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, all Bread made or exposed to Sale in the County of Dublin, shall be made according to the Manner and Assize of Bread Struck by the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin, for the City of Dublin, and that all Meal and Flour sold in the said County, shall be sold subject to the same Regulations and Price as settled by the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin, for the said City; and that no Person whatsoever shall make for Sale, or sell, or Expose to Sale any Sort of Bread, other than the several Sorts of Bread hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, White and Household, all which said several Sorts of Bread shall be made in their several and respective Degrees according to the Goodness of the several Sorts of Grain whereof the same ought to be made, and the Assize and Weight of the said White and Household Bread made of Wheat shall be according to the Weekly Price and Assize

appointed

appointed by the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin, for the said City. CHAP. XXIX.

And to the Intent, that the good Design of this Act may be effectually complied with, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every common Baker, and every Person who shall make or bake Bread for Sale, or any wise expose to Sale, any Sort of Bread whatsoever, in the said County of Dublin, shall, from and after the Twenty-fifth of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, fairly imprint or mark, or cause to be fairly imprinted or marked, on every Loaf of Bread so by him or her made, sold, or exposed to Sale, the Quality, and Name of the Baker of such Loaf, according to the Rules and Assize as directed to be observed in the City of Dublin, by the Lord Mayor of the said City; and if any Baker, or other Person or Persons baking or making Bread for Sale, or exposing Bread to Sale, shall bake, make, sell, or expose to Sale, any Bread which shall be deficient in Weight, according to the Assize of Bread to be set pursuant to the Directions of this Act, or such other Rules and Orders as shall be from Time to Time made as aforesaid; he, she, or they so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Shillings; and for not being marked as aforesaid, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence for each Loaf, such Bread being complained of, and weighed before a Magistrate or

CHAP. XXIX.

Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or any Seneſchal within their reſpective Juriſdictions, within Forty-eight Hours after the ſame ſhall be baked, or expoſed to Sale within the County of Dublin; all which Penalties ſhall be recovered upon Conviction of the Party, by Confeſſion, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any Magiſtrate, Juſtice of the Peace of the County of Dublin, or before any of the Seneſchals in their reſpective Juriſdictions within the ſaid County, to be levied by Way of Diſtreſs upon the Goods and Chattles of every ſuch Offender, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Magiſtrate, Juſtice of the Peace, or Seneſchal, before whom ſuch Conviction ſhall be made, returning the Overplus.

Provided always, That if any Perſon ſo convicted, ſhall think him or herſelf aggrieved, he or ſhe ſhall and may make his or her Appeal in Writing to the next General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace held for ſaid County, where the ſame ſhall be heard in a ſummary Manner, and finally determined; and if the Perſon ſo appealing ſhall not make good ſuch his or her Appeal, or proſecute it with Effect, the ſaid Court of Seſſions ſhall award ſuch Coſts as they ſhall think proper and reaſonable, not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, and commit the Offenders to the Common Gaol of the County, until he or ſhe ſhall make

make Payment of said Costs, and also of the Penalty adjudged on the said Conviction. CHAP. XXIX.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Baker, or Seller of Bread, shall put into any Bread by him sold, or exposed to Sale, any Mixture of any other Grain than what shall be appointed by the Assize settled as aforesaid, every such Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Shillings, to be had and recovered in Manner and Form before mentioned; and if any Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or Seneschal, shall, on due Information, made to him or them, of any Offences committed against this Act, wilfully and willingly omit the Performance of his Duty thereupon in the Execution of this Act, or neglect to pay the Penalties or Forfeitures, when levied, to the Treasurer of the Infirmary of the County of Dublin, he shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds Sterling, to be recovered by Civil Bill before the Chairman and Justices at the General Quarter-Sessions held in and for the County of Dublin.

And that the Good Intent and Design of this Act may be the more effectually accomplished, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or Seneschal, within their re-

CHAP. XXIX.

ſpective Juriſdictions, during the Continuance of this Act, to enter in the Daytime into any Houſe, Shop, Stall, Bake-Houſe, Ware-Houſe, or Out-Houſe, of or belonging to any Baker, or Seller of Bread, there to ſearch for, view, weigh, or try all or any of the Bread of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be there found; and if any Bread ſhall be there found deficient, either in the Goodneſs of the Materials whereof the ſame ſhall be made, or be deficient in the due baking or working thereof, or ſhall be wanting in the due Weight, or ſhall not be truly marked according to the Directions of this Act, or ſhall be of any other Sort than ſhall be allowed by Virtue of this Act, that then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Magiſtrate, Juſtice of the Peace, or Seneſchals as aforeſaid, are hereby ſeverally and reſpectively authorized and impowered to take and ſeize the ſaid Bread ſo found, and cauſe the ſame to be forthwith given and diſtributed to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Seizure ſhall be made, or to the Debtors confined in the County Goal, at their Diſcretion; and if any Baker, or Seller of Bread, or other Perſon or Perſons, ſhall not permit or ſuffer ſuch Search or Seizure to be made, or ſhall oppoſe, hinder, or reſiſt the ſame, he, ſhe, or they ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings; to be recovered and had in the ſummary Manner

and

and Form herein before mentioned, for punishing Bakers, in not observing the Weight of their Bread. CHAP. XXIX.

And whereas Frauds and Impositions have been committed in the Sale of Bread, Flour, Meal, Butcher's Meat, Hay, Straw, and other Articles usually sold by Weight, and in the Sale of Beer, Ale, and other Articles usually sold by Measure; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, that all Weights and Measures used in the Sale of such Articles in the County of Dublin, shall be regulated according to the Standard Weights and Measures used in the City of Dublin, and shall be sealed and marked by the Person appointed to seal or mark such Weights and Measures in the City of Dublin, at the Expence of the Owner of such Weights and Measures.

And to the further Intent that the good Design of this Act may be effectually complied with; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, any Person or Persons using Weights or Measures in the Sale of such Articles in the County

CHAP. XXIX.

of Dublin, that are not ſealed or marked as aforementioned, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence for each and every ſuch Weight and Meaſure, and the like Sum for each and every ſuch Weight and Meaſure as are deficient in the Standard, as before mentioned; and ſuch Weights and Meaſures ſhall be forfeited to the Uſe of His Majeſty; and in Caſe of Non-payment of the ſaid Penalty, ſuch Perſon or Perſons owning or uſing ſuch Weights or Meaſures, ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol of the ſaid County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of forty-eight Hours, the ſaid Penalties to be had and recovered as the Penalties in the former Part of this Act are directed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any ſuch Magiſtrate, Juſtice of the Peace, or Seneſchal, by a Summons in Writing under his Hand, to require any Perſon buying, exchanging, or ſelling any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes by Weight or by Meaſure; and all Perſons of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards, employed in weighing or meaſuring ſuch Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, to appear before ſuch Magiſtrate, Juſtice of the Peace, or Seneſchal, at the Shop, Ware Houſe, or other Place where ſuch Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes are uſually

usually weighed or measured for Sale or Exchange at such Time between the Hours of Nine of the Clock and Two of the Clock on such Day, as in such Summons shall be mentioned, and then and there to produce to such Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or Senelchal, upon Oath, which Oath such Magistrate, Justice, or Senelchal is hereby impowered to administer, every Beam, Scales, Weight, and Measure, in the Custody or Power of such Person, or used, or in Use by or for him, or her, for weighing or measuring of Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes for Sale or Exchange, to be viewed, regulated, or sealed according to Law; and if the Person so required to attend, shall have been served with such Summons by delivering the same to such Person, or leaving the same at his or her usual Place of Abode, with the Husband, Wife, Child, or Servant of such Person aged upwards of Sixteen Years, for the Space of Twenty-four Hours before the Time thereby appointed for such Attendance, every such Person neglecting to attend, or refusing so to be examined, or to make such Production as aforesaid, may be by Warrant of such Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or Senelchals, apprehended and committed to the Common Gaol of the said County, unless the Offender, with Two sufficient Securities, be bound to appear at the next General Sessions of the Peace for the said County, at which Sessions the Justices of the Peace shall, in

CAP. XXIX.

open Court, in a summary Manner examine the Matters aforesaid, and if it shall appear to them that such Summons was duly served as aforesaid, and that such Offender wilfully neglected to appear, or to make such Production, or to be so examined, such Justices may commit such Offender to the Common Gaol of the said County, until he or she shall pay down to the Justices such Sum of Money, not exceeding Forty Shillings, as the said Justices shall require.

And for the better Observance of this Act, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Dublin, or in his Absence his Deputy, shall read this Act in open Court on the First Day of every General Quarter Sessions that shall be held in and for the said County; and in case of Failure thereof, the said Clerks of the Peace shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be sued for and recovered as the other Penalties herein before mentioned.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Penalties herein mentioned, shall go to, and be paid to the Treasurer of the County of Dublin Hospital, for the Use of the Hospital; and that the

the Treasurer thereof shall keep a fair and distinct Account of the same. CHAP. XXIX.

Provided allways, That no Person, punished by Virtue of this Act, shall be, for the same Offence, prosecuted on any other Law, Statute, Usage, or Custom whatsoever.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person or Persons shall be sued, or otherwise impeached for any Thing he shall do in Execution of this Act, the Defendant may plead the general Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence, and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff be nonsuited, or Judgment shall pass for the Defendant in such Suit, such Defendant shall recover treble Costs.

Provided allways, That this Act shall be and continue in force for Four Years, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, and until the End of the next Session of Parliament after the said Four Years.

CHAP. XXX.

AN

ACT

TO

Remove certain Doubts which have been conceived, concerning the Conſtruction of three ſeveral Acts of Parliament paſſed in this Kingdom in the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, for granting Annuities to ſuch Perſons as ſhould voluntarily ſubſcribe the Sums therein reſpectively mentioned.

DUBLIN:

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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXX.

An Act to remove certain Doubts which have been conceived, concerning the Conſtruction of Three ſeveral Acts of Parliament paſſed in this Kingdom in the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, for granting Annuities to ſuch Perſons as ſhould voluntarily ſubſcribe the Sums therein reſpectively mentioned.

CHAP. XXX.

WHEREAS a Doubt has been conceived, whether a Subſcriber, whoſe Nominee dies on any intermediate Day between the Days appointed by the ſaid Acts reſpectively for Payment of the ſaid Annuities, is intitled to receive a proportionable Intereſt for ſuch Number of Days as his Nominee lives, after the laſt Day of Payment, previous to the Death of ſuch Nominee; be it Declared and Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent

CHAP. XXX.

Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo often as the Nominee of ſuch Subſcriber ſhall happen to die on any intermediate Day, between the Days appointed by the ſaid Acts reſpectively for Payment of the ſaid Annuities, ſuch Subſcriber ſhall receive no more than the Arrears of his Annuity which ſhall be due on the Day of Payment previous to the Death of ſuch Nominee; and ſuch Part of the ſaid Annuity as ſhall accrue during the Life of ſuch Nominee, ſubſequent to the Day of Payment previous to his Death, ſhall go to the Subſcribers or Subſcriber of the ſurviving Nominees or Nominee.

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained ſhall avoid any Act already done under the ſaid Acts.

And whereas a Doubt has been conceived, whether a Diſtribution of any Sums accruing by Survivorſhip, ought to be made amongſt the Subſcribers, whoſe Nominees ſurvive, when there appears to be a Sum ſufficient to make a Dividend of half per Cent, unleſs by the Number of Deaths, one half per Cent. can be annually diſtributed, be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo often as it ſhall appear, that the Sums accruing by

by Survivorship, shall be sufficient to make a Dividend of Half per Cent. a Distribution shall be made amongst the Subscribers of the surviving Nominees, though there may not be sufficient to make an annual Distribution of Half per Cent.

CHAP. XXX.

Whereas Joseph Garnault, Proprietor of a Share of One Hundred Pounds in the Life Annuities granted Session One thousand seven hundred and seventy-five, having been in the East Indies, and having sent over the proper Affidavit, required by the said Act, in the General Barker East India Ship that was Wrecked, by which Fatality his said Annuity was not demanded within the Time prescribed by said Act; For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Claim of said Joseph Garnault to said Annuity be received and paid in like Manner as other Proprietors; any Thing contained in said Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. XXXI.

AN

ACT

TO

Enable the Clergy to iſſue Proceſs or Execution for Debts due for Tythes or Dues under Five Pounds.

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A C T

Enable the Clergy to illue Process or Execution for Debts due for Tythes or Dues under Five Pounds.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXXI.

An Act to enable the Clergy to iſſue Proceſs or Execution for Debts due for Tythes or Dues under Five Pounds.

CHAP. XXXI.

WHEREAS by an Act made in this Kingdom, intituled, An Act to prevent frivolous and vexatious Arreſts, and for other Purpoſes, it is among other Things Enacted, That no Perſon ſhall be arreſted or impriſoned by Virtue of, or upon any Execution, or other Proceſs iſſuing out of any ſuperior or inferior Court of Record, or other inferior Court whatſoever in this Kingdom, where the Cauſe of Action ſhould not amount to Five Pounds or upwards, or held to ſpecial Bail for the

CHAP. XXXI.

same upon any Process whatsoever: And whereas the said Clause has been found inconvenient to the Clergy of this Kingdom in the Recovery of their just Rights, which should be at all Times favoured and protected; Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That nothing in the said recited Clause contained shall extend to any Execution or Process, which shall hereafter issue in the Recovery of any Tythes or Dues due or owing to any of the Clergy of this Kingdom, or on any Securities passed for such Tythes or Dues due or owing to any of the said Clergy; any Thing in the said recited Clause, or in any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

AN

CHAP. XXXII.

AN

ACT

TO

Regulate the Admiſſion of Barriſters at Law.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

V C L

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXXII.

An Act to regulate the Admiſſion of Barriſters at Law.

CHAP. XXXII.

WHEREAS it will contribute to the Purity of legal Proceedings, and the regulat Adminiſtration of Juſtice, that no Perſon ſhall be admitted to the Degree of a Barriſter at Law in this Kingdom, until he ſhall have duly qualified himſelf for the ſame; Be it therefore Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Tpiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of Hillary Term, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two,

CHAP. XXXII.

no Person shall be admitted to the Degree of a Barrister at Law, who shall not have been received and admitted into the Society of King's Inns, as a Student, Five Years previous to the Time of his applying to be admitted to the said Degree, and who shall not have resided and kept Commons in the said Society, or in the Society to which he shall belong in Great Britain, at his own Option, for Four entire Terms, in Addition to the Number of Terms which every Student is already required to attend in the Inns of Court in Great Britain, by any Law in Force in this Kingdom, or by any Rule or Usage of the said Society of King's Inns.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person shall be admitted into the said Society as a Student, who shall not, at the Time of his Admission, be of the Protestant Religion, and who shall not first enter into a Bond, in the Penalty of One Hundred Pounds, with Two sufficient Sureties, to be approved of by the Treasurer of the said Society, conditioned that he will not Act or Practice as an Attorney or Solicitor, or as Clerk or Apprentice to any Attorney or Solicitor, during the Time that he shall be a Member of the said Society.

Provided always, That this Act, or any Thing therein contained, shall not extend, nor be construed to extend, to any Person who

who shall have entered his Name in any of the Inns of Court in Great Britain, on or before the said First Day of Hillary Term, in the said Year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two. CHAP. XXXII.

And provided also, That until a Dining-Hall shall be erected, and Commons provided for the Accommodation of the said Society, every Student who shall personally attend the Treasurer of the said Society, or his Deputy, one Day in every Term for Four Terms, and who shall pay into the Hands of the said Treasurer or his Deputy, One Guinea for each of the said Four Terms, shall be considered as having resided and kept Commons in the said Society for Four Terms, within the Meaning of this Act.

Provided also, That where any Person shall have taken the full and perfect Degree of Batchelor of Laws, or Master of Arts in the University of Dublin, or shall have taken a Batchelor or Master of Arts Degree, in one of the English Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, and shall have attended Eight Terms in any of the Inns of Court of Great Britain, or where any Person shall have taken the full and perfect Degree of Batchelor of Arts in the said Universities, and shall have attended Eight Terms in any of the Inns of Court in Great Britain, and shall also have entered his Name in one of the said Inns of Court, and also in the

CHAP. XXXII.

laid Society of King's Inns, Three Years before he ſhall apply to be admitted to the Degree of a Barriſter at Law in this Kingdom, ſuch Perſons may be admitted to the ſaid Degree; any Thing in this or any former Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

AN

CHAP. XXXIII.

AN

ACT

TO

Regulate the Qualification of Perſons appointed to Offices in this Kingdom, wherein Two or more Grantees act under One Grant, Commiſſion, or Appointment.

DUBLIN:

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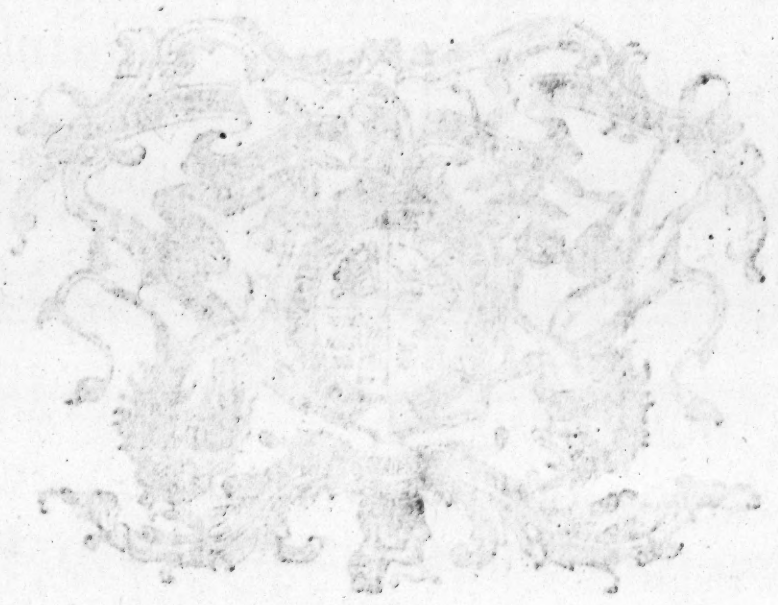

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXXIII.

An Act to regulate the Qualification of Persons appointed to Offices in this Kingdom, wherein Two or more Grantees act under One Grant, Commission, or Appointment.

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WHEREAS the Execution of certain Offices in this Kingdom, is and hath been committed to Two or more Persons, by and under one Grant, Commission, or Appointment; And whereas a Doubt hath arisen, whether upon the Death or Removal of any of the Persons appointed to such Office or Offices, and the granting a new Patent, Commission, or Appointment to the Survivor or Survivors of such Person or Persons so dying, or being removed, all and every the Person and Persons re-appointed to and continuing in

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ſuch Office or Offices, is or are by Law obliged, under every ſubſequent Grant, Commiſſion, or Appointment, again to take the Oath of Office, and to perform again the Requiſites of Qualification for ſaid Office or Offices, although ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo re-appointed, had or ſhall have before taken ſaid Oath of Office, and performed ſuch Requiſites of Qualification for the ſame: And whereas the Publick Service may be much retarded, and the Perſon or Perſons re-appointed to ſuch Office or Offices put to great Inconvenience by the Delay and Expence which ſuch a Practice would occaſion; be it Declared and Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That in all Caſes, where two or more Perſons have been or ſhall be appointed to any Office in this Kingdom, under Your Majeſty, Your Heirs or Succeſſors, in and by One Patent Commiſſion, or other Appointment; and that the Perſons ſo appointed had, or ſhall have once taken the Oath of Office, and performed the other Requiſites preſcribed by Law to Qualify themſelves for executing the ſame; and that any Perſon or Perſons named in One Patent Commiſſion or Appointment, ſhall be re-appointed, and continue without Intermiſſion, in any new or ſubſequent

quent Grant, Commission, or other Appointment, for executing said Office, it shall not be necessary for any such Person or Persons so re-appointed and continued, or to be re-appointed and continued, without Intermission, in such Office or Offices, again to take such Oath of Office or perform the other Requisites prescribed by Law to qualify such Person or Persons so re-appointed to execute the same; any Law to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XXXIII.

CHAP.
XXXIV.

AN

ACT

FOR

The Relief of Sheriffs from whom Priſoners in Execution for Debt ſhall be reſcued in their Removal by Virtue of Writs of *Habeas Corpus*, in ſuch Caſes where the ſaid Sheriffs ſhall appear to have been guilty of no Neglect or Default.

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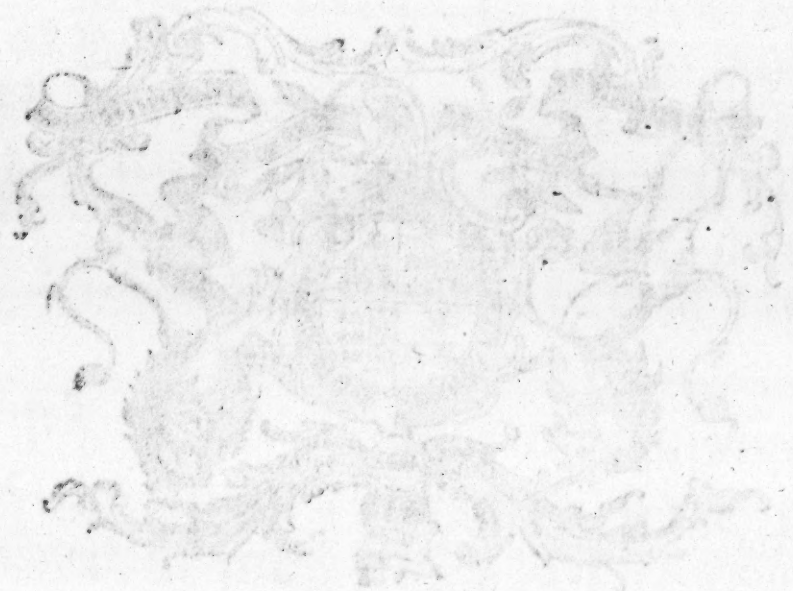

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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXXIV.

An Act for the Relief of Sheriffs from whom Priſoners in Execution for Debt ſhall be reſcued in their Removal by Virtue of Writs of *Habeas Corpus*, in ſuch Caſes where the ſaid Sheriffs ſhall appear to have been guilty of no Neglect or Default.

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WHEREAS Priſoners in Execution for Debt have frequently been reſcued in their Removal under Writs of Habeas Corpus, without any Neglect or Default in the Sheriff or Sheriffs, or in the Perſons having the Charge of ſuch Priſoners: And whereas in ſeveral of the ſaid Inſtances there has been Reaſon to apprehend that ſuch Reſcues have been made at the Inſtance of the Priſoners in whoſe Behalf the ſaid Writs have iſſued:

CHAP. XXXIV.

And whereas it is not juſt that the Sheriffs ſhould be anſwerable for the Debts owing by ſuch Priſoners, where the ſaid Sheriffs have not been culpable; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That in all Caſes where any Priſoner in Execution for Debt ſhall be reſcued on his Removal by Virtue of any Writ of Habeas Corpus, and any Action ſhall be brought for or on Account of the Eſcape of ſuch Priſoner, and it ſhall be proved on the Trial of any Iſſue in ſuch Action, to the Satisfaction of the Jury, that ſuch Reſcue was without any Neglect or Default in the Sheriff or Sheriffs, or in the Perſon having Charge of ſuch Priſoner, that in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Jury, if they ſhall think proper, to find a Verdict for the Defendant in ſuch Action, but without Coſts.

Provided allways, That the Burthen of Proof ſhall in every ſuch Caſe lie upon the Defendant.

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend to any Perſon in his Removal from any Gaol in the City of Dublin, or in the County of Dublin, nor to any

any Rescue within the Bailiwick of any Sheriff or Sheriffs having the Custody of such Prisoner. CHAP. XXXIV.

Provided further, and be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Creditor may issue any new Execution, Writ, or Process, against any Prisoner so escaping as aforesaid.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue in Force for Two Years from the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

CHAP. XXXV.

AN

ACT

FOR

Prohibiting the Uſe of Lime in Bleaching, regulating Sale Maſters of Linens, encouraging the Home Manufacture of Aſhes for Bleachers Uſe, enlarging and rendering more commodious the Linen Hall in the City of *Dublin*, and other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXXV.

An Act for prohibiting the Uſe of Lime in Bleaching, regulating Seal Maſters of Linens, encouraging the Home Manufacture of Aſhes for Bleachers Uſe, enlarging and rendering more commodious the Linen Hall in the City of *Dublin*, and other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CHAP. XXXV.

WHEREAS Lime, when improperly applied in Bleaching, is apt to cauſe Rottenneſs in Linen, and the Uſe of it therefore may occaſion great prejudice and diſcredit to the Linen Manufacture: Be it enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent

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Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall make Uſe of Lime in the Whitening or Bleaching any Linen Cloth or Linen Yarn, upon pain of forfeiting to the Informer the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Hank of Yarn, and of Ten Pounds for every Piece of Cloth, in the Bleaching or Whitening whereof any Lime ſhall be uſed, and alſo the Cloth or Yarn ſo whitened or bleached with Lime, or the Value thereof as hereafter mentioned, any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding; and in caſe the Linen Cloth or Linen Yarn ſo whitened or bleached contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall be withdrawn or concealed, or ſhall not be found, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any two or more of the Truſtees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, or for any Juſtice of the Peace or Magiſtrate of any Town or City within his reſpective Juriſdiction, to enquire, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, into the Value of ſuch Cloth or Yarn, and to ſet a further Fine upon the Offender equal in Value to ſuch Linen Cloth or Linen Yarn, to be paid to the Informer; and that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any two or more of the ſaid Truſtees, or any Magiſtrate or Juſtice of the Peace, by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, to ſummon the ſervant of any Bleacher, or any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to

to appear before him or them, and upon his or their Appearance, to examine him or them upon Oath, what such Servant, Person or Persons knew of his or their Master, or of any other Person using Lime in the Bleaching of Linen Cloth or Linen Yarn; and in case such Servant, Person or Persons, being so summoned, shall wilfully refuse to appear, pursuant to such Summons, the said Trustees, Magistrate or Justice shall and may issue his or their Warrant to apprehend and bring before them or him such Servant, Person or Persons; and in case he or they refuse to be examined upon Oath to the Purpose aforesaid, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Trustees, Magistrate or Justice to commit such Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, there to be kept at hard Labour for the Space of thirty Days, unless he or they do sooner submit to be examined as aforesaid: Provided allways, That such Person as shall be so examined shall not be liable to any Forfeiture or Punishment relating to the Crime or Offence which he shall on such his Examination discover, by Reason or in consequence of his having discovered the same.

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, by Writing appointed under the Hand or Hands of the Person or Persons herein before

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impowered to heat and determine the Offence aforeſaid, or for any Truſtee of the Linen Manufacture, or any Officer, Servant, or Inſpector acting under the ſaid Truſtees, to enter into any Bleach Yard, Buck Houſe, or the Appurtenances thereto belonging, at any Hour of the Day, and view and ſearch all Places, Rooms, Kieves, and Boilers therein, and view the Leys, and the Refuſe and Dregs thereof; and in Caſe any Lime be found within ſuch Bleach Yard or Buck Houſe, or that it appears that any Lime has been mixed with ſuch Leys, that then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Poſſeſſor of ſuch Bleach Yard, and all and every Perſon and Perſons working in the ſaid Buck Houſe, unleſs he or they ſhall prove upon Oath, that ſuch Lime ſo found was brought there, and intended to be uſed only for the Purpoſe of Building, or repairing Buildings thereon, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds each, to be paid to the Informer or Informers: Provided allways, That nothing herein, or in any other Act contained, ſhall induce any Penalty or Forfeiture on any Perſon who ſhall uſe Aſhes in the Compoſition or making whereof any Lime may have been mixed, nor on any Printer or Stainer who ſhall uſe a Ley of Lime Water for preparing Linen or Yarn for being ſtained, printed, or dyed.

And whereas it ſhould tend much to th. Prevention of Frauds, and the Recovery

very of Damages by Parties injured, in case Frauds should be committed, if the Persons intrusted with Seals, whether for White or Brown Linens, were to give sufficient Security for the due Execution of their Offices; be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, all Persons heretofore appointed by the said Trustees to be Seal Masters or Lappers, shall cease to be Seal Masters or Lappers, or to act as such; and that if any Person whatsoever, shall, after said Day, seal any Piece of Brown or White Linen or Hempen Cloth, with any Seal heretofore granted by the said Trustees, or used under their Order or Permission, or by the Order or Permission of any of their Officers, every such Person shall be subject to, and suffer all the Penalties and Forfeitures Enacted against any Person who shall seal or stamp any Linen, after Notice from the said Trustees, that his Seal or Stamp is ordered to be given up, or no longer used by him; and every Person who shall after said Day expose to Sale, pack up, or enter for Exportation, or buy, or agree to buy, any Piece of Linen or Hempen Cloth with such Seal or Stamp only on it, or without being stamped or sealed, as the said Trustees shall order and appoint after the passing of this Act, in Cases where the Law requires the same to be stamped, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds for every such Piece, unless it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said

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Truſtees, that ſuch Linen or Hempen Cloth was ſtamped or ſealed before the ſaid Firſt Day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, and could not conveniently be ſtamped or ſealed again before it was ſo expoſed to Sale, bought, agreed to be bought, packed up, or entered for Exportation.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon who ſhall be appointed by the ſaid Truſtees to be a Seal Maſter or Lapper, after the paſſing of this Act, ſhall receive any Seal or Stamp, or act as Seal Maſter or Lapper, until he ſhall have entered into Security to the ſaid Truſtees, or their Secretary, by Bond and Warrant of Attorney, to confeſs Judgment thereon, in ſuch Sum, as the ſaid Truſtees, or any Three or more of them, ſhall appoint; if for a White Seal, not leſs than Two hundred Pounds, and if for a Brown Seal, not leſs than Twenty Pounds, and ſhall likewiſe procure Two ſufficient Perſons, who ſhall at the ſame Time enter into a like Security, by Bond and Warrant jointly and ſeverally, in a Sum of equal Amount with that he is required to enter into; and all ſaid Perſons ſhall at the Foot of their Bonds make Affidavit reſpectively, each for himſelf, that he is really and bona Fide worth the Sum for which he is bound in the ſaid Bond, over and above all his juſt Debts, and excluſive of any Property of which he is bare Tenant for Life; the Condition of

every

every of which Bond and Bonds shall be, that such Person so appointed Seal Master or Lapper shall duly and diligently exercute his Office, and neither seal, stamp, or lay, or suffer the said Seal or Stamp to be put upon any Linen which is not sound, merchantable, and free from Wilderb, Rottenness, or any Fraud or Damage, except such Holes, not exceeding Three in each Piece, as shall be exposed to view, and marked on the Outside thereof, and that such Person, his Executors or Administrators, shall duly, and without Delay, pay all such Fines as shall be legally imposed on him as a Seal Master or Lapper, from Time to Time, and in Case of the Death of One of his Sureties, that he will, within One Month after such Death shall have come to his Knowledge, procure another sufficient Person to enter into a like Security, with a like Affidavit at the foot thereof, and that he will surrender and give up the said Seal or Stamp when thereunto required by the said Trustees, or any Five or more of them, and that he will not at any Time lend, hire out, or sell the said Stamp or Seal, or suffer the same to be used by any Person but himself, or his known Servant, at his usual Place of Residence.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no such Person shall retrive his Seal or Stamp, or act as Seal Master or Lapper, until he

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ſhall take and ſubſcribe the Oath following:

I *A B.* of appointed to the Office of Seal Maſter of Brown Linen, or Seal Maſter and Lapper of White Linen, as the Caſe may be, do ſwear, that I will truly, honeſty, diligently, and to the beſt of my Skill and Judgment, execute my ſaid Office, and will from Time to Time obey all lawful Commands and Directions given to me by the Truſtees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures touching my ſaid Office, and that I will not knowingly ſeal or ſtamp, or ſuffer to be ſealed or ſtamped with my Seal, any Linen that is mildewed, rotten, unmerchantable or fraudulently made up, bleached or whitened, or ſtamp or mark, or ſuffer to be ſtamped or marked, any falſe Length or Breadth thereon.

Provided always, And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Seal Maſter of Brown Linin ſhall reſide within the Pariſh mentioned on his Seal, and that one of the Perſons who ſhall ſo enter into Security for him as aforeſaid, ſhall be reſident within the ſame Pariſh, or in or within one Mile of the next Market-Town thereto, within the ſame County.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Seal Maſter and Lapper, who ſhall be appointed after the paſſing of this Act, ſhall be ſubject to all and every the Regulations

tions and Penalties, and have the ſame Powers and Authorities, as any Seal Maſter or Lapper appointed before the paſſing of this Act would have or be ſubject unto, except where the ſame is altered by or contrary to this Act. CHAP. XXXV.

Provided alſo, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in Caſe any Seal Maſter or Lapper ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay any Fine legally impoſed on him, as a Seal Maſter or Lapper, the ſame may be recovered by the ſame Ways, Powers, and Authorities, againſt one or both of his Securities, as they might by Law againſt ſuch Lapper or Seal Maſter; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Truſtees ſhall cauſe exact Liſts of all Seal Maſters and Lappers, with the Dates of their reſpective Appointments, and the Names and Reſidence of their Securities, to be hung up at all Times in one or more conſpicuous Places in the Linen Hall of Dublin, for the Inſpection of every Perſon; and likewiſe ſhall give to every Inſpector, who ſhall be appointed as herein after mentioned, a like Liſt, to be by him carried to each Market he ſhall attend, and ſhewn, without Fee or Reward, to every Perſon there deſiring to ſee the ſame; and that for the more effectually ſerving of ſaid

CHAP. XXXV.

Seal Masters or Lappers with Notice as hereafter is mentioned in Cases of Complaint; every Seal Master or Lapper shall, upon his Appointment, give in Writing the Name of some Person resident in Dublin, at whose House a Notice or Summons served, shall be deemed good and sufficient Service upon him.

Provided always, That he may from Time to Time change and appoint any other Person's House than the one first named, or thereafter named, so as he always keeps up an Appointment of some one House in Dublin, where Notices shall be served.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Appointment made after the passing of this Act, of any Seal Master or Lapper, shall be valid, so as to authorize such Person to act as such, unless it shall be signed by Five of the said Trustees at the least, nor unless Five Trustees at the least, shall certify therein under their Hands, their Approbation of the Securities given by and entered into for him, and nor unless Two Trustees at the least, shall certify that he has in their Presence, taken and subscribed the Oath required by this Act to be by him taken.

And whereas Inspectors are deemed to be necessary for the better Prevention of Frauds in the Sale of Brown Linens, whereby Bleachers and Drapers are often

imposed

imposed on, and a great Loss occasioned to them, or a manifest Inducement created for their further Concealment of the Fraud until the Linen shall be finished and sold, to the Discredit of the Manufacture: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees, or any Twelve or more of them assembled at the Linen Hall in the City of Dublin, to appoint annually one Inspector for each of the Counties following, *scilicet*, Antrim, Armagh, Derry, Donegal, Down, and Tyrone, and one Inspector for the Three Counties of Cavan, Fermanagh, and Monaghan, and one Inspector for the Counties of Lowth, and Meath, and County of the Town of Drogheda, and one Inspector for the Counties of Sligo, Mayo, and Galway, in Manner herein after mentioned, that is to say, the said Trustees shall publickly in every Year, advertise and require the Bleachers registered as herein after mentioned, and resident within each of the said Counties or Districts, for which one Inspector is hereby allowed to be appointed respectively, to meet on some certain Day in the Months of April or May, and at some certain Place to be named in such Advertisement, for the Purpose of considering the Expediency of appointing an Inspector therein, and of returning the Names of Three Persons proper to execute the Office of Inspector; and if the Majority of registered Bleachers present at such Meeting, shall there certify that a proper Inspector

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will be of Service to the Manufacture and Markets of that County or Diſtrict, and ſhall likewiſe return under their Hands and Seals to the ſaid Truſtees, the Names of Three perſons, each of whom is properly qualified in their Opinion to be an Inſpector there, the ſaid Truſtees may appoint ſuch One of the ſaid Three perſons as they ſhall think proper, to be an Inſpector of Wrought Linens and Yarn in the ſaid County or Diſtrict for one Year, from the firſt Day of May or June immediately following, which ever ſhall next happen, and ſo yearly and every Year in like Manner; and the ſaid Truſtees ſhall and may pay unto every ſuch Inſpector as a Reward for his Trouble and Attendance, ſuch Salary, not exceeding the Rate of Forty Pounds by the Year, as they ſhall think proper, any Law to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees, or any Twelve or more of them aſſembled at the Linen Hall aforeſaid, to diſmiſs or remove any ſuch Inſpector at any Time within the Year, and to appoint one other of the ſaid Three perſons to be Inſpector in his ſtead for the Remainder of the ſaid Year.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees, or any Twelve or more of them aſſembled as aforeſaid, to appoint ſuch

such Persons not exceeding Four in Number, to be Inspectors in any other parts of this Kingdom than those herein before mentioned, at and for such Times, and from Time to Time as they shall choose, with such Salaries for each, not exceeding Forty Pounds by the Year, as they shall think proper. CHAP. XXXV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Inspector shall have full Power and Authority, and he is hereby required to seize and inform against every Piece of Brown Linen which shall be sold or exposed to Sale, or bought, or agreed to be bought, in any Market within his Inspection, and which is mislebed, fraudulent, or not stamped, or falsely or improperly stamped or marked, and for that Purpose he shall have full Power and Authority, and it shall and may be lawful for him to search and examine all Linens in every of the said Markets, or which shall have been sold, or agreed to be sold therein, and likewise to seize and inform against all Yarn which shall be sold or exposed to Sale, or agreed to be sold in any of the said Markets, without being reeled, lay-banded, divided or made up, as by Law required for such Yarn; and every Inspector who shall conceal or connive at any Offence, contrary to this or any other Law touching the Linen or Hempen Manufactures, or omit to inform against any Seal Marker who shall neglect or act contrary to his

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Duty, ſhall be ſubject to all Fines and Penalties enacted againſt ſuch Offence, or for ſuch neglect, or acting contrary to Duty, as fully as if he had been guilty of ſuch Offence, neglect, or acting contrary to Duty.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Inſpector ſhall once at the leaſt in every Quarter of a Year, and as much oftener as he ſhall be thereunto required by the ſaid Truſtees, or by any regiſtered Bleacher, reſident within his Diſtrict, return in Writing upon Oath to the ſaid Truſtees, a Diary or Journal of his proceeding, and of the State of the Markets within his Inſpection, and of all Linen and Yarn by him ſeized or informed againſt, and of the conduct of every Sale Maſter of Brown Linen, ſo far as the ſame ſhall have come to his Knowledge, and ſhall execute within his Diſtrict, all lawful Commands given to him by the ſaid Truſtees from Time to Time, touching the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, under Pain of forfeiting Five Pounds for every Neglect or Omiſſion of ſo doing.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Bleacher or Perſon who ſhall follow the Trade of bleaching or whitening Linen or Hempen Cloth, ſhall, as ſoon as he conveniently can, regiſter his Name and Place of Abode with the ſaid Truſtees, a Copy of which Regiſtry they ſhall from Time to Time tranſmit to their

their several Sale Masters and Lappers of White Linen; and no Seal Master or Lapper shall seal or stamp any Piece of White or bleached Linen Cloth from and after the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, unless the Bleacher, whose Name shall be marked thereon, as is by Law required, shall have registered his Name and Place of Abode as aforesaid, nor unless the Word Registered be marked on such Linen before the Word Bleacher, under the Penalty of Five Pounds for every such Piece. CHAP. XXXV.

And whereas the Laws heretofore made to prevent the stealing Linen and other Articles out of Bleach-greens, have not proved effectual: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Constable or other Person, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, which Warrant every Justice of the Peace and Magistrate is hereby authorized and required to grant, on Proof upon Oath of any one credible Person being made before him of any of the Articles herein after mentioned having been stolen, to make Search in all suspected Houses and Places within the Jurisdiction of such Magistrate or Justice, for any Yarn, Linen, Pot or other Ashes, or any Utensils or Materials whatsoever used in the bleaching or whitening Linen or Hempen Cloth or Yarn, and if such Constable or Person shall find

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any ſuch in the Poſſeſſion, Houſe, Out-houſe, Field or Ground of any Perſon ſuſpected to be guilty of any of the Offences aforeſaid, he ſhall bring ſuch ſuſpected Perſon before ſuch Juſtice or Magiſtrate, or any other Juſtice of the Peace or Magiſtrate; and if ſuch ſuſpected Perſon ſhall not make full and clear Proof to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtice or Magiſtrate, that ſuch Linen, Yarn, Pot or other Aſhes, Utenſil, or Part of any Utenſil or Material uſed in the bleaching or whitening Linen or Hempen Cloth or Yarn, was fairly and honeſtly bought by ſuch Perſon, or made by him or her, or given to him or her by the lawful Owner or Owners thereof, ſuch ſuſpected Perſon ſhall forfeit and pay ſuch Sum of Money, not exceeding Five Pounds, as to ſuch Juſtice or Magiſtrate ſhall ſeem meet to be paid to the Informer; and upon Non-payment thereof, ſuch Juſtice or Magiſtrate ſhall commit ſuch Perſon to the Common Gaol of the County, Town, or City, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding Six Months, or until ſuch Penalty be paid.

Provided allways, That ſuch Penalty being paid or Commitment made, ſhall not be conſtrued to prevent ſuch Perſon from being indicted, tried, convicted, and criminally puniſhed, for having ſtolen the ſaid Articles, or any of them, or received or concealed

cealed the same, knowing them to be stolen. CHAP. XXXV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Action or Suit for Damages on Account of bad or improper Bleaching any Linen or Hempen Cloth, shall be brought or commenced against any Bleacher, his Executors or Administrators, unless the same be brought or commenced within three Years after such Cloth shall have been bleached, or within three Years after it shall have been first sold by the Draper or Person who bought or received the same from such Bleacher; and that in every such Action or Suit against any Bleacher, Proof made of the Cloth having been rotten or tender, shall be conclusive evidence against such Bleacher of his or her bad or improper Bleaching, unless it shall be proved by the Defendant that all the Materials and Means made use of or practised in bleaching or whitening such Cloth, were such only as the Law allows, and were fairly, honestly, and properly used and practised therein, and that the Cloth was sound, merchantable, and properly made up, at the Time it was finished and delivered by him or her.

And whereas a more speedy and satisfactory Redress to Buyers for the Damages occasioned by bad Bleaching, or fradulent or negligent Lappers and Seal Masters, must tend to discourage Fraud, and to

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raiſe and ſupport the Credit of the Manufacture: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Truſtees ſhall meet on the firſt Tueſday in every Month in the Year, and on every ſecond Day (Sundays excepted) during each Linen Market of Dublin, at the Linen Hall in the City of Dublin, or at ſome of their Buildings contiguous thereto, and that any three or more of them ſhall and may then and there proceed to hear and determine all Complaints which ſhall be made againſt any Lapper or Seal Maſter, for fraudulent, unſound, damaged or unmerchantable Linens, or for miſconduct in his Office, and ſhall there ſit from Day to Day (Sundays excepted) until all ſuch Complaints ſhall be determined; and that upon every ſuch Complaint, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees, to deſire the Attendance of ſuch Merchants, Drapers, Bleachers, or other Perſons ſkilled in the Linen Manufacture, as they ſhall think proper, not more than five, nor leſs than three in Number, to examine the Linens complained of, and give their Opinion upon Oath, which Oath the ſaid Truſtees, or any one of them is hereby impowered to Adminiſter, as to the State and Quality of ſuch Linens, and whether the Seal Maſter or Lapper has acted improperly, negligently, or fraudulently, in Stamping or Sealing ſuch Linens, and the Opinion of ſuch Perſons ſo ſworn, or the Majority of them, delivered in Writing,

and

and signed by the Persons giving it, shall be conclusive Evidence to the said Trustees, of the State or Quality of the Linen, and of the Conduct of the Seal Master or Lapper in respect thereof, and the Trustees shall then proceed to determine said Complaint, according to such Opinion, by dismissing the same, or fining the Seal Master or Lapper in such Sum or Sums, not exceeding the Sum or Sums allowed by Law, as they shall think proper for his Punishment, and for or towards recompensing the Damages to the Party injured. CAP. XXXV.

Provided always, That such Persons so called upon to give their Opinion as aforesaid, may, if thereunto required by the said Trustees, declare likewise their Opinion upon Oath of the Amount of Damages sustained by or occasioned to the Complainant, by means of the bad State of the Linen, or the Misconduct of the Seal Master or Lapper; and that it shall and may be lawful for either of the Parties complained of or complaining, to object to any Person called upon to give his Opinion, and if it shall appear upon Oath, that such Person is particularly interested for either Party, or concerned in the Linen complained of, he shall be set aside and another called on in his Room.

Provided also, That the said Trustees shall not in any Case, whether they mean to call upon such Persons, or to determine,

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as heretofore, without their Assistance, proceed to hear any Complaint against any Seal Master or Lapper, on Account of any unsound, fraudulent, damaged or unmerchantable Linens, unless it shall first appear to them, that Notice of such intented Complaint has been personally served upon such Seal Master or Lapper, seven Days at the least previous thereto, or at the House in the City of Dublin, appointed as aforesaid by such Seal Master or Lapper, or in Failure of such Appointment, upon the Inspector within whose District such Seal Master or Lapper resides, fourteen Days at the least previous thereto, and that Notice of such Complaint has been likewise entered with the Secretary of the said Trustees, three Days at least.

Provided allways, That if there shall be no Inspector for the County or District within which such Seal Master or Lapper resides, and no House in the City of Dublin appointed by him as herein before required, Notice posted up at any conspicuous Place within the Parish wherein he resides, or is described in his Appointment to reside, fourteen Days at the least, previous to the Day of hearing such Complaint, shall be deemed good and sufficient Notice.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Opinions given upon Oath as aforesaid, shall be regularly filed and preserved by the said Trustees, and be open to

to the Inſpection of every Perſon who may wiſh to ſee them.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Officer, Seal Maſter, Lapper, Inſpector, or Servant appointed by or acting under the ſaid Truſtees, ſhall at any Time demand, take, or receive any Fee, Gratuity, or Reward whatſoever, directly or indirectly, for any Act or Thing done by him as an Officer, Seal Maſter, Lapper, Inſpector, or Servant, other than ſuch Fee, Payment, or Reward, as is now or ſhall hereafter be appointed by Law, or publickly authorized by the ſaid Truſtees, or if any ſuch Perſon intruſted by the ſaid Truſtees with the Payment of Money, ſhall deduct any Sum, by way of Diſcount or Premium, or Demand, take or receive any Diſcount or Premium for paying the ſame, and ſhall be thereof convicted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, he ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, to any Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame, and proſecute him to Conviction, and he ſhall be adjudged, and is hereby declared to be incapable of ever after holding or exerciſing any Office under the ſaid Truſtees.

And whereas the Appointment of a proper Perſon, well ſkilled in the Linen Manufacture, to go from Time to Time, through the various parts of the Kingdom, or of one ſuch Perſon to go from

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Time to Time through the various Parts of the Province of Ulſter, and of one other ſuch Perſon to go from Time to Time through the other three Provinces, and ſeverally to enquire into, and report to the ſaid Truſtees, the State of the Linen Manufacture therein, and the Effect of their Regulations, Bounties, and Premiums, and Conduct of their Officers throughout the Country, may tend to prevent Miſconduct in ſuch Officers, and to enable the ſaid Truſtees the better to promote the ſaid Manufactures: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees, or any twelve or more of them, aſſembled at any Meeting herein before required to be held at the Linen Hall, on the firſt Tueſday in any Month, to appoint, during their Pleaſure, a proper and ſufficient Perſon to be Inſpector General under them, of the ſaid Manufactures, with ſuch Salary, not exceeding Five Hundred Pounds by the Year, as they ſhall think proper, or to appoint one ſuch Perſon for the Province of Ulſter, with a Salary not exceeding Three Hundred Pounds by the Year, and alſo one other Perſon to be Inſpector General for the other Three Provinces, with ſuch Salary, not exceeding Five Hundred Pounds by the Year, as they ſhall think proper.

Provided always, That every ſuch Perſon ſhall have been bred to, or carried on upon his own Account, as a Manufacturer,

facturer, Trader, or Merchant, some one Branch of the Linen Manufacture, either by the bleaching, selling, dying, stamping, or staining Linen.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That each such Person, so appointed Inspector General, shall, from Time to Time, and as often as thereunto required by the said Trustees, go through the several parts of his Inspection, where the said Manufacture is carried on, or to such Parts as he shall be by them required, and that he shall inspect into such Matters relative to the said Manufactures, as he shall be by them ordered, from the growing of the Seed, to the most finished State of the Linen, and likewise into the State of the Markets, the Conduct of all Seal Masters, Lappers, and Inspectors, the Application of Utensils granted from Time to Time by the said Trustees, the Expenditure of the Money by them granted for Bleachgreens, Mills, Buildings, or other Purposes, the Situation and State of such Bleachgreens, Mills, and Buildings, the Materials used by Bleachers, and whether any and what Frauds be committed in claiming any Premiums, or distributing any Utensils, granted by the said Trustees, and for that Purpose to use and exercise, and he is hereby authorized to use and exercise every Power, and to do every Act which any one Trustee is in himself by this or any other Law vested with, or authorized to do, to all Intents

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tents and Purposes, as fully and effectually as if he were himself a Trustee, and the said Powers were herein specifically Enacted; and that each such Inspector General, shall always return upon Oath to the said Trustees, a full and true Account of said several Matters, and of his Progress in the Execution of their Orders, and of every Fraud, Neglect, or Misconduct, which he shall have observed or found out in any Officer, Bleacher, Seal Master, Inspector, or in the Application of any Utensil, or claim or Payment of any Premium granted by the Board.

And whereas the yearly Sum which the said Trustees are allowed by Law to appoint and pay for the Salaries of all Officers, Clerks, Doorkeepers, Servants, and Factors, has been found insufficient: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees to appoint and pay for Salaries of all Officers and Servants employed by or attending the said Trustees, or at the Linen and Yarn Halls, the Sums following, and no more, that is to say, for the Salary of a Secretary, any Sum not exceeding Two Hundred Pounds per Annum, and for the Salaries of Clerks, not exceeding Three in Number, any Sum not exceeding the Rate of Sixty Pounds by the Year for each Clerk, and for the Salary of a Clerk to the Treasurer, any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds by the Year,

Year, and for the Salary of the Chamberlain of the Linen Hall, any Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Eight Pounds by the Year, and for the Salary of the Chamberlain of the Yarn Hall, any Sum not exceeding Forty-eight Pounds by the Year; and for the Salaries of Porters, Messengers, Door-keepers, and all other Officers, any Sum and Sums, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One Hundred and Fifty Pounds by the Year, exclusive of the Salaries or yearly Allowances to such Persons as may be appointed Inspectors of Country Markets, pursuant to the Provisions herein contained, and exclusive of such Salary or Salaries, as the said Trustees shall appoint, for One or Two General Inspectors, as herein before mentioned, and for their Agent in London. CHAP. XXXV.

And whereas the Linen Hall in the City of Dublin is too small, and many Enlargements and Alterations are necessary to be made therein, for the Accommodation of the Markets there, and in order to carry the same into Execution, it will be necessary that so much of Lurgan-Street, as lies between Linen-Hall-Street, and the South End of the House wherein Broghill Newburgh, Esquire, lately lived, and the North-side of Derry-Street, and likewise the whole of Derry-Street, should be shut up and enclosed: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees to shut up and

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enclose, and turn to such Purposes as they shall think proper, for the better Accommodation of the Market at the Linen-Hall, the Whole of Derry-Street, and so much of Lurgan-Street, as is before mentioned; and that from and after their or either of their being so shut up, such Street, or Part of the Street so shut up, shall not be used, claimed, or deemed to be a Street, Road, or Passage, nor shall the Trustees be liable to any Assessment or Tax, for Paving or Lighting, for or in Respect of the same, but the Ground now occupied by the same, shall be, and is hereby vested in the said Trustees, and their Successors; any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And in Order to have the necessary Accommodations and Enlargements made there as expeditiously as possible, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Surplus or Residue of the additional Duty or Impost, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum, on the Produce and Amount of the Customs inwards, and Impost Excise, which is provided by an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting Bounties on the Export of certain Species of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of this Kingdom, therein enumerated, and for repealing the Bounties on Flax Seed imported, and for encouraging the Growth thereof in this Kingdom, to be

be paid to the said Trustees, shall be by them applied and expended towards carrying the said Enlargements into Execution, and providing further Accommodation for the Markets there; any Law to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XXXV.

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees to take and procure, by Lease or Purchase, such Ground or Houses as they shall deem necessary to procure, for the proper Enlargement and Accommodation of the said Hall and Market.

And whereas the said Trustees are possessed by Lease of a Piece of Ground in Poolbeg-street, whereon they formerly built a House for keeping Flax-seed imported, out of the Money granted to them by Parliament, and the same not having been used by them for that Purpose, and for these Twenty Years past became useless and unprofitable to them, and being detached from their other Buildings, they did lately, at the Request of the Dublin Society, permit the said Society to use the same as a Repository for Implements of Husbandry and Models thereof, but did not grant the same or give any Lease thereof to the said Society, not being impowered by Law to make any Lease, or alien or dispose of any Land, Houses, or Buildings, vested in, or procured by them as Trustees for the Encouragement of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures;

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nufactures: And whereas the purpoſes to which the ſaid Dublin Society have applied the ſame, of being a Stone-houſe and Manufactory of the various Inſtruments uſed in Tillage are very deſirable, and muſt tend to promote and improve the Mode of Agriculture in this Kingdom: And whereas as well the ſaid Society, as the ſaid Truſtees, depend on the Aid of Parliament, for enabling them to promote the ſeveral Matters committed to their Care, and Parliament has lately encreaſed the Funds of the ſaid Truſtees very much, whereby they are enabled to enlarge and render ſufficiently commodious their Buildings at the Linen-Hall: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Intereſt, Right and Title of the ſaid Truſtees to the ſaid Ground, Buildings and Appurtenances in Poolbeg ſtreet, be, and they are hereby veſted in, transferred and aſſigned over to the Dublin Society, to be held by the ſaid Society, in as full and ample a Manner as the ſaid Truſtees held the ſame, ſubject nevertheleſs to the Rents and all other Covenants on the Part of the ſaid Truſtees to be paid, kept, or performed, for or in Reſpect of the ſame; and the ſaid Truſtees ſhall, and they are hereby impowered and required to aſſign their Leaſe and Intereſt therein, unto the ſaid Society, when thereunto called upon by the ſaid Society.

And whereas the high Price of Aſhes has given a great Temptation to the Uſe of Lime

Lime in Bleaching, and Ashes can be made in this Kingdom of a good Quality for Bleachers use, and it is of the most essential Consequence to the Linen Manufacture, that there should be a constant, certain, and cheap Supply of them: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Trustees shall and may, and they are hereby required to apply such Proportion of the Money committed to their Management as they shall think proper, not less than Four Thousand Pounds a Year, towards encouraging the Manufacture of Ashes, and discovering and promoting the Cultivation of those Vegetables which afford the greatest Quantity of Alkaline Substance when burned; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XXXV.

And whereas very large Sums have been expended by the said Trustees from Time to Time, in the Distribution of Wheels, Reels, and Looms, and the procuring a greater Supply of Irish Flax, is essentially necessary to the Encrease of the Linen Manufacture, and every small Part of the Funds of the said Trustees has been applied thereto: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Trustees shall not grant in any one Year from the First of January, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, for Wheels, Reels, and Looms, more than the Sum of Three Thousand Pounds; and that if any of the said Trustees shall sign any Grant or Order

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Order for a Grant to a greater Amount than Three Thouſand Pounds in any one Year, or ſhall after the Sum of Three Thouſand Pounds ſhall have been granted for that Purpoſe, ſign any further, or other Grant in the ſame Year, for Wheels, Reels, or Looms, whereby there ſhall be a greater Charge than the Sum of Three Thouſand Pounds occaſioned in that Year for ſuch Purpoſes, every ſuch Grant ſhall be null and void, and no Receipt or Voucher for the ſame ſhall be allowed in their Accounts, nor ſhall any Part of the Money entruſted to them to promote the Linen and Hempen Manufactures be applied to pay the ſame.

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Part of the Funds entruſted to the Care and Management of the ſaid Truſtees, ſhall be applied in the Encouragement of any Manufacture, whereof Two Parts in Three at leaſt, are not made of Linen or Hempen Yarn, or wherein Linen or Hempen Yarn does not run through the whole of the Fabric.

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Money ſhall be paid by the ſaid Truſtees, for or on Account of any Grant by them made, of Wheels, Looms, Reels, Hatchels, or any other Utenſils, unleſs within Six Months after the paſſing of this Act, or Twelve Months after ſuch Grant ſhall be made, nor unleſs it ſhall appear

pear by Affidavit, that the Wheels, Looms, Reels, Hatchels, or other Utenſils mentioned in ſuch Grant have been well and truly made agreeable thereto, nor unleſs the Receipt of the Perſon to whom any ſuch Grant has been or ſhall be at any Time made, or of his or her Heirs, Executors or Adminiſtrators, in caſe of his or her Death, or if ſuch Perſon be abſent from the Kingdom, of his or her known Agent, be produced and given at the Time of ſuch Payment. CHAP. XXXV.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall not be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees to offer any Premium or Reward, or make any Order or Grant which may cauſe any Demand of Money upon the Funds appropriated to their Care and Management, except on the firſt Tueſday of each Month, at one of their Meetings at the Linen Hall herein before required to be holden there, nor unleſs Twelve Truſtees at the leaſt there and then preſent, ſhall ſign their Names thereto at ſuch Meeting; and that the Account of the Receipts and Payments of all Money entruſted to their Care and Management, ſhall be duly and regularly ſettled by them once at the leaſt in every half Year, and as much oftener as they ſhall think proper, and entered into their Journal, or any other Book by them appointed for the Purpoſe; and every ſuch Account ſhall be ſigned by at leaſt Five Truſtees,

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who ſhall certify their having examined the ſame.

And to prevent as much as may be, the Inconvenience of long and unaudited Accounts, by any Neglect of ſettling the ſame in Manner aforeſaid: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall not be lawful for the Vice-Treaſurers, Receiver General, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, to pay any Money appropriated or granted by Law, to be paid to the ſaid Truſtees, upon any Warrant, Order, or Receipt from them, unleſs the Words following be therein contained, "The Accounts of all Receipts and Payments of Money, by or for the Uſe of the Truſtees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, having been ſettled by them and entered as the Law requires, to and for the Twenty-fifth Day of *March*, or Twenty-ninth Day of *September* laſt paſt," which ever ſhall have happened next immediately before the Date of ſuch Warrant, Order, or Receipt, nor unleſs it be ſigned underneath the ſaid Words by Five Truſtees at the leaſt.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Truſtee ſhall ſign as a Truſtee, any Account wherein any Payment ſhall be allowed which is contrary to, or not authorized by this or ſome other Act or Acts of Parliament, or ſhall ſign as a Truſtee, any Order for paying, allowing, or granting of any Money contrary

trary to, or not authorized as aforesaid, or contrary to any Bye-Law which shall be made and in Force in Manner herein after mentioned, every such Trustee shall forfeit treble the Amount of such Order signed, or Payment so allowed, to any Person who will sue for the same, by Civil Bill, Bill, Plaint, Information, or otherwise, in any Court of Record in this Kingdom. CHAP. XXXV.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Copy of the Account of Receipts and Payments of Money by the said Trustees, which shall be settled once in every Half Year, or oftener, pursuant to this Act, shall be regularly deposited with the Clerk of the House of Commons, attested by their Secretary, Four Days at the least previous to every Session of Parliament.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees from Time to Time, to make Bye-Laws or Regulations for their own Conduct, and the Conduct of their several Officers and Servants, and the Regulation of their Hall and Buildings.

Provided allways, That every such Bye-Law or Regulation be proposed at one of the Meetings herein before required to be held on the First Tuesday in the Month, and that it be agreed to at the Meeting to be held on the First Tuesday in the Month

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next following, and be then and there ſigned by Twelve Truſtees at the leaſt preſent at ſuch Meeting.

And provided alſo, That every ſuch Bye-Law or Regulation be not contrary to Law, nor to any Thing in this or any other Act of Parliament contained.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Bye-Law and Regulation ſo propoſed, agreed to and ſigned, ſhall be binding on the ſaid Truſtees, their Officers and Servants, and every Act done by them or any of them contrary thereto, ſhall be, and is hereby declared to be null and void.

Provided allways, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees from Time to Time to repeal or alter every ſuch Bye-Law or Regulation, the Repeal or Alteration being firſt propoſed at one of the ſaid Meetings on the Firſt Tueſday in the Month, and agreed to at the Meeting which ſhall be held on the Firſt Tueſday in the Month next following, and then and there ſigned by Twelve Truſtees at the leaſt preſent at ſuch Meeting.

And for the better Attendance of the ſaid Truſtees, and particularly upon the Days herein before appointed for their Meeting; and whereon Complaints for fraudulent, unſound, damaged, or unmerchantable

merchantable Linen, are herein before directed to be examined and determined: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at every Meeting of the said Trustees to be held as herein before Enacted on the First Tuesday in each Month, and during each Market, the Secretary or Person acting as such, shall enter down in the Journal of their Proceedings, the Name of every Trustee attending at such Meeting, and shall on every First Tuesday in the Month of May in each Year, enter in the Journals of the said Trustees, the Names of all such Trustees as shall not have attended at some one of the Meetings aforesaid, in the Year immediately preceding; and if a satisfactory Excuse of Sickness, or necessary Absence for such Non-attendance, shall not be given to, admitted, and entered by Order of the Trustees in their Journals, before the Tenth Day of November next following, for each Trustee who shall have so failed to attend; or if such Trustee shall not appear in his Place at some one Meeting of the said Trustees as aforesaid, before the said Tenth Day of November, the Place of such Trustee shall be, and is hereby declared to be vacant, and the Secretary shall certify the same to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, who is and are hereby impowered to nominate and appoint some other Person to be a Trustee for encouraging the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, in the Place and

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Room of ſuch Perſon ſo having failed to attend, and not excuſed as aforeſaid, in like Manner as if he were actually dead.

And whereas many Perſons already appointed, or who ſhall be hereafter appointed Truſtees for encouraging the ſaid Manufactures, may, from Want of Health, neceſſary Buſineſs, or other Cauſes, be deſirous to reſign the Place and Office of a Truſtee: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon already appointed, or hereafter to be appointed a Truſtee for encouraging the ſaid Manufactures, at any Time, to reſign his Place as a Truſtee; and that upon ſuch Reſignation, certified under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Perſon, that it ſhall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, from Time to Time, and as often as the Caſe ſhall ſo happen, to appoint and nominate ſome other Perſon to be a Truſtee for encouraging ſaid Manufactures, in the Room of ſuch Perſon who ſhall have ſo reſigned.

And whereas the preſent Lengths of Three Quarters and Seven Eighths wide Iriſh Linen, and of thoſe Linens called Dowlas, have been found inconvenient for printing, and it may be expedient that Linens of thoſe Widths, and Dowlas ſhould be made of certain determinate Lengths;

Lengths; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees, or any Twelve or more of them assembled at the Linen Hall, on any Day during any of the Markets there, to ascertain and publish the Lengths which Dowlas and Linens of the Widths aforesaid shall be made; and that from and after the Time which shall be mentioned in such Publication, no Seal Master of Brown Linen shall Seal any Dowlas or any Linen of the Widths aforesaid, unless the same be of the Lengths so ascertained and published, under the Penalty of forfeiting Five Pounds for every Piece of Linen which shall be so sealed by him, and be of any further or other Lengths, any Thing in any Act or Acts heretofore made to the contrary notwithstanding; And that no Piece of Brown or unbleached Linen of the Widths aforesaid, or of the Denomination called Dowlas, shall be sold or exposed to Sale after the said Day, which shall not be of the Width so required for the same, upon Pain of the Person or Persons selling, buying, or exposing such Piece to Sale, forfeiting such Piece, and also the Sum of Forty Shillings. CHAP. XXXV.

Provided always, That nothing contained in such Publication shall affect, or extend to be construed to affect, or extend to that Denomination of Linens called Drogheda's, or to regulate their Lengths, or to

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prevent their being sealed or stamped on Account of their Length or Shortness; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees, or any Twelve or more of them, at any Time to revoke and annul such Order.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees, or any Twelve or more of them, assembled at the Linen Hall as aforesaid, to order and publish that all Yarn, exceeding One Dozen in the Pound Weight, which shall be exposed to sale, shall be made up in Hanks or Dozens, and likewise to order and publish that all Yarn, which shall be exposed to sale, not exceeding Two Dozen in the Pound Weight, shall be regularly lay banded, and divided into a regular Number of equal Parts, and reeled on a Reel of Three Yards or Two Yards and an Half Diameter, as they shall think proper, under the Penalty of all such Yarn not reeled or made up, or divided in Manner so ordered and appointed, being forfeited, and to revoke such Order at any Time they shall think proper.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Spinner or Carder of Cotton Yarn, or Maker of any Manufacture made of, or mixed with Linen, Hempen, Cotton or Woollen Yarn, and every Stainer, Printer or Dyer of any Manufacture made of, or mixed with Linen,

Linen, Hempen, Cotton or Woollen Yarn, shall and may, and is hereby authorized to Exercise their said respective Trades, in any City or Town Corporate within this Kingdom, without any let or hinderance from any Person whatsoever, or without being charged or chargeable with the payment of any Money or Duty whatsoever, for or in respect of his, or her following such Trade or Business. CHAP. XXXV.

And whereas it is Enacted in and by an Act, passed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of his present Majesty, intituled, An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the Third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the better Regulation of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, That no Justice of the Peace shall hear or determine any Complaint or Information, for any Breach or Offence to be done or committed against the said Act, or the Act therein mentioned, unless such Justice of the Peace shall have an Estate for Life in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments of the clear yearly Value of Two Hundred Pounds Sterling; And that if any Justice of the Peace, not having such Estate, shall hear or determine such Complaint or Information, such Justice shall forfeit to the injured Party the Sum of One Hundred Pounds Sterling for every such Offence or Breach, to be recovered by Civil Bill as herein before mentioned: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said re-

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cited Part of the ſaid Act ſhall be repealed, and the ſame is hereby repealed, and made null and void; and that from and after the paſſing of this Act, every Juſtice of the Peace or Magiſtrate who ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe to act as a Juſtice of the Peace or Magiſtrate, upon any Complaint touching the Linen or Hempen Manufacture, or any Matter thereunto belonging, or in any wiſe to carry this, or any Law heretofore made relative to the ſaid Manufactures into Execution as a Juſtice of Peace or Magiſtrate, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every ſuch wilful Neglect or refuſal, to be recovered by the Informer, by Civil Bill, Plaint, or Information againſt ſuch Juſtice of the Peace or Magiſtrate, in any Court of Record in this Kingdom, within Nine Months after the Offence committed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That wherever any Oath is required by this Act to be taken, the Affirmation of the Perſon, if a Quaker, ſhall be ſufficient in the Place of ſuch Oath or Affidavit, and that every Perſon who ſhall knowingly ſwear or affirm any Thing that is falſe, in any Oath or Affirmation, which he or ſhe ſhall or may ſwear or affirm, in purſuance or by Virtue of this Act, or for the Purpoſe of obtaining any Bounty or Premium propoſed or offered by the ſaid Truſtees, ſuch Perſon ſhall upon Conviction, ſuffer ſuch Puniſhment as Perſons convicted

victed of wilful and corrupt perjury, are by the Laws of this Kingdom subject unto. CHAP. XXXV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any person shall forge or counterfeit any Seal or Stamp which shall be made, ordered or given out by Virtue of this Act, and shall be convicted thereof, such person shall suffer such punishment as is Enacted by an Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for explaining and amending the Laws relative to the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures, against any person counterfeiting the Name of any Lapper appointed as therein is mentioned.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Offences committed against this Act, shall and may be heard and determined, and all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or imposed by Virtue of this Act, shall and may be sued for, recovered, and disposed of in like Manner, and by the same Ways and Methods, as are directed by an Act passed in the Third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the better Regulation of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, concerning Offences committed against the same, and the Penalties or Forfeitures imposed or incurred thereby, except where it is herein otherwise particularly Enacted or declared.

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AN

ACT

FOR

The better regulating the Corn-Trade of this Kingdom.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

T. C. A.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for the better regulating the Corn-Trade of this Kingdom.

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WHEREAS ſome further Proviſions are neceſſary for better regulating the Corn-Trade of this Kingdom, and for the Encouragement of the Tillage thereof, Be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and Eighty-two, the ſeveral Bounties which are now allowed by Law upon Exportation of any Sort of Corn or Grain, ground or unground, ſhall ceaſe,

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and determine, and instead and lieu thereof, when the Prices of Corn or Grain hereafter mentioned (the same being ascertained as herein after directed) shall appear to be under the Rates herein after respectively mentioned, at the Ports or Places in this Kingdom from whence the same shall be exported, there shall be allowed upon the Exportation of such Corn or Grain, either ground or unground, being the Growth and Product of this Kingdom, and put on Board in British or Irish Shipping, the Master, and at least Two Thirds of the Mariners of such Ships, being his Majesty's Subjects, the following Bounties (that is to say) when the Price of middling Irish Wheat shall be under Forty-four Shillings English the Quarter, English Exportation Measure, there shall be allowed a Bounty of Five Shillings English for every Quarter, English Exportation Measure, of Wheat; and Five Shillings English for every Quarter, English Exportation Measure, of Malt made of Wheat; when the Price of middling Irish Rye shall be under Twenty-eight Shillings English the Quarter, English Exportation Measure, there shall be allowed a Bounty of Three Shillings English for every Quarter, English Exportation Measure, of Rye; when the Price of middling Irish Barley, Bere, or Bigg, shall be under Twenty-two Shillings the Quarter, English Exportation Measure, there shall be allowed a Bounty of Two Shillings

and

and Six Pence Engliſh for every Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, of Barley, Bere, or Bigg; and Two Shillings and Six Pence Engliſh for every Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, of Malt, made of Barley, Bere, or Bigg; and when the Price of middling Iriſh Oats ſhall be under Fourteen Shillings Engliſh the Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, there ſhall be allowed a Bounty of Two Shillings Engliſh for every Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, of Oats; and Two Shillings and Six Pence Engliſh for every Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, of Oatmeal, computed at the Rate of Two Hundred and Seventy-ſix Pounds Avoirdupoize to the Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure; which ſaid reſpective Bounties ſhall be paid and allowed as herein after directed.

Provided allways, and be it Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that nothing in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, or in this Act contained, ſhall from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to give any Bounty, or authorize any Bounty to be paid or given, on or for the Export of any Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour, from the Port of Dublin, or from any of the Creeks or Members thereof, nor from any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Place be-

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tween Drogheda and Wicklow; nor ſhall any Bounty be paid by the Collector of the Port of Dublin, on or for the Export of any Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour, which ſhall be exported from the ſaid Port, or any Creek or Member of the ſame, after the ſaid Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That during the Continuance of this Act, provided the preſent War ſhall ſo long continue, one Moiety of the ſaid reſpective Bounties ſhall be allowed and paid on all the before mentioned Kinds of Grain, ground or unground, when exported in Ships the Property of Perſons of any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majeſty, in like Manner as if exported in Britiſh or Iriſh Shipping.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Kinds of Grain, ground or unground, herein before mentioned, which ſhall be imported into any of the Ports of this Kingdom, except from Great Britain, and being of Britiſh Growth, ſhall pay Duty as follows, that is to ſay, Wheat, Wheat-Meal, or Malt made of Wheat, when the Price of the ſame ſhall not exceed Fifty-three Shillings and Four Pence Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, at the Port or Place of Importation in this Kingdom, ſhall,

if

if imported from any other Country, pay a Duty of Sixteen Shillings and Eleven Pence and Twelve Twentieths of a Penny Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure; and Rye, except from Great Britain, and being of Britiſh Growth, when the Price of the ſame ſhall not exceed Forty Shillings Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, ſhall, if imported from any other Country, pay a Duty of Sixteen Shillings and Eleven Pence and Eleven Twentieths of a Penny Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure; and that Barley, Bere, or Bigg, or Malt made thereof, except from Great Britain, and being of Britiſh Growth, when the Price of Barley, Bere, or Bigg, ſhall not exceed Thirty-two Shillings Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, ſhall, if imported from any other Country, pay a Duty of Sixteen Shillings and Eleven Pence and Eleven Twentieths of a Penny Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure; and that Oats or Oatmeal, except from Great Britain, and being of Britiſh Growth, when the Price of Oats ſhall not exceed Sixteen Shillings per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, ſhall pay a Duty of Five Shillings and Ten Pence and Nineteen Twentieths of a Penny Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure: and that Peas, except from Great Britain, and being of Britiſh Growth, when the Price of the ſame ſhall not exceed Forty

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Shillings Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, ſhall pay a Duty of Sixteen Shillings and Nine Pence and Four Twentieths of a Penny Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure; and that Beans, except from Great Britain, and being of Britiſh Growth, when the Price of the ſame ſhall not exceed Thirty-two Shillings Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure, ſhall pay a Duty on Importation into this Kingdom, from any other Country, of Sixteen Shillings and eight-pence, and Fourteen Twentieths of a Penny Engliſh per Quarter, Engliſh Exportation Meaſure; the Produce of the ſaid Duties to be applied towards the Payment of the Bounties herein before mentioned.

And to the End that the Rates and Prices of Grain, ground or unground, may be known and aſcertained, for the Guidance and Direction of the Exports and Collector, and other Officer in receiving the Duties, as well as paying the ſeveral Premiums on Exportation as aforeſaid, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Grand Jury of every County, County of a City, and County of a Town, within this Kingdom, at every General Quarter Seſſions within this Kingdom, ſhall enquire upon Oath, and preſent the true Rates and Prices reſpectively of all the ſaid Kinds of Grain, ground or unground, within the

ſeveral

several Counties, Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns, at the Times of such Quarter Sessions; which Presentment being confirmed by the Justices of the Peace in open Sessions, is to continue and be deemed and taken as the Estimates and Value of such Grain, ground or unground, in receiving the Duty and paying the Premiums on Exportation, until the next General Quarter Sessions.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Clerks of the Peace of the said Counties, Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns respectively, where such Presentments shall be made and confirmed, do, in Fourteen Days after confirming thereof, transmit to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Revenue in Dublin, true and exact Copies, under their Hands and Seals respectively, of such Presentments from Time to Time; and if any Clerk of the Peace shall neglect so to do, he shall forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for every such Neglect, the Sum of Twenty Pounds, being thereof convicted by Indictment at the Assizes in the County wherein he is or was Clerk of the Peace at the Time of confirming such Presentment.

Provided allways, That if the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, shall fail to make such Presentment at every General Quar-

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ter Seſſions; or if the Juſtices of the Peace ſhall fail to confirm the ſame in open Court, as herein before directed, then the Prices of all the ſaid Kinds of Grain, ground or unground, ſhall be regulated by the Average Prices at which they ſhall reſpectively be ſold at the Publick Market, at or neareſt to the Port or Place from whence ſuch Grain ſhall be intended to be exported, on the laſt Market Day preceding the ſhipping of ſuch Grain.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That to entitle him and them to receive the ſaid Bounties, every Merchant or other Perſon who ſhall ſhip any of the ſaid Kinds of Grain, ground or unground, with Intent to export the ſame beyond the Seas, ſhall bring, or cauſe to be brought, a Certificate in Writing under his or their Hands, containing the Quantity and Quality of the Grain, ground or unground, ſo ſhipped, to the Collector or other Perſon or Perſons appointed, or to be appointed to collect the Duties or Rates ariſing by Cuſtoms within any ſuch Port, and upon Proof made of ſuch Certificate, by one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes upon Oath, (which Oath the ſaid Collector or other Officer is hereby authorized and required to adminiſter) as alſo annexing an Affidavit of ſuch Certificate, that the ſaid Grain, ground or unground, is ſhipped with Intent to export the ſame, and not to re-land the ſame, or any Part thereof

in

in the Iſlands of Guernſey, Jerſey, or the Iſland of Farro or Ferro, or the Iſle of Man; which Affidavits ſhall be ſworn before the ſaid Collector or other Officer; and after giving Bond by every ſuch Merchant or other Perſon in the Penalty of double the Value of ſuch Grain, ground or unground, ſo ſhipped, conditioned that the ſaid Grain, ground or unground, (Danger of the Seas excepted) ſhall be exported into Parts beyond the Seas, and not be again landed in this Kingdom of Ireland, or the Iſlands of Guernſey, or Jerſey, or the Iſland of Farro or Ferro, or the Iſle of Man, except in Caſe the Ship or Ships in which it ſhall be on Board receive Damage, whereby the unlading the ſame becomes neceſſary, that in ſuch Caſe the ſaid Grain, ground or unground, ſhall be again, with all convenient Speed, ſhipped and tranſported according to the true Intent of this Act; every ſuch Merchant or other Perſon performing the Requiſites aforeſaid, ſhall have and receive from the Collector or other Officer of ſuch Port reſpectively, the Rates, Allowances, Premiums, or Bounties herein before provided. CHAP. XXXVI.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon Certificate returned under the Common Seal of the Chief Magiſtrate in any Port or Place beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known Merchants of ſuch Port or Place where ſuch Grain, ground or unground,

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ſhall be landed, that the ſame was there landed, and the Day, Month, or Year of ſo landing the ſame, or upon Proof by one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes upon Oath, to be adminiſtered as aforeſaid, that the ſaid Grain, ground or unground, ſo ſhipped, was then and there landed, or that the ſame was taken by Enemies, or periſhed in the Sea, the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of ſuch Collector or Officer, ſuch Proof being made, and Certificate delivered to the Officer who took ſuch Bond as aforeſaid, the ſaid Bond ſhall be delivered to the Exporter, or his or her Order, to be cancelled, without Fee or Reward; and all and every ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall have been paid by ſuch Collector or Officer, in Obedience to this Act, ſhall be accepted of in his Accounts, as ſo much paid to His Majeſty's Uſe, and he be thereof diſcharged accordingly.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, the following Savings be made in the Bounty on the Inland Carriage of Corn, Meal, Flour, and Malt to Dublin, towards the Payment of the Bounties herein before mentioned, (that is to ſay) that during the Continuance of this Act, no Bounty whatever ſhall be payable on any Flour, with Reſpect to which the Corn Factor or Perſon ſelling

selling the same and claiming Bounty for it, shall not add to the Oath to be taken before the Paymaster of the Corn Premiums, or his Deputy, that each and every Hundred of Flour for which the Bounty is claimed, was good merchantable Flour, and that each and every Hundred of said Flour, and not merely the Average thereof, did actually and bona fide sell, without any Practice or Collusion, for the full Sum of Six Shillings an Hundred at the least; and that no Person shall be intitled to a Bounty for Carriage of Malt to the City of Dublin, unless such Person shall produce a Certificate written upon the Back of the Bounty Paper, by which he shall claim such Bounty, signed and sealed by the Owner of the Malt-house wherein said Malt shall have been made, expressing in Words and not in Figures, the Quantity of Malt for which such Bounty shall be claimed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during the Continuance of this Act, no Bounty whatever shall be paid on the Land Carriage of Malt to Dublin, unless there shall be added to the Oath to be taken before the Paymaster of the Corn Premiums, or his Deputy, by the Person or Persons who shall claim any Premium or Bounty for Malt so brought, the Words following, (Videlicet) "That every Barrel of said Malt of Twelve Stones Measure, four Bushels Winchester

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Meaſure, as alſo that each Barrel of the ſaid Malt for which Bounty is ſo claimed, was good and Merchantable, properly Manufactured, well ſcreened and cleaned, and that each and every Barrel of ſaid Malt, and not merely the Average thereof, did actually and bona fide ſell, without any Practice or Colluſion, for the full Sum of Seven ſhillings by the Barrel at the leaſt."

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, the Bounty payable on the Land Carriage of Flour of Wheat to Dublin, ſhall not exceed Two Pence by the Hundred for every Five Miles; and that the Bounty payable on the Land Carriage of Wheat, ſhall not exceed One Penny by the Hundred for every Five Miles; and that the Bounty payable on the Land Carriage of Malt to Dublin, ſhall not exceed Two Pence by the Hundred for every Five Miles, during the ſaid Term.

And whereas Doubts have been conceived, that the Bounties payable on the Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour to the City of Dublin, by Inland Carriage, are payable only for every Space of Five Miles, and not for any Portion or Fraction of Diſtance leſs than Five Miles; And whereas Doubts have been likewiſe conceived, whether the ſaid Bounties are made

payable

payable by Law for any Portion or Fraction of Weight, less than the Weights severally set forth in the several Acts granting the said Bounties; Be it declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bounties may be paid proportionably, for every Mile, and for every Distance, not less than a Mile beyond the Distance from the City of Dublin, at which Bounties commence and are made payable by Law, and for any Weight not less than one Stone, whether the same come by Inland Carriage, or by Inland Navigation, or Canal; any Thing contained in any Law to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XXXVI.

Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend to lessen the Amount of the Bounties now payable on the Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour, to the City of Dublin, by any Inland Canal, but that the Sum or Amount of Bounty payable upon the Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour by Inland Navigation, or Canal, shall be as much as was actually payable for the same, on or before the first Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty, and shall have no Reference, or be regulated by any Proportion to the Bounties payable on the Inland Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour, by an Act passed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of his Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the better regulating the Corn-Trade of this Kingdom; any Thing

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therein, or in any other Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Companies of Subſcribers to ſuch Canals may be, and they are hereby impowered to borrow Money for carrying on ſuch Canals for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, at the Common Legal Intereſt of this Kingdom; any Thing to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And whereas various Frauds have been committed in obtaining the Bounties granted for the Inland Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour, to the City of Dublin, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, in every Certificate required by Law to be given by a Magiſtrate for the Purpoſe of entitling any Perſon to obtain any of the ſaid Bounties, the Quantities of Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour ſo certified reſpectively, the Name of the Place where the ſame grew or was made, and the Number of Iriſh Plantation Miles, ſuch Place is diſtant from the Caſtle of Dublin, and the Date of ſuch Certificate ſhall be written at full Length in Letters, and not in Figures, and all the ſaid Writing ſhall be the Hand-writing of the Magiſtrate giving ſuch Certificate; and no certificate ſo given ſhall intitle or have any Effect towards intitling any

any Perſon to receive any ſuch Bounty, unleſs the Magiſtrate ſigning the ſame, ſhall have entered, tranſmitted, or depoſited a Paper ſigned with his Name, in his own Hand-Writing, to or with the Paymaſter of the Corn-Premiums for the Time being, or his Deputy, previous to the ſigning of ſuch Certificate; nor unleſs ſuch Certificate be produced to the Paymaſter of the Corn-Premiums, or his Deputy, within ſuch Time after the Date of ſuch Certificate, as ſhall be after the Rate of one Day for every eight Miles diſtant, for which a Bounty ſhall be claimed for the Carriage of the Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour therein mentioned, and Fourteen Days more; nor unleſs it ſhall appear to the ſaid Paymaſter, or his Deputy, that the Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour therein mentioned, ſhall have been actually brought to the City of Dublin, within the Time beforementioned.

Provided allways, That if it ſhall appear, upon Oath, to the Satisfaction of the Paymaſter or his Deputy, that ſaid Corn, Meal, Malt or Flour was prevented, by unavoidable or unforeſeen Accident, from coming within the ſaid Time the Bounty may be paid, notwithſtanding the Certificate be not produced, nor Corn, Mael, Malt, or Flour brought to Dublin within the Time appointed as aforeſaid.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Bounty shall be paid from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, for any Corn, Meal, or Malt brought to the City of Dublin, unless the same shall be weighed at some Crane to be erected or appointed for that Purpose, by the Chief Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, or any Three of them, which Crane or Cranes the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, are hereby impowered to erect or appoint, or cause to be erected or appointed, in such convenient or fit Place or Places within the City of Dublin, or the Liberties thereof, as they shall think proper, nor unless the Craner's Note, specifying the Weights of such Corn, Meal, or Malt, shall be indorsed on the Back of the Affidavit, or on the Back of the Magistrate's Certificate required in such Case, which Note such Craner is hereby directed to give, without Fee or Reward, to the Person or Persons respectively intitled to the same; and if any such Craner shall refuse, or omit to give such Note without Delay, to the Person or Persons intitled to the same, or shall not attend from the Hours of Eight in the Morn until Three in the Afternoon, in Winter, and from Seven in the Morn until Seven in the Afternoon, in Summer, for the Purpose, such Craner shall, for every such Omission, Neglect, or Refusal, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered as herein after mentioned.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a List of all Bounties which shall have been paid for the Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour to the City of Dublin, from each County, shall be sent to the Treasurer of every such County respectively, Which List shall Specify the Names and Residence of the several Owners, the Names of the Magistrates certifying, and of the Carriers, together with the Quantities of such Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour, the Place of its Growth or Manufacture, and the Distance from His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, to the Place where such Corn grew or Malt, Meal, or Flour was made, and the Date of the Certificate, and Amount of the Bounty Claimed or paid, and which List shall be so sent by the Paymaster (or by the Examiner) of the Corn Premiums, if the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall direct the Examiner so to do, Ten Days before each Spring and Summer Assizes, in every Year, to the Treasurers of the several Counties as aforesaid, to be by them laid before the respective Grand Juries, and afterwards filed and kept open at all Times, without Fee or Reward, for the Inspection of every Person, each such List to contain only the Particulars relating to the Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour of the Growth or Manufacture of, or carried from or belonging to some Person within the

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County to which ſuch Liſt ſhall be ſent as aforeſaid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Affidavits and Certificates to be tendered to or made at the Office of the ſaid Paymaſter, ſhall be regularly entered in Books to be kept in the ſaid Office for that Purpoſe, ſpecifying in Diſtinct Columns the different Matters in ſaid Affidavits and Certificates comprized and mentioned.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Eighty-two, no Affidavit to be made by any Factor ſhall intitle any Perſon to receive the Bounties given by any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore made in this Kingdom, for the Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour, to the City of Dublin, unleſs ſuch Factor ſhall be previouſly Licenced as a Factor by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Three of them, which Licence the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Three of them are hereby impowered to Grant, and to revoke from Time to Time as they ſhall think proper, nor unleſs ſuch Factor ſhall have given ſufficient Security in ſuch Amount as the ſaid Commiſſioners or any Three of them ſhall think proper, for the Juſtice of his Dealings in all Matters relating to the ſaid Bounties; and that he will not knowingly or willingly himſelf commit

Commit or suffer to be Committed by any Person or Persons acting for or under him, any Fraud or Deceit, whereby any of the said Bounties may be wrongfully claimed or paid, and that he will, as often as thereunto required by the said Commissioners or any Three of them, return upon Oath to said Commissioners, a full and particular Account of all Sales by him made of Corn, Meal, Malt, or Flour, which shall have obtained Bounty; specifying the Names of the several Persons to whom sold, the Quantities and respective Times of Sale, and such other particulars relating thereto, as the said Chief Commissioners, or any Three of them shall require. CHAP. XXXVI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Factors to whom Malt shall be consigned, shall, before any Bounty shall be received for the same, make like Affidavits, in Respect thereof, as they are now bound by Law, and do in Cases of Flour.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Case of the Death, Inability by Sickness, or necessary Absence out of this Kingdom of any Factor of Malt, or Flour, proved to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, the Affidavit of such Factor's Clerk shall be taken instead of the Affidavit of such Factor dying or disabled by Sickness or otherwise,

CHAP. XXXVI.

as aforeſaid, and be ſufficient to intitle the Perſon making ſuch Affidavit, to receive ſuch Bounty as effectually, as if ſaid Affidavit had been made by ſuch Factor, and the Security given by the ſaid Factor, ſhall be equally bound in Reſpect thereof, as if the ſame had been made by ſuch Factor.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Juſtice of the Peace ſhall ſign any Blank Affidavit or Certificate, or ſhall ſign any Affidavit or Certificate, knowing the ſame to be falſe, and ſhall thereof be lawfully convicted, ſuch Juſtice of the Peace ſhall for ever after be diſabled from acting as a Juſtice of the Peace, and ſhall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be paid to the Informer.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall forge, or cauſe to be forged, any Certificate, Affidavit, Cranet's Note, or other Matter or Thing, directed by this or any Act or Acts heretofore made in this Kingdom, relating to the Inland Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour to the City of Dublin, or the Carriage thereof Coaſtways, or by Inland Navigation, for the Purpoſe of obtaining any Bounty given for the Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, Flour, or Grain of any Kind, by any

any Act or Acts of Parliament, or shall pro-
duce to the said Paymaster or his Deputy,
any such Certificate, Affidavit, Craner's
Note, or other Matter or Thing as afore-
said, knowing the same to be forged or
false, with Intent to receive the Benefit of
any Bounty granted by any of the said
Acts, or shall swear any Matter or Thing
in any Affidavit or Oath, directed by this
Act, or any of the before-mentioned Acts,
or for the Purpose aforesaid, knowing the
same to be false, or shall fraudulently sign
or make use of, or assume any fictitious or
other Name, than his or her own, in any
such Affidavit or Oath, he, she, or they
upon Conviction of any of the Offences
aforesaid, shall suffer such Punishment,
and be liable to such Penalties and For-
feitures, as are enacted in and by all or any
of the said Acts against Persons forging
any Affidavit or Certificate required by said
Acts, or any of them; or swearing falsely
in any Oath required to be taken pursuant
to the same, or any of them; and if any
Person or Persons shall knowingly be aid-
ing or assisting in making, procuring, or
obtaining any such forged or false Certifi-
cate, Affidavit, Craner's Note, or other
Matter or Thing as aforesaid, or shall
knowingly procure or advise any Person to
swear any such false Affidavit or Oath, he,
she, or they shall upon Conviction thereof,
suffer such Punishment, and be liable to
such Penalties and Forfeitures, as Persons

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actually forging ſuch Certificate or Craner's Note, or ſwearing ſuch falſe Affidavit, are by this or any other Act made liable to.

And be it farther Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Penalties incurred by this Act, unleſs otherwiſe directed thereby, may be recovered by any Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majeſty's Courts of Record in Dublin, in which no Eſſoign or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Revenue of Cuſtoms and Exciſe, or any Three of them, ſhall have Power, and they are hereby authorized under their Hands and Seals, with the Conſent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, and other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to appoint a Craner or Craners; and to appoint and pay ſuch Salary or Salaries for him or them, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One Hundred Pounds per Annum, as they ſhall think proper, and ſhall be approved of by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person whatsoever shall be capable of executing the said Office of Deputy Paymaster, before he, with Two sufficient Securities, to be approved by the said Commissioners or any Three of them, shall have executed a Bond to His Majesty, in the penal Sum of Two Thousand Pounds, conditioned for the due Execution of his said Office, and to account for all such Sums of Money as he shall receive by Virtue thereof.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Paymaster, Deputy Paymaster, Examiner, Clerks and Craners, shall observe all such Rules, Orders, and Regulations, touching the Management and due Execution of their respective Offices, as they shall respectively receive from Time to Time from the said Commissioners of Custom or Excise, or any Three of them; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, from Time to Time, to remove any of the said Craners, and to appoint one other Person or Persons in the Place or Stead of such Craner or Craners, who shall be so removed, or whose place shall

CHAP. XXXVI.

be vacated by Death or otherwiſe: Provided, that every ſubſequent Appointment to be made of ſuch Craner or Craners, be made with the like Conſent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being.

Whereas the Bounties on the Carriage of Corn, Meal, Malt, and Flour, by Water Coaſtways to the City of Dublin, have proved beneficial to Agriculture, and contributed to leſſen the Expence of Bounties on the Inland Carriage thereof; And whereas Doubts have been conceived whether the Regulations and Requiſites enacted by an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Tillage, and rendering the Carriage of Corn to the City of Dublin leſs expenſive, extend to, or are to be obſerved in Reſpect of the Bounties granted by an Act paſſed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act to continue and amend an Act paſſed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, *intituled*, An Act for the Encouragement of Tillage, and rendering the Carriage of Corn to the City of Dublin leſs expenſive; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and ſingular the Regulations and Proviſions contained in the ſaid Act of the Seventeenth and

and Eighteenth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, save as the same are varied by the said Act passed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, shall continue and be in Force so long as the said last recited Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, shall continue; and that they and every of them so varied as aforesaid, shall extend and be construed to extend to all and every the Bounty and Bounties granted by the said Act passed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of Your Majesty's Reign. CHAP. XXXVI.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue and remain in Force until the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

CHAP
XXXVII

AN

ACT

TO

Explain and amend the Acts for the Encouragement of the Fiſheries of this Kingdom, and for promoting the good Ends propoſed by ſaid Laws.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXXVII.

An Act to explain and amend the Acts for the Encouragement of the Fisheries of this Kingdom, and for promoting the good Ends proposed by said Laws.

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WHEREAS great National Bounties are granted for the purpose of encouraging the Fisheries of this Kingdom, but by Experience it has been found that considerable Frauds have been practised in obtaining the same; And whereas a Doubt has been entertained whether the Commissioners of His Majesty's Revenue are authorized to pay the said Bounties in Cases where the Vessel in the Course of her Fishing Voyage shall founder at Sea, or by Distress of Weather be driven on Shore, and wrecked, by Reason that the

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Requiſites preſcribed to be done on the Return of ſaid Veſſel after the Fiſhing Seaſon, cannot be complied with, to remove ſuch Doubts, and for the better Encouragement of Perſons to engage in ſaid Fiſheries, notwithſtanding the Riſks that may attend the ſame; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That where any Veſſel on her Fiſhing Voyage, ſhall founder at Sea, or by Diſtreſs and Hardſhip of Weather be forced on Shore and wrecked, or that from unavoidable Misfortunes the Requiſites preſcribed by the ſaid Acts cannot be performed, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Revenue, upon ſatisfactory Proof thereof, to order Payment of the ſaid Bounty to the Owners of ſaid Veſſels; or in Caſe of their being loſt, to the legal Repreſentatives of ſaid Owners.

And whereas the principal Seaſon for taking Herrings on the Coaſt of this Kingdom, is during the Months of November and December, in which Months, owing to tempeſtuous Weather, the Fiſhermen are frequently prevented from fiſhing for many Nights in the Week, and as the Law now ſtands are prohibited from ſhooting their Nets on Saturday Night: Therefore be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid,

That

That from henceforth it shall and may be lawful for the said Fishermen to shoot their Nets, and fish on every Night in the Week, during said Fishing Season on said Coasts: Provided the Boats which go out on Saturday Night, return into Port early on Sunday Morning. CHAP. XXXVII.

And whereas contrary to the Intent of said Acts, Bounties have been fraudulently obtained by Persons not resident in this Kingdom, and who therefore cannot be punished for Frauds practised in obtaining said Bounties, or for Offences committed against the Laws made for the Encouragement of the Irish Fisheries, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Bounty shall be paid for or in Respect of any Vessel, the Whole of which Vessel shall not be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Revenue, to have been for Six Months before sailing on her Fishing Voyage, really and Bona Fide the Property of one or more Owner or Owners, having their known and settled place of Residence for them and their Families in this Kingdom, Six Months at least before such Time of Sailing, unless it shall appear to said Commissioners, that such Vessel has been built in this Kingdom within the said Time of Six Months, by such Owner or Owners resident as aforesaid within this Kingdom.

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And whereas many Maſters of Fiſhing-Veſſels are incapable of writing and keeping Journals; For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That to intitle him to the Bounty, the Owner or Maſter of every Fiſhing-Veſſel, as he ſhall proceed to ſea, ſhall at all ſuch Times have amongſt the Number of Hands and Men by any Law now required, One Perſon on Board of the Age of Fourteen Years at leaſt, who ſhall keep the Rough Journal of ſaid Veſſel, and ſhall within Eight Days tranſcribe the ſame into the Fair Journal, to be ſworn to, and returned by the Maſter; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

And for the better Encouragement of the curing of Red Herrings, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for every Barrel of full Red Herrings, containing thirty-two Gallons, which ſhall be exported from any Port in Ireland, by any Perſon or Perſons to any Parts beyond the Seas, there ſhall be paid One Shilling and Nine Pence; and for every Barrel of Clean Shotten Herrings, containing Thirty-two Gallons, One Shilling, and ſo in Proportion for a ſmaller Quantity; ſaid Bounty to be paid in like Manner, and under the ſame Regulations, as the Bounties are payable by the Laws now in Force for granting Bounties on the Export of Fiſh caught

on

on the Coasts of this Kingdom, or within Thirty-five Leagues of the same. CHAP: XXXVII.

And whereas it is necessary for the better Encouragement of Persons to erect Stores and Buildings for the curing and preserving the Fish, and also to build Houses for accommodating the People employed in said Business to give them permanent Tenures in the Grounds on which Buildings necessary to accommodate such People may be built: And whereas such Improvements must be of great Benefit to the Estates on which they are made, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Persons who are seized in Fee Tail, or for Life, with Remainder to their Issue, of and in any Lands which lie commodious to the Fisheries on the Coasts of Donegal, Sligo, Mayo, County of Galway, and County of the Town of Galway, to demise to any Person or Persons, who shall covenant and agree within the Space of Five Years from the Commencement of such Lease, to lay out not less than Ten Pounds in Buildings on the same, any Quantity of Ground, not exceeding Five Acres, to any one Person for any Term of Years, or for the Term of Three Lives, with Covenant of Renewal for ever, on Payment of Half a Year's Rent, by Way of Fine for each Renewal, at the highest and best

CHAP. XXXVII.

Rent that can be gotten for the same, without any Fine to be taken for the making such Lease.

Provided however, That such Ground so demised, be not more than Two Miles distant from the Sea-shore, and be not Part or Parcel of the Demesne usually held and occupied, with the Mansion-House of the Owner of said Lands.

And provided, That said Demise be made by Indenture, under Hand and Seal, and duly executed in the Presence of Two credible Witnesses, and that the Tenant do execute a Counterpart thereof, in like Manner, under Hand and Seal, in the Presence of Two credible Witnesses; and in case the Lessee or Lessees, or his or their Representatives, shall duly fulfil their Covenants for Building as aforesaid, the Premisses granted and demised by such Lease, shall be held and enjoyed by such Tenant, his Heirs and Assigns, according to the Nature of the Tenure, notwithstanding any Limitation in any Will or Settlement restraining such Lessor from making such Lease as aforesaid.

AN

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XXXVIII.

AN

ACT

TO

Amend an Act, *intituled*, An Act for licenſing and regulating Lottery Offices, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His Majeſty's Reign.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

V C L

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XXXVIII.

An Act to amend an Act, *intituled*, An Act for licensing and regulating Lottery Offices, and for other Purposes therein mentioned, made in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His Majesty's Reign.

CHAP. XXXVIII.

WHEREAS the Laws now in Force for the Regulation of Lotteries, have been found insufficient to prevent the Frauds committed, and the Evils occasioned by Persons, who grafting Schemes, under the Denomination of Policies, upon English and Irish State Lotteries, and by insuring Chances, and by a Variety of other Devices, have not only introduced a pernitious Spirit of Gaming amongst the lower Classes of

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People, but injured the Sale of Tickets in the Engliſh and Iriſh State Lotteries; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall ſet up, or ſhall by Writing or Printing, publiſh the ſetting up any unlawful Lottery, or any Lottery, except a Britiſh or Iriſh State Lottery, eſtabliſhed or to be eſtabliſhed by Law, or ſhall in any Manner erect, enter into, or publiſh any Undertaking tending to erect any Scheme reſembling a Lottery, or in the Nature of a Lottery, under any Denomination whatſoever, on the Foot of any Britiſh or Iriſh State Lottery, or other Lottery, or in any Sort referring thereto, or depending or founded thereon, or ſhall ſell, procure, or deliver any Ticket, Receipt, Chance, or Number in or belonging to any pretended Lottery, or other Lottery, except a Britiſh or Iriſh State Lottery as aforeſaid, or in or belonging to any Claſs, Part, or Diviſion of any Lottery, ſave as aforeſaid or belonging to any Undertaking or Scheme in the Nature or Reſemblance of a Lottery, or ſhall procure or deliver any Ticket, Receipt, Chance, or Number in or belonging to any Duplicate, or pretended Duplicate or Reſemblance of any Lottery, or any Undertaking or Scheme whatſoever, in the Nature of a Lottery,

or

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or ſhall receive, or cauſe to be received any Money or other Conſideration for any ſuch unlawful Ticket, Receipt, Chance, or Number, or for or in Conſideration of any Money or other Reward to be repaid in caſe any Ticket or Tickets, Number or Numbers ſhall, or in any ſuch Undertaking or Scheme in the Nature or Reſemblance of a Lottery as aforeſaid, ſhall prove fortunate, or ſhall ſell, or cauſe, or advertiſe to be ſold, any part or Chance leſs than a Sixteenth Part of a Ticket in any Iriſh State Lottery, or leſs than a Two and Thirtieth Part of a Ticket in any Britiſh State Lottery, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling, to be recovered by Civil Bill, before the Judge or Judges who ſhall preſide for the Purpoſe of determining Civil Bills in the County, or County of a City or Town reſpectively, where the ſaid Offence or Offences ſhall have been committed, One Half of the ſaid Penalty to be to the Uſe of the Informer, who ſhall be deemed a competent Witneſs to prove ſuch Offence, upon Oath, and the other Half of ſuch Penalty to be to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh or Pariſhes where ſuch Offence or Offences ſhall have been ſo committed; which Penalty of Fifty Pounds ſhall be excluſive of, and over and above all or any other the Penalty or Penalties, Forfeiture or Forfeitures impoſed by any Law or Laws

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heretofore made for any of the Offences aforeſaid.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall keep any Office or Offices, or ſhall print or publiſh any Scheme or Schemes, Propoſal or Propoſals, for receiving any Sum or Sums of Money, in Conſideration of any Intereſt to be granted for the ſame, in any Ticket or Tickets, or Number or Numbers of Tickets in any Lottery, whereof ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall not then be actually poſſeſſed in his, her, or their own Right, or in Conſideration of any Sum or Sums of Money, to be repaid in caſe any Ticket or Tickets, Number or Numbers of Tickets in any Lottery which ſhall not then be in the actual poſſeſſion of ſuch Perſon or Perſons in his, her, or their own Right, ſhall prove fortunate, or ſhall buy, ſell, ſubſcribe, or take Subſcriptions for the purchaſe of any Chance or Chances, Lot or Lots, or Part or Parts of any Chances or Lots, Chance or Lot, or of any one or more of the Tickets of any Lottery, or of or on the Number or Numbers of any Lottery Ticket or Tickets, without having ſuch Original Ticket or Tickets in his, her, or their own Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, and Right, or ſhall ſell any greater Number of Chances, Parts or Shares of or in any Ticket than the conſtituent Parts thereof, or than ſuch Ticket

ſhall

ſhall really contain, ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall for every ſuch Offence as aforeſaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of One Hundred Pounds; the one Moiety thereof to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Informer, who ſhall be deemed a competent Witneſs to prove ſuch Offences, which Penalty ſhall be in Lieu and Stead of any Penalty or Penalties by any former Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore impoſed for ſuch Offences.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall ſell any Ticket or Tickets, or any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances of or in any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery for a Day, or Part of a Day, or for any other Time leſs than the whole Time of drawing ſuch Lottery then to come, or ſhall receive any Money whatſoever in Conſideration of the Re-payment of any Sum or Sums of Money in caſe any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery ſhall prove fortunate, or in caſe of any Chance or Event relating to the drawing of any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery, either as to the Time of ſuch Ticket or Tickets being drawn, or whether ſuch Ticket or Tickets be drawn fortunate or unfortunate, or ſhall publiſh any Propoſal or Propoſals for any ſuch Purpoſe or Purpoſes as aforeſaid, or ſhall lay any Wager relating to the Draw-

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ing of any Ticket or Tickets, Number or Numbers of or in any Lottery, either as to the Time or Times of ſuch Ticket or Tickets, Number or Numbers being drawn, or whether ſuch Ticket or Tickets be drawn fortunate or unfortunate, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and all and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons who ſhall offend in any of the aforeſaid Matter or Matters, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, the one Moiety thereof to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Informer, who ſhall be deemed a competent Witneſs to prove ſuch Offences; which Penalty ſhall be in Lieu and Stead of any Penalty or Penalties by any former Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore impoſed for ſuch Offences.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Perſon or Perſons committing any of the ſaid Offences, ſhall be at the Time of ſuch Offence or Offences committed, licenced to keep a Lottery-Office, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Managers and Directors of the Iriſh State-Lottery for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, upon Information on Oath, which Oath the ſaid Managers or Directors, or any Three of them, are hereby impowered to adminiſter forthwith, either before or after Recovery

of

of any of the Penalties impoſed by this or any other Law, or any Conviction for Recovery of the ſame, to recall, annul, and make void the Licence or Licences of ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo committing ſuch Offence or Offences; and the Perſon or Perſons whoſe Licence or Licences ſhall have been recalled, and made null and void as aforeſaid, ſhall from thenceforth be incapable of exerciſing, keeping, or opening any Office or Place for buying, ſelling, regiſtering, or otherwiſe dealing in any Ticket or Tickets, or Chances, or Parts or Shares thereof, or in the Number or Numbers of any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery whatſoever, until the Perſon or Perſons whoſe Licence or Licences ſhall have been ſo recalled, ſhall obtain another Licence or Licences for the Purpoſe of keeping a Lottery-Office, which new Licence or Licences the ſaid Commiſſioners, or Managers of the Iriſh State-Lottery for the Time being, from Time to Time, are hereby impowered to grant, in caſe they ſhall think fit, and not otherwiſe.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and ſingular the Penalties herein and hereby impoſed, ſave and except as herein is otherwiſe provided for, ſhall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of His Majeſty's Courts of Record at Dublin, in which no Eſſoign,

CHAP. XXXVIII.

Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Suit or Action ſhall be commenced or brought againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by any Offence, contrary to the Proviſions herein contained, unleſs the ſame ſhall be commenced or brought within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact was committed, or ſuch Cauſe of Action ſhall have accrued, and not afterwards, and ſhall be laid or brought in the County, City, or Place wherein ſuch Offence ſhall have been committed, or ſuch Cauſe of Action ſhall have ariſen, and not elſewhere; and that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued, moleſted, or proſecuted for any Thing done by Virtue or in Purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, in his, her, or their Defence, at the Trial or Trials which ſhall be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance of, or by Authority of this Act; and if afterwards a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Proſecution, or be nonſuited, or Judgment ſhall be given againſt him, her, or them, upon Demurrer,

ter, or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have treble Costs awarded to him or them against any such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Prosecutor or Prosecutors, and have like Remedy for the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs in any other Cases by Law. CHAP. XXXVIII.

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AN

ACT

FOR

The more effectual carrying into Execution the ſeveral Laws relating to the Turnpike-Road leading from the City of *Dublin* to *Mullingar*, and for enabling the Truſtees of ſaid Road to widen and make more convenient the Approaches from the Town of *Chapelizod* to the City of *Dublin*, and for other Purpoſes; and for correcting a Miſtake in an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament in this Kingdom, *intituled*, An Act for making a Turnpike-Road from *Nenagh* in the County of *Tipperary*, to *O'Brien*'s-*Bridge* in the County of *Clare*.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for the more effectual carrying into Execution the ſeveral Laws relating to the Turnpike-Road leading from the City of *Dublin* to *Mullingar*, and for enabling the Truſtees of ſaid Road to widen and make more convenient the Approaches from the Town of *Chapelizod* to the City of *Dublin*, and for other Purpoſes; and for correcting a Miſtake in an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament in this Kingdom, *intituled*, An Act for making a Turnpike-Road from *Nenagh* in the County of *Tipperary*, to *O'Brien's-Bridge* in the County of *Clare*.

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WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majeſty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for repairing the Road leading from the City of *Dublin* to the Town of *Kinnegad* in the County of *Weſtmeath*, ſeveral Tolls and Duties were granted and made payable for repairing the ſaid Road, which

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said Act was to commence from the Twenty-fifth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and thirty-one, and from thence to continue in Force during the Term of Twenty-one Years, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And whereas by another Act passed in the Seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for making more effectual the said Act passed in the Fifth Year of His said Majesty, and for the other Purposes therein mentioned, certain Tolls and Duties in Lieu of the Tolls and Duties made payable by said former Act, were granted and made payable for repairing the said Road, and which said Act, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Articles, Rules, Penalties, and Clauses therein contained, of the Fifth Year of His said late Majesty, except such Parts thereof as were altered by the said Act of the Seventh Year of His said late Majesty, were continued from and after the Expiration of the said Term of Twenty-one Years, for and during the further Term of Twenty-one Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And whereas by one other Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for altering, amending, and making more effectual the Laws for repairing the Road leading from the City of *Dublin* to the Town of *Kinnegad* in the County of *Westmeath*, and from

from thence to the Town of *Mullingar* in the ſame County, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, it was Enacted, That the ſaid Acts made in the Fifth and Seventh Years of the Reign of His ſaid late Majeſty King George the Second, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Articles, Rules, Penalties, and Clauſes therein contained, except what were thereby repealed, altered, or explained, ſhould be of full Force, commence, and take Effect, and ſhould continue to be executed from and after the laſt Day of the then Seſſion of Parliament, for and during the further Term of Twenty-one Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, for the Intents and Purpoſes in the ſaid Acts, and therein mentioned: And whereas the Sum of Fifteen Thouſand Pounds Sterling, mentioned and alledged in the ſaid laſt recited Act, to be due on the Credit of the ſaid Two former Acts, is ſtill unpaid, and the ſame bears Intereſt at the Rate of Five Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, and the ſaid Sum of Fifteen Thouſand Pounds hath been applied and diſpoſed of as the Tolls and Duties granted by Virtue of the ſaid Two firſt recited Acts, were by the ſaid Acts to have been applied and diſpoſed of: And whereas the Approaches from the Town of Chapelizod in the County of Dublin, to the City of Dublin, by the ſaid Road, both on the North and South Sides of the River Liffey, are in moſt parts thereof

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thereof ſo exceedingly narrow and confined, as not to afford convenient or ſafe paſſage to Travellers, Cattle, or Carriages; and the ſaid Road, by Reaſon of the narrowneſs thereof, cannot be kept or preſerved in good Repair, and for the Convenience of the Publick, the ſaid Road ought in all Parts thereof to be made of the Breadth of Sixty Feet at the leaſt, where the ſame can be done without breaking down, or injuring any of the Incloſures of His Majeſty's Phænix-Park, or of the Grounds belonging to the Royal-Hoſpital of Kilmainham: And whereas the annual Sum ariſing from the ſaid Tolls or Duties, is not ſufficient to keep down the Whole of the yearly Intereſt of the ſaid Loan, and to anſwer the ſeveral Purpoſes by the ſaid recited Acts intended, and to widen the ſaid Part of the ſaid Road, and to make a Fund ſufficient for thoſe Purpoſes, it is neceſſary to encreaſe the Toll or Duty in future to be collected on the ſaid Road: Therefore be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Perſons nominated and appointed in and by Virtue of the ſaid laſt recited Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, or hereafter to be ſo nominated and appointed, ſhall be Truſtees for putting the

the said former Acts and this present Act in Execution, and all the Powers and Authorities therein, and herein after given and enacted, to all Intents and Purposes as if they had been named herein; and all and every Person and Persons, so heretofore nominated and appointed, or hereafter to be nominated or appointed, shall and may, and are hereby impowered to act to all Intents and Purposes, as the said Trustees, or any Seven or more of them, are by the former Acts or this present Act impowered to do, and so toties quoties as often as there shall be Occasion.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Trustees, or any Seven or more of them, during the Continuance of the Term granted by the said former Act of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, to lay out as much of the Money arising by the Toll hereby granted, or of the Money to be raised on the Credit thereof, in keeping in good and effectual Repair, the said Road leading from the City of Dublin aforesaid, to the Town of Mullingar in the County of Westmeath, and in altering or shortening the Line thereof as they shall think necessary for that Purpose, but more especially for the Purpose of Widening and making of the Breadth of Sixty Feet at the least, where the same can be done without breaking down or injuring any of the Inclosures

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of His Majeſty's Phoenix Park, or of the Grounds belonging to the Royal Hoſpital near Kilmainham, all Parts of the ſaid Road leading from the ſaid Town of Chapelizod to the City of Dublin, on the North and South Sides of the River Liffey, and that for the Purpoſe of widening, making, and repairing the ſaid Part of the ſaid Road to the Breadth aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Surveyor or Surveyors elected, nominated or appointed, or to be elected, nominated, or appointed by the ſaid Truſtees, or any Seven or more of them, purſuant to the Powers, and for the Purpoſes in the ſaid recited Acts or any of them expreſſed, by Order of the ſaid Truſtees, or any Seven or more of them, to make, or cauſe to be made Cauſeways, and to cut and make Drains through any Ground lying contiguous to the ſaid Part of the ſaid Road, leading from Chapelizod to Dublin, on the North and South Sides of the River Liffey, and to erect Arches of Brick, Timber or Stone thereupon, and alſo to widen to the Breadth of Sixty Feet any of the narrower Parts of the ſaid Part of the ſaid Road, by opening, clearing, and laying into the ſaid Road, any ſuch contiguous Grounds, or to ſhorten any Parts of the ſaid Road, through any Grounds of any Perſon or Perſons lying contiguous to ſuch Road, not being incloſed within His Majeſty's Phoenix Park, or Ground belonging to the Royal Hoſpital near Kilmainham,

and

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and also to cause Ditches or Trenches to be made in such Places, and in such Manner as such Surveyor or Surveyors by Order of the said Trustees, or any Seven or more of them, shall adjudge necessary, for the better amending and keeping the said Part of the said Road in good Repair, making such reasonable Satisfaction to the Owner or Occupier of such Ground, as shall be so laid in, or unto the said Part of the said Road, or through which any such Drain or Drains shall be cut, or on which any such Arch or Arches shall be made, or through which such shortened Road shall be carried, for the Damages which he or they shall or may thereby sustain, as shall after Eight Days Notice be assessed and adjudged by the Justices of the Peace for the County of Dublin, or by the major Part of them, at the next General Quarter Sessions to be holden for the County of Dublin, in case of any Difference concerning the same; any Thing in the said recited Acts or any of them to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Trustees or any Seven or more of them, or such Person or Persons as they or any Seven or more of them shall authorize and appoint, shall and may from and after the First Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, for and during the Continuance of the said former Acts,

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and of this preſent Act, take and receive in Lieu of the Tolls and Duties made payable by the ſaid recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majeſty King George the Second, the Tolls and Duties following, that is to ſay, for every Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſh, Chaiſe, or Chair drawn by Six Horſes, Mares, Geldings, or Mules, the Sum of Two Shillings and Two Pence; for every Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſh, Chaiſe, or Chair drawn by Four Horſes, Mares, Geldings, or Mules, the Sum of One Shilling and Seven Pence Halfpenny; for every Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſh, Chaiſe, or Chair drawn by Two Horſes, Mares, Geldings, or Mules, the Sum of Six Pence Halfpenny; for every Waggon, Wain, Cart, Car, or other Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Wain, Cart, or other Carriage with Two Wheels, having more than Two Horſes, Mares, Geldings, Aſſes, or Mules, the Sum of Two Shillings and Eight Pence Halfpenny; for every Carriage commonly called Chaiſe, Chair, or Capriole with Four Wheels, drawn by One Horſe, Mare, Gelding, or Mule, the Sum of Five Pence; for every Car, Capriole, or other Carriage with Four Wheels and drawn by more than One Horſe, Mare, Gelding, Als, or Mule, the Sum of Six Pence Halfpenny; for every Car, Capriole, or other Carriage having but Two Wheels and drawn by One Horſe, Mare, Gelding, Als, or Mule,

the

the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny; for every Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, Aſs or Mule, laden or unladen, and not drawing, the Sum of One Penny; for every Drove of Oxen, Colts, or neat Cattle, the Sum of One Shilling and Eight Pence per Score, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Number; for every Drove of Calves, Hogs, Sheep, or Lambs, the Sum of Ten Pence per Score, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Number; which ſaid reſpective Sum and Sums of Money, ſhall be demanded and taken in the Name of or as a Toll or Duty, at the ſeveral Turnpike Gates now erected, or which ſhall hereafter be erected on the ſaid Road, or on the Sides thereof, or any Part thereof; and the ſaid Truſtees, or any Seven or more of them, are hereby impowered by themſelves, or any Perſon or Perſons by them or any Seven or more of them thereunto authorized, to levy and receive the ſame, and are alſo inveſted with all the ſame Powers and Authorities for the levying the ſame by Diſtreſs, Seizure, Detention, or otherwiſe, as by the ſaid former Acts they were and are inveſted with, for levying the Tolls and Duties thereby granted; and the ſaid Money, Tolls or Duty, ſo to be hereby raiſed and collected, is and ſhall be veſted in the ſaid Truſtees, for the Purpoſe in the firſt Place of diſcharging all reaſonable Expences in the procuring this Act, and after

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Diſcharge thereof, the ſaid Money or Tolls, or Duties, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the Uſes and Applications in the ſaid former Acts, and in this preſent Act particularly directed, mentioned, and declared, of and concerning the reſpective Tolls and Duties, thereby and hereby granted.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Road from Dublin to Mullingar, ſhall be divided into Two parts, and that ſo much thereof as reaches from the City of Dublin to the Twenty Mile Stone, on the ſaid Road, ſhall be diſtinguiſhed by the Name of the Eaſtern Diviſion, and that ſo much thereof as reaches from the Twenty Mile Stone to the Town of Mullingar, ſhall be diſtinguiſhed by the Name of the Weſtern Diviſion.

And whereas in the ſaid Act of the Fifth of His ſaid late Majeſty, there is a Proviſo, that in caſe there ſhall be more than one Gate or Turnpike in, Croſs, or on the Side of the ſaid Highways or Roads between the ſaid City of Dublin and Kinnegad, no Perſon or Perſons having paid the Toll or Duty at the firſt Gate or Turnpike, through which ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall paſs, and producing a Note or Ticket that the ſaid Toll or Duty was paid, (which) Note or Ticket the Receiver

or

or Receivers, Collector or Collectors is, and are hereby required to give gratis) shall be liable to pay any Toll or Duty at any other of the said Gates or Turnpikes upon or on the Side of the said Highway or Road, such Person or Persons delivering the said Note or Ticket to the said Receiver or Receivers, Collector or Collectors of the said Toll or Duty at the latter Gate or Turnpike the same Day, and no Person or Persons having Occasion to pass the Place or Places where the Toll or Duty is taken, and who shall return the same Day, upon or with the same Horse, Mare, Gelding, Ass, Mule, Cattle, Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Chaise, Chair, Calash, Waggon, Cart, Car, or other Carriage, shall be liable or compellable the same Day to pay the said Toll or Duty more than once on the said Road; be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Proviso be, and the same is hereby declared to be repealed and made void.

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid That every Person shall pay the Tolls and Duties aforesaid at the first Gate, he or she, or his or her Cattle or Carriages, shall pass through in either of the said Divisions, and if on the same Day he or she, with his or her Cattle or Carriage shall travel more of the said Road, than is in one of the said Divisions, he or she shall pay the Toll or Duty aforesaid, twice

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in the ſame Day, it being the true Intent and Meaning hereof, that Payment on the Eaſtern Diviſion ſhall not be an Exemption from Payment in the Weſtern Diviſion, nor Payment in the Weſtern Diviſion an Exemption from Payment in the Eaſtern Diviſion.

Provided allways, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be obliged to pay any of the ſaid Tolls or Duties more than once in the ſame Day, within any one of the ſaid Diviſions on producing a Ticket thereof, which Ticket the Receivers at any of the Gates erected, or to be erected on the ſaid Road, are to give as by the ſaid former Acts is directed, and the Tickets to be ſo given, are to be marked with the Name of the Diviſion of the ſaid Road, in which they are delivered to the Perſon or Perſons ſo paying Toll or Duties.

And for as much as the Money ſo to be collected by ſuch Receipt of the Toll, will not at preſent be ſufficient for the Purpoſe of widening the narrow Paths of the ſaid Road, or of ſhortening and making more commodious the Line thereof, from the ſaid Town of Chapelizod to the ſaid City of Dublin, on both Sides the River Liffey; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Truſtees, or any Fifteen or more of them, ſhall and may, and are hereby impowered from Time to Time, as Occaſion ſhall require, to raiſe and borrow ſuch Sum or Sums of

of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two Thousand pounds Sterling, as they shall judge necessary, towards defraying the immediate Expence of the said Work, and to make Satisfaction or Compensation to the Owners or Occupiers of contiguous Grounds, for Damages to be by them sustained as aforesaid; and that for all such Sums so to be borrowed, Bills intitling the Bearer to the Amount of the Sums therein specified, and declaring such Amount to be payable on the first Day of May, or first Day of November which shall next happen, after the End of Three Years from the respective Dates of such Bills, shall be issued and signed by the Clerk or Register of the said Trustees for the Time being, and sealed with the Seal of the said Trustees, and that such Bills shall bear Interest from the Date thereof, as shall be agreed upon between the said Trustees, and the Lender or Lenders, not exceeding the Rate of Six Pounds by the Hundred by the Year, and that for such Sums, so to be borrowed by the said Trustees, there shall be paid by their Treasurer or Receiver, every first Day of May, and every first Day of November, after the respective Dates of such Bills, to the Holders thereof, such Interest as shall be so agreed upon, in full to the said Days so appointed for the Payment of such Interest, without any Fee or Charge whatsoever, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations and Abate-

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ments, until the Principal Sums therein mentioned be reſpectively paid at one Payment; and that all ſuch Bills as ſhall be ſo iſſued and ſigned, ſhall be numbered in Arithmetical Progreſſion, beginning with Number One, until the Whole thereof ſhall be numbered: Provided, that no ſuch Bill ſhall be iſſued for leſs than Eight Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence, and that every Perſon to whom ſuch Bill or Bills ſhall be iſſued, may, at his or her Option, receive one or ſeveral Bills for ſuch Sum as he or ſhe ſhall chooſe, ſo as ſuch Bill or Bills, if more than one, ſhall not exceed in the Whole the Amount of the Money by him or her lent to the ſaid Truſtees in purſuance of this Act, and ſo as no Bill ſhall iſſue for any greater Sum than Eight Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence, except ſuch Sum as Eight Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence ſhall be the common Divider of.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Tolls of ſaid Road impoſed by this Act, ſhall be in the firſt Place laid out in repairing and widening ſaid Road, and in the Payment of the neceſſary Officers, before any Debt or Intereſt of Debt now affecting ſaid Tolls ſhall be paid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Money, not exceeding Two Thouſand Pounds ſo to be borrowed, ſhall be applied, in the firſt Place, towards

towards defraying the immediate Expence of the said Work so to be done in the Widening and altering the said Parts of the said Road, from the Town of Chapel izod to the City of Dublin, both on the North and South Sides of the River Liffey, and in making Compensation or Satisfaction to the Owners or Occupiers of contiguous Grounds, for Damages to be by them sustained as aforesaid, and that the Residue thereof, if any, shall be applied and disposed of as the Tolls and Duties aforesaid are by this Act, or by the said former Acts, or any of them, to be applied or disposed of. CHAP. XXXIX.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Treasurer or Receiver of the said Trustees for the Time being, shall, when and as the Principal Sums for which such Bills so to be signed as aforesaid, shall be issued, shall become due and payable, then immediately discharge the same, with all Interest due thereon on Demand made thereof, in Preference to any other Claim or Demand whatsoever on the said Trustees, or their said Treasurer or Receiver, by Virtue of any Warrant or Order of the said Trustees or otherwise howsoever, and that the said Holder of such Bill or Bills, shall, upon Payment thereof as aforesaid, deliver up his or their several and respective Bills to the said Treasurer or Receiver to be

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cantelled. Which he is hereby required to cancel accordingly, and the Intereſt of ſuch Bills reſpectively ſhall ceaſe from the Day whereon the Principal Sums therein mentioned ſhall reſpectively be made payable, unleſs the ſaid Treaſurer or Receiver ſhall, on Demand thereof made on that Day, refuſe or decline paying ſuch Principal Sum, with the Intereſt then due thereon; but in Caſe of ſuch Demand and Refuſal, or declining on that Day, ſuch Bill or Bills ſo demanded, ſhall bear Intereſt at the Rate therein expreſſed, until paid.

And whereas all or moſt of the Warrants or Orders heretofore iſſued by the ſaid Truſtees for Monies by them borrowed, purſuant to the ſaid former Acts, have been purchaſed by the preſent Holders thereof, at Rates conſiderably under Par, and the ſame might probably be bought in by the ſaid Truſtees much under Par, were the ſaid Truſtees by Law enabled to purchaſe the ſame; therefore be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that when and ſo often as the Surplus of the ſaid Tolls and Duties hereby made payable, over and above what ſhall be ſufficient to diſcharge the Intereſt of the ſaid Warrants or Orders, and the Principal and Intereſt of ſuch Bill ſo to be iſſued as aforeſaid, and for the Repair of the ſaid Road, and other neceſſary Charges, ſhall amount to the

Sum

Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and such Surplus shall be received, and be in the Hands of the said Treasurer or Receiver of the said Trustees, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Trustees, or any Seven or more of them, at a publick Board of the said Trustees, to set up their Warrants or Orders by Publick Auction, to be discharged, so far forth as such Surplus so in Hands will go towards the Discharge thereof, and shall with, and out of such Surplus, and so far as the same will extend, cause their Treasurer or Receiver to discharge such of the said Warrants or Orders, as on such Auction the highest Discount shall be offered for, and that the Person or Persons who shall on such Auction propose or bid the highest Discount, his or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, shall so far forth as such Surplus will extend, within Twenty Days after such Auction be paid by the said Treasurer or Receiver the Principal Sum or Sums to him or them respectively due, after deducting thereout such Discount as aforesaid, with Interest for the same till paid, and shall, upon Payment thereof, indorse on the Back of such Warrant or Order, a Receipt for the Money really and Bona Fide to be paid to him, after deducting such Discount as aforesaid, and subscribe his or her Name to such Receipt, and deliver up his or their

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several respective Warrants or Orders so discharged, and with such Receipts so indorsed, to the said Treasurer or Receiver, to be cancelled, which he is hereby required to cancel accordingly, and the Interest payable by Virtue of such Warrants or Orders so discharged shall cease from the Expiration of Twenty Days, to be accounted from the Day of such Auction; provided that such Auction, and the Time and Place of holding thereof in the City of Dublin, be publickly advertized in the Dublin Gazette, or some other Publick News paper, and also posted in the usual Manner of posting Notices of the said Trustees, at least Twenty Days before such Auction.

And whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament in this Kingdom, for making a Turnpike-Road from the Town of Nenagh in the County of Tipperary, to Obrien's-Bridge in the County of Clare, it is Enacted, "That no Person shall be elected a Trustee of said Road, who is not resident in the County of Tipperary," be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the said recited Act be, and the same is hereby repealed.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of this Act, as relates to the Increase of the Tolls on said Road from Dublin to Mullingar, shall

shall continue in Force for Five Years and no longer. CHAP. XXXIX.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this present Act shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all the Judges, Justices, and other Persons whatsoever, without specially pleading the same.

800

CHAP.
XL.

AN

ACT

FOR

Reviving, Continuing, and Amending ſeveral Temporary Statutes.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for Reviving, Continuing, and Amending ſeveral Temporary Statutes.

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WHEREAS the ſeveral Statutes herein after mentioned, are found to be of General Uſe, and fit to be continued: Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act to prevent and puniſh tumultuous Riſings of Perſons within this Kingdom, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned;

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which said Act was continued and amended by an Act passed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for reviving and continuing several Temporary Statutes; and further continued by an Act passed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for reviving, continuing, and amending several Temporary Statutes, be further continued, together with the Clauses added to it by way of Amendment, by the said recited Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His Majesty, to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act made in this Kingdom in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to authorise for a limited Time the Punishment by hard Labour of Offenders, who, for certain Crimes, are or shall become liable to be transported to any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations; which said Act was continued by an Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for reviving, continuing, and amending several Temporary Statutes, be further continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act made in this Kingdom in the fifth Year of His late Majesty, King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the better Regulation and Government of Seamen in the Merchants' Service, which said Act was continued by an Act passed in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for reviving, amending, and continuing several Temporary Statutes, and for other Purposes therein mentioned, be further continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act passed in this Kingdom in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to explain an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent Frauds committed by Bankrupts, be continued, together with the therein recited Acts of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of his present Majesty, and also an Act, intituled, An Act to prevent Frauds committed by Bankrupts, who do not keep regular Books of Account, to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for eſtabliſhing a Militia in this Kingdom, and now near expiring, be continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act to continue an Act paſſed in the Eleventh Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, *intituled*, An Act to oblige Ships more effectually to perform their Quarantine, and for the better preventing the Plague being brought from Foreign Parts into *Ireland*, and to hinder the ſpreading of Infection; be further continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Firſt Year of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds in the vending, preparing, and adminiſtering Drugs and Medicines, which ſaid Act has been continued by ſeveral Acts ſince paſſed

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in this Kingdom, be further continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. CHAP. XL.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for reviving and amending an Act paſſed in the Twenty-third Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, *intituled*, An Act for amending and continuing and making more effectual the ſeveral Acts now in Force in this Kingdom, for the more eaſy Recovery of Tythes, and other Eccleſiaſtical Dues, of ſmall Value, and alſo for the more eaſy providing a Maintenance for Pariſh Clerks, ſo far only as the ſame relates to the more eaſy providing a Maintenance for Pariſh Clerks, and to encourage the Building of new Churches; which ſaid Act was continued by an Act made in this Kingdom in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for reviving, amending, and continuing ſeveral Temporary Statutes, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, be further continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act paſſed in this Kingdom

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in the Twenty-fifth Year of his late Majeſty King George **the Second, intituled,** An Act for buying and ſelling all Sorts of Corn and Meal, and other Things therein mentioned by Weight, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds committed in the buying and ſelling thereof, **which ſaid Act was continued by an Act made in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of his preſent Majeſty, intituled,** An Act for reviving, amending, and continuing ſeveral Temporary Statutes, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, **be further continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of** June, **One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.**

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act for regulating the Price and Aſſize of Bread, and preventing Frauds and Impoſitions in the Sale of Flour, Meal, Beer, Ale, Potatoes, Butchers Meat, and other Articles ſold by Weight or Meaſure, in the County of *Dublin*, **which ſaid Act was continued by a Clauſe in an Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of his preſent Majeſty, be further continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of** June, **One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.**

And

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act passed in this Kingdom in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend and continue an Act passed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His present Majesty, *intituled*, An Act to amend and continue an Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His present Majesty, *intituled*, An Act for the better Regulation of the Baking Trade in the City of *Dublin*, and for other Purposes, **which said Act is near expiring, be further continued in Force to the Twenty-fourth Day of** June, **One thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.**

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act passed in this Kingdom in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for regulating the Baking Trade in the City of *Cork*, **and now near expiring, be continued in Force to the Twenty-fourth Day of** June, **One thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.**

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act passed in this Kingdom in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act to prevent Combinations to raise the Price of

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Coals in the City of *Dublin*, which said Act was continued by an Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for reviving, continuing, and amending several Temporary Statutes, be further continued to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

And whereas by an Act passed in this Kingdom, in the First Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to prevent the excessive Price of Coals in the City of *Dublin*, the Coals to be bought in for the publick Coal Yards, are directed to be bought in when Coals are under Sixteen Shillings the Tun: And whereas by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, the said Act made in the said First Year of His Majesty's Reign, and also an Act passed in the Third Year of His Majesty's Reign to amend and continue the said Act, were extended to the City of Cork, under certain Exceptions and Provisions mentioned in the said Act passed in the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign: And whereas on Account of the advanced Price of Freight and Insurance to the City of Cork during the present War, it has been often found impracticable to buy in the said Coals at the Price mentioned in the said recited Act of the First Year of His Majesty's Reign, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may

may be lawful to and for the Director of the Publick Coal Yards in the City of Cork, during the Continuance of the present War, by and with the Approbation and Consent of the Mayor and Common Council of the said City, to buy in Coals for the said Yards, when Coals shall be at a higher Price than Sixteen Shillings the Tun, any Thing in the said recited Act of the First Year of his Majesty's Reign to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Director shall sell out the said Coals at a Price proportioned to the advanced Price at which he has bought in the same.

Provided further, That the Director of the said Coal Yard shall make Oath before the Mayor of the said City of Cork for the Time being, which Oath the said Mayor is hereby impowered and required to administer, that he has bought in the said Coals for the lowest Price for which he was able to purchase the same.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Juries of the County of the City of Cork, at the Assizes to be held for the said City, to make Presentments for Sums of Money for Covering over, either by Arches or otherwise, such Canals or

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Docks, the Covering of which shall appear to be for the publick Convenience and Advantage of the said City, in the same Manner as Presentments are made for the Repair of High Roads, and that it shall be lawful for the Judge of Assize if he shall think proper, from Time to Time, to Fiat such Presentments.

And Whereas, by an Act of Parliament passed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the better Regulation of the Police of the City of *Cork*, and for other Purposes relative to the said City; it is Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Church Wardens of the several Parishes in the said City of Cork, and the Suburbs thereof, may, if they shall think proper, take into their Care and Possession any Infant Children that shall be deserted and exposed in their respective Parishes for the Purposes mentioned in the said Act, and that the Expences of Providing for such Children shall be defrayed by the respective Parishes in the Manner therein mentioned.

And whereas several of the said Church Wardens have refused to take into their Care and Possession several Infant Children that have been deserted and exposed in their respective Parishes, and it is apprehended that other Church Wardens will refuse to do the same, relying on the

Words

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Words of the said Act, that they have a Power to take such Children or not to take them, as they shall think proper, whereby the Charitable and Laudable Scheme intended by the said Act, for the Relief of such deserted and exposed Children, is in a great Measure frustrated: For Remedy whereof, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Church Wardens of the several Parishes in the said City of Cork, and the Suburbs thereof, shall take into their Care and Possession any Infant Children that shall be exposed in their respective Parishes, to be disposed of as mentioned in the said recited Act, and if any Church Warden of any Parish in the said City of Cork or the Suburbs thereof, shall refuse to take into his Care and Possession any Infant Child that shall be deserted and exposed in his Parish, for the Purposes mentioned in the said Act, that such Church Warden for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to go to the Governors of the Work House of the said City, for the Use of the said Work House, and to be recovered by Civil Bill, to be brought in the Name of the said Governors, at the Assizes to be held for the said City.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act passed in this Kingdom in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the better Preservation of Fish in Rivers,

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Lakes, and Inland Waters, be continued in Force to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That that Part of an Act, intituled, An Act for reviving and continuing ſeveral temporary Statutes, which was paſſed in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty, whereby it is made Felony without Benefit of Clergy, in any Perſon, whether Priſoner or otherwiſe, who ſhall by Force break any Gaol with Intention to enlarge any Priſoner, and which was made to be in Force to the Twenty-fourth of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, be continued for Four Years from the Twenty-fourth of June next, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Twenty-fifth Year of his late Majeſty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game, and alſo an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Third Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game, be revived and continued in Force to the Twenty-fourth Day of

of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a Clauſe in an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the Thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for reviving, continuing, and amending ſeveral temporary Statutes, which makes the Killing and Deſtroying Wild Turkies, liable to certain Penalties and Forfeitures, and alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for reviving, amending, andc ontinuing ſeveral temporary Statutes, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned, as relates to the Preſervation of the Game, be continued in Force to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

And whereas, by an Act paſſed in the Third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game, it is directed that Perſons who ſhall be convicted of looking for or killing Game, ſhall, upon Conviction, ſuffer the Pains and Penalties thereby preſcribed: And whereas Doubts have ariſen in the Minds of Perſons as to the meaning of the Words, "looking for Game," whereby Innocent Perſons may be expoſed to vexati-

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ous Proſecutions under ſaid Act; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall be conſtrued to be within the Meaning of ſaid Clauſe, as looking for Game, unleſs he ſhall appear to be provided with a Dog or Dogs, Gun or Guns, Net or Nets, or ſome other Implement or Implements for taking or killing the ſame.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act paſſed in the Seventeenth Year of His late Majeſty King George the Second, intituled, An Act to prevent the pernicious practice of burning Land, and for the more effectual deſtroying of Vermin, as relates to the giving Rewards for the more effectual deſtroying of Vermin, and which has been continued by ſeveral Acts ſince made in this Kingdom, and particularly by an Act paſſed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for reviving and continuing ſeveral temporary Statutes that have lately expired, and for continuing others that are near expiring with ſome Amendments, be further continued, together with the Amendments thereunto added by the ſaid laſt recited Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth of His preſent Majeſty (excepting with reſpect to Rooks and Herons) to the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſeven, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person confined or to be confined in any of His Majesty's Gaols within this Kingdom, charged with any Criminal offence, shall be intitled to receive the Prisoners Allowance of Bread, during the Time of his or her said Confinement; and if such Person shall, after having been tried for such Offence and acquitted thereof, be confined for his or her Fees, every such Person so confined shall be in like Manner intitled to the like Allowance.

CHAP.
XLI.

AN

ACT

FOR

Diſcharging all Priſoners now confined in the ſeveral Gaols of this Kingdom for Fees only.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

An Act for diſcharging all Priſoners now confined in the ſeveral Gaols of this Kingdom for Fees only.

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CHAP. LXI.

WHEREAS ſeveral Perſons are now confined within the ſeveral Gaols of this Kingdom for Fees only, be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Perſons confined in any Gaol in this Kingdom for Fees only, ſhall be immediately diſcharged out of Priſon, abſolutely freed from any Claim or Demand for or on Account of ſuch Fees.

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Provided allways, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſeveral Grand Juries of the ſeveral Counties, and Counties of Cities, wherein ſuch Priſoners ſhall be ſo diſcharged, to preſent, if the ſaid Grand Juries ſhall think proper, all or any Part of ſuch Fees to be raiſed on ſuch Counties, and Counties of Cities, by Preſentment, at the Aſſizes, in the Manner other Money is now uſually raiſed by Preſentment, and when raiſed, to be paid to the reſpective Officers intitled to ſuch Fees; any Law or Statute to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

AN

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AN

ACT

FOR

Enforcing the due Execution of the Laws now in being, and for the better regulating the Publick Gaols and Priſons in this Kingdom, and providing neceſſary Accommodations for the Perſons confined therein, and for the more effectual Adminiſtration of Juſtice at Seſſions, and by Juſtices of the Peace in Cities and Counties of Cities within this Kingdom.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for enforcing the due Execution of the Laws now in being, and for the better regulating the Publick Gaols and Priſons in this Kingdom, and providing neceſſary Accommodations for the Perſons confined therein, and for the more effectual Adminiſtration of Juſtice at Seſſions, and by Juſtices of the Peace in Cities and Counties of Cities within this Kingdom.

WHEREAS there is juſt Reaſon to believe that the ſeveral Publick Gaols and Priſons throughout this Kingdom are at this Time in a very ruinous and decayed State, and that they have

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have not the proper Accommodation of Room that is necessary for preserving the Health of such as are confined therein: And whereas there is good Reason to believe that several just and salutary Regulations, prescribed and directed to be carried into Execution by the different Sheriffs and Gaolers, under the Inspection of the Magistrate, for the Regulation of such Gaols, and providing the Prisoners with such Accommodations as are particularly directed by an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for better preventing the Severities and unjust Exactions practised by Gaolers against their Prisoners, and for more effectually supporting Prosecutions at the Suit of the Crown in Cases of Felony and Treason, as also by another Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for preserving the Health of Prisoners in Gaol, and preventing the Gaol Distemper, have been hitherto neglected, For Remedy whereof, and in order that the various, wise, and salutary Regulations, contained in the Two last in part recited Acts, may be more effectually carried into Execution, Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred

hundred and eighty-three, all and every the Judges of Assize and General Gaol Delivery, are hereby directed and required to give the above in part recited Acts in Charge to the Grand Juries of the several Counties or Cities on their respective Circuits throughout this Kingdom, and to require the said Grand Juries to comply therewith as far as in their Power, and to make such Presentments as are mentioned and directed in said recited Acts; and said Judges are hereby required and directed to examine in a summary Manner into the State and Situation of the different Gaols, and the Conduct of the different Gaolers, and to make such Orders, and impose such Fines, in Cases of Neglect or Misconduct of Gaolers, as shall to them seem just, according to the Circumstances.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the Grand Juries of Counties or of Cities throughout this Kingdom, after their having been properly called upon and directed by such Judges, to form and make such Presentments for Repair or Enlargement of said Gaols, or for providing such Accommodations as in said Acts are mentioned, or for making such other Provisions as are therein specified, shall notwithstanding neglect or omit to form or make such Presentments or Provisions before the last Day of said Assizes, that in all such Cases

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the said Judges are hereby required, directed, and impowered to impose such Fine or Fines on said County at large, or on the County of the City, as the Case shall be, as they shall deem just and necessary.

Provided allways, That such Fine or Fines shall not exceed the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds; and such Fine or Fines, when levied, shall be applied to the Repair or Enlargement of such Gaol, or for providing necessary Accommodations, and shall be accounted for in like Manner, as if the same had been regularly presented by the respective Grand Juries.

Provided allways, That any Fine imposed upon the County by the Judge, pursuant to this Act, shall be laid in, applotted, and levied upon the County at large, in the same Manner that Presentments made by the Grand Jury for County Charges are laid in, applotted, and levied.

And whereas by the Charters and Constitutions, and by the Laws now in being with respect to several Cities within this Kingdom, it is required, that the Mayor, Recorder, and one or more Justices of the Peace of such Cities, and Counties of Cities, should personally attend and be present at the holding of all Sessions of the Peace within such Cities, and Counties of Cities: And whereas great Inconveniencies

ties and Delays of Justice have arisen from the Absence of the Recorder of such Cities, occasioned by Sickness, Accident, or necessary Avocations, whereby such Sessions cannot be holden; For Remedy whereof, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Recorder of such Cities shall, from and after the first Day of July next, have full Power and Authority, by Writing under Hand and Seal of such Recorder, in Cases of Sickness or necessary Absence, and with the Consent of the Chief Magistrate, to constitute and appoint a Deputy, being a Barrister at Law, to fill the place of such Recorder at such Sessions as aforesaid, and the Adjournments thereof, during the Absence of such Recorder from such Sessions. CHAP. XLII.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That said Deputy so constituted and appointed, shall have the same Power and Authority in all Respects at such Sessions, as said Recorder would have had if personally present.

CHAP.
XLIII.

AN

ACT

FOR

Puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; as alſo for the Repeal of an Act, *intituled*, An Act for the better Accommodation and Regulation of His Majeſty's Army in this Kingdom.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; as alſo for the Repeal of an Act, *intituled*, An Act for the better Accommodation and Regulation of His Majeſty's Army in this Kingdom.

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CHAP. XLIII.

WHEREAS the raiſing or keeping a Standing Army within this Kingdom in Time of Peace, unleſs it be with the Conſent of Parliament, is againſt Law: And whereas it is judged neceſſary by His Majeſty, and this preſent Parliament, that a Body of Forces ſhould be continued for the Safety of this Kingdom, and the Defence of the Poſſeſſions of

CHAP. XLIII.

His Majesty's Crown, and the whole Number of such Forces should consist of Fifteen Thousand and Forty-six effective Men: And whereas no Man can be foredjudged of Life or Limb, or subjected in Time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment within this Realm by Martial Law, or in any other Manner than by the Judgement of his Peers, and according to the known and established Laws of this Realm; Yet nevertheless, it being requisite for the retaining all the before mentioned Forces in their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed, and that Soldiers who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert his Majesty's Service within this Realm of Ireland, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow: Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person being mustered or in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be listed or in Pay as a Soldier, shall at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, begin, excite, cause, or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in the Regiment, Troop, or Company to which he doth belong, or in any other Regiment, Troop, or Company, either of His Majesty's Land or Marine Forces in His Majesty's Service, or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same,

or

or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny, or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; or being a Soldier actually listed in any Regiment, Troop, or Company, shall list himself in any other Regiment, Troop, or Company, without a Discharge produced in Writing from the Colonel, or, in his Absence, from the Officer commanding in Chief the Regiment, Troop, or Company in which he last served as a listed Soldier; or shall be found sleeping on his Post, or shall leave it before relieved; or if any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Army shall hold Correspondence with any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, or give them Advice or Intelligence, either by Letters, Messages, Signs or Tokens, in any Manner or Way whatsoever, or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemy, or enter into any Condition with them, without his Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the General, Lieutenant General, or Chief Commander, or shall strike, or use any Violence against his Superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officer; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any of the Matters beforementioned, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

CHAP. LXIII.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That His Majeſty may from Time to Time grant a Commiſſion, under the Royal Sign Manual for the holding of General Courts Martial, within this Realm, in like Manner as is now uſed, and may alſo extend His Royal Warrant to any General Officer having the chief Command of a Body of Forces within the ſame, authorizing him to convene General Courts Martial for the Trial of Offences committed by any of the Forces under his Command, and likewiſe that His Majeſty may by His Royal commiſſion, impower the Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom, or other Chief Governor or Governors thereof for the Time being, to appoint General Courts Martial from Time to Time, in like Manner as had been heretofore uſed, as well as to direct his or their Warrant to any General Officer having the Chief Command of a Body of Forces within the ſame, authorizing him to Convene General Courts Martial as Occaſion may require, for the Trial of Offences committed by any of the Forces under his Command, all which General Courts Martial ſhall be conſtituted, and ſhall regulate their Proceedings according to the ſeveral Proviſions herein after ſpecified.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Courts Martial by their

their Sentence or Judgments, to inflict Corporal Punishment, not tending to Life or Limb, on any Soldier for Immoralities, Misbehaviour, or neglect of Duty. CHAP. XLIII.

And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That no General Court Martial which shall have power to sit by virtue of this Act, shall consist of a less Number than Thirteen, whereof none to be under the Degree of a Commission Officer, and the President of such General Court Martial shall neither be the Commander in Chief nor Governor of the Garrison where the Offender shall be tried, nor under the Degree of a Field Officer, unless where a Field Officer cannot be had, nor in any Case whatsoever under the Degree of a Captain; and that such Court Martial shall have Power and Authority, and are hereby required and impowered to Administer an Oath to every Witness in Order to the Examination or Trial of any of the Offences that shall come before them.

Provided allways, That in all Trials by General Courts Martial to be held by virtue of this Act, every Member assisting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oath upon the Holy Evangelists before the Judge Advocate or his Deputy, who are hereby authorized to Administer the same, that is to say, You shall well and truly

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truly try and determine according to your Evidence in the Matter now before you, So help you God.

I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I will duly adminiſter Juſtice, according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majeſty's Forces, and according to an Act of Parliament now in Force for the Puniſhment of Mutiny and Deſertion, and other Crimes therein mentioned, without Partiality, Favour, or Affection; and if any Doubt ſhall ariſe which is not explained by the ſaid Articles or Act of Parliament, according to my Conſcience, the beſt of my underſtanding, and the Cuſtom of War in the like Caſes. And I further ſwear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court, until it ſhall be approved of by His Majeſty, or ſome Perſon duly authorized by him; neither will I, upon any Account, at any time whatſoever, diſcloſe or diſcover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unleſs required to give Evidence thereof as a Witneſs, by a Court of Juſtice, in a due Courſe of Law,

So help me God.

And ſo ſoon as the ſaid Oaths ſhall have been adminiſtered to the reſpective Members, the Preſident of the Court is hereby authorized and required to Adminiſter to the Judge Advocate or Perſon officiating as ſuch, an Oath in the following Words.

I *A. B.*

I *A. B.* do ſwear, that I will not upon any Account at any Time whatſoever, diſcloſe or diſcover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unleſs required to give Evidence thereof as a Witneſs by a Court of Juſtice in due Courſe of Law.

So help me God.

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And no Sentence of Death ſhall be given againſt any Offender in ſuch Caſe by any General Court Martial, unleſs Nine Officers preſent ſhall concur therein; and in all Caſes where a Court Martial ſhall conſiſt of more Officers than Thirteen, then the Judgment ſhall paſs by the Concurrence of Two-thirds at the leaſt of the Officers preſent: And no Proceedings or Trial ſhall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, except in Caſes which require an immediate Example.

And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That in the Caſe of any Soldier tried and convicted of Deſertion, whenſoever the Court Martial which ſhall paſs Sentence upon ſuch Trial, ſhall not think the Offence deſerving of Capital Puniſhment, ſuch Court Martial may, inſtead of awarding Corporal Puniſhment, adjudge the Offender, if they ſhall think fit, to ſerve as a Soldier in any of the Corps ſtationed in any of His Ma-

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jeſty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or in any Foreign Parts for Life, or for a certain Term of Years, according to the Degree of the Offence; and if ſuch Soldier ſhall afterwards, without Leave from His Majeſty, or from the Commanding Officer of the Corps in which he ſhall be appointed to ſerve, return into this Kingdom before the Expiration of the Term limited by ſuch Sentence, and ſhall be convicted thereof by a Court Martial, he ſhall ſuffer Death.

Provided allways, That the party tried by any General Court Martial, ſhall be intitled to a Copy of the Sentence and Proceedings of ſuch Court Martial upon Demand thereof made by himſelf, or by any other Perſon or Perſons on his Behalf (he or they paying reaſonably for the ſame) at any Time not ſooner than Three Months after ſuch Sentence, whether ſuch Sentence be approved or not.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Judge Advocate, or Perſon officiating as ſuch at any General Court Martial, do, and he is hereby required to tranſmit, with as much Expedition as the Opportunity of Time and Diſtance of place can admit, the Original Proceedings and Sentence of ſuch Court Martial, to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of the Kingdom of Ireland, to be laid before him or them,

and

and when the Determination shall have been made upon the Sentence therein contained, to be lodged with the Judge Advocate General in Dublin; which said original Proceedings and Sentence shall be carefully kept and preserved in the Office of such Judge Advocate General, to the End that the Person intitled thereto, may be enabled, upon Application to the said Office to obtain Copies thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act. CHAP. XLIII.

Provided also, and be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That none of the Proceedings of any General or Regimental Court Martial, nor any Entry or Copy thereof, shall be charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatsoever; any Thing contained in any Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Officer or Soldier, having been acquitted or convicted of any Offence, be liable to be tried a second Time by the same or any other Court Martial for the same Offence, unless in the Case of an Appeal from a Regimental to a General Court Martial: And that no Sentence given by any Court Martial, and signed by the President thereof, be liable to be revised more than once.

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Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to exempt any Officer or Soldier whatſoever from being proceeded againſt by the ordinary Courſe of Law.

And for preventing of Fraud and Deceit in the Muſtering of Soldiers: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon do make or give, or procure to be made or given, any falſe or untrue Certificate whereby to excuſe any Soldier for his Abſence from any Muſter, or any other Service whith he ought to attend or perform, upon Pretence of being employed on ſome other Duty of the Regiment, or of Sickneſs, being in Priſon, or on Furlough, then every ſuch Perſon ſo making, giving, or procuring ſuch Certificate, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and ſhall be forthwith caſhiered and diſplaced from his Office, and ſhall be thereby utterly diſabled to have or hold any Military Office or Employment within this Realm; and no Certificate ſhall excuſe the Abſence of any Soldier, but for the Reaſons above mentioned, or one of them; and the Commiſſary of the Muſters is hereby directed to ſet down on the Roll, at the Time of taking the Muſter, the Reaſon of the Abſence of ſuch Soldier reſpectively, and by whom certified, and not to ſet down any

ſuch

such Excuse without Yield of such Certificate. CHAP. XLIII.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Officer that shall make any false or untrue Muster of Man or Horse, and every Commissary, Muster-master, or other Officer, who shall wittingly or willingly allow or sign the Muster-roll wherein such false Muster is contained, or any Duplicate thereof; and also every Commissary, Muster-master, or other Officer, who shall directly or indirectly take, or cause to be taken, any Sum or Sums of Money, or any other Gratuity, on or for the mustering any Regiment, Troop, or Company, or for the signing of any Muster-roll or any Duplicate thereof, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by two Witnesses before a General Court Martial to be thereupon called (which is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) shall for such Offence be forthwith cashiered, and displaced from such Office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commissary or Muster-master, upon any Muster to be made, had, or taken by him or them, shall, by a convenient Time before such Muster made, give Notice to the Mayor, or other Chief Magistrate or Officer of the Place

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Where the ſaid Soldiers ſo to be muſtered ſhall be quartered, who is hereby required to be preſent at every ſuch Muſter, and give his utmoſt Aſſiſtance for the diſcovering any falſe or untrue Muſter there made, or offered to be made; and that every ſuch Commiſſary or Muſter-maſter making or taking ſuch Muſter, that ſhall neglect to give ſuch Notice as aforeſaid, or ſhall refuſe to take the Aid and Aſſiſtance of ſuch Mayor, Chief Magiſtrate, or Officer, where the Soldiers to be muſtered ſhall be quartered, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and be diſcharged from his Office; and no Muſter-roll ſhall be allowed, unleſs the ſame be ſigned by the ſaid Mayor, or other Chief Magiſtrate or Officer reſpectively; but in Caſe ſuch Mayor, Chief Magiſtrate or Officer ſhall not, upon due Notice given, attend ſuch Muſter, or ſhall refuſe to ſign ſuch Muſter-roll, without giving good and ſufficient Reaſons for ſuch his Refuſal, that then the Commiſſary may proceed to muſter ſuch Regiment, Troop, or Company, without incurring the ſaid Penalty, and ſuch Muſter-roll ſhall be allowed, though not ſigned as aforeſaid; provided that Oath be made before any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, within forty-eight Hours after ſuch Muſter, and the ſaid Muſter-roll ſhall then be produced and examined by the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace, who is hereby required to ſign the ſame, if there ſhall appear to be no good or ſufficient Objection to the ſame.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall be falsely mustered, or offer himself falsely or deceitfully to be mustered, upon Proof thereof made upon Oath by two Witnesses before the next Justice of the Peace for the County where such Muster shall be made, and upon Certificate thereof in Writing, under the Hand of the Commissary as aforesaid, made to such Justice of the Peace, the said Justice is hereby authorized and impowered to commit such Offender to the House of Correction, there to remain for the Space of Ten Days; and if any Person shall wittingly or willingly lend or furnish any Horse to be mustered, which shall not truly belong to the Trooper so mustered, the said Horse so falsely mustered shall be forfeited to the Informer, if the same doth belong to the Person lending or furnishing the said Horse, or otherwise the Person furnishing or lending the said Horse shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, upon Oath made by Two Witnesses before the next Justice of the Peace, which Twenty Pounds shall be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the said Justice, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattles of the Person so offending, rendering the Overplus (if any be) to the Owner: And in case such Offender shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattles whereon Distress may be made, to the Value of the Penalty

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to be recovered againſt him, or ſhall not pay ſuch Penalty within Four Days after ſuch Conviction, then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Juſtice of the Peace ſhall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, commit ſuch Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cauſe ſuch Offender to be publickly whipped at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtice; and the ſaid Forfeiture ſhall be to ſuch Perſon or Perſons that ſhall give Information thereof; and the ſaid Informer or Informers, if belonging to the Service, ſhall have a Right to be diſcharged forthwith, if he or they ſhall demand the ſame.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Commiſſion Officer, Store-keeper, or Commiſſary, that ſhall embezzle or miſapply, or cauſe to be embezzled or miſapplied, or ſhall wilfully or through Neglect ſuffer any Proviſions, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition, or other Military Stores to be ſpoiled or damaged, upon Proof thereof, upon Oath made by Two Witneſſes before a General Court Martial (which is hereby authorized and required to adminiſter ſuch Oath) ſhall be forthwith diſmiſſed His Majeſty's Service, and forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, and is hereby required to make good at his own Expence, the Loſs and Damage thereby ſuſtained, to be aſcertained by ſuch Court Martial, which ſhall have

have Power to seize the Goods and Chattles of the Person so offending, and sell them for Payment of said One Hundred Pounds, and such Damage: And if sufficient Goods and Chattles cannot be found and seized, then the Person so offending shall be committed to Prison, or the Common Gaol, to remain Six Months without Bail or Mainprize, and until he shall pay such Deficiency; and after the said Sum shall be recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed as His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commissary of the Musters, or Muster-master making or taking a Muster, do make Oath before the Mayor or Chief Magistrate attending the making or taking such Muster as aforesaid, if such Mayor or Chief Magistrate so attending be a Justice of the Peace, or otherwise before some other Justice of the Peace for the County where such Muster shall be taken, (who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same without Fee or Reward) in Manner and Form following,

I *A. B.* do swear, That I saw, at the Time of taking the within Muster, such Men or Horses as are borne, and not respited, on the Muster-roll, for which Men or Horses a signed Certificate or Certificates are not indorsed on the Back of the Roll, certifying their being ab-

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sent from the Muster by Reason of being employed on some other Duty of the Regiment, or being sick, in Prison, on Furlough, or at Grass, or by a signed Leave from the Colonel or Field Officer, or Officer commanding the Regiment, Troop, or Company.

Which Oath the said Commissary or Muster-master is hereby directed to inlert and subscribe on the Back of the Muster-roll by him transmitted into the Office of the Commissary General of the Musters.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Paymaster, Agent, or Clerk of any Garrison, Regiment, Troop, or Company, shall wilfully detain or withhold by the Space of one Month the Pay of any Officer or Soldier, (Cloaths and all other just Allowances being deducted) after such Pay shall be by him or them received, or if any Officers having received their Soldiers Pay, shall refuse to pay each respective Non-commission Officer and Soldier their respective Pay, when it shall become due, according to the several Rates established by Order of Government, then, upon Proof thereof before a Court Martial as aforesaid, to be held and summoned, every such Paymaster, Agent, Clerk, or Officer so offending, shall be discharged from his Employment, and shall forfeit to the Informer upon Conviction before the said Court One Hundred Pounds, to be levied as aforesaid; and the

Informer

Informer, if a Soldier, if he demands it, shall be and is hereby discharged from any further Service; any Thing contained in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer or Commissary shall muster any person by a wrong Name knowingly, upon Conviction thereof before a General Court Martial, the said Officer or Commissary shall suffer such Penalty, and in such Manner as is directed and inflicted by this Act upon those who shall make false Returns: And that a true and regular Account may be kept and rendered by the Agents of the several Regiments and Independent Troops and Companies, the said Agents are hereby required and directed to observe such Orders and Directions as shall from Time to Time be given by His Majesty under His Sign Manual, or by His Majesty's Chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom; and if any Agent shall refuse or neglect to observe and comply with such Orders and Directions, he shall be discharged from his Office, and be utterly disabled to have or hold any such Office in His Majesty's Service in this Kingdom.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Non-commission Officer who shall be convicted at a General or Regimental Court-martial of having embezzled or misapplied any Money with

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which he may have been intruſted for the payment of the Men under his Command, or for inliſting Men into His Majeſty's Service, ſhall be reduced to ſerve in the Ranks as a private Soldier, and be put under Stoppages until the Money be made good, and ſuffer ſuch Corporal Puniſhment (not extending to Life or Limb) as the Court Martial ſhall think fit.

And whereas Soldiers being duly liſted, do afterwards deſert, and are often found wandering or otherwiſe abſenting themſelves illegally from His Majeſty's Service; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Conſtable of the Town or Place where any Perſon, who may be reaſonably ſuſpected to be ſuch a Deſerter, ſhall be found, to apprehend, or cauſe him to be apprehended, and to cauſe ſuch Perſon to be brought before any Juſtice of the Peace living in or near ſuch Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine ſuch ſuſpected Perſon; and if by his Confeſſion, or the Teſtimony of one or more Witneſs or Witneſſes upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of ſaid Juſtice of the Peace, it ſhall appear or be found that ſuch ſuſpected Perſon is a liſted Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, ſuch Juſtice of the Peace ſhall forthwith cauſe him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he ſhall be found, or to the Houſe of Correction, or other

other publick Prison in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended, or to the Provost in case such Deserter shall be apprehended in the City of Dublin, or Places adjacent, and transmit an Account thereof to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors for the Time being, to the End such Person may be proceeded against according to Law. And the Keeper of such Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison, shall receive the full Subsistence of such Deserter or Deserters during the Time that he or they shall continue in such Custody, for the Maintenance of the said Deserter or Deserters, but shall not be intiled to any fee or Reward on Account of the Imprisonment of such Deserter or Deserters; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XLIII.

And for the better Encouragement of any Person or Persons to secure or apprehend such Deserters as aforesaid, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Justice of the Peace shall issue his Warrant in Writing to the Collector or Collectors of his Majesty's Revenue, in the District where such Deserter shall be apprehended, for paying out of the Revenue by him collected, into the Hands of such Person who shall apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, any Deserter from his Majesty's Service, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every such Deserter that shall be so apprehended and committed; which

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Sum of Twenty Shillings ſhall be ſatisfied by ſuch Collector or Collectors to whom ſuch Warrant ſhall be directed, and allowed upon his Account.

Provided allways, That if any Perſon ſhall harbour, conceal, or aſſiſt any Deſerter from His Majeſty's Service, knowing him to be ſuch, the Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; or if any Perſon ſhall knowingly detain, buy, or exchange, or otherwiſe receive any Arms, Cloaths, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, from any Soldier or Deſerter, or any other Perſon, upon any Account or Pretence whatſoever, or cauſe the Colour of ſuch Cloths to be changed, the Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; and upon Conviction, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any of His Majeſty's Juſtices of the peace, the ſaid reſpective Penalties of Five Pounds, and Five Pounds, ſhall be levied by Warrant under the Hands of the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattles of the Offender, one Moiety of the ſaid firſt mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer by whoſe Means ſuch Deſerter ſhall be apprehended, and one Moiety of the ſaid laſt mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, and the Reſidue of the ſaid reſpective Penal-

ties

ties to be paid to the Officer to whom any such Deserter or Soldier did belong; and in case any such Offender, who shall be convicted as aforesaid of harbouring or assisting any such Deserter or Deserters, or having knowingly received any Arms, Cloths, Caps, or any other Furniture belonging to the King, or having caused the Colour of such Clothes to be changed, contrary to the Intent of this Act, shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattles whereon Distress may be made to the Value of the Penalty recovered against him for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalties within four Days after such Conviction, then, and in such Case, such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publickly whipped, at the Discretion of such Justice.

Provided allways, That no Commission Officer shall break open any House to search for Deserters without Warrant from a Justice of the Peace; and that every Commission Officer, who shall without Warrant from one or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, (which said Warrants the said Justice or Justices are hereby impowered to grant) forcibly enter into or break open the Dwelling-House or Out-Houses of any person whatsoever, under

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pretence of ſearching for Deſerters, ſhall upon due Proof thereof, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Provided allways, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for His Majeſty to form, make, and eſtabliſh Articles of War for the better Government of His Majeſty's Forces, and for bringing Offenders againſt the ſame to Juſtice, and to erect and conſtitute Courts Martial, with Power to try, hear, and determine any Crimes or Offences by ſuch Articles of War, and inflict Penalties by Sentence or Judgment of the ſame.

Provided allways, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be adjudged to ſuffer any Puniſhment extending to Life or Limb by the ſaid Articles of War, except for ſuch Crimes as are expreſſed to be ſo puniſhable by this Act.

Provided alſo, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Officer or Soldier ſhall in any of His Majeſty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or elſewhere, commit any of the Offences triable by Court Martial by Virtue of this Act, and ſhall come into this Realm before he be tried by a Court Martial for ſuch Offence, ſuch Officer or Soldier ſhall be tried for the ſame, as if the ſaid Offence had been committed within this Realm.

Provided

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Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons being acquitted or convicted of any capital Crimes, Violences, or Offences by the Civil Magistrate, shall be liable to be punished by a Court Martial for the same, otherwise than by cashiering.

Provided also, That if any Officer, Non-commission Officer or Soldier, shall be accused of any Capital Crimes, or of any Violence or Offence against the Person, Estate, or Property of any of His Majesty's Subjects, which is punishable by the known Laws of the Land, the Commanding Officer or Officers of every Regiment, Troop, Company, or Party, is and are hereby required to use his utmost Endeavours to deliver over such accused person to the Civil Magistrate, and also to be aiding and assisting to the Officers of Justice in the seizing and apprehending such Offender in Order to bring him to Trial; and if any such Commanding Officer shall wilfully neglect or refuse, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, to deliver over any such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate, or to be aiding or assisting to the Officers of Justice in the apprehending such Offenders, every such Officer so offending, and being thereof convicted before any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County where the Fact is committed, by the Oath of Two credi-

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ble Witneſſes, ſhall be deemed and taken to be ipſo facto caſhiered, and be utterly diſabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, provided the ſaid Conviction be affirmed at the next Aſſizes or Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid County, and a Certificate thereof to be tranſmitted to the Judge-Advocate, who is hereby obliged to certify the ſame to the next Court Martial.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every preſent and future Paymaſter, Agent, or Clerk of any Garriſon, Regiment, Troop, or Company, who is or ſhall be liable to account with any of the Executors and Adminiſtrators of every Officer or Soldier for any of the Pay of ſuch Officer or Soldier, by him or them received, ſhall, on reaſonable Demand made by ſuch Executor or Adminiſtrator, deliver a juſt and true Account to any ſuch Executor or Adminiſtrator, of ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as he or they ſhall have ſo reſpectively received for ſuch Officer or Soldier, and for which they ought ſo to account as aforeſaid, ſuch Executor or Adminiſtrator paying for the ſame, and ſhall account with ſuch Executor or Adminiſtrator for the ſame; and that every ſuch Paymaſter, Agent, or Clerk of any Garriſon, Regiment, Troop, or Company offending herein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds to any

Perſon

perſon or perſons who ſhall inform and ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of His Majeſty's Courts of Record in Dublin, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, or Suit, ſhall be brought againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Act, Matter, or Thing to be Enacted or done in Purſuance of this Act, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every Perſon and Perſons ſued as aforeſaid, to plead thereunto the General Iſſue, that he or they are not guilty, and to give ſuch Special Matter in Evidence to the Jury which ſhall try the Iſſue, which Special Matter being pleaded, had been a good and ſufficient Matter in Law to have diſcharged the ſaid Defendant or Defendants of the Treſpaſs or other Matter laid to his or their Charge; and if the Verdict ſhall paſs with the ſaid Defendant or Defendants in any ſuch Action, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein become Nonſuit, or ſuffer any Diſcontinuance thereof, that in every ſuch Caſe the Juſtice or Juſtices, or ſuch other Judge before whom the ſaid Matter ſhall be tried, ſhall by Force and Virtue of this Act allow unto the Defendant or Defendants, his or their Treble Coſts, which he or they ſhall have

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ſuſtained by reaſon of their Wrongful Vexation in Defence of the ſaid Action or Suit, for which the ſaid Defendant or Defendants ſhall have the like Remedy as in other Caſes where Coſts by the Laws of this Realm are given to Defendants.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Bill, Plaint, Action, or Suit againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Act, Matter, or Thing to be acted or done in Purſuance of this Act, or againſt any Member or Miniſter of a Court Martial in Reſpect of any Sentence of ſuch Court, or of any Thing done by Virtue, or in Purſuance of ſuch Sentence, ſhall be brought in ſome of the Courts of Record in Dublin, and in no other Court whatſoever.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall directly or indirectly perſuade, or procure, or endeavour to perſuade or procure any Soldier or Soldiers in the Service of His Majeſty, or of His Heirs or Succeſſors, to deſert, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered in any of the Courts of Record at Dublin.

And to prevent as far as may be any unjuſt or fraudulent Arreſts that may be made upon Soldiers, whereby His Ma-

jeſty

jesty and the Publick may be deprived of their Service, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person whatsoever, who is or shall be listed, or who shall list and enter himself as a Volunteer in His Majesty's Service as a Soldier, shall be liable to be taken out of His Majesty's Service, by any Process or Execution whatsoever, other than for some criminal Matter, unless for a real Debt, or other just Cause of Action, and unless before the taking out of such Process or Execution (not being for a criminal Matter) the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein, or some other Person or Persons on his or their Behalf, shall make Affidavit before one or more Judge or Judges of the Court of Record, or other Court out of which such Process or Execution shall issue, or before some Person authorized to take Affidavits in such Courts, that to his or their Knowledge the original Sum justly due and owing to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs from the Defendant or Defendants in the Action or Cause of Action, on which such Process shall issue, or the original Debt for which such Execution shall be issued out, amounts to the Value of Twenty Pounds at least, over and above all Costs of Suit in the same Action, or in any other Action on which the same shall be grounded, a Memorandum of which Oath shall be marked on the Back of such Process or Writ, for which Memorandum or Oath no Fee shall be taken; and if any Person shall nevertheless

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theleſs be arreſted contrary to the Intent of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for one or more of the Judge or Judges of ſuch Court, upon Complaint thereof made by the Party himſelf, or by any of his Superior Officers, to examine into the ſame by the Oath of the Parties, or otherwiſe, or by Warrant under his or their Hands and Seals to diſcharge ſuch Soldier ſo arreſted contrary to the Intent of this Act, without paying any Fee or Fees, upon due Proof made before him or them, that ſuch Soldier ſo arreſted was legally inliſted as a Soldier in His Majeſty's Service, and arreſted contrary to the Intent of this Act; and alſo to award to the Party ſo complaining, ſuch Coſts as ſuch Judge or Judges ſhall think reaſonable, for the Recovery whereof he ſhall have the like Remedy that the Perſon who takes out ſaid Execution might have had for his Coſts, or the Plaintiff in the like Action might have had for the Recovery of his Coſts, in caſe Judgment had been given for him with Coſts againſt the Defendant in the ſaid Action.

And to the End that honeſt Creditors, who aim only at the recovery of their juſt Debts due to them from Perſons entered into and liſted in His Majeſty's Service, may not be hindered from ſuing for the ſame, but on the contrary may be aſſiſted and forwarded in their Suits, and inſtead of Arreſt, which may at once hurt the

Service

Service, and occasion a great Expence and Delay to themselves, may be enabled to proceed in a more speedy and cheap Method, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, upon notice first given in Writing of the Cause of Action, to such Person or Persons so entered, or left at his or their last place of Residence before such Listing, to file a Common Appearance in any Action to be brought for or upon Account of any Debt whatsoever, so as to entitle such Plaintiff to proceed therein to Judgment and Outlawry, and to have an Execution thereupon, other than against the Body or Bodies of him or them so listed as aforesaid; this Act or any Thing herein or any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. XLIII.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from the passing of this Act, no Soldier being arrested or confined for Debt in any Prison, Gaol, or other Place, shall be intitled to any Part of his Pay from the Day of such Arrest or Confinement, until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop, or Company to which he shall belong.

Provided nevertheless, and be it declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Fifteenth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty two, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be inlisted as a

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Soldier or Soldiers in His Majeſty's Land Service, he and they ſhall within four Days, but not ſooner than Twenty-four Hours after ſuch inliſting, reſpectively be carried before the next Juſtice of the Peace of any County, City, or Place, or Chief Magiſtrate of any City or Town Corporate, not being an Officer in the Army, and before ſuch Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate, he or they ſhall be at Liberty to declare his or their Diſſent to ſuch inliſting; and upon ſuch Declaration, and returning the inliſting Money, and alſo the Perſon ſo diſſenting, paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be forthwith diſcharged and ſet at Liberty in the Preſence of ſuch Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate; but if ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe or neglect, within the Space of Twenty-four Hours, to return and pay ſuch Money as aforeſaid, he or they ſhall be deemed and taken to be inliſted, as if he or they had given his or their Aſſent thereto before the ſaid Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate, or if ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall declare his or their having voluntarily inliſted himſelf or themſelves, then ſuch Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate ſhall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify, under his Hand, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons is or are duly inliſted, ſetting forth the Place of the Birth, Age, and Calling of him or them reſpectively, if known; and that the Second and Sixth Sections of the Articles of War

War against Mutiny and Desertion were read to him or them, and that he or they had taken the Oath mentioned in the said Articles of War; and if any such Person or Persons, so to be certified as duly inlisted, shall refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain or confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the Oath before required; and every Military Officer that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein, shall be cashiered, and shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture as is by this Act to be inflicted upon any Officer for making a false or untrue Muster; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied and recovered in the same Manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be levied or recovered. CHAP. XLIII.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall receive the Inlisting Money from any Officer knowing it to be such, and shall abscond or refuse to go before such Justice or Chief Magistrate in order to declare his Assent or Dissent as aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall be deemed and taken to be inlisted to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall and may be proceeded against as if he or they had taken the Oath directed by the said Articles of War

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to be taken before ſuch Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Officers or Perſons employed in the ſeveral Trains of Artillery, be at all Times ſubject to the Penalties and Puniſhments mentioned in this Act, and ſhall in all Reſpects whatſoever be holden to be within the Intent and Meaning of every Part of this Act during the Continuance of the ſame.

And whereas it may be expedient in certain Caſes, and particularly in ſuch Matters wherein any of His Majeſty's Marine Forces may be intereſted, that Officers of the Marines ſhall be aſſociated with Officers of the Land Forces for the Purpoſe of holding Courts Martial; Be it Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That when and as often as it may be neceſſary, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Officers of the Land and Marine Forces to ſit in Conjunction upon Courts Martial, and to proceed in the Trial of any Officer or Soldier of the Land Forces in like Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes as if ſuch Courts Martial were compoſed of Officers of the Land Forces only, and the Officers of the Land and Marine Forces are in ſuch Caſes to take Rank according to the Seniority of their Commiſſions in either Service.

And

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And in order to prevent all Doubts that may arise in Relation to punishing Crimes and Offences committed against the present Act for the better Accommodation of his Majesty's Forces in Ireland; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Crimes and Offences which have been committed against said Act, shall and may during the Continuation of this present Act, be enquired of, heard, tried, and determined, adjudged, and punished before and by the like Courts, Persons, Powers, Authorities, Ways, Means, and Methods, as the like Crimes and Offences committed against this present Act may be enquired of, heard, tried, determined, adjudged, and punished; and that the Proceedings, of a Court Martial upon any Trial begun under the Authority of said Act, shall not be discontinued by the Expiration of the same, but it shall be lawful to proceed to Judgment upon such Trial, and to carry such Judgment into Execution in like Manner as if the Proceedings had been commenced under the Authority of this Act.

Provided allways, That no person shall be liable to be tried and punished for any Offence against the said Act, which shall appear to have been committed more than Three Years before the issuing of the Commission or Warrant for such Trial, (except only for the Offence of Desertion.)

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Whereas by an Act paſſed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Ann, intituled, An Act to prevent the Diſorders that may happen by the marching of Soldiers, and providing Carriages for the Baggage of Soldiers in their march, it is among other Things Enacted and Declared, That no Officer, Soldier, or Trooper in His Majeſty's Army, nor the Servant of any Officer, nor any Attendant on the Tram of Artillery, nor any Yeoman of the Guard of Battleaxes, nor any Officer commanding the ſaid Yeomen, nor any Servant of any ſuch Officer, ſhall at any Time hereafter have, receive, or be allowed any Quarters in any part of this Kingdom, ſave only during ſuch Time or Times as he or they ſhall be on their march as aforeſaid, or during ſuch Time as he or they ſhall be and remain in ſome Sea-Port Town in order to be tranſported, or during ſuch Time as there ſhall be any Commotion in any part of this Kingdom, by Reaſon of which Emergency His Majeſty's Army, or any conſiderable part thereof, ſhall be commanded to march from one part of this Kingdom to another: And whereas the Barracks in this Kingdom are not at preſent ſufficient to lodge all the Forces upon its Military Eſtabliſhment: And whereas it may be neceſſary to ſtation part of the Troops in Places where there are not Barracks, or not ſufficient Barracks to hold them: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for and during the

the Continuance of this Act and no longer it shall and may be lawful in such Cases, notwithstanding the said recited Act, to and for the Constables and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns, and Villages, and other Places within this Kingdom, and in their Default or Absence, for any one Justice of the Peace inhabiting in or near any such City, Town, Village, or Place and for no others, and such Constables, and other Chief Magistrates as aforesaid, are hereby required to Quarter and Billet the Officers and Soldiers in his Majesty's Service in Inns, Livery Stables, Ale houses, Victualling houses, and the Houses of Sellers of Wine by Retail, to be drank in their own Houses or Places thereunto belonging, and all Houses of Persons Selling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder, or Metheglin by Retail, and where there shall not be found sufficient Room in such Houses, then in such Manner as has been heretofore Customary, nor shall any more Billets at any Time be ordered than there are effective Soldiers present to be quartered; all which Billets when made out by such Chief Magistrates or Constables shall be delivered into the Hands of the Commanding Officer present, and if any Constable or such like Officer or Magistrate as aforesaid, shall presume to Quarter or Billet any such Officer or Soldier in any House, not within the Meaning of this Act, without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier, then

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ſuch Owner or Occupier ſhall have his or their Remedy at Law againſt ſuch Magiſtrate or Officer for the Damage that ſuch Owner or Occupier ſhall ſuſtain thereby, and if any Military Officer ſhall take upon him to Quarter Soldiers otherwiſe than is limited and allowed by this Act, or ſhall uſe or offer any Menace or Compulſion to or upon any Mayors, Conſtables, or other Civil Officers before mentioned, tending to deter and diſcourage any of them from performing any Part of the Duty hereby required or appointed, ſuch Military Officer ſhall for every ſuch Offence, being thereof convicted before any two or more of the next Juſtices of the Peace of the County, by the Oath of two credible Witneſſes, be deemed and taken to be ipſo facto caſhiered, and ſhall be utterly diſabled to have or hold any Military Employment within this Kingdom, provided the ſame Conviction be affirmed at the next Aſſizes or Quarter-ſeſſions of the Peace for the ſaid County or County of a City, and a Certificate thereof tranſmitted to the Judge Advocate, who is hereby obliged to Certify the ſame to the next Court Martial, and in caſe any Perſon ſhall find himſelf aggrieved, in that ſuch Conſtable, Chief Officer, or Magiſtrate, not being a Juſtice of the Peace, has quartered or billetted in his Houſe a greater Number of Soldiers than he ought to bear in Proportion to his Neighbours, and ſhall complain thereof to one or more Juſtice or Juſtices

of

of the Peace of the Division, City, or Liberty where such Soldiers are quartered, or in Case such Chief Officer or Magistrate shall be a Justice of the Peace, then on Complaint made to two or more Justices of the Peace of such Division, City or Liberty, such Justices respectively shall have, and have hereby Power to relieve such Person, by ordering such and so many of the Soldiers to be removed and quartered upon such other Person or Persons as they shall see Cause, and such other Person or Persons shall be obliged to receive such Soldiers accordingly.

And whereas great Inconvenience happens from the Billeting of Soldiers singly; be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at no Time hereafter, a less Number than two Men shall be billeted in any one House, and such Billets may be changed once every Month, if thought necessary by the Chief Magistrate, to prevent any Burthen thereby arising, from falling heavy on particular Individuals.

And that the Quarters both of Officers and Soldiers in this Kingdom may hereafter be duly paid and satisfied, his Majesty's Duties of Excise better answered, and that the Owners of Houses on whom Soldiers and Officers shall be billeted, may be encouraged to provide good and proper Accommodation for such Officers, Soldiers, and their Horses, be it Enacted by

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the Authority aforeſaid, That except during ſuch Times as the Troops ſhall be on their March, or during ſuch Times as there ſhall be any Commotion in any Part of this Kingdom, or during ſuch Time as Recruits or Recruiting Parties remain ſeparated from their Regiments, and employed in the Recruiting Service, Payment ſhall be made for each Officer and Soldier, during the Time he or they ſhall occupy ſuch Billet, at the following Weekly Rates, videlicet, in Dublin, for each Field Officer and Captain Eight Shillings, for each Subaltern Officer Seven Shillings, for each Serjeant of Dragoons or Foot, or Corporal of Horſe, One Shilling and a Penny, for each Trooper, Dragoon, or Foot Soldier, Six Pence Halfpenny; in the Country, for each Field Officer or Captain Five Shillings, for each Subaltern Officer Three Shillings and Six Pence, for each Serjeant of Dragoons, or Foot, or Corporal of Horſe, One Shilling, for each Trooper, Dragoon, or Foot Soldier, Six Pence; the Payment of the Officers Lodgings to be made by the Officers themſelves, in the preſent accuſtomed Manner; the Payment of the Mens' Lodgings to be made Monthly by the Commanding Officer of each Corps in each Quarter, in Conſequence of Money ſent them for that Purpoſe by their ſeveral Regimental Agents; and in Order to enable the Agents to remit ſuch Money, ſuch Sums ſhall be advanced to them as

ſhall

shall be necessary, for which the Regiments shall be accountable, and which Sums shall be accounted for in the usual Manner.

And as an Encouragement to provide proper and sufficient Stabling for the Horses so billeted, Four Pence per Week shall be paid to the Owners of Stables for each Horse, during the Time each shall remain, in such Manner and under such Circumstances as the Quarters of the Men are paid, and in the case of any Troop or Company being suddenly ordered to march; and that the respective Commanding Officers are not enabled to make Payment of the Sums due for the Lodging of the Men and Horses, every such Commanding Officer shall before his Departure, make up the Accounts with every Person, with whom such Troop or Company may have been quartered, and sign a Certificate thereof, which Account and Certificate shall be transmitted to the Agent of the Regiment, that immediate Payment may be procured in the accustomed Manner; and as very great Detriment and Inconvenience arises to the Service from the dispersing and billeting of Soldiers, when on their March, at a great Distance from the Place or Places where they are meant to be quartered, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said last recited Act, and by Reason of which they are placed wide of their intended Route for the next

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Day's march, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That at no Time when Troops are on a March, ſhall any of them be billeted above One Mile from the Place or Places mentioned in the Route.

And whereas great Inconveniences have ariſen and may ariſe in ſuch Places where Horſe or Dragoons are or may be quartered by the billeting of the Men and their Horſes at different Houſes, and often at great Diſtances from one another, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Places where Horſe or Dragoons ſhall be quartered or billeted in purſuance of this Act, for the future, the Men and their Horſes ſhall be billeted in one and the ſame Houſe, except in caſe of Neceſſity, and that in no other caſe whatſoever there be leſs than one Man billeted where there ſhall be one or two Horſes, nor leſs than two Men where there ſhall be four Horſes, and ſo in Proportion for a greater Number; and in ſuch caſe each Man ſhall be billeted as near his Horſe as poſſible.

And whereas ſome Doubts have ariſen whether Commanding Officers of any Regiment, Troop, or Company may exchange any Men or Horſes quartered in any Town or Place with another Man or Horſe quartered in the ſame Place, for the Benefit of the Service; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid,

aforesaid, That such Exchange as above mentioned may be made by such Commanding Officers respectively, provided the Number of Men or Horses do not exceed the Number at that Time billeted on such House or Houses, and the Constables and other Chief Officers, and Magistrates of the Cities, Towns, and Villages, or other Places where any Regiment, Troop, or Company shall be quartered, are hereby required to billet such Men and Horses so exchanged accordingly. CHAP. XLIII.

And whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in this Kingdom in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An Act to prevent the Disorders that may happen by the marching of Soldiers, and for providing Carriages for the Baggage of Soldiers in their March; and by one other Act of Parliament made in this Kingdom in the Third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act to prevent the Disorders that may happen by the marching of Soldiers, and for providing Carriages for the Baggage of Soldiers in their March; and also by one other Act of Parliament made in this Kingdom in the Seventh Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An Act for the further explaining and amending an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent the Disorders that may happen by the marching of Soldiers, and for providing Car-

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riages for the Baggage of Soldiers in their March, certain Sums of Money were directed to be paid to the Owners of Carriages for the Baggage of Soldiers in their March: And whereas the Rates directed to be paid by ſaid recited Acts are not a ſufficient Satisfaction to the Owners of ſuch Carriages; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall be compelled to take any Loading, or be forced to proceed in any March with his or their Carriage or Carriages, until ſuch Time as the Officer or other Perſon who ſhall require ſuch Carriage or Carriages, ſhall pay down in Hand to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Carriage or Carriages, his or their Servant or Servants, the Sums herein after mentioned, that is to ſay, For every Hundred Weight which the Owner or Owners of any Wheel Carriage or Carriages, ſhall take as Loading on ſuch Wheel Carriage or Carriages the Sum of One Halfpenny for every Mile, or reputed Mile, he or they ſhall march with his or their Carriage or Carriages, purſuant to ſaid recited Acts, which Sum or Sums ſo to be advanced and paid by ſuch Officer or other Perſon as aforeſaid, ſhall be repaid to ſuch Officer or other Perſon paying the ſame, by the Vice Treaſurer of this Kingdom for the Time being, without Fee or Reward, on performing the Requiſites preſcribed by ſaid recited Acts.

Provided

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Owner or Owners of such Carriage or Carriages, shall not be compelled or obliged to proceed with such Carriage or Carriages under the Sum of Three pence per Mile, or reputed Mile, at the least, in case he or they shall be required to carry a less Weight on such Carriage or Carriages than Six Hundred Weight for each Carriage.

Provided allways, That such Owner or Owners shall not be obliged against his or their Consent to carry on any one Carriage a greater Weight than Six Hundred Weight, and if he or they shall consent to carry on any Carriage a greater Weight than Six Hundred Weight, he or they shall be allowed and paid at the Rate of One Halfpenny per Mile for every Hundred Weight above the Weight of Six Hundred Weight put upon such Carriage.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Owner or Owners of such Carriage or Carriages shall not be compelled or obliged to take any Loading until the same shall be first duly weighed at the Expence of the Owner or Owners of such Carriage or Carriages, if he or they shall think fit, and the same can be done in a reasonable Time without Lett or Hindrance to His Majesty's Service.

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act intituled, An Act for the better Accommodation and Regulation of His Majeſty's Army in this Kingdom, **be hereby repealed and made null and void for ever.**

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no part of this Act ſhall continue in Force any longer than the Twenty-fifth Day of December, **One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three inclusive, except only ſuch part as relates to the Repeal of an Act, intituled,** An Act for the better Regulation and Accommodation of His Majeſty's Army in this Kingdom.

AN

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AN

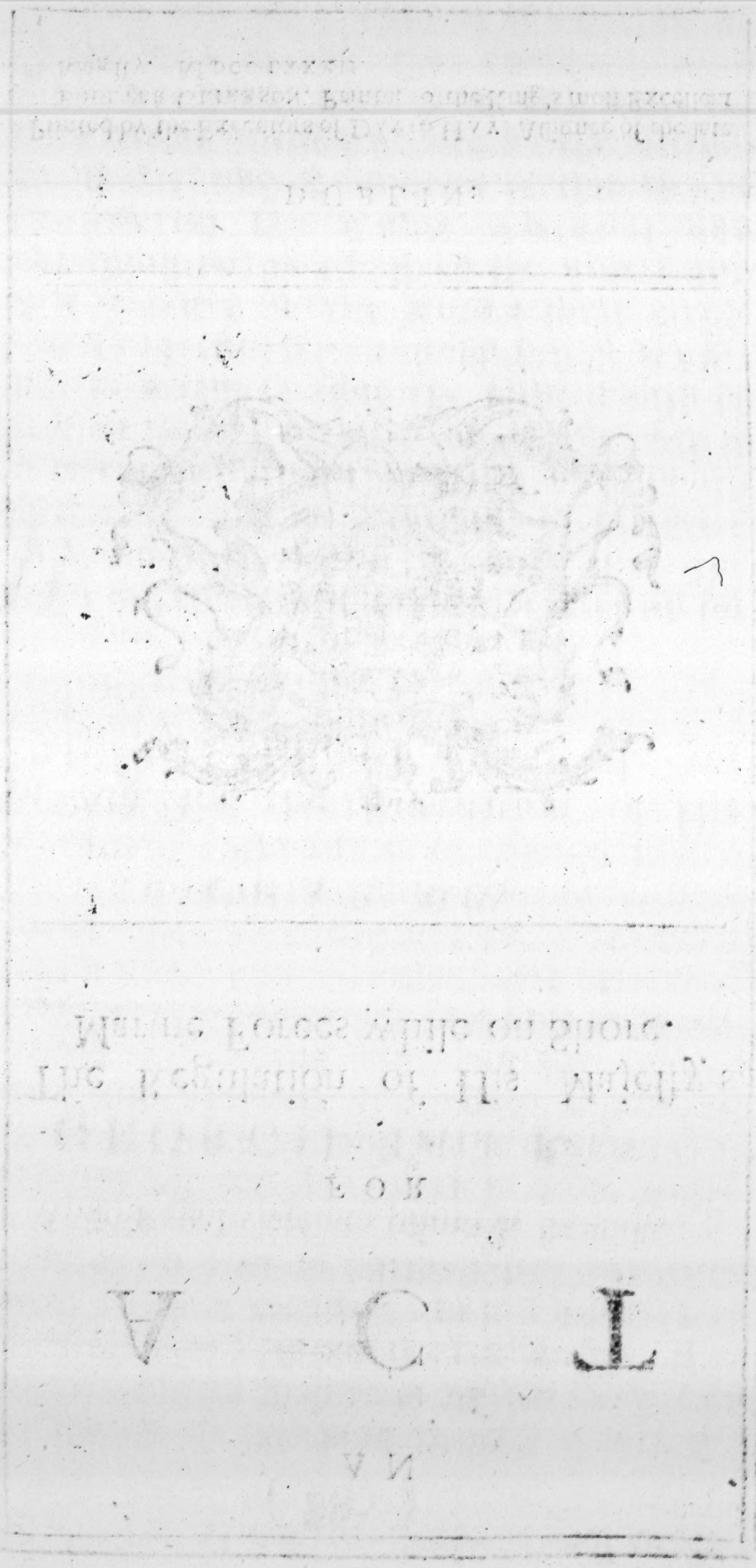
ACT

FOR

The Regulation of His Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.



Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act for the Regulation of His Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

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WHEREAS it may be expedient for His Majeſty's Service, that the Marine Forces now raiſing, or hereafter to be raiſed within this Kingdom, ſhould frequently be quartered on Shore, and it will be neceſſary that the ſame ſhould be ſubject to Regulations eſtabliſhed by Law; be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Tenth Day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, if any Perſon, be-

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ing entered, or in Pay as an Officer of Marines, or who is or ſhall be liſted, or in Pay as a private Man in any Company of Marines in His Majeſty's Service, ſhall remain in ſuch Service, or during the Continuance of this Act, ſhall be voluntarily entered, and in Pay as a Marine Officer, or private Man, in His Majeſty's Service, and being ordered or employed in ſuch Service, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, on Shore, in any Place within the Kingdom of Ireland, ſhall begin, excite, cauſe, or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in the Company to which he doth or ſhall belong, or in any other Company, Troop, or Regiment, either of Marine or Land Forces in His Majeſty's Service, or ſhall not uſe his utmoſt Endeavours to ſuppreſs the ſame, or coming to the Knowledge of any ſuch Mutiny, or intended Mutiny, ſhall not without Delay give Information thereof to His Commanding Officer, or ſhall Deſert His Majeſty's Service, or being actually entered as a Marine in any Company, ſhall liſt himſelf in any other Company, Troop, or Regiment in His Majeſty's Service, without firſt having a Diſcharge in Writing from the Officer Commanding in Chief the Company which he laſt Served as a Marine, or ſhall be found Sleeping upon his Poſt, or ſhall leave it, before Relieved, or ſhall hold Correſpondence with any Rebel or Enemy of His Majeſty, or give them Advice or Intelligence of any Kind, by any Ways or Means,

Means, or in any manner whatsoever, or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemies, or enter into any Condition with them without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor of Ireland, or shall Strike, or use any Violence against his Superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office, or shall Disobey any Lawful Command of his Superior Officer, all and every Person and Persons so offending, in any or either of the Matters before mentioned, on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be inflicted.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may, from Time Time, during the Continuance of this Act, be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor of Ireland for the Time being, to grant a Commission, under his Hand, to any Officer of Marines in His Majesty's Service, not under the Degree of a Field Officer, for the Holding a General Court Martial at any Place or Places on Shore in this Realm, in every of which Courts Martial, all or any of the Offences aforesaid; and all or any other of the Offences herein after specified, shall be tried and proceeded against in such Manner as by this Act is directed.

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And be it alſo Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch other Courts Martial reſpectively, by their Sentence or Judgment, to inflict Corporal Puniſhment, not extending to Life or Limb, on any Marine for Immorality, Miſbehaviour, or Neglect of Duty on Shore, in any Place or Places within this Realm, during the Continuance of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Rules and Articles in a Schedule to this Act annexed, having been by Experience proved beneficial for the Puniſhment of Mutiny and Deſertion, Immorality, Miſbehaviour, and Neglect of Duty in any of His Majeſty's Marine Forces, while on Shore, and for bringing Offenders againſt the ſame to Juſtice, the ſame ſhall at all Times, during the Continuance of this Act, be and are hereby made and eſtabliſhed, Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore in Ireland, with the ſame Authority and Sanction with other Parts of this Act.

Provided allways, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be adjudged to ſuffer any Puniſhment extending to Life or Limb by the ſaid Rules or Articles, except for ſuch Crime or Crimes as is or are expreſſed to be ſo puniſhable by this Act.

And

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And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That no General Court Martial, which shall have power to sit by Virtue of this Act, shall consist of a less Number than Thirteen, whereof none to be under the Degree of a Commission Officer; and the President of such Court Martial shall not be under the Degree of a Field Officer of Marines, unless where such Field Officer cannot be had; in which Case the Marine Officer next in Seniority to such Field Officer, not being under the Degree of a Captain, shall preside at such Court Martial; and that such Court Martial shall have Power and Authority, and are hereby required to administer an Oath to every Witness, in Order to the Examination or Trial of any of the Offences that shall come before them.

Provided always, That in all Trials of Offenders by General Courts Martial, to be held by Virtue of this Act, every Officer present at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oaths upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Court and Judge Advocate, or his Deputy, who are hereby authorized to administer the same, in these Words, that is to say,

You shall well and truly try and determine according to the Evidence which shall be given in the Matter now before you, between Our

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Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty, and the Priſoner to be tried; So help you God.

I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I will duly adminiſter Juſtice, according to an Act of Parliament now in Force for the Regulation of His Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore, and according to the Rules and Articles made in Purſuance of the ſaid Act of Parliament, for the puniſhing of Mutiny and Deſertion, and other Crimes therein reſpectively mentioned without Partiality, Favour, or Affection; and if any Doubt ſhall ariſe, (which is not explained by the ſaid Act of Parliament, or the ſaid Rules and Articles,) according to my Conſcience, the beſt of my Underſtanding, and the Cuſtom of War in like Caſes. And I further ſwear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court, until it ſhall be approved by the Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*; neither will I, upon any Account, at any Time whatſoever, diſcloſe or diſcover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unleſs required to give Evidence thereof as a Witneſs by a Court of Juſtice, in a due Courſe of Law.

So help me God.

And ſo ſoon as the ſaid Oaths ſhall have been adminiſtered to the reſpective Members, the Preſident of the Court is hereby authorized and required to Adminiſter to the Judge Advocate, or to the Perſon officiating

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ciating as ſuch, an Oath in the following Words,

I *A. B.* do ſwear, that I will not upon any Account, at any Time whatſoever, diſcloſe or diſcover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unleſs required to give Evidence thereof as a Witneſs, by a Court of Juſtice in a due Courſe of Law.

So help me God.

And no Sentence of Death ſhall be given againſt any Offender by any ſuch General Court Martial as aforeſaid, unleſs Nine Officers preſent ſhall concur therein; and if there be more Officers preſent than Thirteen, then the Judgment ſhall paſs by the Concurrence of Two-thirds of the Officers preſent; and no Proceeding or Trial ſhall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, except in Caſes which require an immediate Example.

Provided always, That the Party tried by any General Court Martial to be held as aforeſaid, ſhall be intitled to a Copy of the Sentence and Proceedings of ſuch Court Martial upon Demand thereof made by himſelf, or by any other Perſon or Perſons on his Behalf, he and they paying reaſonably for the ſame, at any Time not ſooner than Three Months after ſuch

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Sentence, whether such Sentence be approved or not, any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Judge Advocate, or Person officiating as such at any General Court Martial to be held as aforesaid, do, and he is hereby required to transmit, with as much Expedition as the Opportunity of Time and Distance of Place can admit, the Original Proceedings and Sentence of such Court Martial, to the Secretary of the Admiralty for the Time being, which Original Proceedings and Sentence shall be by him carefully kept and preserved in the Office of the Admiralty of Great Britain, to the End that the Persons intitled thereto may be enabled upon Application to the said Office to obtain Copies thereof according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Provided allways, and be it hereby Declared and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Marine, either Officer or Private Man, being acquitted or convicted of any Offence at any such Court Martial as aforesaid, shall be liable to be tried a second Time by the same or any other Court Martial for the same Offence; and that no Sentence given by any Court Martial, and signed by the President thereof, be liable to be revised more than once.

And

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer or Private Man shall desert His Majesty's Service in any of His Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, and shall escape and come into this Realm of Ireland, before he be tried by a Court Martial for any such Offence, and shall be apprehended for the same, such Officer or Private Man shall be tried for the same, as if the same Offence had been committed within this Realm.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to exempt any Marine, either Officer or Private Man whatsoever while on Shore, from being proceeded against by the ordinary Course of Law.

Provided also, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons being acquitted or convicted of any Capital Crimes, Violences, or Offences by the Civil Magistrate, shall be liable to be punished by a Court Martial for the same otherwise than by cashiering.

Provided also, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Marine Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man, shall be accused of any Capital Crime, or of any Violence or Offence against the Person, Estate, or

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Property of any of His Majeſty's Subjects, which is puniſhable by the known Laws of the Land, the Commanding Officer or Officers of every Company, or Party, is and are hereby required to uſe his and their utmoſt Endeavours to deliver over ſuch accuſed Perſon to the Civil Magiſtrate, and ſhall alſo be aiding and aſſiſting to the Officers of Juſtice in the ſeizing and apprehending ſuch Offender, in Order to bring him to Trial; and if any ſuch Commanding Officer ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe, upon Application made to him for that Purpoſe, to deliver over any ſuch accuſed Perſon to the Civil Magiſtrate, or to be aiding and aſſiſting to the Officers of Juſtice in the apprehending ſuch Offender, every ſuch Officer ſo offending, and being thereof convicted before any Two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the County where the Fact is committed, by the Oath of Two credible Witneſſes, ſhall be deemed and taken to be ipſo facto caſhiered, and ſhall be utterly diſabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom; provided the ſaid Conviction be affirmed at the next Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid County, and a Certificate thereof be tranſmitted to the Judge-Advocate, or Perſon officiating as ſuch, who is hereby obliged to certify the ſame to the next Court Martial.

And

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And whereas several Marines, who being duly entered, may afterwards desert and be found wandering, or otherwise absenting themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service, it is hereby further Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable of the Town or Place where any Person, who may reasonably be suspected to be a Deserter shall be found, to apprehend, or cause him to be apprehended, and to cause such Person to be brought before any Justice of the Peace, living in or near such Town or Place, who is hereby impowered and required to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of one or more Witness or Witnesses, upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is a Marine duly entered, and ought to be with the Company to which he belongs, such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found, or to the House of Correction, or other Publick Prison in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended, and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor of this Kingdom for the Time being, or to the Secretary of the Admiralty for the Time being, to the End such Person may be proceeded against according to Law;

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and the Keeper of ſuch Gaol, Houſe of Correction, or Priſon, ſhall receive the full Subſiſtence of ſuch Deſerter during the Time he ſhall continue in his Cuſtody for the Maintenance of ſuch Deſerter, but ſhall not be entitled to any Fee or Reward on Account of the Impriſonment of any ſuch Deſerter; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And for the better Encouragement of any Perſon or Perſons to ſecure or apprehend ſuch Deſerters; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Juſtice of the Peace ſhall alſo iſſue his Warrant in Writing to the Collector of His Majeſty's Revenues for the County or Diſtrict where ſuch Deſerter ſhall be apprehended, for paying out of all ſuch Publick Money as ſhall be in his Hands, into the Hands of ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall apprehend, or cauſe to be apprehended any ſuch Deſerter from His Majeſty's Service, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every ſuch Deſerter that ſhall be ſo apprehended and committed, which Sum of Twenty Shillings ſhall be ſatisfied by ſuch Collector or Collectors to whom ſuch Warrant ſhall be directed, and allowed upon his or their Account.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall harbour, conceal, or aſſiſt, any Deſerter from His Majeſty's Marine Service, knowing

ing him to be such, the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; or if any Person shall knowingly detain, buy, or exchange, or otherwise receive any Arms, Cloaths, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, from any Marine, or Marine Deserter, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, or cause the Colour of such Cloths to be changed, every such Person so offending in each, any, or either of the Cases aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; and upon Conviction, by the Oath of one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, before any one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the peace, the said respective Penalties of Five Pounds, and Five Pounds, shall be levied by Warrant under the Hands of the said Justice or Justices of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattles of the Offenders, one Moiety of the said first mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer by whose Means such Deserter shall be apprehended, and one Moiety of the last mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, and the Residue of the said respective Penalties to be paid to the Officer to whom any such Deserter or Marine did or doth belong; and in case any such Offender, who shall be convicted as aforesaid of harbouring or assisting any such Deserter or Deserters, or having knowingly

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knowingly received any Arms, Cloths, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, or having cauſed the Colour of ſuch Clothes to be changed, contrary to the Intent of this Act, ſhall not have ſufficient Goods and Chattles whereon Diſtreſs may be made to the Value of the Penalties recovered againſt him for ſuch Offence, or ſhall not pay ſuch Penalties within four Days after ſuch Conviction, then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, ſhall and may, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, either commit ſuch Offender to the common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cauſe ſuch Offender to be publickly whipped, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act and every Thing herein contained, ſhall be and continue in full Force from the ſaid Tenth of July, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, until the Tenth of July, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four.

And to prevent as far as may be any unjuſt or fraudulent Arreſt that may be made upon Marines, whereby his Majeſty and the Publick may be deprived of their Service;

Service; be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person whatsoever, who is entered or shall enter himself as a Volunteer in His Majesty's Service as a Marine, during the continuance of this Act, shall be liable to be taken out of His Majesty's Service by any Process or Execution whatsoever, other than for some criminal Matter, unless for a real Debt or other just Cause of Action, and unless before the taking out of such Process or Execution (not being for any criminal Matter) the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein, or some other Person or Persons in his or their behalf, shall make Affidavit before one, or more Judge or Judges of the Court of Record or other Court, out of which such Process or Execution shall issue, or before some Person authorized to take Affidavits in such Courts, that to his or their Knowledge the Original Sum justly due and owing to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs from the Defendant or Defendants in the Action or Cause of Action, on which such Process shall issue, or the original Debt for which such Execution shall be issued out, amounts to the Value of Twenty Pounds at least, over and above all Costs of Suit in the same Action or in any other Action on which the same shall be grounded, a Memorandum of which Oath shall be marked on the Back of such Process or Writ, for which Memorandum or Oath no Fee shall be taken; and if any Person shall nevertheless be arrested contrary

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to the Intent of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for one or more Judge or Judges of such Court, upon Complaint thereof made by the Party himself, or by any his Superior Officer, to examine into the same, by the Oath of the Parties, or otherwise, and by Warrant under his or their Hands and Seals to discharge such Marine so arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, without paying any Fee or Fees, upon due Proof made before him or them, that such Marine so arrested, was legally listed as a Marine in His Majesty's Service, and arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, and also to award to the Party so complaining such Costs as such Judge or Judges shall think reasonable, for the Recovery whereof he shall have the like Remedy that the Person who takes out the said Execution might have had, for his Costs, or the Plaintiff in the like Action might have had for the Recovery of the Costs, in Case Judgment had been given for him with Costs against the Defendant in the said Action.

And to the End that honest Creditors, who aim only at the Recovery of their just Debts due to them from Persons entered as Marines in His Majesty's Service, may not be hindered from suing for the same, but on the contrary may be assisted and forwarded in their Suits, and instead of an Arrest, which may at once hurt the Service, and occasion a great Expence and Delay

Delay to themſelves, may be enabled to proceed in a more ſpeedy and cheap Method, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, upon Notice firſt given in Writing, of the Cauſe of Action to ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo entered, or left at his or their laſt Place of Reſidence before ſuch entering, to file a common Appearance in any Action to be brought for or upon Account of any Debt whatſoever, ſo as to entitle ſuch Plaintiff to proceed therein to Judgment and Outlawry, and to have an Execution thereupon, other than againſt the Body or Bodies of him or them ſo entered as aforeſaid; this Act, or any Thing herein, or any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from the paſſing this Act, no Marine being arreſted, or confined for Debt in any Priſon, Gaol, or other Place, ſhall be intitled to any Part of his Pay from the Day of ſuch Arreſt or Confinement, until the Day of his Return to the Regiment or Company to which he ſhall belong.

Provided nevertheleſs, and be it hereby Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Tenth Day of July, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, when and as often as any Perſon or

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perſons ſhall be inliſted as a Marine or Marines in His Majeſty's Service, he and they ſhall within four Days, but not ſooner than twenty-four Hours after ſuch inliſting reſpectively, be carried before the next Juſtice of the Peace of any County, City, or Place, or Chief Magiſtrate of any City or Town-Corporate, (not being an Officer of Marines,) and before ſuch Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate, he or they ſhall be at Liberty to declare his or their Diſſent to ſuch inliſting, and upon ſuch Declaration, and returning the inliſting Money, and alſo each Perſon ſo diſſenting, paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo inliſted, ſhall be forthwith diſcharged, and ſet at Liberty, in the Preſence of ſuch Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate; but if ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe or neglect within the Space of Twenty-four Hours to return, and pay ſuch Money as aforeſaid, he or they ſhall be deemed and taken to be inliſted, as if he or they had given his or their Aſſent thereto before the ſaid Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate; or if ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall declare his or their having voluntarily inliſted himſelf or themſelves, then ſuch Juſtice or Chief Magiſtrate ſhall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons is or are duly inliſted, ſetting forth the Place of the Birth, Age, and Calling of him or them reſpectively, if known; and that the

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Second and Third Sections of the Articles of War, for the better Government of His Majesty's Marine Forces, while on Shore, were read to him or them, and that he or they had taken the Oath of Fidelity, mentioned in the Eleventh Section of the said Articles of War; and if any such Person or Persons, so to be certified as duly inlisted, shall refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain or confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the Oath before required; and every Officer of Marines, that shall act contrary thereto, or offend herein upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by two Witnesses, before a General Court Martial to be thereupon called, shall for such Offence be forthwith cashiered and displaced from such his Office and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom.

And whereas it may be expedient in certain Cases, particularly where a sufficient number of Marine Officers cannot be conveniently assembled, or in Matters wherein any of His Majesty's Land Forces may be interested, that Officers of the Land Forces should be associated with the Marine Officers for the purpose of holding Courts Martial; be it Enacted and De-

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clared by the Authority aforeſaid, That when and as often as it ſhall be neceſſary, it ſhall and may be lawful for Officers of the Marine and Land Forces to ſit in Conjunction upon Courts Martial, and to proceed in the Trial of any Marine Officer or Private Man in like Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if ſuch Courts Martial were compoſed of Marine Officers only, and the Officers of the Marine and Land Forces are in ſuch Caſes to take Rank according to the Seniority of their Commiſſions in either Service.

RULES

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RULES and ARTICLES FOR

The Regulation of His Majesty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

SECTION I.

Divine Worship.

Article I. ALL Marine Officers and Private Men, not having just Impediment, shall diligently frequent Divine Service and Sermon, whenever they have Opportunity; such as wilfully absent themselves, or being present, behave indecently or irreverently, shall, if Commissioned Officers, be brought before a Court Martial, there to be publickly and severely reprimanded by the President; if Non-commissioned Officers, or Private Men, every Person so offending shall, for his First Of-

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fence, Forfeit Twelve Pence, to be deducted out of his next Pay; for the Second Offence, he ſhall not only Forfeit Twelve Pence, but be laid in Irons for Twelve Hours; and for every like Offence he ſhall ſuffer and pay in the like Manner: Which Money ſo forfeited, ſhall be applied to the Uſe of the Sick Marines of the Company to which the Offender belongs.

Article II. Whatſoever Marine Officer or Private Man ſhall uſe any unlawful Oath or Execration, ſhall incur the Penalties expreſſed in the Firſt Article.

Article III. Whatſoever Marine Officer or Private Man ſhall preſume to ſpeak againſt any known Article of the Chriſtian Faith, ſhall be delivered over to the Civil Magiſtrate, to be proceeded againſt according to Law.

Article IV. Whatſoever Marine Officer or Private Man ſhall profane any Place dedicated to Divine Worſhip, or ſhall offer Violence to any Miniſter of God's Word; he ſhall be liable to ſuch Penalty or corporal Puniſhment, as ſhall be inflicted on him by a Court Martial.

SECTION

SECTION II.

Mutiny.

Article I. WHATSOEVER Officer or Private Man shall presume to use traiterous or disrespectful Words against the Sacred Person of His Majesty, or of any of the Royal Family, if a Commissioned Officer he shall be cashiered, if a Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man he shall suffer such Punishment as shall be inflicted upon him by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

Article II. Any Marine Officer or Private Man who shall behave himself with Contempt or Disrespect towards his Superior Officer he shall be punished according to the Nature of his Offence, by the Judgment of a Court Martial.

Article III. Any Marine Officer or Private Man who shall begin, excite, cause, or join in any Mutiny or Sedition, in the Company to which he belongs, or in any other Company, Troop, or Regiment either of Marines or Land Forces in his Majesty's Service, or on any Party, Post, Detachment, or Guard, on any Pretence whatsoever, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be inflicted.

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Article IV. Any Marine, Non-commiſſioned Officer, or Private Man, who being preſent at any Mutiny or Sedition, does not uſe his utmoſt Endeavours to ſuppreſs the ſame, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny, or intended Mutiny, does not without Delay, give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer, ſhall be puniſhed by a Court Martial with Death, or otherwiſe, according to the Nature of the Offence.

Article V. Any Marine Officer or Private Man, who ſhall ſtrike his Superior Officer, or draw, or offer to draw, or ſhall lift up any Weapon, or offer any Violence againſt him, being in the Execution of his Office, on any Pretence whatſoever; or ſhall diſobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officer, ſhall ſuffer Death, or ſuch other Puniſhment as ſhall, according to the Nature of his Offence be inflicted upon him by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

SECTION III.

Deſertion.

Article I. ALL Marine Officers and Private Men, who having received Pay, or having been duly inliſted in the Service, ſhall be convicted of having deſerted the ſame, ſhall ſuffer Death, or

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such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be inflicted. CHAP. XLIV.

Article II. Any Non-commissioned Marine Officer or Private Man, who shall, without Leave from his Commanding Officer, absent himself from his Company, or from any Detachment with which he shall be commanded, shall, upon being convicted thereof, be punished according to the Nature of his Offence, at the Discretion of a Court Martial.

Article III. No Non-commissioned Marine Officer or Private Man shall inlist himself in any other Company, or in any Regiment or Troop of His Majesty's Land Forces, or enter as a Seaman, without a regular Discharge from the Company in which he last served, on the Penalty of being reputed a Deserter, and suffer accordingly: And in Case any Officer shall knowingly receive and entertain such Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man, or shall not after his being discovered to be a Deserter, immediately confine him and give Notice thereof to the Company in which he last served, he the said Officer so offending, shall by a Court Martial be cashiered.

Article IV. Whatsoever Marine Officer or Private Man shall be convicted of having advised or persuaded any other Officer or Soldier to desert His Majesty's Service, shall suffer such Punishment as shall be in-

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SECTION IV.

Duties upon Guard, in Action, &c.

Article I. Whatever Centinel ſhall be found ſleeping upon his Poſt, or ſhall leave it before he ſhall be regularly relieved, ſhall ſuffer Death, or ſuch other Puniſhment as ſhall be inflicted by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

Article II. Whoſoever ſhall be convicted of holding Correſpondence with, or giving Intelligence to the Enemy, either directly or indirectly, ſhall ſuffer Death, or ſuch Puniſhment as by a Court Martial ſhall be inflicted.

Article III. If any Marine Officer or Private Man ſhall treat with any Rebel or Enemy, or enter into any Condition with them, without his Majeſty's Licence, or Licence of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor of Ireland, or Licence of the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, he ſhall ſuffer Death, or ſuch other Puniſhment as by a Court Martial ſhall be inflicted.

Article IV. Whoſoever ſhall ſupply the Enemy with Money, Victuals, or Ammunition,

munition, or shall knowingly harbour or protect an Enemy, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be inflicted. CHAP. XLIV.

Article V. Whatsoever Marine Officer or Private Man shall misbehave himself before the Enemy, or shamefully abandon any Post committed to his Charge, or shall speak Words inducing others to do the like, shall suffer Death.

Article VI. Whatever Marine Officer or Private Man shall misbehave himself before the Enemy, and run away, or shamefully abandon any Fort, Post, or Guard, which he or they shall be commanded to defend, or speak Words inducing others to do the like, every such Offender being duly convicted thereof, shall be reputed a Disobeyer of Military Orders, and shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a General Court Martial shall be inflicted on him.

Article VII. If any Governor or Commandant of any Garrison, Fortress, or Post, shall be compelled by the Marine Officers or Private Men under his Command, to give it up to the Enemy, or to abandon it, the Commissioned Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, or Private Men, who shall be convicted of having so offended, shall suffer Death, or such other

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Punishment as may be inflicted upon them by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

Article VIII. If any Marine Officer or Private Man, shall leave his Post or Colours to go in search of Plunder, he shall, upon being convicted thereof before a General Court Martial, suffer such Punishment as by the Court Martial shall be inflicted.

Article IX. Any Person belonging to the Marines, who shall cast away his Arms or Ammunition, shall be punished at the Discretion of a General Court Martial.

Article X. Any Marine Officer or Private Man, who shall without urgent Necessity, or without the Leave of his Superior Officers, quit his Pelottoon or Division, shall be punished according to the Nature of his Offence by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

Article XI. Any Person belonging to the Marines, who shall make known the Watch-Word to any Person who is not intitled to receive it according to the Rules and Discipline of War, or shall presume to give a Parole or Watch-Word different from what he received, shall be punished at the Discretion of a General Court Martial.

Article

Article XII. Whatever Commissioned Officer shall be found drunk on his Guard, party, or other Duty under Arms, shall be cashiered for it; any Non-commissioned Marine Officer or private Man so offending shall suffer such Corporal Punishment as shall be inflicted by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

Article XIII. All Marine Officers and private Men are to behave themselves orderly in Quarters, and on their March; and whosoever shall commit any Waste or Spoil, either in Walks of Trees, Parks, Warrens, Fish-ponds, Houses, or Gardens, Corn-fields, Enclosures, or Meadows, or shall maliciously destroy any Property whatever belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects, unless by Order of the then Commander in Chief, to annoy Rebels or other Enemies in Arms against His Majesty, he or they that shall be found guilty of offending herein, shall (besides such Penalties as they are liable to by Law) be punished according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence by the Judgment of a General Court Martial.

Article XIV. No Marine Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or private Man, shall fail of repairing at the Time fixed to the Place of Parade of Exercise, or other rendezvous appointed by his Commanding Officer, if not prevented by Sickness, or some other evident Necessity; or shall go

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from the ſaid place of Rendezvous, or from his Guard, without Leave from his Commanding Officer, before he ſhall be regularly diſmiſſed, or relieved, on the Penalty of being puniſhed according to the Nature of his Offence, by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

Article XV. All Non-commiſſioned Marine Officers and private Men who ſhall be found one Mile from their Quarters, without Leave in Writing from their Commanding Officer, ſhall ſuffer ſuch Puniſhment as ſhall be inflicted upon them by the Sentente of a Court Martial.

Article XVI. No Officer or Marine ſhall be out of his Quarters without Leave from his Superior Officer, upon Penalty of being puniſhed according to the Nature of his Offence by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

Article XVII. Every Non-commiſſioned Marine Officer and private Man ſhall retire to his Quarters at the beating of the Retreat, in Default of which he ſhall be puniſhed according to the Nature of his Offence, by the Commanding Officer.

Article XVIII. No Marine ſhall hire another to do his Duty for him, or be excuſed from Duty, but in Caſe of Sickneſs, Diſability, or Leave of Abſence; and every ſuch Marine found guilty of hiring for his

his Duty, as also the Party so hired to do another's Duty, shall be punished as a Court Martial shall think meet. CHAP. XLIV.

Article XIX. And every Non-commissioned Officer conniving at such hiring of Duty as aforesaid, shall be reduced for it; and every Non-commissioned Officer knowing and allowing of such ill practices in the Service, shall be punished by the Judgment of a Court Martial.

Article XX. Any Person belonging to the Marines, who by discharging of Fire-Arms, drawing of Swords, beating Drums, or by any other Means whatsoever, shall occasion false Alarms, either in Quarters, or when employed upon any Duty, shall be punished at the Discretion of a Court Martial.

Article XXI. Whatsoever Commissioned Officer shall be convicted before a General Court Martial of behaving in a scandalous infamous Manner, such as is unbecoming the Character of an Officer and a Gentleman, shall be discharged from His Majesty's Service.

Article XXII. No Marine Officer is ever to be absent from Quarters on Account of private Affairs without Leave of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain; nor is any one under the Rank of a Field

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Officer, to make Application for such Leave in any other Manner than through the Commanding Officer at Quarters, who when he acquaints the Secretary of the said Commissioners therewith for their Information, is to give his Opinion thereupon.

SECTION V.

Quarters.

Article I. THE Commanding Officer of every Company or Detachment, shall upon their first coming to any City, Town, or Village where they are to remain in Quarters, cause publick Proclamation to be made, signifying that if the Landlords or other Inhabitants suffer the Non-commissioned Officers or Private Men to contract Debts beyond what their daily Subsistence will answer, that such Debts will not be discharged, he the said Commanding Officer shall, for refusing or neglecting so to do, be suspended for Three Months, during which Time his whole pay shall be applied to the discharging such Debts as shall have been contracted by the Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men under his Command, beyond the Amount of their daily Subsistence, if there be any Overplus remaining, it may be returned to him.

Article II. If after Publick Proclamation to be made, the Inhabitants shall notwith-

notwithstanding suffer the Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men to contract Debts beyond what the Money issued out, or to be issued out for their daily Subsistence will answer, it will be at their own Peril, the Officers not being obliged to discharge the said Debts. CHAP. XLIV.

Article III. Every Officer commanding in Quarters, Garrisons, or on a March, shall keep good Order, and, to the utmost of his Power, redress all such Abuses or Disorders which may be committed by any Officer or Private Man under his Command, if upon Complaint made to him of Officers or Private Men, beating, or otherwise ill treating their Landlords, of disturbing Fairs or Markets, or of committing any Kind of Riots to the disquieting of the People, he the said Commander, who shall refuse or omit to see Justice done on the Offender or Offenders, and Reparation made to the Party or Parties injured, as far as Part of the Offenders Pay shall enable him or them, shall upon Proof thereof be punished by a General Court Martial, as if he himself had committed the Crimes or Disorders complained of.

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SECTION VI.

Of Stores, Ammunition, &c.

Article I. Whatſoever Commiſſioned Officer ſhall be convicted at a Court Martial, of having ſold, (without a proper Order for that Purpoſe,) embezzled, miſapplied, or wilfully, or through Neglect, ſuffered any of His Majeſty's Arms, Clothing, Ammunition, or other Military Stores to be ſpoiled or damaged, the ſaid Officer ſo offending, ſhall at his own Charge make good the Loſs or Damage, and be diſmiſſed from His Majeſty's Service, and ſuffer ſuch other Penalty or Puniſhment as a Court Martial ſhall inflict.

Article II. Whatſoever Non-commiſſioned Officer or Private Man ſhall be convicted at a Court Martial of having ſold, or deſignedly, or through neglect, waſted the Ammunition delivered out to him to be employed in His Majeſty's Service, ſhall ſuffer corporal Puniſhment, at the Diſcretion of the Court Martial; and if a Non-commiſſioned Officer, he ſhall moreover be reduced to a private Centinel.

Article III. Every Non-commiſſioned Marine Officer or Private Man, who ſhall be convicted at a Court Martial of having ſold, loſt, or ſpoiled, through his neglect, his

his Arms, Clothes, or Accoutrements, or any part of them, shall undergo such Weekly Stoppages, (not exceeding the Half of his Pay) as a Court Martial shall judge sufficient for repairing the Loss or Damage, and shall suffer Imprisonment, or such other corporal Punishment as his Crime shall deserve. CHAP. XLIV.

Article IV. Every Captain, or Commanding Officer of a Company, is charged with Arms, Ammunition, Accoutrements, Clothing, or other Warlike Stores belonging to the Company under his Command, which he is to be accountable for, in case of their being lost, spoiled, or damaged, except by unavoidable Accidents, or on actual Service.

SECTION VII.

Crimes punishable by Course of Law.

Article I. Whenever any Officer or private Man shall be accused of a Capital Crime, or of having used Violence, or committed any Offence against the Persons or Property of his Majesty's Subjects, such as is punishable by the known Laws of the Land, the Commanding Officer and Officers of every Company or Party to which the Person or Persons so accused shall belong, are hereby required, upon Application duly made, by or in Behalf of the Party or Parties injured, to

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uſe his utmoſt Endeavours to deliver over ſuch accuſed Perſon or Perſons to the Civil Magiſtrate, and likewiſe to be aiding and aſſiſting to the Officers of Juſtice in apprehending and ſecuring the Perſon or Perſons ſo accuſed, in Order to bring him or them to a Trial, if any Commanding Officer or Officers ſhall wilfully neglect or ſhall refuſe, upon the Application aforeſaid, to deliver over ſuch accuſed Perſon or Perſons to the Civil Magiſtrate, or to be aiding and aſſiſting to the Officers of Juſtice in apprehending ſuch Perſon or Perſons, the Officer or Officers ſo offending ſhall be caſhiered.

Article II. No Officer ſhall protect any Perſon from his Creditors on the Pretence of his being a Marine, nor any Non-commiſſioned Officer or private Man who does not actually do all Duties as ſuch, and no farther than is allowed by the preſent Act of Parliament, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act: Any Officer offending herein, being convicted thereof before a Court Martial, ſhall be caſhiered.

SECTION VIII.

Effects of the Dead.

Article I. WHEN any Commiſſioned Officer ſhall happen to die, or be killed in His Majeſty's Service, the Major

Major of the Division, or the Officer doing the Major's Duty in his Absence, shall immediately secure all his Effects or Equipage, then in Camp or in Quarters, and shall before the next Court Martial make an Inventory thereof, to the End that his Executors may, after the Payment of his Debts in Quarters, and Interment, receive the Overplus, if any be, to his or their Use.

Article II. When any Non-commissioned Officer or private Man shall happen to die or be killed in his Majesty's Service, the then Commanding Officer of the Company shall, in the Presence of two other Commissioned Officers, take an Account of whatever Effects he dies possessed of, above his Cloathing, Arms, and Accoutrements, which said Effects are to be accounted for to his lawful Heirs, as is above directed.

SECTION IX.

Of Quarrels and Challenges, and of redressing Wrongs.

Article I. NO Marine Officer or private Man shall use any reproachful or provoking Speeches or Gestures to another, upon Pain, if an Officer, of being put in Arrest, if a private Man, of being imprisoned and of asking Pardon of

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the Party offended, in the Preſence of his Commanding Officer.

Article II. No Marine Officer or Private Man ſhall preſume to ſend a Challenge to any other Officer or Marine to fight a Duel upon Pain, if a Commiſſioned Officer, of being Caſhiered, if a Non-commiſſioned Officer or Private Man, of ſuffering Corporal Puniſhment, at the Diſcretion of a Court Martial.

Article III. If any Commiſſioned or Non-commiſſioned Marine Officer Commanding a Guard, ſhall willingly and knowingly ſuffer any Perſon whatſoever to go forth to Fight a Duel, he ſhall be puniſhed as a Challenger, and likewiſe all Seconds, Promoters, and Carriers of Challenges in Order to Duels, ſhall be deemed as Principals, and be puniſhed accordingly.

Article IV. All Officers of what Condition ſoever, have Power to part and quell all Quarrels, Frays, and Diſorders, though the Perſons concerned ſhould belong to another Company, and either to order Officers into Arreſt, or Non-commiſſioned Officers or Private Men to Priſon, 'till their proper ſuperior Officer ſhall be acquainted therewith, and whoſoever ſhall refuſe to obey ſuch Officer (though of Inferior Rank) or ſhall draw his Sword upon him, ſhall be puniſhed at the Direction of a General Court Martial.

Article

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Article V. Whatsoever Marine Officer or private Man shall upbraid another for refusing a Challenge, shall himself be punished as a Challenger, and his Majesty acquits and discharges all Marine Officers and private Men of any Disgrace or Opinion of Disadvantage which might arise from their having refused to accept of Challenges, as they will have only acted in Obedience to Orders, and done their Duty as good Soldiers, who subject themselves to Discipline.

Article VI. If any Officer shall think himself to be wronged by the Commanding Officer at the Head Quarters, and shall upon due Application made to him, be refused to be redressed, he may complain to the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners of the Admiralty, who will cause the Complaint to be examined into, and give such Directions thereupon, as shall appear to be fitting.

Art. VII. If any Inferior Officer or private Man shall think himself wronged by his Captain, or other Officer commanding the Company to which he belongs, he is to complain thereof to the Commanding Officer at the Head Quarters, who is hereby required to summon a Court Martial for the doing Justice to the Complainant; but if the Complaint shall appear to be vexatious and groundless, the Person

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complaining ſhall be puniſhed at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Court Martial.

SECTION X.

Rank of Officers.

Article I. ALL Marine Officers ſhall Rank and do Duty among themſelves, according to their Commiſſions in the Marine Service, for the Degrees they reſpectively poſſeſs when concerned with Land Forces, they are to Rank and do Duty according to their firſt Commiſſions in either Service.

Article II. All Commiſſions granted by His Majeſty to Officers of His Marine Forces ſhall be entered in the Books of His Majeſty's Secretary at War, in Order to their taking Rank in His Majeſty's Land Forces, agreeable to their Quality, and the Dates of the ſaid Commiſſions.

SECTION XI.

Of Inliſting and Diſcharging Marines.

Article I. EVERY Non-commiſſioned Officer and private Man who ſhall inliſt himſelf in His Majeſty's Marine Service, ſhall, at the Time of his ſo inliſting, or within four Days afterwards, have the Articles againſt Mutiny and Deſertion read to him,

him, and ſhall by the Officer who inliſted him, or by the Commanding Officer of the Company into which he was inliſted, be taken before the next Juſtice of the Place, or Chief Magiſtrate of any City or Town-corporate (not being an Officer of the Army) and in his Preſence ſhall take the following Oath,

I ſwear to be true to Our Sovereign Lord King *George*, and to ſerve him honeſtly and faithfully in Defence of His Perſon, Crown, and Dignity, againſt all His Enemies or Oppoſers whatſoever, and to obſerve and obey His Majeſty's Orders, and the Orders of the Officers ſet over me by His Majeſty.

Which Juſtice or Magiſtrate is to give to the Officer a Certificate, ſignifying that the Man inliſted, did take the ſaid Oath, and that the Articles of War were read to him, according to the Act of Parliament.

Article II. After a Non-commiſſioned Marine Officer or Private Man ſhall have been duly inliſted and ſworn, he ſhall not be diſmiſſed His Majeſty's Service without a Diſcharge in Writing, which ſhall not be allowed of as ſufficient, unleſs ſigned by a Field Officer; and no ſuch Diſcharge ſhall be granted after a Non-commiſſioned Officer or Private Man ſhall have been viewed and approved of by a Field Officer,

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Without an Order from the Lord High Admiral, or Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty.

SECTION XII.

Muſters.

Article I. THE Commanding Field Officer at each of the Head Quarters, may give Furloughs to Non-commiſſioned Marine Officers and Private Men, when His Majeſty's Service will admit of it, and for ſuch Time as may not be inconſiſtent with the good of the ſaid Service, but he is ſtrictly charged to be as ſparing as poſſible in the Exerciſe of this Liberty.

Article II. At every Muſter the Commanding Field Officer ſhall give to the Clerk of the Cheque, Certificate, ſigned by himſelf, how long ſuch Officers who ſhall not appear at the ſaid Muſter have been abſent, and the Reaſon of their Abſence, in like Manner the Commanding Field Officer ſhall alſo give Certificates, ſignifying the Reaſons of the Abſence of the Non-commiſſioned Officers and Private Men who ſhall not appear, and how long they have been abſent, which Reaſons and Time of Abſence are to be kept in the Clerk of the Cheque's Office.

Article

Article III. Every Officer who shall be convicted before a General Court Martial of having signed a false Certificate relating to the Absence of either Officer or Private Marine, shall be cashiered.

Article IV. Every Officer upon his repairing to the Head Quarters the first Time after his receiving a Commission, or if he shall be at Head Quarters when he receives it, is to produce the same as soon as may be to the aforesaid Clerk of the Cheque, in order to his being entered accordingly upon the Muster-Roll; and whenever a Non-commissioned Officer is appointed, he is to appear before the Clerk of the Cheque for the same Purpose; and also when any Recruit arrives at the Head Quarters, he is to be carried before the said Clerk of the Cheque, together with the Certificate of the Magistrate before whom he was inlisted, in order to his being entered upon the Muster-Rolls from the Date of such Certificate.

Article V. Any Officer who shall presume to offer any Person to be mustered as a Marine, who is at other Times accustomed to wear a Livery, or who does not actually do his Duty as a Marine, shall, upon being convicted thereof before a General Court Martial, be cashiered.

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Article VI. **The Commanding Officer at each of the Head Quarters is to tranſmit to the Secretary of the Admiralty every Week, an exact Return of the State of the Marines of his Diviſion on Shoze; and if any Officer ſhall knowingly make a falſe Return, he ſhall be caſhiered by a Court Martial.**

SECTION XIII.

Adminiſtration of Juſtice.

Article I. **A General Court Martial ſhall not conſiſt of leſs than Thirteen Commiſſioned Officers, and the Preſident of ſuch Court Martial ſhall not be under the Degree of a Field Officer, unleſs where ſuch Field Officer cannot be had, in which caſe the Marine Officer next in Seniozity to ſuch Field Officer, not being under the Degree of a Captain, ſhall preſide at ſuch Court Martial.**

Article II. **Whenever it happens that Marine Officers ſhall ſit upon Courts Martial in Conjunction with Officers of His Majeſty's Land Fozces, the Marine Officers are in ſuch Caſes to rank with the Officers of the Land Fozces accozding to the Seniozity of their Commiſſions in either Service, the Judge Advocate oz his Deputy,**

Deputy ſhall proſecute in His Majeſty's Name, and in all Trials of Offenders by General Courts Martial, adminiſter to each Member the following Oaths.

You ſhall well and truly try and determine, according to the Evidence which ſhall be given in the Matter now before you, between our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty, and the Priſoner to be tried.

I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I will duly adminiſter Juſtice, according to an Act of Parliament now in Force for the Regulation of His Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore, and according to the Rules and Articles made in Purſuance of the ſaid Act of Parliament, for the Puniſhment of Mutiny and Deſertion, and other Crimes therein reſpectively mentioned, without Partiality, Favour, or Affection; and if any Doubt ſhall ariſe, (which is not explained by the ſaid Act of Parliament, or the ſaid Rules and Articles,) according to my Conſcience, the beſt of my Underſtanding, and the Cuſtom of War in the like Caſes. And I do further ſwear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court, until it ſhall be approved of by the Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*; neither will I, upon any Account, at any Time whatſoever, diſcloſe or diſcover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unleſs required to give Evidence thereof

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as a Witneſs by a Court of Juſtice, in a due Courſe of Law.

And as ſoon as the ſaid Oath ſhall have been adminiſtered to the reſpective Members, the Preſident of the Court ſhall adminiſter to the Judge Advocate, or the Perſon officiating as ſuch, an Oath in the following Words;

I *A. B.* do ſwear, that I will not upon any Account, at any Time whatſoever, diſcloſe or diſcover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unleſs required to give Evidence thereof as a Witneſs, by a Court of Juſtice in a due Courſe of Law.

Article IV. **All the Members of a Court Martial are to behave with Decency; and in the giving of their Votes, are to begin with the youngeſt.**

Article V. **All Perſons who give Evidence before a General Court Martial are to be examined upon Oath, nor ſhall any Sentence of Death be given againſt any Offender, by any General Court Martial unleſs Nine Officers preſent ſhall Concur therein, and if there be more than Thirteen, then the Judgment ſhall paſs by the Concurrence of Two Thirds of the Officers preſent.**

Article VI. **No Field Officer ſhall be tried by any Perſon under the Degree of a Captain,**

tain, nor shall any Proceedings or Trials be carried on, excepting between the Hours of Eight in the Morning and of Three in the Afternoon, except in Cases which require an immediate Example.

Article VII. No Sentence of a General Court Martial shall be put in Execution until after a Report shall be made of the whole Proceedings to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor of this Kingdom, and to the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, for the Time being, and his Directions be signified thereupon.

Article VIII. The commissioned Officers of Marines at each of the Marine Head Quarters, and likewise the commissioned Officers of any Detachment of Marines, at any other Place on Shore, may by the Appointment of their commanding Officer, hold Courts Martial for the enquiring into such Disputes or criminal Matters as may come before them, and for the inflicting corporal Punishments for small Offences, and shall give Judgment by the majority of Voices; but no Sentence shall be executed until the commanding Officer, (not being a Member of the Court Martial) shall have confirmed the same, no such Court Martial shall consist of less than Five Officers, except in cases where that Number

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cannot be conveniently aſſembled, when Three may be ſufficient.

Article. IX. No commiſſioned Marine Officer ſhall be caſhiered or diſmiſſed from His Majeſty's Service, excepting by an Order from His Majeſty, or by the Sentence of a General Court Martial, approved by the Lord High Admiral, but Non-commiſſioned Officers may be diſcharged as Private Men, and may by the Order of a commanding Field Officer be reduced to private Centinels.

Article X. No Perſon whatſoever ſhall uſe menacing Words, Signs or Geſtures, in the Preſence of a Court Martial then ſitting, or ſhall cauſe any Diſorder or Riot, ſo as to diſturb their Proceedings, under Penalty of being puniſhed at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Court Martial.

Article XI. To the End that Offenders may be brought to Juſtice, We do hereby direct that whenever any Marine Officer or Private Man ſhall commit a Crime deſerving Puniſhment, he ſhall by his Commandant, if an Officer, be put in Arreſt, if a Non-commiſſioned Officer or Private Man, be impriſoned, 'till he ſhall be either tried by a Court Martial, or ſhall be lawfully diſcharged by a proper Authority.

Article XII.

Article XII. No Marine Officer or Private Man shall be put in Arrest or imprisoned, shall continue in his Confinement more than Eight Days, or until such Time as a Court Martial can be conveniently assembled.

Article XIII. No Officer commanding a Guard, or Provost Martial, shall refuse to receive or keep any Prisoner committed to his Charge, by any Officer belonging to His Majesty's Marine Forces, which Officer shall at the same Time deliver an Account in Writing, signed by himself, of the Crime, with which the said Prisoner is charged.

Article XIV. No Officer commanding a Guard, or Provost Martial, shall presume to release any Prisoner committed to his Charge without proper Authority for so doing, nor shall he suffer any Prisoner to Escape, on the Penalty of being punished for it by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

Article XV. Every Officer, or Provost Martial, to whose Charge Prisoners shall be committed, is hereby required within Twenty-four Hours after such Commitment, or as soon as he shall be relieved from his Guard, to give in Writing to the Commanding Officer, their Names, their Crimes, and the Names of the Officers who committed them, on the Pe-

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nalty of his being punished for his Disobedience or Neglect, at the Discretion of a Court Martial.

Article XVI. And if any Officer under Arrest, shall leave his Confinement before he is set at Liberty by the Officer who confined him, or by a superior Power, he shall be Cashiered for it.

Article XVII. No Marine Officer or Private Man shall be tried or punished for any Offence, committed more than Three Years before issuing the Warrant for such Trial, except only in Cases of Desertion.

Article XVIII. All Crimes not Capital and all Disorder and Neglects which Marine Officers and private Men may be guilty of, to the Prejudice of good Order and Military Discipline (though not mentioned in the foregoing Articles) are to be taken Cognizance of by a Court Martial, and to be punished at their Discretion.

SECTION XIV.

Relating to the aforesaid Articles.

THE aforegoing Articles are to be read and published once in every Month, at the Head of the Marine Companies when assembled to be mustered.

AN

CHAP. XLV.

AN

ACT

TO

Explain and amend an Act paſſed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His Preſent Majeſty, *entituled*, An Act for Badging ſuch Poor as ſhall be found unable to ſupport themſelves by Labour, and otherwiſe providing for them; and for reſtraining ſuch as ſhall be found able to ſupport themſelves by Labour and Induſtry from Begging.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

A C T

Explain and amend an Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His present Majesty, entitled, An Act for finding such Poor as shall be found unable to support themselves by Labour, and otherwise providing for them; and for restraining such as shall be found able to support themselves by Labour and Industry from Begging.

XLV

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XLV.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His Present Majesty, *entituled*, An Act for Badging such Poor as shall be found unable to support themselves by Labour, and otherwise providing for them; and for restraining such as shall be found able to support themselves by Labour and Industry from Begging.

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WHEREAS an Act of Parliament was made in this Kingdom in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His Present Majesty, intituled, An Act for Badging such Poor as shall be found unable to support themselves by Labour, and otherwise providing for them, and for restraining such as shall be found able to support themselves by Labour

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or Industry from Begging; And Whereas by the said Act it is Enacted, that there shall be one Body Politick and Corporate thereby created and erected in every County, County of a City, and County of a Town in this Kingdom, consisting of the Archbishop or Bishop whose Diocese, or any part thereof, shall extend into such County, the Representatives in Parliament for such County, all the Justices of the Peace for such County, and such other Persons as shall subscribe to such Institution, any Sum not less than Twenty Pounds, or any Sum not less than Three Pounds Yearly, together with such other Persons as shall be elected Members thereof, under, and by Virtue of said Act; which Corporation have Power to appoint a Treasurer with a moderate Salary: And whereas by the said Act the Grand Juries of the several Counties, Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns, are impowered to present Money on the said Counties for the Purpose of effectuating said Institution: And whereas large Sums of Money have been presented agreeable thereto, and paid over to the several Treasurers of said Corporations: And whereas several of the said Corporations have Judged it expedient to decline or to discontinue the Carrying such Institution into Effect, by Means whereof large Sums now remain in the Treasurers Hands, unapplied, and without any Intention in such Corporations to apply the same: And Whereas it is just and reasonable in all

all such Cases, that the Sum so presented by the several Counties, Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns, should be paid back to their respective Treasurers, and represented by the several and respective Grand Juries of the same, for the Use of the several and respective Counties at large: And whereas in some Instances the Grand Juries have Represented such Sums but the Treasurers of such Corporations Refuse to hand over their Balances agreeable to such Presentments: In Remedy whereof, Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That each of the Treasurers of such Corporations shall, on the First Day of each Summer Assizes after the passing of this Act, lay before the respective Grand Juries a true State of the said Charity, the Number of Persons who have been relieved, the several Funds belonging to said Charity, and the Balance remaining in their Hands; and how far the same has been or is intended to be carried into Execution; and if such Treasurer or Treasurers shall neglect to make such Return, he or they shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Neglect, unless it shall appear that the same has proceeded from some unavoidable Necessity, said Penalty to be recovered before the Judge of Assize by Civil Will, to be brought in the

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Name of the Treasurer or Treasurers of such County or Counties where such Neglect has happened; and if it shall appear to the said Grand Jury or Grand Juries, that such Institution hath been declined or discontinued to be carried into Execution, that then, and in every such case, it shall and may be Lawful, and such Grand Jury or Grand Juries are hereby Required and Impowered to Represent such Sums to be applied to the Purposes of the County or Counties at Large; and if it shall so happen that after said Presentment or Presentments shall be made and confirmed by the Judge, the Treasurer or Treasurers of said Corporations shall in one Month after Demand made on him by the Treasurer or Treasurers of such Counties, Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns, and after being served with a Copy of said Presentment Refuse or Neglect to pay over the same, he shall forfeit, over and above the Balance due, a Sum equal to double the Interest of the Balance remaining in his hands, to be recovered in the Name of such Treasurer or Treasurers of such Counties, for the Use of such County or Counties, on a Suit to be instituted in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, for that Purpose.

Provided allways, That if any such Corporation shall think themselves aggrieved by such Presentment, they may traverse

traverſe the ſame, and proceed to Trial thereof in the Manner that Traverſes to other Preſentments are Tried. CHAP. XLV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That whenever ſuch Inſtitution or Inſtitutions hath or have been Declined or Diſcontinued, and that the Grand Jury or Grand Juries of ſuch Counties, Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns, have, or any of them hath, previous to the paſſing this Act, Preſented the Money in the Hands of the Treaſurer of ſuch Corporations to be applied for the Uſe of ſuch County, or Counties at Large, in ſuch Caſe the Treaſurer ſhall on Demand and Notice as aforeſaid, hand over to the Treaſurer of ſuch County or Counties the Balance in his Hands, if the ſame does not exceed the Amount of ſuch Preſentment or Preſentments, under the like Penalties, and recoverable in like Manner as aforeſaid.

Provided, That no Steps have been taken, ſubſequent to ſuch Preſentment, to have ſaid Inſtitution carried into Execution.

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XLVI.

AN

ACT

TO

Promote Trade and Manufacture, by regulating and encouraging Partnerſhips.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

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An Act to promote Trade and Manufacture by regulating and encouraging Partnerſhips.

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WHEREAS the encreaſing the Stock of Money employed in Trade and Manufacture, muſt greatly promote the Commerce and Proſperity of this Kingdom, and many Perſons might be induced to ſubſcribe Sums of Money to Men well qualified for Trade, but not of competent Fortune to carry it on largely if they were allowed to abide by the Profit or Loſs of the Trade for the ſame, and were not to be deemed Traders on that Account, or ſubject thereby to any further or other Demands than the Sums ſo ſubſcribed; Be it Enact-

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ed by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That any Number of Perſons may from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, by Deed or Inſtrument of Partnerſhip, under their Hands and Seals, executed in the Preſence of two or more ſubſcribing Witneſſes, and to be regiſtered as herein after mentioned, enter into a Joint Trade or Co-partnerſhip for the Purpoſe of buying and ſelling in the Groſs, or by Wholeſale, or for eſtabliſhing or carrying on any Manufacture or Buſineſs for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, but determinable at any ſhorter Period, in ſuch Manner and upon ſuch Conditions as ſhall be agreed upon by ſuch Partnerſhip-Deed; and that the ſaid Co-partners or ſome of them ſo executing the ſaid Deed, ſhall thereby bind themſelves to pay in Money towards a Joint Stock, ſuch Sums as they ſhall reſpectively think fit, ſuch Joint Stock however not to be in any one of ſuch Companies or Co-partnerſhips leſs in the Whole than One Thouſand Pounds, or more than Fifty Thouſand Pounds.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Subſcribers or Co-partners may by ſuch Partnerſhip-Deed, nominate and appoint from amongſt themſelves

themſelves one or more Perſon or Perſons, to manage, conduct, or carry on ſaid Trade, Buſineſs, or Manufacture, in whoſe Name and Names whilſt living and continuing in Credit, with the Addition of "and Company," the Buſineſs of ſaid Partnerſhip ſhall be tranſacted and carried on, and ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo nominated and appointed, ſhall be called the acting Partner or Partners of the ſaid Co-partnerſhip or Company, and ſuch acting Partner or Partners, and his or their Perſon or Perſons, Lands, Goods and Chattles, ſhall to all Intents and Purpoſes be as ſubject to the Laws againſt Bankrupts for and on account of the ſaid Partnerſhip Debts, as if ſuch acting Partner or Partners had traded upon his or their oſwn Account, and without any Connection in Trade with the ſaid other Partners or Subſcribers. CHAP. XLVI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the remaining Subſcribers or Co-partners, who ſhall not have the actual Management or Conduct of ſaid Trade, Buſineſs, or Manufacture, and whoſe Names ſhall not be mentioned in the Firm of ſaid Company, ſhall be ſtiled Anonymous Partners of ſaid Company, and no Debts or Engagements of ſuch Anonymous Partners, or any of them on what Ground ſoever contracted, ſhall charge or affect the other Partners, or the ſaid Partnerſhip Stock, as Debts due by

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the ſaid Partnerſhip or Company, nor ſhall ſuch Anonymous Partners, or any of them, be ſubject to any Contracts or Engagements of ſuch acting Partner or Partners, or to any Loſs or Miſcarriage which may happen in the ſaid Partnerſhip Buſineſs, further or otherwiſe than as hereinafter mentioned.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That each Subſcriber or Co-partner, called or ſtiled as before Anonymous Partner, ſhall at the Time of his Execution of the Articles, or Deed of Co-partnerſhip, actually pay to ſaid acting Partner or Partners of ſaid Company towards the further Capital Stock thereof, a Sum not leſs than one-fourth Part of the Sum by him ſubſcribed and mentioned in the ſaid Articles of Partnerſhip as his Proportion, and ſhall pay or tender in Caſh the remaining Three-fourths of the Sum ſo ſubſcribed by him to ſuch Acting Partner or Partners if living and without any Demand at the End of Twelve Calendar Months after the Execution of the ſaid Partnerſhip Deed at furtheſt, or at ſuch Days and Times within the ſaid Twelve Months, and in ſuch Proportions as for that Purpoſe ſhall be limited by the ſaid Partnerſhip Deed or Agreement, and that too without any Demand by the ſaid Acting Partner or Partners; and in caſe any of the ſaid Anonymous Co-partners, his Executors, or Adminiſtrators, ſhall neglect

or

or refuse to pay or tender to the said Acting Partner or Partners, the said Three-fourths, at the Times and in Manner aforesaid, he shall absolutely forfeit for the Benefit of the said other Parners, and the Partnership Creditors, the said One-fourth so paid by him, and all Profits of the said Trade arising during the said Partnership, from the said One-fourth of his said Subscription so paid or deposited as aforesaid by him, and shall no longer be deemed or considered as one of the said Co-partners; and moreover in case of a Failure of the said Partnership Business, he, his Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, shall be subject to pay the said Partnership Creditors, any Sum or Sums of Money which may be wanting to satisfy their Demands, not exceeding the said Three-fourths of the Sum so by him originally subscribed or agreed to be paid, but if at the End or other Dissolution of the said Partnership, the said Trade shall have turned out so beneficial, that each of the said Partners shall have received his Principal Money, with Interest from the Time or Times of Payment thereof, then and in such case, the One-fourth so paid by such forfeiting Partner, shall, by the Acting Partner or Partners, his Executors or Administrators, be re-funded and re-paid to the said forfeiting Partner or Partners, his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, but without any Interest or Profits.

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a full Account or Reſt in Writing, ſhall be made once in every Year, or oftner, of all the Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, Bonds, Bills, and Notes, Debts, Monies, and other Effects of or belonging to ſaid Copartnerſhip, and of all Debts owing by them, and a fair Balance ſtruck of the Whole, and of each Partitular Partner's Share, and ſigned by the Acting Partner or Partners, and at leaſt Two-thirds of the ſaid Anonymous Partners, or their Reſpective Attornies for that Purpoſe lawfully Conſtituted, with the Approbation of the ſaid Partners.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That each of the ſaid Anonymous Partners, His Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall and may Receive and take out of ſaid Partnerſhip after a Juſt and fair Settlement of Accounts as above Mentioned, and not before, half and no more of His or Their Share or Proportion of the Net Profits made by ſaid Company on the Sums paid in by them Severally and Reſpectively, and the Reſidue of the Profits, and any Sum or Sums of Money paid by a Forfeiting Partner, or Partners as aforeſaid, and the profits thereof, ſhall go towards Encreaſe of ſaid Capital or Joint Stock,

until

until the Expiration of the Term of their Co-partnership. CHAP. XLVI.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Anonymous Partner or Partners, having really and Bona Fide paid or Tendered the full Sum in Cash by Him Subscribed and Specified in such Partnership-Deed, at such Times as hereinbefore mentioned, and who shall not act contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, in any of the Instances herein after expressed, shall not be subject to any of the Laws against Bankrupts, or to any greater Loss, Charges, or Damages, for or on Account of his or their having entered into such Partnership, than the full Sum or Sums so by him or them subscribed and paid, and such Proportion of the Profits thereof as is hereinbefore directed to be held over to the End of the said Partnership, at the utmost, or such Proportion of such full Sum so subscribed, and the Profits thereof not received as may be necessary to make full Payment and Discharge of all the said Partnership Debts and Engagements; and that in Case a Failure shall happen in such Partnership Business, or it shall be dissolved by the Death of an acting Partner, or on the Terms of such Partnership Deed, before the Time or Times shall have come for the Payment of the Three-fourths of the said Subscriptions, that then, and in such Case, each and

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every of ſuch Anonymous Partners conforming to this Act, his, or their Heirs, Executors, or Adminiſtrators, ſhall be bound only to pay ſuch remaining Three-fourths, or ſuch Part thereof, or ſo much as may be neceſſary, with Intereſt from the Time or Times limited by the ſaid Partnerſhip-Deed, for the Payment thereof, towards the Satisfaction or Diſcharge of the ſaid Partnerſhip Debts, and ſhall not be ſubject to any further Loſs or Damage whatſoever.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Partnerſhip to be formed purſuant to this Act, ſhall be diſſolved by the Death or Bankruptcy of all or any of the ſaid Anonymous Partners during the Term of the ſaid Partnerſhip, unleſs it ſhall be otherwiſe agreed by the ſaid Partnerſhip-Deed, and the legal perſonal Repreſentative or Repreſentatives of ſuch Anonymous Partner ſo dying, and the Aſſignees of ſuch failing Anonymous Partner, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall on a Publick Auction buy and become Aſſignee or Aſſignees of the Share and Intereſt in the ſaid Partnerſhip of ſuch deceaſed or failing Anonymous Partner, ſhall ſtand in the Place of ſuch deceaſed or failing Partner during the Term of the ſaid Partnerſhip, and be an Anonymous Partner, or Partners, upon Payment of ſuch Part of the ſaid deceaſed or failing Partners Subſcription, if any

ſhall

shall not have been paid; and in Default of payment thereof, whether for Want of Assets or Representation, or otherwise, the Sums before paid, though exceeding one-fourth Part of the Sum subscribed by such deceased or failing Partner or Partners, and the Profits thereof, are to be forfeited in such Manner as herein before mentioned, as to the one-fourth of the said Subscription; and where there are two or more acting Partners, the Deaths or Bankruptcy of any of them, during the Term of the said Partnership, whilst One shall survive in full Credit, and not a Bankrupt, shall not dissolve the said Partnership, unless it shall be otherwise agreed by the said Articles of Partnership.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where there shall be one acting Partner in full Credit, and not a Bankrupt, such Partnership shall be deemed to Exist during the Time for Years by such Partnership-Deed destined for its Continuance, notwithstanding that by Events specified in such Partnership-Deed, it may be dissolved or dissolvable before the Efluxion of such Term for Years, unless the Dissolution of such Partnership shall have been twice advertized in the Dublin Gazette, and an Entry made in the Register's Books opposite to, or immediately under the Entry of the Registry of such Partnership, importing the

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Diſſolution of ſuch Partnerſhip, and ſubſcribed by ſome one or more of the ſaid Partners, and truly Dated, and for which ſaid laſt mentioned Entry the Regiſter ſhall be intitled to receive Five Shillings.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That none of the ſaid Original Partners, nor the Purchaſer or Purchaſers of the Share or Shares of a deceaſed or failing Partner, ſhall have Liberty during the Term of ſaid Partnerſhip, to ſell or diſpoſe of his or her Share in ſuch Partnerſhip Dealing, ſo as to obtrude another Perſon as Partner in the ſaid Company, unleſs upon ſuch Terms and with ſuch Conſents as ſhall be ſpecified inthe ſaid Partnerſhip-Deed, or with the Conſent of all the other Partners, and even after ſuch Transfer, the Original Partner, unleſs he ſhall have previouſly paid or depoſited with the Acting Partner or Partners his full Subſcription as aforeſaid, ſhall ſtand bound by this Act, in ſuch Manner, as if ſuch Transfer had not been made until the Partner accepted in his Stead ſhall have fulfilled his Engagement.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That each and every of the ſaid Companies or Co-partnerſhips may as well after as before the Determination of the ſaid Partnerſhip, ſue and be ſued during the Life of the Original Acting Partner,

partner, if there shall be but one such Original Acting Partner, or during the Lives of the Original Acting Partners, if there shall be Two or more of them, and whilst such Original Acting Partner or Partners shall remain in Credit, and not a Bankrupt or Bankrupts, by the Firm, Stile, and Title to be assumed by them pursuant to this Act; and in case of the Death or Bankruptcy of a sole Original Acting Partner, then in the Name of the Personal Representative or Assignees of such sole Original Acting Partner, and where there shall be Two or more Original Acting Partners, then in case of the Death or Deaths, or Bankruptcy of one or more of the said Original Acting Partners, then in the Names or Name of the Survivors or Survivor, others or other of the said Original Acting Partners, not being a Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and in the Name or Names of the legal Personal Representative of such Survivor or other of such Two or more Original Acting Partners; but if such Acting Partners, in case of Two or more of them, or such Acting Partner if there shall be but one, shall all become Bankrupts or Bankrupt, then such Suits shall be carried on, for and against such Partnership or Company in the Names of the Assignees of such of the said Acting Partners as last became Bankrupt, and in case any Bill shall be filed in a Court of Equity against any such Partnership or Company by the Firm aforesaid,

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it ſhall not be neceſſary to make all or any of the ſaid Anonymous Partners Parties thereto; and no Injunction ſhall iſſue without ſpecial Cauſe, for want of the Anſwer of ſuch Anonymous Partners, or any of them, if the Acting Partner or Partners ſhall have anſwered ſuch Bill, or obtained Time ſo to do, without an Injunction.

Provided allways, That in caſe the Aſſignee or Aſſignees of any ſuch Acting Partner or Partners, ſhall not conſider himſelf or themſelves as intereſted in the Event of any ſuch Suit or Suits, ſo to be proſecuted or defended as aforeſaid, that then and in ſuch caſe, the Name or Names of ſuch Aſſignee or Aſſignees, ſhall not be made uſe of by the other Partner or Partners, or their Repreſentatives, without a previous and ſufficient Indemnity given or tendered to ſuch Aſſignee or Aſſignees againſt all Coſts, Charges, and Damages, which ſhall or may attend the Proſecution or Defence of ſuch Suit or Suits.

Provided allways, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Partnerſhip ſhall be conſidered as formed or eſtabliſhed under the Sanction of this Act, unleſs every ſuch Partnerſhip-Deed, or Memorial thereof, ſhall, before the Commencement of ſuch Partnerſhip, or within Ten Days at the moſt after the Commencement thereof, be regiſtered in the Publick Regiſtry Office in Dublin for regiſtering

gistering Deeds, pursuant to the Statutes in that case made and provided, and in such Manner as thereby and herein directed or required, for which Registry such Fees shall be paid as such Register is now by the Law intitled to receive for other Deeds registered in the said Office; and in Consideration thereof, such Register shall keep separate and distinct Books for the Registry of such Partnership Deeds or Articles, and separate and distinct Alphabets, and in all other Respects do and perform what is by Law incumbent upon him to do and perform with Respect to the Registry of the Deeds of Lands, and his Certificate shall be Evidence as in Case of other Registered Deeds; and every Memorial of such Partnership-Deed shall contain the Day and Year when such Deeds bear Date, and the Names and Additions of all the Parties thereto, distinguishing which of them are the acting Parties and which of them Anonymous, and the Sums by them respectively subscribed and agreed to be paid to make up a Stock for the said Company, and the Time from which such Partnership is to commence, the Term for which it is to continue, and every such Memorial shall be under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of the Acting Partner, or of all Acting Partners, if there shall be Two or more of them, and attested by Two Witnesses, One whereof shall be

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Witneſs to the Execution of ſuch Deed, who ſhall by Affidavit to be made before the ſaid Regiſter or his Deputy prove the ſigning and ſealing of the ſaid Memorial, and the Execution of the ſaid Deed by all the Parties thereto, or their lawful Attornies, and the Payment in Caſh or good Bank Notes of the ſaid One-fourth of the ſaid Subſcription Money to ſuch Acting Partner or Partners by each of the ſaid other Partners who ſhall ſubſcribe to the ſaid Stock, and alſo the Day and Time of the Delivery of ſuch Memorial to the Regiſter or his Deputy.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Contracts, Debts, and Engagements ſubſiſting at the Time of the Execution of the ſaid Partnerſhip-Deed between the ſaid Anonymous Partners or any of them, and the ſaid Acting Partner or Partners, or any of them, or as Bail or Security for each other reſpectively, which ſhall not be fully diſcloſed and made known at or before the Execution of the ſaid Partnerſhip-Deed to all the ſaid Partners, teſtified either by the ſaid Partnerſhip-Deed, or ſome other Writing, ſigned by all the ſaid Partners, and atteſted by Two or more credible Witneſſes, and alſo every Kind of Dealing whatſoever in the Way of Buying, Selling, Factorage, Exchange, Diſcount, Loan of Money, or otherwiſe, between the ſaid Anonymous Partners

partners, or any of them, or any Person or Persons in Trust for them or any of them, and the said Acting Partner or Partners, or any of them, or any Person or Persons in Trust for them, or any of them, after the Execution of the said Partnership-Deed, which shall not be allowed and approved by a Majority of the said Partners, by Instruments under the Hands, and be attested as aforesaid, shall be utterly void to all Intents and Purposes, as between such acting Partner and Partners, and such Anonymous Partner and Partners.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Dealings or Transactions whatsoever, from and after the Execution of the said Partnership-Deed between the said Anonymous Partners, or any of them, and the said acting Partner or Partners, or any of them, shall by a Majority of the said Partners or Company be permitted and allowed as aforesaid, that every Debt and Engagement of every such Anonymous Partner or Partners, in Consequence of such Dealings, shall be paid and performed to such acting Partner or Partners, at such Times, and in such Manner, as the same ought to be paid and performed by any other Debtor to the said Company, and with the like Remedies for the Recovery thereof, and without any Colour or Pretence of Equity whatsoever,

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whatsoever, to withhold or postpone the Payment of the same, for or on Account of such Anonymous Partner or Partners' Share or Interest in the said Capital Stock, or the Profits thereof.

Provided always, That if any Anonymous Partner, or any Person who by Transfer shall or may, as aforesaid, be admitted to stand, or who by Representation or Bankruptcy shall stand in the Place of any such Anonymous Partner, shall appear to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Great Seal for the Time being, in this Kingdom, either on an Hearing upon Affidavits, in a Summary Way, or in such other Manner as the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Great Seal, shall, for that Purpose direct, to have made any colourable or fictitious Payments or Payment to the acting Partner or Partners of all or any Part of the Sum subscribed by the said Partnership Deed, or by any Means whatsoever, during the said Partnership, knowingly to have gotten or received any greater Proportion of the Profits of the said Partnership Dealing, than is allowed to any such Anonymous Partner by this Act, or to have done, or caused to be done, or to have consented to the doing of any Matter or Thing to elude the Provisions made by this Act, or to deceive or defraud any of his Co-partners,

or

or any Creditor or Creditors of said Part- CHAP.
nership, that then, and in every such Case, XLVI.
every such Person so offending, shall be as subject to the Laws against Bankrupts, as if such Person or Persons originally were an acting Partner or Partners in the said Company; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary in any any wise notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any such acting Partner or Partners, who shall not, during the Term of such Partnership, keep honestly and faitly a Book or Books, in which shall be entered an Account of all his or their Dealings, Bills of Exchange, drawn, endorsed, or accepted by him or them, and of his or their Debts and Credits, as well on Account of the said Partnership, as on the Foot of any other private Dealing or Dealings whatsoever, and of his or their Expences in House-keeping, and who shall not make out an Inventory once in every Year, during the Term of the said Partnership, in such Book or Books, of all the said Partnership Effects, and his or their private Effects (save Furniture and Wearing Apparel) and of the Debts and Credits on the Foot of the said Partnership, his or their private Dealings (if any) specifying the Profits and Losses on the same, for the Time being, or who shall make Use of any Money, Bills, Notes, or any other

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Securities, or of any Goods, Wares, Effects, or Merchandizes belonging to any such Partnership, or who shall make use of the Firm or Credit of any such Partnership, to raise any Sum of Money whatsoever, or to contract any Debt whatsoever, save for the Use, Purpose, and Benefit of such Partnership, or who shall wilfully and designedly refuse, neglect, or delay to state and settle Accounts with his or their Co-partners, and to hand over to them respectively such Balance or Balances, Sum and Sums of Money, as shall, pursuant to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and the Deed or Deeds of Partnership entered into with the Person or Persons so refusing, neglecting, or delaying, that then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Anonymous Partner or Partners to deduct, and recover out of the Capital Stock, and the Produce thereof, of such acting Partner or Partners so Offending the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each Hundred Pounds of such Capital Stock, and the produce thereof of such acting Partner or Partners so Offending as aforesaid, over and above and without Prejudice to any Remedy or Relief either at Law or in Equity, which such Anonymous Partner or Partners might or could have for or on Account of any such Neglect or Misconduct as aforesaid, of such acting Partner or Partners, if no such Provi-

sion

sion to prevent the same had been made by this present Act. CHAP. XLVI.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Co-partnership for carrying on the Business of Bankers or Discounters of Money for Shopkeepers selling by Retail, shall be considered as formed under this Act, or to receive any Sanction or Benefit therefrom; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

U A S (2) II

CHAP.
XLVII.

AN

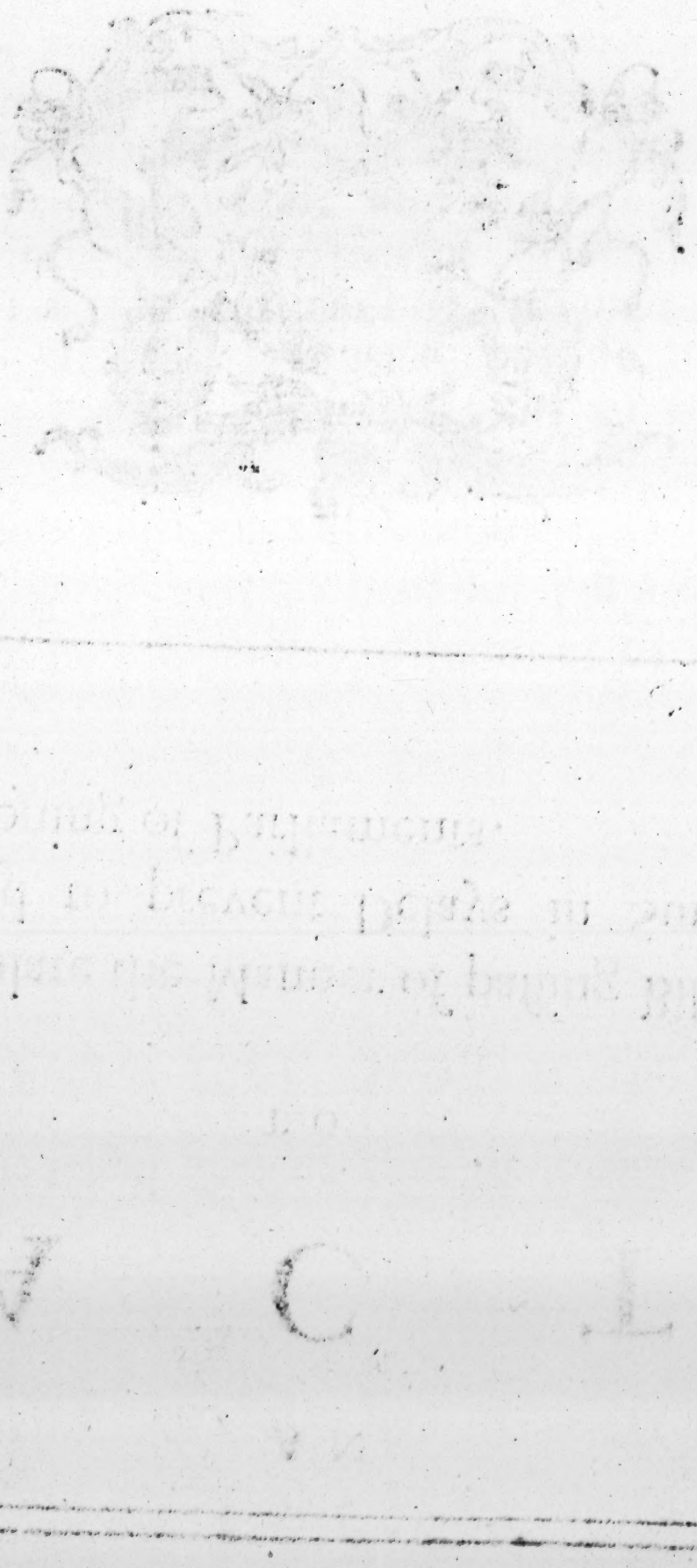
ACT

TO

Regulate the Manner of paſſing Bills, and to prevent Delays in Summoning of Parliaments.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.



Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XLVII.

An Act to regulate the Manner of paſſing Bills, and to prevent Delays in Summoning of Parliaments.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate the Manner of paſſing Bills in this Kingdom, Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors and Council of this Kingdom, for the Time being, do and ſhall certify all ſuch Bills, and none other, as both Houſes of Parliament ſhall judge expedient to be Enacted in this Kingdom, to

CHAP. XLVII.

CHAP. XLVII.

His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, under the Great Seal of this Kingdom, without Addition, Diminution, or Alteration.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Bills as ſhall be ſo certified to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, under the Great Seal of this Kingdom, and returned into the ſame under the Great Seal of Great Britain, without Addition, Diminution, or Alteration, and none other ſhall paſs in the Parliament of this Kingdom; any former Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted, That no Bill ſhall be certified into Great Britain, as a Cauſe or Conſideration for holding a Parliament in this Kingdom, but that Parliaments may be holden in this Kingdom, although no ſuch Bill ſhall have been certified previous to the Meeting thereof.

Provided allways, That no Parliament ſhall be holden in this Kingdom until a Licence for that Purpoſe ſhall be firſt had and obtained from His Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, under the Great Seal of Great Britain.

AN

CHAP. XLVIII.

AN

ACT

FOR

Extending certain of the Provisions contained in an Act, *intituled*, An Act confirming all the Statutes made in *England*.

DUBLIN:

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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. XLVIII.

An Act for extending certain of the Proviſions contained in an Act, *intituled*, An Act confirming all the Statutes made in *England*.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in this Kingdom in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majeſty King Henry the Seventh, intituled, An act for confirming all the Statutes made in *England*, all ſuch Statutes theretofore made in England, as concerned the Common Weal of the Realm were confirmed in this Kingdom: And whereas after that Time, and particularly upon Occaſion of the Rebellions which ſubſiſted in this Kingdom in the Years One thouſand ſix hundred and forty-one, and One thouſand ſix hundred

CHAP. XLVIII.

CHAP. XLVIII.

and eighty-eight, divers Statutes were made in the Parliament of England, and ſince the Union in the Parliament of Great Britain, for ſettling and aſſuring the forfeited and other Eſtates in this Kingdom, and for the Regulation of Trade, and other purpoſes: And whereas it is at all Times expedient to give every Aſſurance, and to remove every Apprehenſion concerning the Title of Lands: And whereas it is the earneſt and affectionate Deſire, as well as the true Intereſt of Your Majeſty's Subjects of this Kingdom to promote, as far as in them lies, the Navigation, Trade, and Commercial Intereſts of Great Britain as well as Ireland: And whereas a Similarity of Laws, Manners, and Cuſtoms, muſt naturally conduce to ſtrengthen and perpetuate that Affection and Harmony which do, and at all Times ought, to ſubſiſt between the People of Great Britain and Ireland: Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Statutes heretofore made in England or Great Britain, for the ſettling and aſſuring the forfeited Eſtates in this Kingdom, and alſo all Private Statutes made in England or Great Britain, under which any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in this Kingdom, or any Eſtate or Intereſt therein

therein, are, or is holden or claimed, or which any Way concern the Title thereto, or any Evidence respecting the same; and also all such Clauses and Provisions contained in any Statutes made in England or Great Britain, concerning Commerce, as import to impose equal Restraints on the Subjects of England and Ireland, or of Great Britain and Ireland, and to entitle them to equal Benefits; and also all such Clauses and Provisions contained in any Statutes made as aforesaid, as equally concerning the Seamen of England and Ireland, or of Great Britain and Ireland, save so far as the same have been altered or repealed, shall be accepted, used, and executed in this Kingdom, according to the present Tenor thereof respectively. CHAP. XLVIII.

Provided allways, That all such Statutes, so as aforesaid, concerning Commerce, shall bind the Subjects of Ireland only, so long as they continue to bind the Subjects of Great Britain.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Statutes made in England or Great Britain, as concern the Stile or Calender, and also all such Clauses and Provisions contained in any Statutes made as aforesaid, as relate to the taking any Oath or Oaths, or making or subscribing any Declaration or Affirmation in this Kingdom, or any

CHAP. XLVIII.

Penalty or Disability for omitting the same, or relate to the Continuance of any Office, Civil or Military, or of any Commission, or of any Writ, Process, or Proceeding at Law or in Equity, or in any Court of Delegary or Review, in Case of a Demise of the Crown, shall be accepted, used, and executed in this Kingdom, according to the present Tenor of the same respectively.

AN

CHAP. XLIX.

AN

ACT

FOR

Redreſs of Erroneous Judgments, Orders, and Decrees.

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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII III. Regis.

CHAP. XLIX.

An Act for Redreſs of Erroneous Judgments, Orders, and Decrees.

CHAP. XLIX.

WHEREAS Erroneous Judgments, Orders, and Decrees, ought only to be reformed finally in the High Court of Parliament in this Kingdom; Be it Declared and Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from henceforth all ſuch Judgments, Orders, and Decrees, ſhall be finally examined and reformed in the High Court of Parliament in this Kingdom only; any Law, Statute, or Practice to the Contrary thereof, in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

CHAP. XLIX.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall invalidate or affect any Judgment, Order, or Decree which has been given or made in Great Britain, previous to the First Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, but that the ſame ſhall remain in full Force; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, to grant Warrants for Sealing Writs of Error returnable into Parliament, and that the Sum of Three Pounds ſhall be paid to the Curſitor for every ſuch Writ of Error by the Party applying for the ſame, to be diſtributed in ſuch Manner as the Lord High Chancellor ſhall direct.

AN

CHAP.
L.

AN

ACT

FOR

Securing the Independency of Judges, and the impartial Administration of Juſtice.

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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. L.

An Act for ſecuring the Independency of Judges, and the impartial Adminiſtration of Juſtice.

CHAP. L.

WHEREAS the Independency of the Judges of the Land is eſſential to the impartial Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and highly conducive to the Support of the Honour of the Crown, and the Security of the Rights and Liberties of the People; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the preſent, and all future Commiſſions of Judges for the Time being, ſhall continue and remain in full Force during their good Behaviour; and that the ſame ſhall con-

CHAP. L. tinue and remain in full Force during the Term aforeſaid, notwithſtanding the Demiſe of the King (whom God long preſerve) or of any of His Heirs or Succeſſors; any Law, Uſage, or Practice to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Salaries and Appointments as have been or ſhall be granted by His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, to any Judge or Judges, ſhall in all Time coming be paid and payable to every ſuch Judge and Judges for the Time being, ſo long as the Patents or Commiſſions of them, or any of them reſpectively, ſhall continue and remain in Force.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, to remove any Judge or Judges upon the Addreſs of both Houſes of Parliament; any Thing herein to the contrary thereof in any Wiſe notwithſtanding.

AN

CHAP.
LI.

AN

ACT

TO

Amend an Act, *intituled*, An Act for Remitting of Priſoners, with their Indictments, by the Juſtices of His Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, to the Places where the Crimes were committed.

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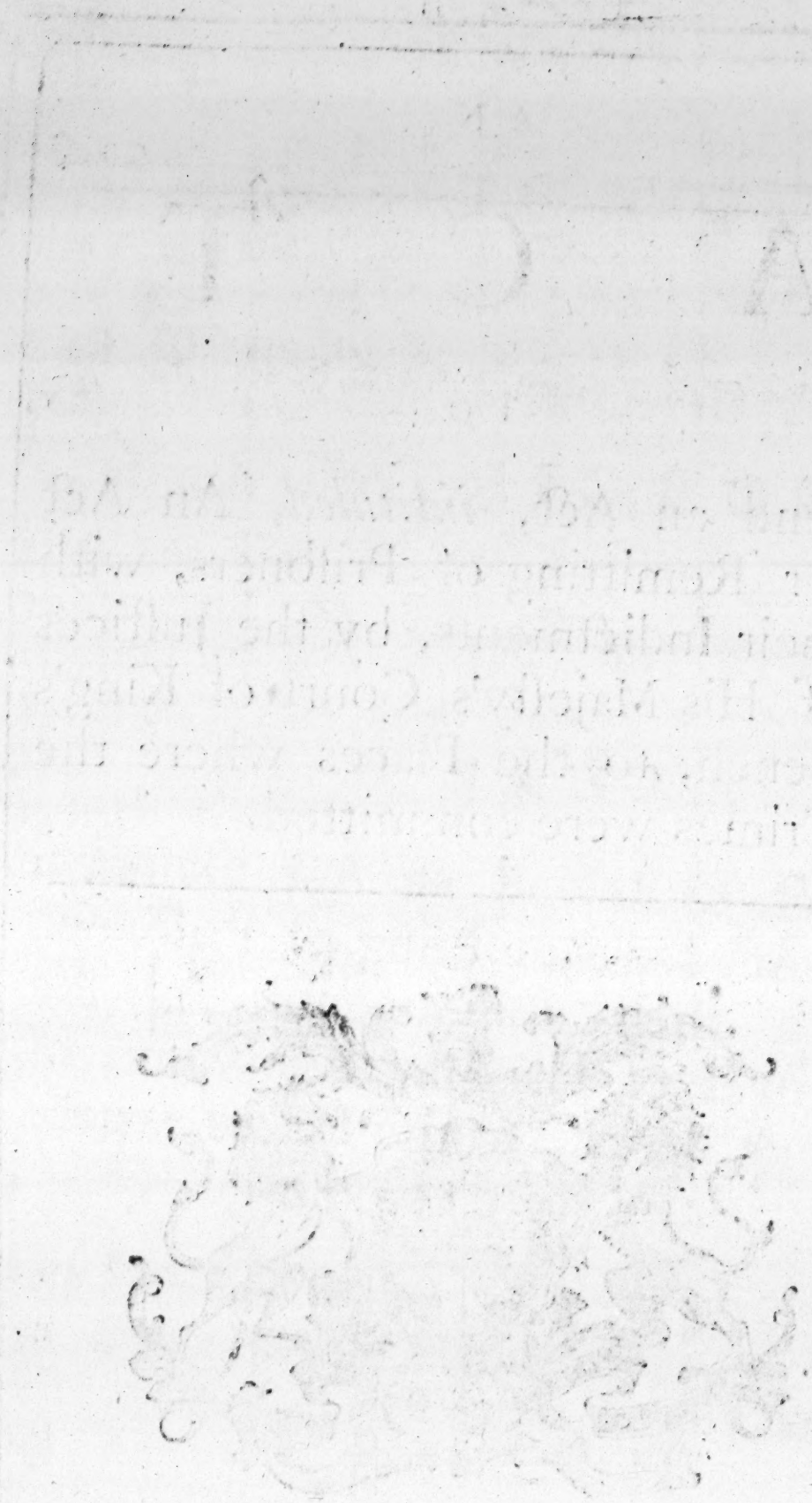

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LI.

An Act to amend an Act, *intituled*, An Act for Remitting of Prisoners, with their Indictments, by the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, to the Places where the Crimes were committed.

CHAP. LI.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the remitting of Prisoners, with their Indictments, by the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, to the Places where the Crimes were committed, it is recited, That persons indicted for High Treason may remove as well their Bodies as their Indictments, into the Court of King's Bench, if that Court shall think fit, and cannot

CHAP. LI.

by Order of Law be remitted or ſent down to the Juſtices of Gaol Delivery, or of the Peace, or other Juſtices or Commiſſioners, to proceed upon them; and it is therefore and thereby Enacted, That in every ſuch Caſe, the Juſtices of the King's Bench ſhall have full Authority and Power to remand and ſend down, as well the Bodies of all ſuch Perſons as their Indictments, into the Counties where ſuch High Treaſon or Felony are or ſhall be charged in ſaid Indictments to be committed or done, and to command all Juſtices of Gaol Delivery, Juſtices of the Peace, and all other Juſtices and Commiſſioners of Oyer and Terminer, and every of them, to proceed and determine upon all the aforeſaid Bodies and Indictments ſo removed after the Courſe of the Common Law, in ſuch Manner as the ſaid Juſtices of Gaol Delivery, Juſtices of the Peace, and other Commiſſioners, or any of them might or ſhould have done if the ſaid Priſoners or Indictments had never been brought into the ſaid King's Bench: And whereas the ſaid Act does not extend to Caſes where the Body of Perſons indicted for High Treaſon or Felony as aforeſaid, or their Indictments, are removed into the Court of King's Bench, at the Suit of the Crown; Therefore be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Autho-

rity

tity of the same, That the Justices of the King's Bench shall have full power and Authority by their Discretions to remand and send down, as well the Bodies of all such Persons as their Indictments, into the Counties where such High Treason and Felony are or shall be charged to be committed or done, and that in all Cases where such Indictments are removed, either by the Defendant, or at the Suit of the Crown, to command all Justices of Gaol Delivery, Justices of the Peace, and other Justices, and Commissioners of Oyer and Terminer, and every of them, to proceed and determine upon all the aforesaid Bodies and Indictments so removed, in such Manner as the same Justices of Gaol Delivery, Justices of the Peace, and other Commissioners or any of them might or should have done, if the said Prisoners or Indictments had never been brought into the said King's Bench.

CHAP. LI.

CHAP:
LII.

AN

ACT

TO

Oblige Church Wardens to Account, purſuant to an Act for the better keeping Churches in Repair, and to make the Cathedral Church of *Ferns*, the Pariſh Church of the Pariſh of *Ferns*.

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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LII.

An Act to oblige Church-Wardens to Account, purſuant to an Act for the better keeping Churches in Repair, and to make the Cathedral Church of *Ferns*, the Pariſh Church of the Pariſh of *Ferns*.

CHAP. LII.

WHEREAS Church-Wardens frequently do neglect to ſue for and recover from their immediate Predeceſſors the Money which ought to have been collected or accounted for by their ſaid Predeceſſors in Manner as authorized by Statute of the Third Year of King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the better keeping Churches in Repair; Be it Enacted by

CHAP. LII.

by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases where Church-Wardens shall neglect for the Space of Six Calendar Months, to sue their said Predecessors for a Neglect or Refusal to collect Parish Cesses, or having commenced a Suit or Suits for that Purpose against them within the said Time, shall neglect to prosecute the same with Effect, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for the Bishop or Ordinary of the Diocese in which every Parish, Union, or Chapelry so assessed, shall lie, to sue for and recover for the Uses for which such Assessment was made (after a Deduction of the Plaintiff's Costs of such Suit or Suits) from the said Church-Wardens or Persons, or either of them so refusing or neglecting, pursuant to the Power given by the said recited Act, to sue or prosecute their Predecessors for not collecting Parish Cesses, all and every the Sum and Sums of Money mentioned and contained in the Apportment delivered to the said next Predecessors of the said Church-Wardens, so to be sued by the said Bishop or Ordinary.

And

CHAP. LII.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where Church Wardens have accounted, but by Refusal or Neglect, after a Demand made to pay the Balances of such Accounts remaining in their Hands to the succeeding Church Wardens, have subjected themselves to be sued for such Balances by their Successors, pursuant to the said recited Act, that it shall and may be lawful to and for such Bishop or Ordinary as aforesaid, to sue for and recover for such Uses, and with such Deduction of Costs as aforesaid, such Balances of Account from the Church-Wardens or Persons, or either of them, refusing or neglecting to sue or prosecute their said Predecessors for the Balances of their Accounts, pursuant to the Power given to them by the said recited Act.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Cases where the Sum to be claimed by the said Bishop or Ordinary against Church-Wardens for neglecting to sue their Predecessors pursuant to this and the said recited Act, does not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds Sterling, the same may be so sued for and recovered by the said Bishop or Ordinary by Civil Bill at the General Assizes to be held for the County where such Parish, Union, or Chapelry so assessed lies, or if such Parish, Union, or

CHAP. LII.

Chapelry shall be in the County of the City of Dublin, or the Liberties thereof, then in the Civil Bill Court of the City of Dublin held before the Recorder of the said City; and in Cases where any such Sum or Sums so to be claimed by the said Bishop or Ordinary under this Act exceeds Twenty Pounds Sterling, the same to be sued for and recovered by the said Bishop or Ordinary, by Action of Debt, Bill, or Plaint in any of His Majesty's Four Courts in Dublin.

And whereas the Mother Church of the Parish of Ferns, hath been in Ruins for a Time past the Memory of Man: And whereas the Cathedral Church of Saint Edan, otherwise Mogue Ferns, situate in the Town of Ferns, hath been hitherto made use of from its convenient Situation to all Parts of said Parish, to serve for all the legal Purposes of a Parish Church within said Parish; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Acts heretofore had and done in said Cathedral Church, as the Mother Church of said Parish, shall be and are hereby declared to be as good and valid in Law to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Cathedral Church had been the Mother Church of said Parish; and that for the future the said Cathedral Church of Saint Edan, otherwise Mogue Ferns, be deemed and taken to be the Mother Church of said Parish of Ferns, for all legal Purposes

poſes whatſoever within the ſaid Pariſh, without Prejudice to the Rights, Privileges, or Immunities of ſaid Cathedral, and alſo ſaving to the Lord Biſhop of Ferns, and his Succeſſors, and the Dean and Chapter of ſaid Cathedral, and their Succeſſors, their ſeveral and reſpective and diſtinct Rights, Privileges, and Immunities in ſaid Cathedral, any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding. CHAP. LII.

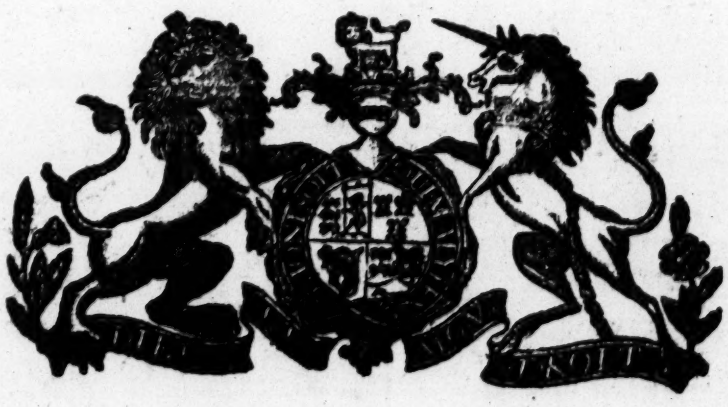
CHAP.
LIII.

AN

ACT

FOR

The Preſervation of the Game.



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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII III. Regis.

CHAP. LIII.

An Act for the Preſervation of the Game.

CHAP. LIII.

WHEREAS the Laws heretofore made for the Preſervation of the Game, have not proved effectual, Therefore be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June next, every Perſon who ſhall wilfully take, kill, or deſtroy, or who ſhall have in Poſſeſſion, or who ſhall ſell, or expoſe to Sale, or who ſhall buy, or cauſe to be bought, any Groule, between the Firſt Saturday in January and

CHAP. LIII.

the Second Monday in Auguſt in any Year, or any Partridge or Quail between the Firſt Saturday in January and the Firſt Monday in September in any Year, ſhall forfeit a Sum, not exceeding Ten Pounds Sterling, for every ſuch Grouſe, Partridge or Quail; and that every Perſon who ſhall buy, or cauſe to be bought, ſell, or expoſe to Sale, any Hare, between the Firſt Saturday in January, and the Firſt Monday in October in any Year, ſhall forfeit a Sum, not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, for every ſuch Hare: And that every common Carrier or Stage-Coachman, in whoſe Poſſeſſion any Grouſe ſhall be found, at any Time between the Firſt Saturday in January and the Second Monday in Auguſt, in any Year, or any Partridge, or Quail, between the Firſt Saturday in January and the Firſt Monday in October in any Year, ſhall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, for every ſuch Grouſe, Partridge, Quail, Pheaſant, or Hare; and that every Perſon who ſhall wilfully take, kill, or deſtroy any Grouſe, Partridge, Quail, Pheaſant or Hare in the Night, between One Hour after Sun ſetting, and One Hour before Sun riſing, or who ſhall wilfully take, kill, or deſtroy, any Grouſe, Partridge, Quail, Pheaſant or Hare, between One Hour after Sun ſetting on Saturday Night, and One Hour before Sun riſing on the Monday Morning following, ſhall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling for every ſuch

CHAP. LII.

such Grouse, Partridge, Quail, Pheasant or Hare; and that every Person who shall take, kill, or destroy, any Hare, by tracing such Hare in the Snow, shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, for every such Hare.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Offences against this Act shall and may be enquired into, and determined either by the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, or by the Confession of the Parties accused, before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County or City, or County of the City or Town, where the Offence shall be committed, or where the Offender shall be found; and such Justice of the Peace is hereby impowered to grant and issue his Warrant for the distraining and Sale of the Goods of the Party offending, in order to raise the Penalty or Forfeiture, or if he be Insolvent, for committing such Offender for any Time, not exceeding Three Calendar Months, to the House of Correction or Industry, or to the Gaol of such County, City, or Town; and that one Moiety of all Forfeitures to be incurred, for any Offence against this Act, shall, when recovered, be paid to the Prosecutor, and the other Moiety shall be expended in repairing the Publick Roads or Streets of such County, City or Town, by the Order of such Justice of the Peace, first deducting

CHAP. LIII.

the Sum of Five Shillings, which is to be paid to the Conſtable or Conſtables for his or their Trouble in executing the Warrant of ſuch Juſtice of Peace.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall be ſued or proſecuted for any Thing done in Execution of this Act, he and they may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, and the Judges ſhall allow thereof; and that this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges and Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

AN

CHAP.
LIV.

AN

ACT

TO

Prohibit the Ranſoming of Ships or Veſſels Captured from His Majeſty's Subjects of this Kingdom, and of the Merchandize or Goods on board ſuch Ships or Veſſels.

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DUBLIN:

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LIV.

An Act to prohibit the Ranſoming of Ships or Veſſels Captured from His Majeſty's Subjects of this Kingdom, and of the Merchandize or Goods on board ſuch Ships or Veſſels.

CHAP. LIV.

WHEREAS it is a common Practice for Maſters of Ships and Veſſels belonging to His Majeſty's Subjects of this Kingdom, when ſuch Ships or Veſſels are captured by the King's Enemies, or by other Perſons committing Acts of Hoſtilities, to agree with the Captors for Ranſom of the ſame, and for ſecuring the Stipulated Ranſom not only to give Hoſtages, but alſo to bind themſelves and their Owners for the Payment thereof; And Whereas

CHAP. LIV.

such Practice of Ransoming is found by Experience to be liable to great Abuses, and there is Reason to apprehend that upon the whole it operates more to the Disadvantage than for the Benefit of His Majesty's Subjects: Therefore be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, it shall not be lawful for the Master of any such Ship or Vessel belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects of this Kingdom, as shall be captured by the Subjects of any State at War with His Majesty, or by any persons committing Hostilities against His Majesty's Subjects, or for any other Person or Persons on Board or belonging to such captured Ship or Vessel, to Ransom or to enter into any Contract or Agreement for Ransoming such Ship or Vessel, or any Merchandize or Goods on board the same.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Contracts and Agreements which shall be entered into, and all Bills, Notes, and other Securities, which shall be given by any Master of a captured Ship or Vessel, or by any other Person or Persons on board or belonging to the same for Ransom thereof, or of any Merchandize or Goods

Goods on board such Ship or Vessel, contrary to this Act, shall be absolutely void in Law, and of no Effect whatsoever. CHAP. LIV.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Master of such captured Ship or Vessel, or any other Person or Persons on board or belonging to the same, shall, after the said First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, Ransom, or enter into any Contract or Agreement for Ransoming such Ship or Vessel, or any Merchandize or Goods on board the same, every Person so Offending shall for every such Offence Forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, to be recovered with Costs of Suit, by any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, by Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, in which Action no Essoign, Protection, Imparlance, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

CHAP. LV.

AN

ACT

TO

Allow the Importation of Goods of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Saint *Chriſtophers*, *Nevis*, and *Montſerrat*, upon the like Duties as are payable upon the Importation of *Britiſh* Plantation Goods; and to amend an Act paſſed this Seſſion of Parliament, *intitled*, An Act for regulating the Sugar Trade, and for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, the Duties therein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LV.

An Act to allow the Importation of Goods of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Saint *Chriſtophers*, *Nevis*, and *Montſerrat*, upon the like Duties as are payable upon the Importation of *Britiſh* Plantation Goods; and to amend an Act paſſed this Seſſion of Parliament, *intituled*, An Act for regulating the Sugar Trade, and for granting to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, the Duties therein mentioned.

CHAP. LV.

WHEREAS in the Courſe of the preſent Hoſtilities, the Iſlands of Saint Chriſtophers, Nevis, and Montſerrat, have been taken by the Arms of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, and the Trad-

CHAP. LV.

ing with the said Islands, subject to the same Duties as heretofore, may be advantageous to the Manufactures of this Kingdom: Therefore be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to import in any British, Irish, or Neutral Vessels, from the said Islands of Saint Christophers, Nevis, and Montserrat, any Goods of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the said Islands into any Part of this Kingdom, and that the Goods shall be admitted to an Entry, on payment of the same Duties to which they would have been subject, if imported from any of the British West India Islands on board British or Irish Ships, navigated according to Law; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, That the Importer or Importers of any Goods from the said Islands of Saint Christophers, Nevis, and Montserrat, shall make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs, that to the best of his or their Knowledge or Belief, the Goods so imported are really and Bona Fide of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the said Islands, and in Default of such Oath, the Goods imported from the said Islands shall be subject to the Payment of the same Duties

Duties as they would have been liable to if imported from any Foreign West India Island; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas in the Schedule of the respective Duties payable upon all Sugars imported into this Kingdom, not being of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the British Plantations in America, or the West Indies, or not deemed to be so, except Brown or Muscovado Prize Sugars marked No. 2, and annexed to an Act passed this Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for regulating the Sugar Trade, and for granting to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Duties therein mentioned, the first and fourth Columns are by Mistake intitled or headed with the Words, "Duty on Importation from said Plantations," and they ought to have been intitled or headed with the Words, "Duty on Importation from elsewhere than Great Britain:" Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Duties in the said two Columns mentioned and expressed, shall be, and are hereby declared to be the Duties payable respectively on the several Sugars enumerated and described in the said Schedule, and imported from any Place whatsoever, except Great Britain, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Columns had been intitled or headed with the Words, "Imported from elsewhere than Great Britain."

CHAP. LVI.

AN

ACT

TO

Permit the Importation of *Britiſh* Plantation Tobacco from any Port or Place, either in *America*, or the *Weſt Indies*, or in *Europe*, during the preſent Hoſtilities.

DUBLIN:

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Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LVI.

An Act to permit the Importation of *British* Plantation Tobacco from any Port or Place, either in *America*, or the *West Indies*, or in *Europe*, during the present Hostilities.

WHEREAS it is expedient to allow the Importation of British Plantation Tobacco from any Neutral Island in America or the West Indies, or from any Port or Place in Europe, in Amity with His Majesty, during the present Hostilities, in Manner herein after mentioned: Be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by

CHAP. LVI.

CHAP. LVI.

the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, and during the Continuance of the present Hostilities, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import any Tobacco of the Growth or Produce of the British Plantations in America or the West-Indies, from any Neutral Island in America or the West Indies, or from any Port or Place in Europe, in Amity with His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in any British or Irish Ship or Vessel, or in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or belonging to any of the said Neutral Islands, upon Payment of the same Duties, and subject to the several Rules, Regulations, Proviloes, and with the same Powers of Warehousing and Bonding, to which the same would have been subject or intitled, if imported from the Place of its Growth or Product, in British or Irish Ships, any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided allways, That the Importer or Importers of such Tobacco, shall make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller of the Port where the same shall be imported, that the said Tobacco is, to the best of his, her, or their Knowledge and Belief, really and Bona Fide of the Growth or Product of the British Plantations in America, or the West Indies.

AN

CHAP. LVII.

AN

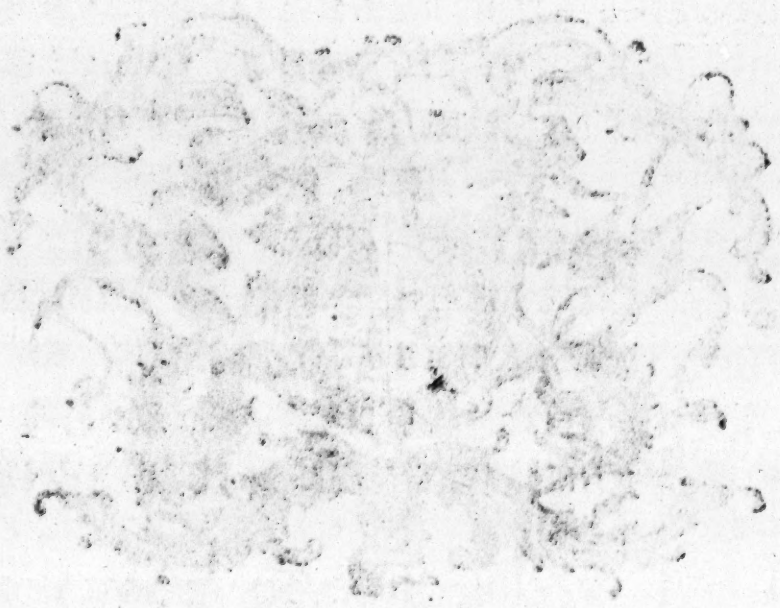
ACT

FOR

The Relief of His Majesty's Protestant Dissenting Subjects called Seceders.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Assignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty. MDCC LXXXII.



Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LVII.

An Act for the Relief of His Majeſty's Proteſtant Diſſenting Subjects called Seceders.

CHAP. LVII.

WHEREAS it is fit that his Majeſty's Subjects ſhould be releived in Matters of Conſcience, where conſcientious perſons labour under Difficulties: And whereas many of his Majeſty's liege Subjects, being Proteſtant Diſſenters, and calling themſelves Seceders, deem the Form of an Oath made by kiſſing the Holy Scriptures a grievous Hardſhip, it being, according to their Principles, unlawful for them ſo to do, inſomuch that they are injured in their private Concerns; and the common Juſtice of this Land is, in many Cales impeded, from conſcientious Scruples in complying with ſuch Forms; Therefore be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the

CHAP. LVII.

Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, every Seceder in this Kingdom, who shall upon any lawful Occasion be required to take an Oath in any Case where by Law an Oath is required, or shall hereafter be required to be taken, shall, instead of the usual Form, be permitted to take his or her Oath in the Form and Words following, that is to say, by holding up the Right hand as the Sign of an Oath, and by repeating these Words: I do solemnly and sincerely swear before Almighty God; which said Oath shall be adjudged and taken. And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the same be adjudged and taken to be of the same Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, in all Courts of Justice, and other Place where by Law an Oath is required, or shall hereafter be required, to be taken within this Kingdom, as if such Seceder had taken an Oath in the usual Form. And all Persons authorized or required to administer, or tender an Oath in all Cases, are hereby authorized and required to administer and tender the same, to the said Persons called Seceders, in the Form and Words prescribed by this Act.

And

CHAP. LVII.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who shall have taken such Oath as aforesaid, and shall be lawfully convicted of wilfully, falsely, and corruptly having sworn any Matter or Thing, which, if the same had been sworn in the usual Form, would have amounted to Wilful and corrupt Perjury, shall incur the same Penalties and Forfeitures, as by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm are Enacted against Persons convicted of Wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Seceder, or reputed Seceder, shall, by Virtue of this Act, be qualified or admitted to give Evidence in any Criminal Causes, or serve on any Juries, or bear any Place, Office, or Employment of Trust or Profit under the Government; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided also, That no Person or Persons shall be deemed a Seceder or Seceders, within the Intention of this Act, unless he, she, or they shall swear in the Manner aforesaid, that he, she, or they is or are of the Profession of the People called Seceders, and hath or have been so for one Year then last past.

CHAP. LVII.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſperially pleading the ſame.

AN

CHAP.
LVIII.

AN

ACT

FOR

Sparing to His Majeſty, to be drawn out of this Kingdom whenever His Majeſty ſhall think fit, a Force not exceeding Five Thouſand Men, Part of the Troops appointed to remain in this Kingdom for it's Defence.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.

V C L

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LVIII.

An Act for ſparing to His Majeſty, to be drawn out of this Kingdom whenever His Majeſty ſhall think fit, a Force not exceeding Five Thouſand Men, Part of the Troops appointed to remain in this Kingdom for it's Defence.

CHAP. LVIII.

WHEREAS His Majeſty's Loyal Subjects of this Kingdom, deeply impreſſed with a Senſe of the Many Bleſſings they enjoy under His Majeſty's Government, are deſirous to teſtify their Zeal for the Support of His Majeſty's Crown, and for the Honour and Safety of the Britiſh Empire; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and

CHAP. LVIII.

with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any part of the Troops upon this Establishment appointed to remain in this Kingdom for it's Defence, not exceeding Five Thousand Men, may, notwithstanding any thing contained in an Act of this present Session, intituled, An Act for granting unto His Majesty an Additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong Waters, Wine, Tobacco, Hides, and other Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned, and for prohibiting the Importation of all Gold and Silver Lace, and of all Cambricks and Lawns, except of the Manufacture of Great Britain, be drawn out of this Kingdom, at such Time or Times as His Majesty shall think fit.

Provided allways, That the Forces so to be drawn out of this Kingdom shall not, during their absence therefrom, remain a Charge upon this Establishment.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue 'till the Twenty Fifth Day of December, which shall be in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three.

AN

CHAP.
LIX.

AN

ACT

FOR

The Relief of Inſolvent Perſons under a certain Deſcription.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII III. Regis.

CHAP. LIX.

An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Persons, under a certain Description.

CHAP. LIX.

WHEREAS several persons have been for a long Time, and are now, confined for Debt in several Gaols in this Kingdom; And whereas it is reasonable to make some Provision for the Relief of such of them as shall be willing to satisfy their Creditors to the utmost of their Power: For which Purpose be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, it shall

CHAP. LIX.

and may be lawful, to and for all and every Perſon and Perſons who were, on the Fifth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, actual Priſoners in the Cuſtody of any Gaoler or Gaolers, or Keeper of any Priſon reſpectively, upon any Execution, Writ, Action, Attachment, Coſts, Contempt, or any Proceſs whatſoever, for or by Reaſon of any Debt or Demand whatſoever, without Fraud or Colluſion with their Creditors or others, and who have ever ſince continued in Priſon, to exhibit a Petition before the End of Trinity Term, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſix, to any Court of Law from whence the Proceſs iſſued, upon which ſuch Priſoners were or ſhall be reſpectively confined, or to the Court into which any ſuch Priſoners have been or ſhall be removed by Habeas Corpus, ſetting forth a juſt and true Account of all the Real and Perſonal Eſtate of which he, ſhe, or they ſo petitioning, or any Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for him, her, or them, is, are, or ſhall be intitled to, at the Time of his, her, or their ſo petitioning, and of all Incumbrances and Charges, if any there be, affecting the ſame; and alſo a juſt and true Account of all the Real and Perſonal Eſtate which he, ſhe, or they ſo petitioning, or any Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for him, her, or them, or for his or their Uſe, is intereſted in, or intitled unto, in Poſſeſſion, Reverſion, Remainder, or Expectancy, to the beſt of the Belief of every ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners,

and

and so far as his, her, or their respective Knowledge extends concerning the Time; and likewise a just and true Account of all Securities wherein any Part of the Estates of any such Prisoner or Prisoners consists, of all the Deeds, Evidences, Writings, Books, Bonds, Notes, and Papers concerning the same, or relating thereto, and in whose Hands the same respectively are, and the Names and Places of Abode of the Witnesses to all such Securities, Bonds, and Notes, and where they are respectively to be met with, so far as his, her, or their Knowledge extend concerning the same: And before any such Petition shall be received by any such Court, every such Prisoner or Prisoners shall cause to be given or left unto or for all and every the Creditor or Creditors, at whose Suit any such Prisoner or Prisoners stand charged, or his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, or at his, her, or their usual Place of Abode, or to or for his, her, or their Attorney or Agent last employed in any such Action or Actions, in Case any such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators reside upwards of Ten Miles from the Gaol where such Prisoner is confined, or cannot be then met with, fourteen Days at least before any such Petition shall be presented and received, a Notice in Writing, signed with the Proper Name or Mark of every such Prisoner or Prisoners, importing therein, that such Prisoner or Prisoners doth, or do intend to petition the Court from

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whence the Proceſs iſſued, upon which he, ſhe, or they ſtand charged, or from which the Habeas Corpus iſſued, upon which ſuch Priſoner has been removed, and ſhall alſo cauſe ſame to be inſerted in Three ſeveral Dublin Gazettes, containing the Name, Trade, or Occupation, and laſt Place of Abode of every ſuch Priſoner, and of the Priſon wherein he or ſhe is confined, and of his or her Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, for which there ſhall be paid Six Pence for each Perſon, over and above the Duty, and no more, the laſt of which ſhall be Twenty Days before the preferring of ſuch reſpective Petitions, and an Affidavit of the due Service of every ſuch Notice at the Time of preſenting thereof, and the Gazettes, in which ſuch Notice ſhall be inſerted, ſhall be openly read in the Court to which any ſuch Petition ſhall be preferred; and if ſuch Court ſhall thereupon be ſatisfied of the Regularity of any ſuch Notice or Notices, ſuch Petition ſhall be received, and ſuch Court ſhall thereupon, by Order or Rule, cauſe the Priſoner or Priſoners ſo petitioning, to be brought up to ſuch Court, on ſome certain Day in ſuch Order ſpecified; and if any Creditor or Creditors of any ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners, at Whoſe Suit ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners ſtand charged, his, her, or their Executors or Adminiſtrators ſhall appear in Perſon, or by his, her, or their Attorney; or if any ſuch Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall neglect to appear in Perſon, or by his, her, or their Attorney,

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torney, ſuch Court ſhall, in a ſummary Way, examine upon Oath, if the ſaid Court ſhall think the ſame proper, into the Matter of ſuch Petition, and hear what can or ſhall be alledged on either Side, for or againſt the Diſcharge of any ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners who ſhall ſo petition, and upon ſuch Examination, every ſuch Court is hereby required to adminiſter to the Priſoner or Priſoners reſpectively, who ſhall ſo petition, an Oath, or if the Perſon be of the People called Quakers, an Affirmation, to the Effect following, (that is to ſay)

I *A. B.* do ſwear, in the Preſence of Almighty God (if a Quaker, I do affirm) that the Account by me ſet forth in my Petition, preſented to this Honourable Court, doth contain a full and true Account of all the real and perſonal Eſtate, Debts, Credits and Effects whatſoever, which I, or any in Truſt for me, am in any Reſpect intitled unto, in Poſſeſſion, Reverſion, or Remainder, except the Wearing Apparel and Bedding of, or for me, and my Family, and the Tools or Inſtruments of my Trade or Calling, not exceeding Ten Pounds in Value in the Whole; and alſo a true Account of all Deeds, Writings, Books, Papers, Securities, Bonds and Notes relating thereto, and where the ſame reſpectively now are, and in whoſe Hands, to the beſt of my Knowledge, Remembrance, and Belief, and what Charges are now affecting the real Eſtate I am now ſeized of, or intitled to, (if any ſuch Priſoner ſhall be then ſeized of any real Eſtate) and that

CHAP. LIX.

I have not, at any Time, before or ſince my Impriſonment, directly or indirectly ſold, leſſened, aſſigned, mortgaged, pawned, or otherwiſe diſpoſed of, or made over in Truſt, for myſelf, or otherwiſe, any Part of my real and perſonal Eſtate, whereby to have or accept any Benefit, Advantage, or Profit to myſelf or my Family, or with any View, Deſign, or Intent, to deceive, injure, or defraud any of my Creditors.

So help me God.

And in caſe any ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners ſhall, in open Court, take the ſaid Oath, ſuch Court may then immediately order the real and perſonal Eſtate contained in ſuch Account, to be by a ſhort Indorſement on the Back of ſuch Petition, and to be ſigned by the Priſoner, aſſigned and conveyed to ſuch Creditor or Creditors of the ſaid Priſoner as ſuch Court ſhall think proper, ſubject nevertheleſs to all prior Incumbrances affecting the ſame; and the Eſtate, Intereſt, and Property of ſuch real and perſonal Eſtate, which ſhall belong to any ſuch Priſoner, ſhall, by ſuch Aſſignment and Conveyance, be veſted in the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Aſſignment or Conveyance ſhall be made, according to the Eſtate and Intereſt ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners had therein reſpectively, and the Creditor or Creditors, to whom any ſuch Aſſignment or Conveyance ſhall be made, ſhall and may take Poſſeſſion of, and ſue in his, her, or their Name or Names, for

the

CHAP. LIX.

the Recovery thereof, in like Manner as such Prisoner or Prisoners might have done; and no Release of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, or any Trustee for him, her, or them, subject to such Assignment or Conveyance shall be pleadable, or be allowed of in Bar of any Action or Suit which shall be commenced by any such Assignee or Assignees, for the Recovery of any Part of the real or personal Estate of such Prisoner or Prisoners; and upon every such Assignment and Conveyance being executed by any such Prisoner or Prisoners, he, she, or they shall be discharged out of Custody by Rule or Order of such Court, and such Rule or Order being produced to, and a Copy thereof left with any such Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper of any Prison as aforesaid, shall be a sufficient Warrant to him to discharge every such Prisoner or Prisoners; and every such Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper, is hereby required, on having such Order produced to him, and a Copy thereof left with him, to discharge and set at Liberty forthwith every such Prisoner or Prisoners, who shall be ordered as aforesaid to be discharged, without taking any Fee, or detaining him or them in Respect of any Demand of any such Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper, for, or in Respect of Chamber Rent, or Lodgings, or otherwise, or for any Fees; and no Magistrate, Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper, shall afterwards be liable to any Action of Escape, or other Suit or Information on that Account, or for

CHAP. LIX.

What he ſhall do in Purſuance thereof, and he may plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence; and the Perſon or Perſons to whom the Eſtate and Effects of any ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners ſhall be aſſigned and conveyed, ſhall, with all convenient Speed, ſell and diſpoſe of the ſame, and ſhall divide the neat Produce thereof amongſt all the Creditors of every ſuch Priſoner and Priſoners, (if more than one) to whom the Priſoner ſhall be fairly and juſtly indebted, in Proportion to each Creditor's reſpective Debts, (the Marſhal, Gaoler, or Keeper, to be conſidered as a Creditor for his Fees, rateably) and in Proportion to their reſpective Debts, and ſhall tender the Overplus (if any there be) to ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners, his Heirs and Aſſigns; but in caſe the Perſon or Perſons at whoſe Suit any ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners ſtood charged, ſhall not be ſatisfied with the Truth of any ſuch Priſoner's Oath, and ſhall either perſonally, or by Attorney, deſire further Time to inform him, her, or themſelves of the Matters contained therein, ſuch Court may, upon proper Cauſe ſhewn by Affidavit, remand any ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners, and direct him, her, or them, and ſuch Creditor or Creditors to appear either in Perſon or by Attorney, on ſome other Day to be appointed by ſuch Court, ſome Time at fartheſt within the Term next following the Time of ſuch Examination, but ſooner if ſuch Court ſhall ſo think fit; and all Objections which

CHAP. LIX.

which shall be made, as to the Insufficiency in Point of Form against any Prisoner's Schedule of his Estate and Effects shall be only made the first Time any such Prisoner shall be brought up, and if at such Second Day, the Creditor or Creditors shall make Default in appearing, or shall be unable to discover any Estate or Effects of the Prisoner's omitted in the Account set forth in such his, her, or their Petition, then and in such Case, such Court shall, by Rule or Order thereof, immediately cause the said Prisoner or Prisoners to be discharged upon his, her, or their executing such Assignment and Conveyance as aforesaid; and if any Prisoner who shall petition to be discharged as aforesaid, shall refuse to take the Oath or Affirmation, or taking the same, shall afterwards be detected before such Court of falsity therein, or shall refuse to execute such Assignment and Conveyance as aforesaid, he, she, or they shall presently be remanded and continue in Gaol.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, any Prisoner confined in any County or other Gaol, above the Space of Twenty Miles distant from the City of Dublin, may at any Time before the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, prefer a Petition to the Court from whence any such Process issued,

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in like Form and Manner as the Petitions herein before mentioned, and an Affidavit to the Purport, as Affidavits are herein before directed to be made, being made, or ſuch Gazette as aforeſaid produced to ſuch Court, and delivered into ſuch Court with ſuch Petition, ſuch Court on being ſatisfied of the Truth of ſuch Affidavit, or on producing ſuch Gazettes as aforeſaid, may, and is required to make a Rule or Order to cauſe the Priſoner or Priſoners ſo petitioning to be brought to the next Aſſizes which ſhall be holden for the County or Place where he, ſhe, or they are impriſoned; and the Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Adminiſtrators, at whoſe Suit any ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners is or ſhall be charged, ſhall, by Rule or Order of ſuch Court, be ordered to appear at the ſaid next Aſſizes, and ſuch Judge or Judges of Aſſizes reſpectively ſhall appoint a Time for hearing the Matter at ſuch Aſſizes, upon every ſuch Petition; and upon the Appearance of ſuch Creditor or Creditors, or in Default of Appearance in Perſon, or by Attorney, then, on producing a Copy or Copies of the Order or Orders of the ſaid Court or Courts, ſuch Judge or Judges of Aſſize, ſhall there in a ſummary Way, examine into the Matter of every ſuch Petition, and hear what can or ſhall be alledged on either Side, for or againſt the Diſcharge of ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners; and upon every ſuch Examination, ſuch Judge and Judges of Aſſize is and are hereby

hereby impowered and required respectively to administer or tender to every such Prisoner, the same Oath as herein before is directed, and to make such Order in the Premisses as to him or them shall seem meet, and to proceed in the same Manner concerning the Discharge of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, and to give the same Judgment, Relief, and Directions relating thereto, as any Court out of which any Process issued against any Prisoner or Prisoners is herein before impowered and directed to do; and every such Order shall be as effectual and valid as if the same had been made in the Court out of which the Process issued, upon which any such Prisoner was charged, and the same shall be made a Record of the Proceedings at such Assizes, and a Copy thereof shall be from thence transmitted to the Court from whence the Process against such Prisoner or Prisoners discharged, issued, signed by the Judge or Judges of Assize, to be a Record of the said Court, and to be kept as such amongst the other Records thereof.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, such of the said Prisoners, as are charged in Execution upon Decrees obtained before Judges of Assize upon Civil Bills, may, at any Time before the First Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-

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two, prefer a Petition to the Judge or Judges of Aſſize which ſhall be holden for the County or Place where he, ſhe, or they are Impriſoned, in like Form and Manner as the Petitions herein before mentioned; provided ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners ſhall cauſe to be given, or left to or for all and every the Creditor or Creditors at whoſe Suit he, ſhe, or they ſtand charged in Execution as aforeſaid, or his, her, or their Executors or Adminiſtrators; or in caſe any ſuch Creditor or Creditors, or the Executors or Adminiſtrators of ſuch Creditor or Creditors, cannot be met with, or his or their Attorney or Law Agent laſt employed for him, her, or them, or at his, her, or their uſual Place of Abode, Twenty Days at leaſt before the Aſſizes, a Notice in Writing, ſigned with the proper Name or Mark of every ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners, importing that ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners doth or do intend to petition the Court at the next Aſſizes, to be diſcharged, and requiring him, her, or them to appear at the next Aſſizes, and alſo a true Copy of the ſaid Petition and Account; and ſuch Judge or Judges of Aſſize, upon the Appearance of ſuch Creditor or Creditors, either in Perſon or by Attorney, or in Default thereof, then, on Proof of his, her, or their being duly ſerved with ſuch Notice, and a Copy of ſuch Petition and Account, as herein before is directed, ſhall, in a ſummary Way, examine upon Oath, if ſuch Judge or Judges

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of Assize shall think necessary, into the Matter of every such Petition, and hear what can or shall be alledged on either Side for or against the Discharge of such Prisoner or Prisoners; and upon every such Examination, such Judge and Judges of Excise, is and are hereby impowered and required respectively to administer or tender to every such Prisoner, the same Oath as is herein before directed, and to make such Order in the Premisses as to him or them shall seem meet, and to proceed in the same Manner concerning the Discharge of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, and to give the same Judgment, Relief, and Directions relating thereto, as any Court, out of which any Process issued against any Prisoner or Prisoners, is herein before impowered and directed to do. CHAP. LIX.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Time aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Recorder of the City of Dublin, at any Time before the First Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, to receive the Petitions of the said Prisoners who are confined in the Marshalsea of the said City of Dublin, or Four Court Marshalsea, upon Decrees, or otherwise, and to examine into the Matters of the same, and to administer the same Oaths, and to proceed in the same Manner, concerning the Discharge of such Prisoners respectively, and to give the same Judgment, Relief, and Directions relating

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thereto, as any Court, out of which any Process issued against any Prisoner or Prisoners, is herein before impowered and directed to do.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to hinder or prevent any Mortgage or Mortgages upon the Estate of such Prisoner or Prisoners, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, compriſed in such Mortgage or Mortgages respectively, nor to prevent any Statutes Staple, Statute Merchant, Recognizance, or Judgment, Custodium or Elegit, acknowledged by, or obtained against any such Prisoner or Prisoners, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements, or real Effects of such Prisoner or Prisoners, in like Manner as such Mortgages and Creditors by such Recognizance, Judgments, Custodiums and Elegits would have been preferred to other Creditors, of the Real or Personal Estate of such Prisoner and Prisoners respectively, if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided allways, That the Discharge of any Person by Virtue hereof, shall not acquit any other Person from such Debt, Sum or Sums of Money, or any part thereof, but that all others shall be answerable

ſwerable for the ſame, in ſuch Manner as they were before the paſſing hereof. CHAP. LIX.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuch Priſoner ſhall deliver in any falſe or untrue Account of his or her Eſtate or Effects, or ſhall deſignedly conceal, and not inſert in the Account he or ſhe ſhall deliver in, and ſubſcribe as aforeſaid, any Books, Papers, Securities, or Writings, relating to his or her Eſtate and Effects, with Intent to defraud his or her Creditor or Creditors, and ſhall be thereof convicted on an Indictment, he or ſhe ſo offending, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſuffer as ſuch without Benefit of Clergy.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Eſtate and Effects of any Priſoner or Priſoners, which ſhall be ſo aſſigned and conveyed, ſhall not extend to ſatisfy the whole Debt due to the Creditors as aforeſaid, if the Priſoner who ſhall be ſo diſcharged, and the Fees and Chamber Rent due to the Warden, Marſhall, or Gaoler, then ſuch Warden, Marſhall, or Gaoler ſhall only receive a proportionable Dividend from ſuch Priſoner's Eſtates, in reſpect of ſuch Fees and Chamber Rents, pro Rata, with the other Creditors, as aforeſaid, of ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners.

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Provided allways, That no Perſon to be diſcharged hereby, ſhall, at any Time hereafter, be impriſoned by Reaſon of any Judgment or Decree, or for any Debt, Damages, Attachments, Contempts, Coſts, Sum or Sums of Money contracted, incurred, occaſioned, owing, or growing due before the Time of the Diſcharge of ſuch Perſon in Purſuance of this Act, but that upon every Arreſt, Suit, Judgment, or Decree, or for ſuch Debts, Damages, Attachments, Contempts, Coſts, Sum and Sums of Money, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Judge of the Court where the Proceſs iſſued, upon ſhewing the Copy of the Order of ſuch Priſoner's Diſcharge or Diſcharges, to releaſe and diſcharge out of Cuſtody ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners as aforeſaid, and every ſuch Judge is hereby impowered and directed ſo to do.

Provided allways, That in all Caſes where mutual Credit ſhall have been given between ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners, and any other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies politick or corporate, before the Delivery of any Schedule or Inventory of the Eſtate and Effects of ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners, then and in every ſuch Caſe, nothing more ſhall be deemed to be veſted by any Aſſignment which ſhall be made, in Purſuance thereof, as the Eſtate or Effects of ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners, than what ſhall appear to be due

due to him, her, or them respectively, upon the Balance of Accounts when truly stated. CHAP. LIX.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said respective Courts, who shall discharge such Prisoner or Prisoners, in pursuance hereof, on the Petition of any Creditor of such Prisoner or Prisoners, to any such Court, complaining of any Insufficiency, Fraud, Mismanagement, or other Misbehaviour of any of the Creditors of such Prisoner or Prisoners, to whom the Estate and Effects of such Prisoner or Prisoners shall have been assigned in pursuance hereof, to order the respective parties concerned to attend such Court on the Matter of every such Petition at some certain Time, in such Order to be mentioned; and every such Court, on hearing the parties concerned therein, is hereby authorized to make, order, and give such Directions in the Premisses, for the prudent, just, and equitable Management or Distribution of the said Estate and Effects, for the Benefit of the respective Creditors as aforesaid, of such Prisoner or Prisoners, as such Court shall think fit.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such persons as are confined upon Writs of Excommunicate Capiendo, may at any Time from and after the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred

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and eighty-two, prefer a Petition to the Lord High Chancellor, setting forth the Circumstances of his, her, or their Case, with an Affidavit, verifying the material Facts contained in the same; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord Chantellor to discharge such Person or Persons, if he shall judge it proper so to do, upon such Terms as he shall think reasonable.

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the Relief of any Prisoner with Respect to any Debt which he or she shall stand charged with at the Suit of the Crown.

And whereas it may happen that several Persons, who may claim or be intitled to the Benefit of this Act, are seized of an Estate Tail in any Freehold, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which Intail, with the Remainders expectant thereon, they have, by Law, Power to defeat and bar, either by levying a Fine or Fines, or suffering a Recovery or Recoveries, and thereby said Freehold, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, should be liable to the Payment of their Debts, and be delivered up according to the Terms of this Act, for the Benefit of their Creditors: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every such Case, such Person or Persons so seized as aforesaid, and who shall be intitled

tled unto and claim the Benefit of this Act, shall, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, be deemed and taken to be seized of such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments in Fee-simple, and the same shall be delivered up to the Creditor or Creditors, in the same Manner as if such Person or Persons had actually levied a Fine or Fines, or suffered a common Recovery or Recoveries, and thereby had become seized in Fee-simple; any Law, or Construction of Law to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained, shall extend, or be deemed, construed, or taken to extend, to give any Benefit, Ease, Discharge or Relief to any Person or Persons whatsoever, from any Debt for Rent, or Arrears of Rent, which became due and payable out of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, where he, she, or they owing such Rent, or Arrears of Rent, or any other Person or Persons deriving by, from, or under him, her, or them, is, or are, in the Possession of all or any of such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, out of which such Rent was payable.

Provided further, That when any Rent, not exceeding Two Years Rent, shall be due to any Person or Persons from such Prisoner or Prisoners at the Time of his, her, or their respective Discharges, in respect

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to any Messuages, Lands, or Tenements, no Goods or Chattles then being in or upon the respective Premisses liable to be distrained, shall be assigned in Manner aforesaid, but shall be transferred to such Landlord or Landlords, or some Person in Trust for him or them respectively, towards Satisfaction of the Rent then due, not exceeding Two Years Rent as aforesaid, unless the Creditor or Creditors to whom such Assignment shall be made, shall by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands respectively, before such Assignment shall be made, agree to pay or satisfy to such Landlord or Landlords, the Rent to him or them respectively due, not exceeding two Years Rent as aforesaid.

Provided also, That no Person who as Guardian, or Trustee, Executor or Administrator, is indebted to any Person or Persons, shall be intitled to any Benefit or Relief from this Act.

Provided also, That all Persons, who have conveyed, imbezzled, or converted to their own Use, any Monies, Goods, Wares or Merchandizes of Persons who have employed or intrusted them, shall be excluded from receiving any Benefit or Advantage by this Act.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained shall extend to protect the

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real and personal Property of any Person obtaining benefit under this Act, but the same are hereby declared liable to all Demands of every Creditor of such Person; any Thing herein contained contrary in any wise notwithstanding. CHAP. LIX.

Provided allways, That no Person shall take any Benefit by this Act who has made any fradulent Conveyance or Assignment of his Estate or Goods, or any part thereof, either previous or subsequent to his Imprisonment, with an Intention to defraud his Creditors, or any of them, or who has done or suffered to be done any fraudulent Act for the Purpose aforesaid, and the same shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Court in which the Petition of such Debtor shall be depending upon an Examination, either viva voce, or by Affidavit as such Court shall direct.

And provided allways, That nothing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the Benefit of any Person who is a Bankrupt, or within the Description or Provisions of the Bankruptcy Laws, except as herein mentioned: Provided, that if any Person or Persons who are Objects of the Bankruptcy Laws, were on the First Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, actual Prisoners in the Custody of any Gaoler or Gaolers, or Keeper of any Prison respectively upon any Execution, Writ, Action, Attachment,

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Attachment, Coſts, Contempt, or any Proceſs whatſoever, for or by Reaſon of any Debt or Demand whatſoever, and have ever ſince continued in Priſon without any Commiſſion of Bankruptcy ſued forth againſt them; ſuch Perſon or Perſons making the ſame appear to the Court from whence the Proceſs under which they are confined, has iſſued, and performing the ſeveral Requiſites preſcribed by this Act, ſhall be diſcharged in like Manner as other Inſolvents who are not Objects of the Bankruptcy Laws; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And provided allways, That no Perſon who has received and not accounted for and paid any Sum or Sums of Money received under, or by Virtue of the Order of any Court of Juſtice, or in Conſequence of any publick Office, Truſt, or Employment, or is committed by Virtue of any Attachment or Serjeant at Arms for a Contempt of any Court of Juſtice in not accounting for or paying any Sum or Sums of Money received under or by Virtue of the Order of ſuch Court, ſhall be intitled to any Benefit or Relief from this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided alſo, That all Perſons who have made Uſe of any Fraud, falſe Token, or Pretence for obtaining any Sum of Money

Money shall be excluded from receiving any Benefit or Advantage from this Act. CHAP. LIX.

Provided likewise, That this Act shall not extend to free the real or personal Estate of any Person obtaining Benefit under this Act, which such Person or Persons shall acquire or become intitled to after having taken the Benefit thereof, but that the same shall be liable to the Debts owing by them, in as full and ample Manner as if this Act had never been made.

Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the Benefit of any Person who has been relieved by and taken the Benefit of any former Act of Insolvency.

And whereas Bankrupts, who have not obtained their Certificates and Discharge of their Debts under some One of the Acts relating to Bankrupts, have not been deemed to be within the Meaning of Acts of Insolvency, as such Bankrupts have no Schedules to deliver up according to the Terms and Conditions of such Acts; nevertheless, as many Bankrupts are confined in Prison for Debt only, though they already delivered up their whole Estate and Effects, or from a Fear of being arrested and thrown into Prison, are frequently induced to abscond from their Homes, and go into Foreign Parts; Be it

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Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Perſon or Perſons, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and iſſued on or before the Firſt Day of May, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, or who ſhall have been really an actual Priſoner or Priſoners in the Cuſtody of any Gaoler or Gaolers, or Keeper of any Priſon reſpectively on or before the ſaid Day, and againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy ſhall have ſince been awarded and iſſued, and who hath or have duly conformed, or ſhall duly conform him, her, or themſelves to the ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Bankrupts, and ſhall not, or have not been committed to any Priſon by a Warrant of the Commiſſioners in ſuch Commiſſion named, for Contumacy or Non-Compliance to their Laws, and who now is and are in Priſon for Debt, Damages, Contempts, Coſts of Suit, or any Sum or Sums of Money due and accrued previous to ſuch Commiſſion, or who now are ſecreting themſelves in Fear of their Creditors, and ſhall be hereafter ſued, arreſted, or held to Bail, or ſhall ſurrender him, her, or themſelves, or be ſurrendered in Diſcharge of his, her, or their Bail, or taken in Execution in any Suit or Action for any ſuch Debt or Debts as aforeſaid, ſhall and may apply to any one of the Judges of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs or Proceſſes ſhall or have iſſued, to ſummon his, her, or

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their Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, to shew Cause why such Bankrupt or Bankrupts should not be discharged from his, her, or their Imprisonment or Arrest as aforesaid, such Bankrupt or Bankrupts first making Oath before such Judge, or if at a Distance from such Judge, then, before a Justice of the Peace, who is hereby authorized to administer such Oath, that such Debt or Debts did accrue previous to the issuing such Commission; and such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs not appearing, or not proving that such Bankrupt or Bankrupts hath or have concealed any Part of his, her, or their Estates or Effects, or hath or have not duly conformed him, her, or themselves to the Laws now in Force against Bankrupts, such Judge shall and may discharge such Bankrupt or Bankrupts from such Imprisonment or Arrest as aforesaid, such Bankrupt or Bankrupts causing a Common Appearance to be entered for him, her, or them, where necessary in every such Suit or Action; and if any such Bankrupt or Bankrupts shall be afterwards again sued or arrested, or taken in Execution, or imprisoned, in any such Suit or Action for such Debt or Debts, previous to such Commission as aforesaid, any Judge of the Court wherein such Process issued, shall, upon Summons of the proper Party or Parties immediately discharge such Bankrupt or Bankrupts from such Arrests or Imprisonment, nevertheless

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ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall, in all other Reſpects be deemed and ſubject to the Laws in Force againſt Bankrupts; and every Sheriff, and Sheriffs Bailiff, and Officer, Gaoler, and Keeper of a Priſon, is, and are hereby required, on proper Notice being given of ſuch Judge's Diſcharge, to releaſe and ſet free ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts out of his or their Cuſtody, and each and every of them, is, and are hereby indemnified from any Action or Actions that may be brought, commenced, or proſecuted againſt him or them for any Eſcape for or on Account thereof.

And whereas many Bankrupts have in all Reſpects ſtrictly conformed themſelves to the Directions of the Bankrupt Laws, have notwithſtanding, been unable to obtain their Certificates, and have on that Account, been diſcouraged from exerting their Induſtry in the Purſuit of their ſeveral Occupations, either living in the moſt unhappy and diſtreſſed Situation at Home, or ſeeking Relief in Foreign Countries, where they can earn and ſecure to themſelves the Profit of an induſtrious Application to Buſineſs: And whereas ſome Relief given in ſuch particular Caſes might prevent the Evils ariſing to the Publick, and be an Encouragement to ſuch Individuals to follow their different Occupations at Home: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Perſon or Perſons, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy

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ruptcy hath been awarded and issued on or before the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, and who have or hath in all Things conformed to the several Acts now in Force concerning Bankrupts, by his or their Surrender or Submission thereto, and who shall not have been committed for any Act of Contumacy or Non-conformity, yet who hath not or have not obtained a total Discharge from his or their Creditors, or his, her, or their Debts arising or accruing previous to such Commission for want of their Certificate, shall have Liberty after the Expiration of Twelve Calendar Months from the Day of the Date of every such Commission respectively, to petition or apply by Motion of Court to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Time being, setting forth the true Circumstances of the Case relative to such Commission and Certificate, having previously given Notice to the Agent of said Commission, and to the Assignees, of such his intended Application; and the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners as aforesaid, shall have Power and Authority to direct and order the acting Commissioners in the respective Commission named, to certify to the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners, the Conformity or Non-conformity of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and such other Matters as to them shall seem necessary concerning the same, the

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ſaid acting Commiſſioners being hereby authorized and required ſo to do; and the ſaid Lord Chantellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, ſhall thereupon have Power and Authority, if he or they ſhall think fit, to direct and order an Advertiſement to be inſerted in the Dublin Gazette for the Allowance of ſuch Bankrupt's Certificate, although the ſame ſhall not appear to have been ſigned or conſented to by Four-Fifths in Number and Value of the ſaid Bankrupt's Creditors agreeable to the Laws now in being, in the ſame Manner and Form as if the ſaid Certificate had been ſigned as aforeſaid; and in Caſe no ſufficient Cauſe ſhall be ſhewn to the contrary within the Time limited by the ſaid Advertiſement, the ſaid Lord Chantellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, ſhall have Power and Authority to allow ſuch Bankrupt's Certificate in the like Manner as if the ſame had been ſigned agreeable to the Laws now in being, and grant or make ſuch Order thereupon for the Relief and Diſcharge of ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from his, her, or their Debts as aforeſaid, or otherwiſe, as to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners ſhall ſeem proper; which Certificate, if ſo allowed, ſhall be as full and effectual to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſame had been duly obtained and allowed agreeable to the Directions of the ſeveral Laws now

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in Force concerning Bankrupts; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. LIX.

Whereas John Darley, late of Arnoes-Vale in the County of Down, Esquire, hath by several Misfortunes failed in his Credit, and been obliged for Three Years last past to abscond, in Order to avoid the Miseries of a Gaol; and the said John Darley is desirous of giving up all his Estate and Effects whatsoever for the Benefit of his Creditors, and several of the said Creditors have consented thereto: Therefore, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and singular, the real Estate, whether in Possession, Reversion, or Remainder, and all and singular the Chattles, Rights, Credits, and personal Estate whatsoever of the said John Darley, whereof the said John Darley, or any Person or Persons in Trust for him, was or were on the First Day of April, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, or now is or are seized and possessed, and interested in, or intitled unto, (excepting such Sum or Sums of Money as hath or have been really and bona fide applied to the Payment of his Debts, or expended in Suits or other Business relative to the said Estate and Effects, or in the Expence of passing this Clause, or in the necessary Charges of Cloathing and House-keeping for himself and his Family; and also excepting the Wearing Apparel and Bedding of the said John Darley and his Family,) be, and that

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the same are Declared and Enacted to be from the said First Day of April vested in, and in the Seizin and Possession of Theophilus Thompson, Esquire, William Lyster of Abbey-street, Esquire, Attorney at Law, and George Lyndon, Gentleman, all of the City of Dublin, and the Survivors and Survivor of them, according to the several Estates, Rights, and Interests which the said John Darley had therein on the said First Day of April, and now has therein in Trust for the Creditors of the said John Darley, as herein after mentioned.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said John Darley shall, on or before the First Day of August next, deliver in to his said Trustees, or any Two of them, or to the Survivor of them, a Schedule containing a full, just, and true Account of all the real Estate in Possession, Reversion, or Remainder; and also of all the Goods and Chattles, Rights and Credits, and personal Estate whatsoever (excepting as before excepted) which he the said John Darley, or any person or persons in Trust for him where or was on the said First Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, or now is seized or possessed of and interested in and intitled unto, to the best of the Belief of the said John Darley, and so far as his Knowledge concerning the same; and also containing a full, just, and true Account of all Deeds, Bonds, Notes, Evidences, Writings, and

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Books of Account concerning the said real and personal Estates of the said John Darley, and in whose Hands and Power the same respectively now are and were on the said First Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, so far as the said John Darley's Knowledge extends concerning the same; and also a full and true Account of the Debts, and to whom and how secured, and the Sums of Money which was justly due on the Foot of the said respective Debts on the said First Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, which Schedule the said John Darley shall verify upon Oath, to be administered by the said Trustees, or any Two of them, and shall subscribe the Oath so to be administered at the Foot of the Schedule; and also the said Trustees, or any Two of them, shall attest by Writing at the Foot of the said Copy of the said Oath, with their Names respectively to such Writing subscribed, that the said John Darley took the said Oath, and the Time when, and the Place where he so respectively took the same; and the said Schedule, with the said Oath thereto annexed, and the said Writing so attesting the Swearing thereof thereto also annexed, shall by such of the Trustees as receive the same, be within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof delivered to the Town Clerk of the County of the City of Dublin, who shall receive and keep the same amongst the Records of the said City,

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for the Benefit of the respective Creditors of the said John Darley.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon the said John Darley's so delivering in such Schedule, and all such Deeds and Writings as aforesaid, and upon his taking and subscribing such as aforesaid, the said Trustees, or any Two of them, or the Survivor of them, shall by Writing under their respective Hands and Seals, certify that the said John Darley hath performed all that on his part was required by this Act of Parliament to be performed, and until the said Fifth Day of August next, the Time given to the said John Darley to prepare and give in the said Schedule, and from the Time of his obtaining such Certificate as aforesaid, the said John Darley shall not be imprisoned or molested, nor shall any real or personal Estate of the said John Darley, to be by him, after the obtaining such Certificate, in any Ways gotten or acquired, be charged, or in any Sort affected by Reason of any Judgment or Decree, or for any Debt, Damages, Contempts, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money contracted, incurred, occasioned, or growing due before the said First Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, but that on every such Arrest or Commencement of such Suit, or issuing of Execution, or Process founded on any such Judgment or Decree, the Judge of the Court where the Process or Execution issued,

upon

upon shewing of the said Certificate so signed and sealed by the said Trustees, or Two of them, shall release and discharge the said John Darley out of Custody, and supersede and stay all further Proceedings for the Recovery of such Debts, or any of them which may in any Sort affect any Lands, Goods, or Chattles by the said John Darley in any Manner to be acquired or gotten after the obtaining of such Certificate as aforesaid; and the said Trustees, or the Survivors or Survivor of them respectively, shall with all convenient Speed sue for, call in, and receive all Debts and Sums of Money which were due to the said John Darley, on the said First of April, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, and are now due to him; and also sell and convey all the real Estates, Moveables, Goods and Chattles (except as before excepted) which the said John Darley was intitled to on the said First of April, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, or is now intitled to; and also, that the said Trustees, and the Survivors and Survivor of them respectively, shall in all Respects manage and dispose of the said real Estates, and the Rents and Profits thereof, and the said personal Estates and compound Debts of the said John Darley, for the Benefit of his said Creditors, to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Trustees were Owners of the said respective Estates, on the said First of April, One thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine; and that the said Trustees

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tees ſhall, out of the Produce of the ſaid Funds, in the firſt Place, pay the Coſts and Charges of the ſaid Truſtees in carrying the Truſts repoſed in them by this Act into Execution, and then to divide the Reſidue of the Produce of the ſaid Fund, among all the Creditors of the ſaid John Darley, to whom he ſtood fairly and juſtly indebted on the ſaid Firſt Day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine, rateably, and in Proportion to the reſpective Debts of each Creditor.

Provided always, That every Perſon, who on the ſaid Firſt Day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine, was intitled to any Mortgage of the Real or Perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid John Darley, or any Part thereof, or to any Cuſtodium Judgment, Recognizance, Statute Staple, or Merchant, Elegit, or Arrears of Rent, affecting, or which might affect any Lands, Goods or Chattles of ſaid John Darley, may ſue for and recover their ſaid reſpective Demands, in like Manner, and with the like Difference, out of the reſpective Real and Perſonal Eſtates of the ſaid John Darley, that they might have done if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And provided, that if the ſaid Truſtees, or any of them, ſhall happen to die or refuſe to act before the ſaid Truſt is carried into Execution,

Execution, that then it shall and may be lawful, to and for the Majority of the Creditors in Value of the said John Darley, upon Publick Notice given in the Dublin Gazette Ten Days before, by the other Trustees, to nominate and elect any other Person or Persons in the Stead or Place of the Person or Persons so dying, or refusing to act, and so from Time to Time, to elect others in the Place of such new elected Trustee or Trustees; and such Person and Persons so to be elected, shall have all the Powers vested in him or them, as by this Act is vested in the Trustees before named, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Person and Persons so to be elected, had been expressly named as a Trustee in this Act; and that the aforesaid Trustees, and all Trustees hereafter to be nominated, shall not be answerable for the Receipts of each other, or for any loss or miscarriage which may happen, not occasioned by their respective wilful Defaults; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: And if the said John Darley shall knowingly deliver any false or untrue Accounts of his Effects or Estates, or shall designedly conceal any Books, Papers, or Securities, relating to his Estates and Effects with Intent to defraud his Creditors, or any of them, and shall thereof be convicted upon any Indictment, he shall be adjudged a Felon, and suffer as such without the Benefit of Clergy.

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Whereas by unforeſeen Accidents Mark Tew of Raddinſtown, and George Tew of Kilgreg, in the County of Meath, are involved in Debts to a very conſiderable Amount: And whereas ſeveral Suits have been commenced againſt the ſaid Mark Tew, and George Tew, and though all the Property of the ſaid Mark and George Tew have been in the Poſſeſſion of their ſeveral Creditors, ſeveral have iſſued Executions againſt their Perſons, whereby they have been prevented from attending very profitable Employments, by which they would have been enabled to diſcharge their Debts more expeditiouſly: And whereas it ſeems expedient, and for the Advantage of the Creditors of the ſaid Mark Tew and George Tew, that their Perſons ſhould be free from Arreſts, ſo that the Salary of their reſpective Employments, or the greateſt Part thereof, may be applied to the Uſe of their Creditors, and in diſcharge of their Debts: Therefore at the Petition of the ſaid Mark and George Tew, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the perſons of the ſaid Mark Tew and George Tew ſhall from thenceforth be freed, acquitted, and diſcharged, of and from all Arreſts at the Suit of any Creditor or Creditors of the ſaid Mark and George Tew, for any Sum or Sums of Money, which is or are now due and owing by them or either of them; and that if the ſaid Mark and George Tew, or either of them

ſhall

shall be arrested for, or on Account of any such Debt or Debts, the said Mark Tew, and George Tew, shall from such Arrests be forthwith freed, released, and discharged. CHAP. LIX.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed so as to preclude any Creditor of the said Mark Tew and George Tew from recovering their Debts, from the Property of the said Mark and George Tew, but that the same shall be subject to such Debts, in like Manner as if the present Act had never been made.

And whereas Jeremy Ryan of the City of Limerick, Brewer, Francis Ruddle of Shepperton, in the County of Clare, Gentleman, Owen Mooney, late of Inchiquin, Miller, Philip Pendleton, late of Moat Town, in the County of Louth, John Bailie of James's-street, Dublin, Gentleman, and Charles Reilly of Dundalk, in the County of Louth, have by unforeseen Accidents become Insolvent, and are willing to make the best Satisfaction to their Creditors in their Power; and the said Persons having petitioned the House of Commons to be included in an insolvent Debtors Act, no Objection has been made by any of their Creditors to their obtaining the Relief aforesaid: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Jeremy Ryan, Francis Ruddle, Owen Mooney, Philip Pendleton, John Bailie, and

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Charles Reilly, may have the full Benefit of this Act, and be discharged from their Debts, so far as relates to the Freedom of their persons only, upon the same Terms and subject to the same Rules as if they had been in actual Custody on the Fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and eighty two.

Provided allways, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend the Benefit of this Act to William Bayly, an uncertified Bankrupt now in Confinement; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend the Benefit of this Act to Thomas John Medlicott, Esquire, a Prisoner in the Gaol of Kilmainham; to Edward Cahill, Attorney, a Prisoner in the Four Courts Marshalsea; to Nicholas Power, a Prisoner in the Gaol of Waterford; to Richard Mara, of the City of Cork, Gardiner, a Prisoner; to Francis Bradley Brodie, Esquire, Barrister at Law, a Prisoner in the Four Courts Marshalsea; to Thomas Mara of the City of Limerick, Bankrupt; to Benjamin Whitley, a Prisoner in the Four Courts Marshalsea; to Gervas Hall, a Bankrupt, Prisoner in the Four Courts Marshalsea; to Robert Norman of Nottingham, in the County of Cork, Hosier; to George Rallings of the City of Cork; to John Callaghan, Farmer and Dealer;

Dealer; to Felix Pritchet; to Patrick M'Dermott; or to Michael Harris, late of Bandon, now in the County Gaol of Corke; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP. LIX.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any Surety or Sureties for the Debt of another shall be obliged to pay the said Debt, or any part thereof, or shall in anywise be damnified by Reason of his or their becoming Surety or Sureties as aforesaid, every real principal Debtor shall be liable or answerable to such Surety or Sureties both at Law and in Equity, notwithstanding such principal shall be discharged under and obtain the Benefit of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. LX.

AN

ACT

FOR

Paving and Repairing the Streets, Squares, Lanes, Quays, and other Places in the City and County of the City of *Dublin*, and Liberties thereof, and for preventing and removing Obſtructions, Nuiſances, and Annoyances within the ſame, and for other Purpoſes herein mentioned.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. M DCC LXXXII.

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LX.

An Act for Paving and Repairing the Streets, Squares, Lanes, Quays, and other Places in the City and County of the City of *Dublin*, and Liberties thereof, and for preventing and removing Obſtructions, Nuiſances, and Annoyances within the ſame, and for other Purpoſes herein mentioned.

WHEREAS an Act of Parliament was paſſed in this Kingdom, in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act for Paving the Streets, Lanes, Quays, Bridges, Squares, Courts, and Alleys, within the City and County of the City of *Dublin*, and

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other Places particularly mentioned: And whereas one other Act of Parliament was paſſed in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act to explain and amend the ſaid recited Act: And whereas by Miſmanagement of the Fund, a conſiderable Sum has been profuſely expended, and alſo a very heavy Debt induced on the Publick, by Means whereof the Fund is greatly diminiſhed, and yet many Streets and other Places are in a worſe Condition than they were before ſaid Acts paſſed: And whereas it is thought expedient and neceſſary to diſſolve the preſent Corporation, and appoint other Commiſſioners, veſted with full Powers for carrying into Execution the ſaid recited Acts and this Act; Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, all and every Clauſe of the ſaid recited Acts, which appoint the Perſons therein named to be Commiſſioners be repealed.

And whereas by the repeal of ſaid Clauſes, the Corporation, for carrying ſaid Acts into Execution will be diſſolved, and it is neceſſary that a new Corporation ſhould be created for the better regulating and ordering the Paving of the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Courts, Alleys, Quays, and

and Bridges within the Limits of this Act, whether within the City and County of the City of Dublin and Liberties thereof, and for preventing and removing Obſtructions, Nuiſances, and Annoyances within the ſame: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, That the Members of both Houſes of Parliament, Lord Mayor, Recorder, Sheriffs, Two Senior Aldermen, and Two Senior Sheriffs-Peers, Lord Ranelagh, Lord Clifden, Right Honourable John Beresford, Honourable John Butler, Honourable Richard Anneſley, John Reilly, Eſquire, Right Honourable Luke Gardiner, Sir Samuel Bradſtreet, Baronet, Sir Richard Johnſton, Baronet, Sir Frederick Flood, Baronet, Redmond Morres, Eſquire, Lodge Morres, Eſquire, Sydenham Singleton, Eſquire, John Godley, Eſquire, Warden Flood, Eſquire, Thomas St. George, Eſquire, Thomas Kingſbury, Eſquire, Ambroſe Smith, Eſquire, Nathaniel Cavanagh, Eſquire, David Latouche, Eſquire, Hamilton Stewart, Eſquire, John Dillon, Eſquire, Thomas Adderley, Eſquire, Hugh Bowen, Eſquire, Ephraim Hutchinſon, Eſquire, William Lyſter, Eſquire, John Wallis, Eſquire, George Montgomery, Eſquire, Robert Gamble, Eſquire, Major John Corneille, William Colville, Eſquire, Morgan Crofton, Eſquire, Thomas Ellis, Eſquire, Sir Roger Palmer, Baronet, John Ladevize, Eſquire, Henry Vaughan Brooke, Eſquire, Sir Boyle Roche, Travers Hartley, Eſquire, Edward Bellingham

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Swan, Eſquire, Ralph Ward, Eſquire, Andrew Caldwell, Eſquire, Thomas Burgh of Chapelizod, Eſquire, Robert Thorpe, Eſquire, Stephen Wybrants, Eſquire, Sir Patrick King, James Robinſon, Eſquire, Stephen Dickſon, Eſquire, Edward Gleadowe, Eſquire, George Cartland, Eſquire, Godfrey Green, Eſquire, Lewis Laurent, Eſquire, Theophilus Thompſon, Eſquire, George Hart, Eſquire, William Deane, Eſquire, William Bury, Eſquire, Thomas Tiſdal, Eſquire. Arthur Wolfe, Eſquire, James Ormſby, Eſquire, Michael Dalley, Eſquire, John Patrickſon, Eſquire, John Hatch, Eſquire, Charles Domville, Eſquire, Peter Maturin, Eſquire, Richard Waller, Eſquire, George Rochfort, Eſquire, Nicholas Morriſon, Eſquire, and Samuel Forth, Eſquire, may be appointed Commiſſioners for carrying into Execution this Act, and the ſaid former Acts.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when any Vacancy ſhall happen, either by Death, Reſignation, or otherwiſe, of any of the Perſons herein before particularly named, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for Nine or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners, to elect a fit Perſon or Perſons to ſupply the Place or Places of him or them ſo dying or reſigning, and all Perſon or Perſons ſo elected, are hereby veſted with the ſame Powers for putting this Act into Execution, as the Perſon and Perſons, in whoſe Place and Stead they ſhall be ſo elected, was or were veſted with, and

all

all the Powers in this and the said recited Acts, shall be vested in the said Commissioners herein named, which shall and may, from Time to Time, be exercised by the major Part of such of them as shall attend at any publick Meeting of them, to be holden as herein after is mentioned, the Number of the said Commissioners present at any such Meeting, not being less than Nine (except for the Purpose of adjourning, and then not less than Five) and all Acts, Orders, and Proceedings of the said Commissioners present at such Publick Meeting, shall have the same Force and Effect, as if done or made by all the Commissioners constituted by this Act.

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And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the First publick Meeting of the said Commissioners to be had, by Virtue of this Act, shall be held at the Dublin Society-house; the said Meeting to be held on or before the First Day of July next.

And whereas by an Act passed in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, An Act to explain and amend an Act, intituled, An Act for Paving the Streets, Lanes, Quays, Bridges, Squares, Courts, and Alleys, within the County of the City of *Dublin*, and other Purposes relative to the said City of *Dublin*, it is Enacted, That the Provost, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, shall pay the annual

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Sum of Seventy Pounds for the Pavement in and about the ſaid College: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the ſaid recited Act may be, and the ſame is hereby repealed; and that the Provoſt, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, ſhall and may pave, in and about the ſaid College, as they were accuſtomed to do, before the paſſing of the ſaid recited Act, or of one other Act, paſſed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for Paving the Streets, Lanes, Quays, Bridges, Squares, Courts, and Alleys, within the City and County of the City of *Dublin*, and other Purpoſes relative to the ſaid City of *Dublin*, and other Places therein particularly mentioned; any Thing in the ſaid Acts, or either of them to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Provided allways, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Provoſt, Fellows, and Scholars ſhall keep all their Pavements without Side the ſaid College, on the ſame Level with the Pavement made by the Paving Committee of the Diſtrict.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall be qualified or capable of acting as a Commiſſioner in the Execution of this Act, except the Perſons herein before named, unleſs he be a Member of either Houſe of Parliament, and in Caſe he is not a Member of either

either Houſe, then not unleſs it ſhall be in his owbn Right, oz in Right of his Wife, in the actual Poſſeſſion oz Receipt of Rents and Pzofits of Lands, Tenements, oz Hereditaments, either in Fee Simple, Fee Tail, oz foz Life oz Lives, of the clear yearly Value of One Hundzed Pounds, oz poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone, oz a Real and Perſonal Eſtate together, to the Value of Two Thouſand Pounds, which Qualification ſhall be verified by the Oath of the Perſon and Perſons ſo elected and choſen as a Commiſſioner, and no Perſon ſhall be capable of acting as a Commiſſioner, unleſs he takes the following Oath, in the Pzeſence of Five oz moze of the Commiſſioners at ſome Publick Meeting, which Oath any One oz moze of the Commiſſioners may adminiſter, and the ſame to be ſubſcribed by ſuch Commiſſioners and entered by the Secretary in a Book to be kept by him foz that Purpoſe. CHAP. LX.

I A. B. do ſolemnly Promiſe and Swear, that I will to the Beſt of my Skill and Knowledge, well and truly execute the ſeveral Powers in this Act, without Favour or Affection, Malice or Ill-will to any Perſon; and that I will not enter into any Contract directly or indirectly for paving or ſupplying any Materials for carrying on or executing the ſeveral Purpoſes of this Act, nor become Security for any Perſon elected, or which ſhall or may be elected into any Office purſuant to this Act.

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And whereas the Execution of the ſaid recited Acts have been much impeded by the preſent Diviſional and Parochial Committee-Men; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Twenty-one or more of them, ſhall at their firſt or any Subſequent Meeting, Nominate and Appoint, out of the Corporation at Large, ten Commiſſioners for each of the Diviſions herein after mentioned; which Commiſſioners ſhall be and are hereby Veſted with full Power and Authority to do and execute all Matters and Things which the Committees under the ſaid Acts were impowered, and that the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall meet at any Place which they ſhall think proper, within the Diviſion to which they ſhall be reſpectively appointed.

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid City of Dublin, and the ſeveral Places comprized, meant, or intended to be comprized in this Act, and in the ſaid recited Acts, ſhall be divided into Six Wards or Diviſions only; the Firſt Ward or Diviſion to conſiſt of the Pariſhes of Saint Paul and Saint Michan's; the Second of the Pariſhes of Saint Mary's and Saint Thomas; the Third of the Pariſhes of Saint Ann, Saint Andrew, Saint Mark, and Saint Peter; the Fourth of the Pariſhes of Saint Bride's, Saint Werburgh, Saint Nicholas within, Saint Michael, Saint John, and

and the Liberties of Chriſt Church; the Fifth Diviſion of the Pariſhes of Saint Nicholas Without, Saint Catherine, Saint Audeon, and Saint James; the Sixth of the Barony of Saint Sepulchre's and Liberties of Saint Patrick. CHAP. LX.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That after the paſſing of this Act, the ſeveral Rates and Aſſeſſments, from Time to Time raiſed by Virtue thereof, ſhall be only applied for paving and repairing the ſeveral Squares, Streets, and other Places comprized or meant, or intended to be comprized therein, the keeping down of the Intereſt of the Money borrowed purſuant to the ſaid recited Acts, the Salaries to Officers, and other occaſional Expences, and for no other Uſe or Purpoſe whatſoever.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where Cognizance is given to any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace to adminiſter an Oath to any Perſon or Perſons, or to iſſue a Warrant or Warrants againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for the Purpoſes of carrying the ſaid former Acts into Execution, the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, ſhall have the like Power, any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding,

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And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Clauses and Provisoes contained in the said Recited Acts, or either of them, which are not varied or altered by this Act, shall be and Remain in full Force, any thing herein contained to the contrary in any Wise notwithstanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners or any Nine or more of them, shall have full Power and Authority from Time to Time to make and Ordain Rules, Bye-Laws, and other Regulations, for the good Regulation of the said Corporation, and for the more effectually carrying into Execution this Act and the said former Acts; such Rules, and Bye-Laws, to be approved of by the Lord Chancellor, or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, and the three Chief Judges for the time being, or any three of them.

Provided allways, That no Rule or Bye-Law to be made by them, shall have the Force of a Bye-Law, unless the same be Signed and Confirmed by Nine Commissioners at the least, at some Publick Meeting, the same being first Proposed at some Publick Meeting of the Commissioners fourteen Days at least previous to said Meeting, and Notice of its being taken into Consideration given in the

the Summons for the Day; and that no Bye-Law hereafter to be made by them, shall be Repealed, Altered, or Suspended, except at a Meeting where Fifteen Commissioners at least are present, and also except the Repeal, Alteration, or Suspension, shall have been Proposed Thirty Days previous to the said Meeting, and Notice of such Intention given in the Summons for that Day.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Costs and Charges of passing this Act shall be paid by the said Commissioners as soon as may be out of the first Money to be Received by them, and that this Act shall be deemed a Publick Act, and shall be Judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges and Justices, and other Persons, without Specially pleading the same,

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LXI.

AN

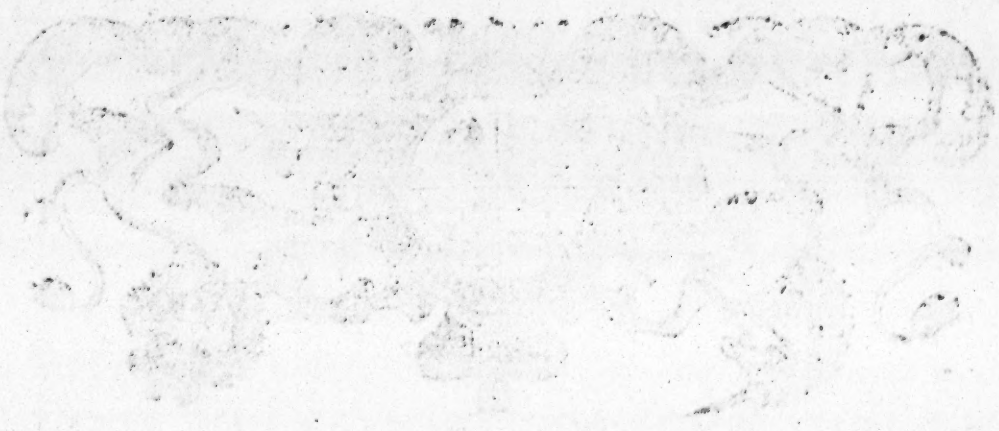
ACT

TO

Explain and amend an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent Vexatious and Frivolous Arreſts, and for other Purpoſes.

DUBLIN:

Printed by the Executors of DAVID HAY, Aſſignee of the late BOULTER GRIERSON, Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCC LXXXII.



Anno Regni vicesimo primo & secundo

GEORGII III. Regis.

CHAP. LXI.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, *intituled*, An Act to prevent Vexatious and Frivolous Arrests, and for other Purposes.

WHEREAS by an Act made in this Kingdom in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An Act to prevent Vexatious and Frivolous Arrests, and for other Purposes, it is amongst other Things Enacted, That from and after the First Day of September, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty, no Person should be arrested, imprisoned, or taken in Execution upon any Decree, Dismiss, or Order of any of His Majesty's

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Judges of Assize in their Circuits, Council, or Justices in the said Act mentioned, or any of them, under the therein recited Act, or by Virtue of any Warrant or Process thereon, where the Cause of Action should not amount to Five Pounds or upwards; nor should any Sheriff in such Case be liable to any Penalty, Forfeiture, or Demand, by Reason of the Non-Execution thereof: And whereas the Restraint of Arrests in such Cases of Civil Bills, under the Decrees, Dismisses, and Orders of the said Judges, Council, or Justices, though well founded in Principle, hath been found inconvenient in Practice: Therefore be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act as relates to Arrests under Decrees, Dismisses, or Orders, in Cases of Civil Bills, may be repealed, and may from henceforth be declared null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

And whereas it is also amongst other Things Enacted by the said Act hereun before in part recited, That no Person should be arrested or imprisoned by Virtue of, or upon any Execution or other Process issuing out of any Superior or Inferior Court of Record, or other Inferior Court whatsoever, in this Kingdom, where the Cause of Action

tion

tion ſhould not amount to Five Pounds or upwards, or held to Special Bail for the ſame upon any Proceſs whatſoever; And whereas ſuch Reſtraint of Arreſts hath alſo been found inconvenient, eſpecially in the great and commercial City of Cork, and other Corporate Towns in this Kingdom: Therefore be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the ſaid Act as relates to all the ſaid laſt mentioned Caſes of Arreſts, ſhall alſo be repealed, and ſhall from henceforth be declared null and void, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

CHAP. LXI.

CHAP.
LXII.

AN

ACT

TO

Allow Perſons profeſſing the Popiſh Religion to Teach School in this Kingdom, and for regulating the Education of Papiſts, and alſo to repeal Parts of certain Laws relative to the Guardianſhip of their Children

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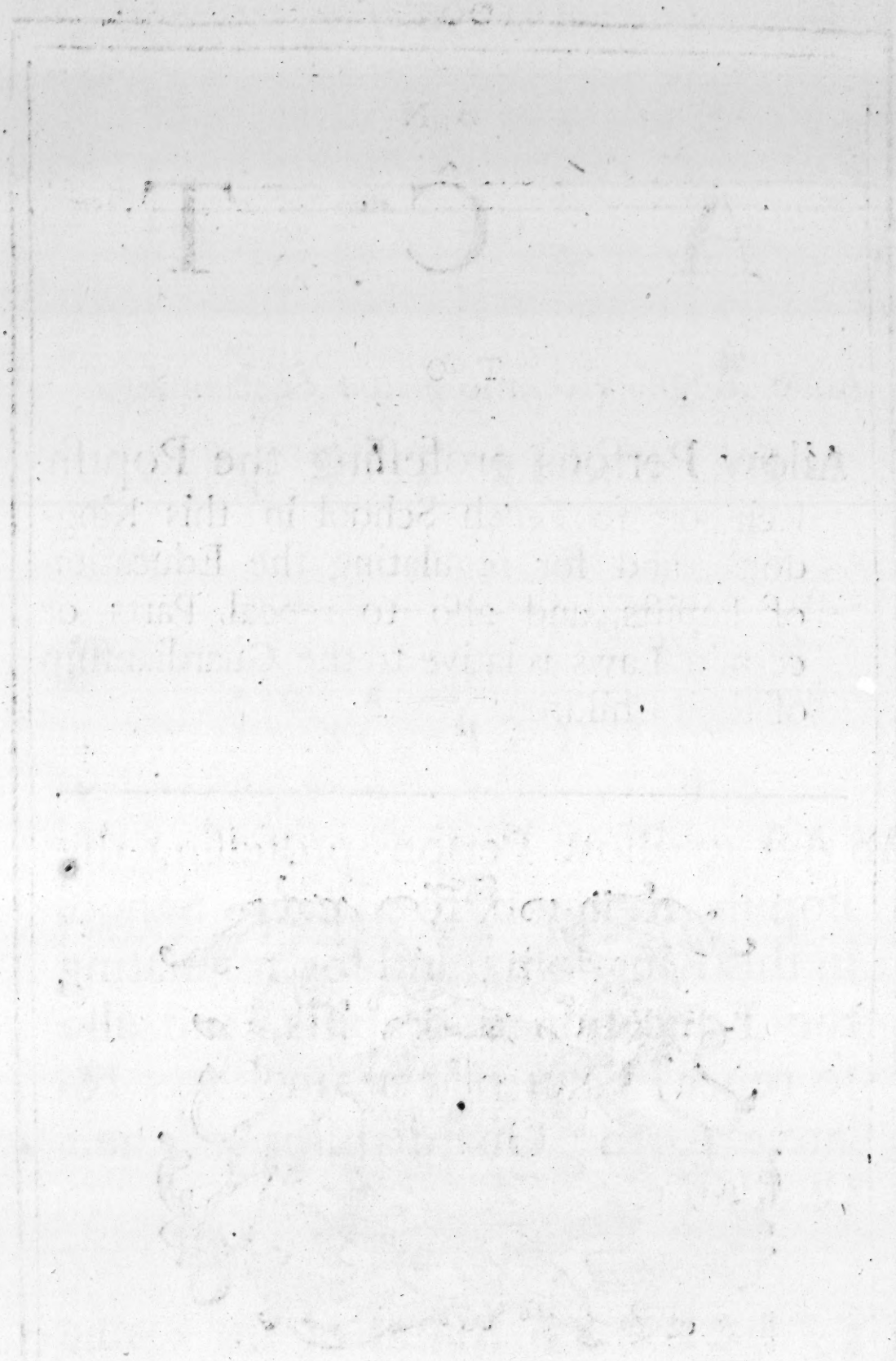

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo
GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LXII.

An Act to allow Perſons profeſſing the Popiſh Religion to Teach School in this Kingdom, and for regulating the Education of Papiſts, and alſo to repeal Parts of certain Laws relative to the Guardianſhip of their Children.

CHAP. LXII.

WHEREAS ſeveral of the Laws made in this Kingdom, relative to the Education of Papiſts, or perſons profeſſing the Popiſh Religion, are conſidered as too ſevere, and have not anſwered the deſired Effect: Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the

CHAP. LXII.

Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of an Act paſſed in the Seventh Year of King William the Third, intituled, An Act to reſtrain Foreign Education, and alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the Eighth Year of Queen Anne, intituled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, as ſubjects Perſons of the Popiſh Religion, who ſhall publickly teach School, or who ſhall Inſtruct Youth in Learning in any private Popiſh Houſe within this Realm, to the like Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures as any Popiſh Regular Convict, ſhall be, and the ſame is and are hereby repealed.

Provided allways, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Popiſh School Maſter who ſhall not have taken and ſubſcribed the Oath of Allegiance and Declaration preſcribed by an Act paſſed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act to enable His Majeſty's Subjects of whatever Perſuaſion to teſtify their Allegiance to Him, in ſome of His Majeſty's Four Courts in Dublin, or at the Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the County of Dublin, or before any of the going Judges of Aſſize in open Court,

any

any Thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. CHAP. LXII.

Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to any Popish School Master who shall receive into his School any person of the Protestant Religion, or to any person of the Popish religion who shall be entertained to instruct Youth in Learning, as Usher, Under Master, or Assistant, by any Protestant School Master within this Realm; any Thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to allow the Erection or Endowment of any Popish University or College or endowed School in this Realm, or to authorize any Papist, or person professing the Popish Religion, to teach or keep School, who shall not have first obtained the License of the Ordinary of the Diocese for that Purpose, which License the Ordinary is hereby impowered to grant and recall from Time to Time as he shall think proper; any Thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person professing the Popish Religion, who shall have taken and subscribed the

CHAP. LXII.

ſaid Oath of Allegiance and Declaration in Manner and Form aforeſaid, except an Eccleſiaſtick, to have the Guardianſhip, Care, and Tuition of his or her own Child or Children, or of any Child or Children of a Papiſt, any Thing contained in an Act paſſed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights Service, or in an Act paſſed in the Second Year of Queen Anne, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery, or in an Act paſſed in the Ninth Year of King William the Third, intituled, An Act to prevent Proteſtants from intermarrying with Papiſts, to the contrary in any Wiſe notwithſtanding.

AN

CHAP.
LXIII.

AN

ACT

TO

Explain and amend an Act paſſed this Seſſion of Parliament, *intituled*, An Act for the more effectually preventing the multiplying of Votes at Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament for Boroughs, where the Right of Voting is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general, or Proteſtant Inhabitants and others.

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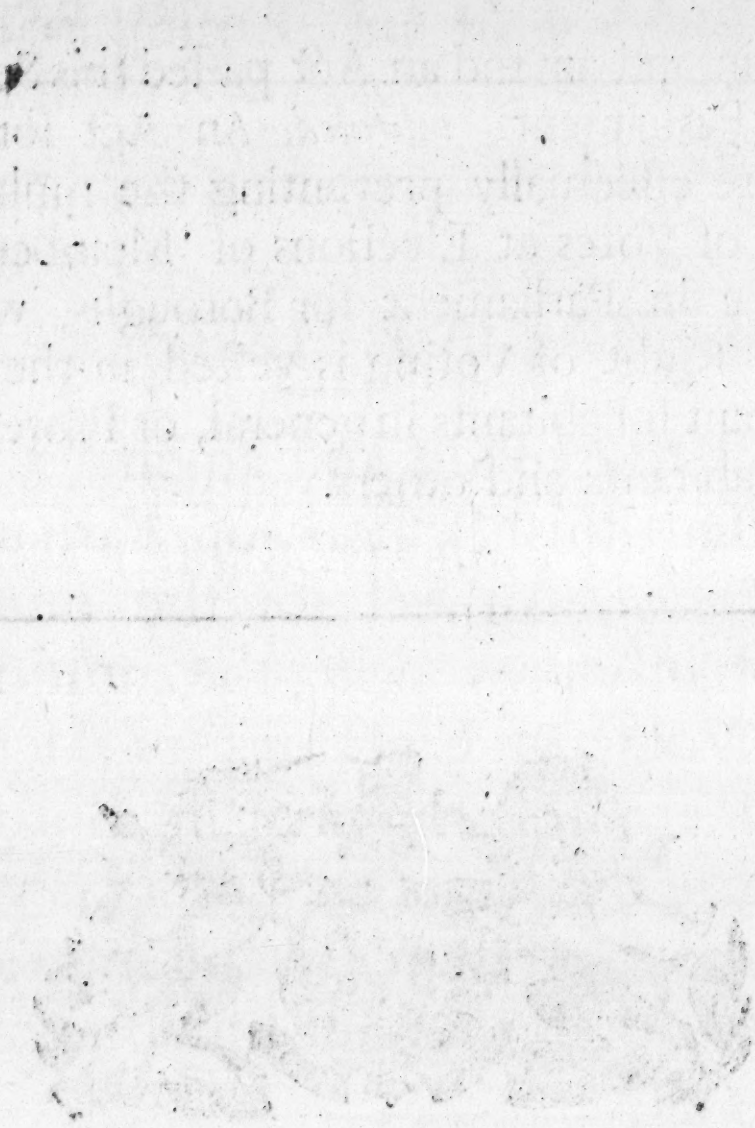

Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LXIII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act paſſed this Seſſion of Parliament, *intituled*, An Act for the more effectually preventing the multiplying of Votes at Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament for Boroughs, where the Right of Voting is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general, or Proteſtant Inhabitants and others.

WHEREAS there are Boroughs in this Kingdom where the Right of Voting is veſted in the Proteſtant Inhabitants in general, or Proteſtant Inhabitants and others, which are ſituated in Two different Counties; and ſome Doubts are entertained whether the Oaths

CHAP. LXIII.

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prescribed to be taken by the said Act, be sufficiently explicit with Respect to such Boroughs: Therefore be it Enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all and every such Borough or Boroughs in this Kingdom, where the Right of Voting is vested in the Protestant Inhabitants in general, or Protestant Inhabitants and others, which are situated in Two different Counties, every Inhabitant of such Borough, qualified to vote at Elections for any Member or Members to serve in Parliament for such Borough, may, if he thinks proper, in the Oath or Affirmation required by the said Act to be by him taken at the Time of his being registered, and likewise in the Oath or Affirmation which he may be called upon to take, pursuant to said Act, at any Election for a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for such Borough, instead of the Words "Resident Inhabitant of the Borough of in the County of ," substitute the Words "Resident Inhabitant of that Part of the Borough of which lieth in the County of ;"

And that the said Oaths and Affirmations, with the said Words so substituted therein, shall be to all Intents and Purposes as valid, and have the same Effect, and

and subject the Person or Persons falsely taking or affirming the same, to the like Penalties as the Oaths respectively prescribed by the said Act, or are enacted thereby, in Respect of the same; any Thing in the recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the greater Convenience of Persons by the said Act required to register, That from and after the passing of this Act, at every Quarter Sessions to be held next after the First Day of August in every Year, and for any County wherein there is situated any Borough, or Part of any Borough, where the Right of Voting is vested in the Protestant Inhabitants in general, or in the Protestant Inhabitants and others, that the Justices holding such Quarter Sessions be hereby required and directed to make an Adjournment of the same on some convenient Day, within Three Weeks from the holding of such Sessions, to such Borough as aforesaid, for the Purpose of there registering the Names of Persons who shall desire to be registered, as claiming a Right to vote in such Boroughs, and that such Adjournment shall be held accordingly in some convenient Place for the Purpose aforesaid.

And whereas by the said recited Act it is declared to be the true Intent and Meaning of the said Act, That no Person whatsoever

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soever shall be entitled to vote at any such Election in Right of being a Protestant Inhabitant, without having been first registered as is therein mentioned, Twelve Months at the least before the Time of holding such Election, but that the returning Officer, or his Deputy, is thereby required to refuse such Vote; any Thing in any other Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided allways, That nothing therein contained, shall affect any Election that shall be held in and for any such Borough before the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, after which Time the said Act is to become of Force and Effect at the holding of Elections: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Law shall commence and be of Force and Effect from and after the First Day of January, which shall be in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Case any Election of Members to serve in Parliament, shall be held in and for such Boroughs, subsequent to the said First Day of January, that shall be in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and within Twelve Months from the Time at which the First Adjournment of the Quarter Sessions shall be made

made to such Borough as herein before di- CHAP. rected, that then, and in that Case, Per- LXII. sons registered at such First Adjournment to be made next after the passing of this Act, to such Borough as aforesaid, and also, such Persons as shall or may have been registered previous thereto, shall be admitted to vote at such Election, notwithstanding that Registry shall not appear at such Election to have been made Twelve Months before the holding of such Election, any Thing in that or any other Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; but that in all other Cases, and upon all other Elections, the said recited Clause shall be of full Force and Effect.

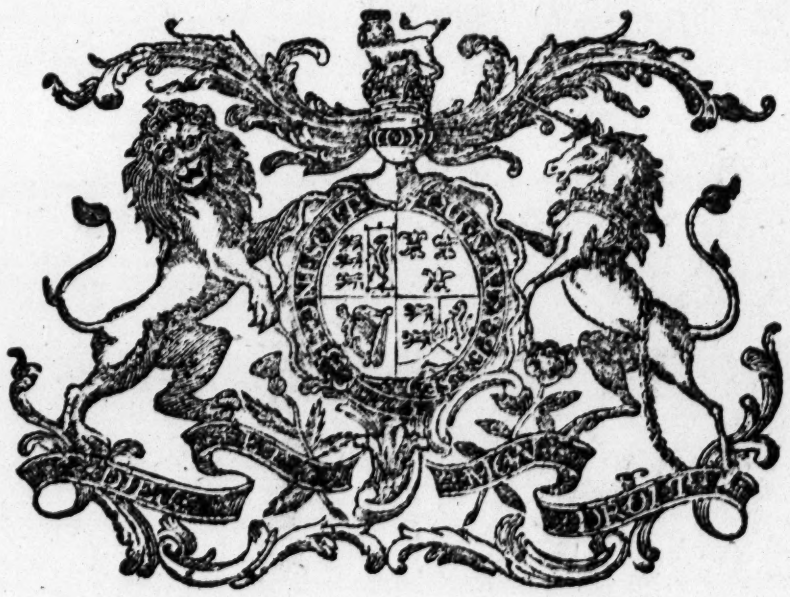
CHAP. LXIV.

AN

ACT

TO

Continue and amend the Acts now in Force for making and repairing the Roads leading from the City of *Kilkenny* to the Town of *Clonmell*.



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Anno Regni viceſimo primo & ſecundo

GEORGII Tertii Regis.

CHAP. LXIV.

An Act to Continue and amend the Acts now in Force for making and repairing the Roads leading from the City of *Kilkenny* to the Town of *Clonmell*.

CHAP. LXIV.

WHEREAS the Road leading from the City of Kilkenny to the Town of Clonmell, by the Way of Callan, particularly that Part of the ſaid Road lying between the ſaid City of Kilkenny and the Brook which ſeparates the Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary, near the Nine Mile Houſe, is now and has been for ſome Years paſt in a ruinous Condition, ſo that Travellers have been obliged, in order to avoid the ſaid Road, to take a Circuit of Three Miles between the ſaid City of Kilkenny,

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and the said Nine Mile House; And whereas the said Part of the said Road is now and has been for a considerable Time past impracticable for Four Wheel Carriages to pass or repass, and the Tolls at present payable, totally inadequate for repairing, or for keeping the same in Repair: Be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, instead of the Tolls now payable, the following Tolls shall be taken at the Gates erected, or to be erected on the said Road, from the said City of Kilkenny to the said Town of Clonmell, before any Horse, Mare, Mule, Gelding, Cattle, Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calash, Chaise, or Chair, Cayriole, Waggon, Wain, Cart, Car, Truckle, or other Carriage, shall be permitted to pass through the same, namely, for every Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calash, Chaise or Chair drawn by Six Horses, Geldings, Mares or Mules, the Sum of Two Shillings; for every Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calash, Chaise, or Chair drawn by Four Horses, Geldings, Mares or Mules, the Sum of One Shilling and Six Pence; for every Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calash, Chaise, or Chair, drawn by Two Horses, Geldings, Mares, or Mules, the Sum of

One

One Shilling and One Penny; for every Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage with Two Wheels, drawn with Two Horses, Mares, Geldings, Asses, Mules, or Beasts of Draft, the Sum of Six pence; for every Wain, Cart, or Carriage with Two Wheels, drawn with Three or more Horses, Mares, Geldings, Asses, Mules, or Beasts of Draft, the Sum of Three Shillings; for every Carriage commonly called a Chair, or Chaise, with One Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Mule, the Sum of Six pence; for every Cart, Car, or other Carriage, having but One Horse, Mare, or Gelding, Mule, Ass, or Beast of Draft the Sum of Two pence, (except Cars and other Carriages, loaded with Turf, Corn in Sheaves, and Hay to the Haggards of Persons living adjacent to the said Road, and not for Sale, and drawn by One Horse, Gelding, Mare, Ass, Mule, or Beast of Draft, which are hereby exempted from any of the said Tolls;) for every Horse, Mare, Gelding, Mule, or Ass, with any Person Riding thereon, the Sum of Two pence; for every Horse, Mare, Gelding, Mule, or Ass, laden or unladen, and not having any Person Riding thereon, the Sum of Three Half pence; for every Drove of Oxen, Colts, or Neat Cattle, the Sum of One Shilling and Eight Pence per Score, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity or Number; for every Drove of Hogs,

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CHAP. LXIV.

Calves, Sheep, Goats and Lambs the Sum of Ten Pence per Score, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Number.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Tolls to ariſe on the ſaid Road, between the ſaid City of Kilkenny and the ſaid Town of Clonmell, ſhall be applied in the firſt Place to put the ſaid Road in good Repair, before any Sum ſhall be paid thereout for any other Purpoſe whatſoever, the Salaries accruing from the ſaid Firſt Day of Auguſt to the Gate Keepers, and to the Treaſurer, and any Sum actually advanced by the ſaid Treaſurer, before the ſaid Firſt Day of Auguſt, and expended on the Repair of the ſaid Road only excepted.

And whereas the ſaid Road, is now in many Places impaſſable for Four Wheeled Carriages, and it would be of great Advantage to the Publick, and particularly to the Inhabitants of the ſaid Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary, that the ſame ſhould be ſpeedily repaired, which the ſaid Tolls will not be ſufficient to Effect in the preſent State of the ſaid Road: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Grand Juries of the ſaid Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary reſpectively, if they or either of them ſhall think proper, to preſent in their ſaid reſpective County, and for the Judge of

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of Assize to fiat the same, either by One or more Presentment on the said Counties at large, or either of them, for the Repair of the said Road, between the said City of Kilkenny and the said Town of Clonmell, by the Way of Callan and the Nine Mile House aforesaid, any Sum not exceeding in the County of Kilkenny the Sum of Three hundred Pounds, and in the County of Tipperary not exceeding the Sum of Three hundred Pounds; and that the said Presentments may be made and confirmed without any Affidavit whatsoever; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided allways, That no such Presentments shall be made after Spring Assizes, which shall be in the year One Thousand seven hundred and eighty-five.

And provided also, That no part of the said Money, so to be levied by Presentment as aforesaid shall be applied to the Payment of any Salary, or of any Sum due by Debenture, or otherwise, or to any other Purpose whatsoever, save only to the actual Repair of the said Road; and that any Sum or Sums of Money, which shall be so levied by Presentment, upon the said Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary respectively, or upon either of them, shall be expended upon the Repair of such Parts only of the said Road, as lie and are situate within the Limits of that County,

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upon which the ſaid Money ſhall be ſo levied.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Truſtees of the ſaid Road, or any Nine of them, to borrow on the Tolls of the ſaid Road, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds, and to iſſue Debentures for the Payment of the ſame, with Intereſt; which Sum or Sums, and the Intereſt thereof, ſhall be a Charge on the Tolls of the ſaid Road in Preference to any Debt or Charge now affecting the ſame, (any Sum or Sums of Money actually advanced by the Treaſurer of the ſaid Road, and expended upon the Repair of the ſame before the Firſt Day of Auguſt next only excepted,) and ſhall be applied to the immediate Repair of the ſaid Road, and to no other Purpoſe whatſoever.

Provided always, That from and after the Firſt Day of Auguſt, One Thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, the ſaid Power of raiſing the ſaid Sum, ſhall ceaſe and determine.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the following Perſons be added to the Number of the preſent Truſtees of the ſaid Road, namely, Sir John Blunden, Baronet, John Butler, Eſquire, Gervaſe Parker

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Parker Buſhe, Eſquire, Reverend Henry Palmer, William Izod, Eſquire, Right Honourable Viſcount Clifden, Henry Blunt, Eſquire, Robert Helſham, Eſquire, Reverend John Warring, George Agar, Eſquire, John Flood, Eſquire, Patrick Welſh the younger Eſquire, Reverend Arthur Palmer, Reverend John Elliſon, Reverend Samuel Madden, Sir William R. Morres, Baronet, William Barton, Eſquire, Lewis Chappelier, Eſquire, Honourable Henry Agar, Reverend Somerſet Brofield, Lord Viſcount Mountmorres, Folliott Warring, Eſquire, Robert Mulholland, Eſquire, Richard Elliot, Eſquire, John Mills, Eſquire, Warden Flood, Eſquire, Sir Edward Loftus, Baronet, Archbiſhop of Caſhel, Biſhop of Waterford for the Time being, Francis Mathew, Eſquire, Henry Prittie, Eſquire, Right Honourable Sir Henry Cavendiſh, Baronet, Sir Cornwallis Maude, Baronet, Sir William Barker, Baronet, Sir Edward Newenham, Cornelius O'Callaghan, Eſquire, the younger, Thomas Quinn, Eſquire, Kevan Izod, Eſquire, Lorenzo Nickſon, Eſquire, Mr. Thomas Lonergan, James Pendergaſt, Eſquire, Richard Hely Hutchinſon, Eſquire, John Bagwell of Marfield, Eſquire, Michael Green of Greenmount, Eſquire, Mr. William Lonergan, William Perry, Eſquire, Richard Perry, Eſquire, Major John Hely Hutchinſon, Thomas Forreſt, Eſquire, Gamaliel Fitz-Gerald Magrath, Eſquire, John Hobſon, Eſquire, Earl of Wandesford, Henry Larieve, Eſquire, Daniel Oſborne, Eſquire, Thomas Oſborne, Eſ-

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quire, Richard Cox, Eſquire, Peter Welſh, Eſquire, John Monk Maſon, Eſquire, Francis Marſh, Eſquire, Chriſtopher Hunt, Eſquire, Earl of Carrick, Honourable Pierce Butler, John Hely, Eſquire, James Kearney, Eſquire, Benjamin Kearney, Eſquire, John Davis, Eſquire, John Jones, Eſquire, Dominick Trant, Eſquire, William Ponſonby, Eſquire, John Hanſor, Eſquire, John Birch, Eſquire, James Percival, Eſquire, Reverend Arthur Webb, Thomas Oſborne, Eſquire, David Walſhe, Eſquire, Mr. Maurice Lonergan, Nathaniel Mitchel, Eſquire, the Mayor of Clonmell for the Time being, the Sheriffs of Kilkenny for the Time being, Mr. John Bagnell, Mr. Richard Dobbyn, Francis Hely Hutchinſon, Eſquire, William Barton, Eſquire, Thomas Barton, Eſquire, Stephen Moore, of Barne, Eſquire, Wray Palliſer, Eſquire, Thomas Power, Eſquire, Hamilton Lowe, Eſquire, Reverend Edward Bacon, John Power of Tullamaine, Eſquire, Godfrey Taylor, Eſquire, Samuel Jacob, Eſquire, Wittiam W. Newenham, Eſquire, G. Moore Coote, Eſquire.

And whereas in an Act paſſed in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, An Act for making and repairing, and ſhortening a Road from the Croſs of *Callan* in the County of *Kilkenny*, through the Town of Mullinahone, and by the Ford of *Kilmore*, commonly called *Black Ford* and *Poorſtown*, to the Town of *Clonmell* in the County of *Tipperary*, it is amongſt

amongſt other things Enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Juries of the Counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary reſpectively, to preſent any Sum or Sums of Money towards making or repairing the ſaid Road, or for building any Bridge thereon, or for the Payment of any Ground that ſhall be neceſſary for the making or widening or ſhortening the ſaid Road, or for any Expences attending the ſame: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that any Sum or Sums of Money ſo to be preſented for any of the above Purpoſes as aforeſaid, ſhall be charged upon the County at large, in which the ſame ſhall be ſo preſented, and not upon the Barony or Baronies through which the ſaid Road may run, and that the ſaid Preſentments may be made and confirmed without any Affidavit whatſoever, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding. CHAP. LXIV.

And whereas by the ſaid recited Act, it is further Enacted, that the Truſtees therein appointed for the ſaid Road, or any Fifteen or more of them, ſhall meet at Clonmell on the Second Day of the then next Summer Aſſizes to be held for the ſaid County of Tipperary, or on the Firſt Tueſday in September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, and that the ſaid Truſtees may then adjourn themſelves: Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Time of the firſt

CHAP. LXIV.

Meeting of the ſaid Truſtees ſhall be enlarged; and that in Caſe the ſaid Truſtees, or any Fifteen or more of them, ſhall meet at Clonmell on the Third Day of the next Summer Aſſizes to be held for the ſaid County of Tipperary, or on the Third Day of the next Spring Aſſizes, or on the Third Day of the Summer Aſſizes which ſhall be held for the ſaid County, in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, the ſaid Truſtees may then adjourn themſelves, as by the ſaid recited Act they are impowered to do, in Caſe they had met at either of the Times therein appointed, and may execute all and ſingular the Powers in them veſted by the ſaid recited Act.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſons herein before added to the Number of the Truſtees for the Old Turnpike Road leading from Kilkenny to Clonmell through Callan, and by the Nine Mile Houſe, and thoſe Perſons who alſo were Truſtees for the ſame at the Time of the paſſing of this Act, ſhall be alſo Truſtees for putting the laſt recited Act of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His preſent Majeſty into Execution, as fully and effectually as if they were particularly appointed Truſtees by the ſaid laſt recited Act.

And whereas an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty, intituled, An Act for

for repairing the Road leading from the City of *Kilkenny* to the Town of *Clonmell* in the County of *Tipperary*: **And whereas in the Ninth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, an Act paſſed, intituled,** An Act for explaining and amending, and making more effectual an Act, *intituled*, An Act for repairing the Road leading from the City of *Kilkenny* to the Town of *Clonmell* in the County of *Tipperary*: **And whereas an Act paſſed in the Twenty-fifth Year of his late Majeſty, intituled,** An Act for the more effectual repairing and amending the Road leading from the City of *Kilkenny* to the Town of *Clonmell* in the County of *Tipperary*, and for diſcharging the ſaid Road from all Incumbrances by Fraud, affecting the ſame, and for the Relief of *Richard Gore*, Eſquire, and *Ann* his Wife, Adminiſtratrix of *William Gore*, Eſquire, deceaſed, and of *John Wallis*, Eſquire, Adminiſtrator, with the Will annexed of *Henry Wallis*, Eſquire, deceaſed: **Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral recited Acts, and all and every the Authorities, Powers, Articles, Rules, Penalties and Clauſes therein contained, except ſo far as they are by any of the ſaid recited Acts, or by this preſent Act altered, ſhall be and remain in Force and Effect, and ſhall continue and be executed for the Term of Thirty-one Years, to be computed from the Firſt Day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, as fully and**

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effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were herein again particularly repeated, and that this present Act shall have the same Duration.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and other Persons whatsoever, without specially pleading the same.

FINIS.